HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Dakota County, Minnesota



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Note: For-sale housing data provided upon request.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. PURPOSE

The Dakota County Community Development Agency retained Bowen National Research in March of 2024 for the purpose of conducting a Housing Needs Assessment of Dakota County, Minnesota and its municipalities.

With changing demographic and employment characteristics and trends expected over the years ahead, it is important for the local government, stakeholders and its citizens to understand the current market conditions and projected changes that are anticipated to occur that will influence future housing needs. Toward that end, this report intends to:

- Provide an overview of present-day Dakota County.
- Present and evaluate past, current and projected detailed demographic characteristics.
- Present and evaluate employment characteristics and trends, as well as the economic drivers impacting the area.
- Determine current characteristics of major housing components within the market (for-sale/ownership and rental housing alternatives).
- Provide housing gap estimates by tenure (renter and owner) and income segment.
- Provide an overview of 11 individual municipalities within the county which includes select demographic, economic and housing data.

By accomplishing the study's objectives, government officials, area stakeholders, and area housing advocates can: (1) better understand the county's evolving housing market, (2) establish housing priorities, (3) modify, expand, or introduce local government housing policies, and (4) enhance and/or expand the county's housing market to meet current and future housing needs.

B. GEOGRAPHIC SCOPE

Study Area Delineation

The primary geographic scope of this study is Dakota County, Minnesota. Additionally, supplemental data and analysis are provided for 11 select cities within Dakota County. A full description of the market areas and corresponding maps are included in Section III.

II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this report is to evaluate the housing needs of Dakota County, Minnesota and to recommend priorities and strategies to address such housing needs. To that end, we have conducted a comprehensive Housing Needs Assessment that considered the following:

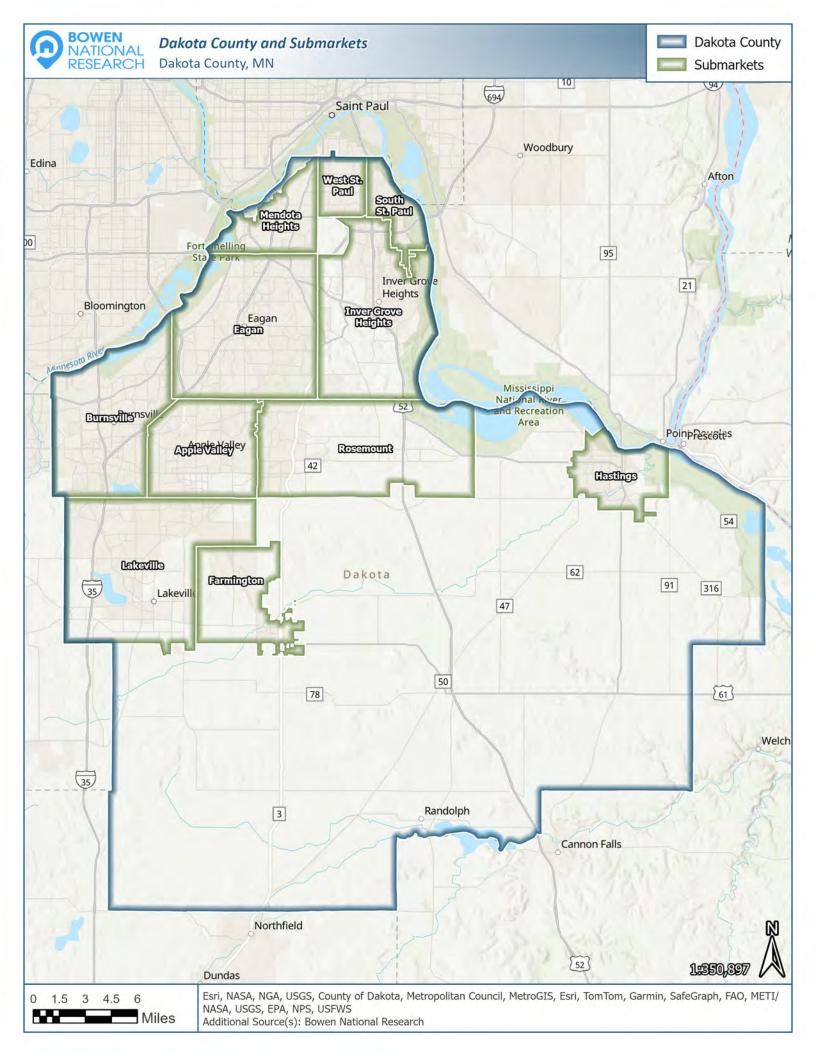
- Demographic Characteristics and Trends
- Economic Conditions and Initiatives
- Existing Housing Stock Costs, Performance, Conditions and Features
- Submarket Analysis for 11 cities within Dakota County (Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Farmington, Hastings, Inver Grove Heights, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, Rosemount, South St. Paul, and West St. Paul)

Based on these metrics and input, we were able to identify housing gaps by affordability and tenure (rental vs. ownership). Using these findings, we developed an outline of possible strategies that could be considered for implementation. This Executive Summary provides key findings and recommended strategies. Detailed data analysis is presented within the individual sections of this Housing Needs Assessment. Individual submarket analysis is included in the Addendums to this report.

Geographic Study Areas

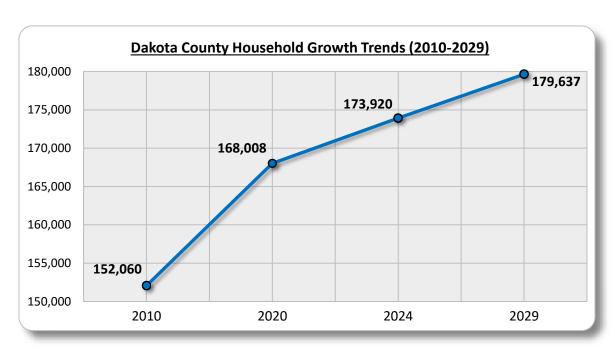
This report focuses on the Primary Study Area (PSA), which consists of Dakota County, Minnesota. *Note that the terms "PSA" and "Dakota County" represent the same area and are used interchangeably throughout this report.* Additionally, supplemental data and analysis are provided for 11 select submarkets within the county. Separate individual analyses for each submarket are included in Addendums D through N of this report.

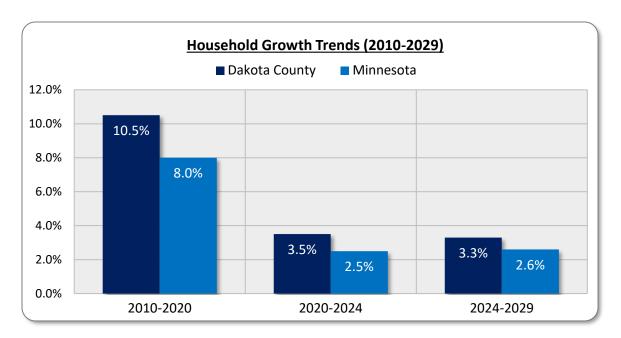
A map of the PSA and the various submarket areas is shown on the following page.



Demographics

The PSA (Dakota County) household base has increased substantially since 2010, a trend which is projected to continue through 2029. The PSA experienced an increase of 21,860 households between 2020 and 2024, an increase of 14.4%. Household growth in the county is projected to increase by 3.3% between 2024 and 2029, adding 5,717 households. Note that household growth in the county has outpaced statewide household growth between 2010 and 2024, and projections indicate that household growth in the county will continue to outpace statewide household growth during the next five years. All 11 PSA submarkets experienced an increase in households between 2010 and 2020, with Lakeville (24.5%) and Rosemount (17.8%) recording the largest percentage increases in household growth during this period. Between 2020 and 2024, 10 of the 11 submarkets experienced positive household growth, with South St. Paul being the lone exception. During this period, Lakeville (11.3%) and Rosemount (10.3%) again experienced the largest percentage increase in household growth. While Apple Valley is projected to experience a slight decrease in households over the next five years, households are projected to increase within the 10 remaining submarkets of the PSA. Individual projected increases among these submarkets range from 0.4% (Inver Grove Heights) to 14.5% (Rosemount).

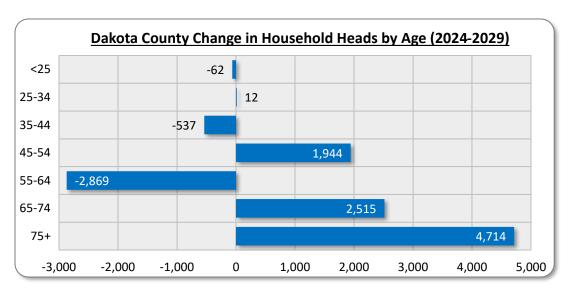




While households are projected to increase within Dakota County between 2024 and 2029, household growth or decline alone does not dictate the total housing needs of a market. Other factors that influence housing needs, which are addressed throughout this report, include: households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, commuting patterns, pent-up demand (e.g., wait lists), availability of existing housing, and product in the development pipeline.

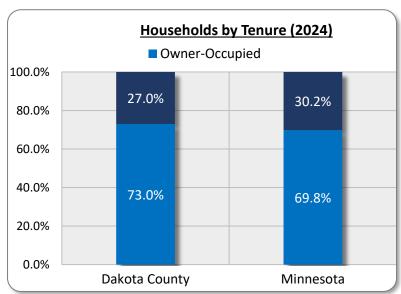
Household growth concentrated among households between the ages of 45 and 54 and those aged 65 and older will contribute to ongoing demand for family and senior-oriented housing alternatives within Dakota County. Household heads aged 35 to 44 comprise the largest share (20.3%) of the overall household base within the PSA (Dakota County) in 2024, while household heads aged 55 to 64 represent the next largest share (18.7%). Although these age cohorts represent the two largest shares of households in the county, households within both of these age cohorts are projected to decrease between 2024 and 2029. By comparison, households aged 45 to 54 and those aged 65 and older are projected to increase by 6.1% and 15.8%, respectively. The notable projected growth among these household age cohorts in the PSA is consistent with projected statewide household growth trends over the next five years.

Household heads aged 35 to 44 also represent the largest share of households in six of the 11 PSA submarkets. Although this household age cohort will remain a significant share (between 12.5% and 21.7%) of the total households in each submarket by 2029, the most substantial growth is projected to occur among households aged 65 and older. This senior cohort is projected to increase by 9.5% (Mendota Heights) to 28.3% (Lakeville) over the next five years, with Farmington, Rosemount, and Lakeville all projected to have increases of 22.4% or higher. While demand will remain strong for housing that targets a range of household ages, senior-oriented housing alternatives will likely have the greatest increase in demand over the next five years.

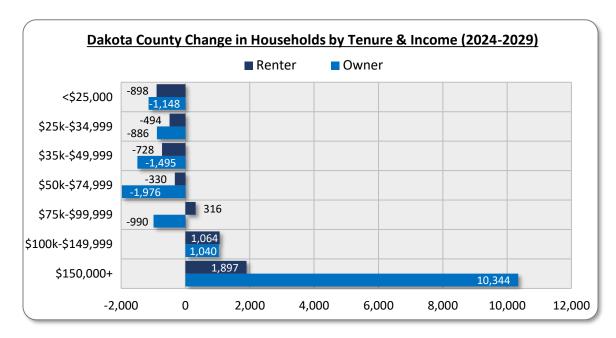


While owner households comprise the vast majority of the total households in the PSA (Dakota County) in 2024, both renter and owner households are projected to increase within the county over the next five years. In 2024, owner households comprise nearly three-quarters (73.0%) of all households within the PSA, with the remaining 27.0% being renter households. This represents a larger share of owner households as compared to the state of Minnesota (69.8%). Although owner households also comprise the majority of households within each of the 11 submarkets, note that West St. Paul (45.1%) and Burnsville (38.3%) have shares of renter households that are well above the county's share of 27.0%. Overall, the county's owner households are projected to increase in each of the 11 submarkets over the next five years, while renter households are projected to increase in seven submarkets (declines are projected in the communities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Farmington, and Inver Grove Heights). It is important to note

that factors such as home mortgage interest rates, residential development costs. available land, and utility availability and capacity will affect the type of housing that gets built and the housing needs and preferences (rentals vs. home ownership) of commuters.



Despite growth projections among higher-income households (renter and owner), demand will continue to exist for affordable housing alternatives within Dakota County. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth is projected to be concentrated among households earning \$75,000 or more, while owner household growth is projected to be among households earning \$100,000 or more. While this growth will likely contribute to demand for moderate to higher-priced rental and for-sale product, it is notable that over one-third (36.9%) of all renter households within the county are projected to earn less than \$35,000 in 2029. Thus, it will be important to also give consideration to affordable housing alternatives, particularly rental product, when determining future housing development needs within the county.



Between 2024 and 2029, growth among senior renter households (aged 62 and older) is projected to occur across a variety of income levels in Dakota County, while growth among senior owner households is projected to occur primarily among households earning \$60,000 or more. Over the next five years, senior renter households are projected to increase among a variety of income cohorts in the PSA (Dakota County), with the most substantial growth (46.5%) projected for renters earning over \$60,000 per year. Noteworthy household increases are also projected among senior renters earning between \$40,000 and \$59,999 (487 households, or 13.4%) and those earning below \$10,000 (132 households, or 9.7%). Between 2024 and 2029, senior owner households earning \$60,000 or more are projected to increase by 6,032 (23.9%) in the PSA, while senior owner households earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decrease by 1,268 (11.6%) during the same period. As a result, approximately two-thirds (66.6%) of senior owner households in the PSA will earn at least \$60,000 by 2029. These changes will likely have an influence on the demand for senior oriented housing in the county.

Additional demographic data and analysis are included in Section IV of this report.

Economy & Workforce

The Dakota County economy has experienced steady growth in terms of total employment and at-place employment, the unemployment rate has been historically lower than the rate for the state of Minnesota, and continued job growth is projected through 2032. Over the past 10 years, the county's total employment has increased 5.6%, at-place employment (actual jobs in the county, regardless of place of residence) has increased 5.8%, and excluding 2020, the annual unemployment rate in the county has averaged 3.1%. The economy in Dakota County is heavily influenced by the retail trade, manufacturing, healthcare/social assistance, educational, and accommodation/food service sectors. which collectively account for approximately one-half (50.9%) of the employment by sector. Some of the largest employers within the county are engaged in these industry sectors. Although the overall wages in the area result in a median household income that is 17.9% higher than that for the state, individuals working among some of the most common occupations in the county and surrounding MSA (Metropolitan Statistical Area) encounter housing affordability issues. This is particularly true for single wage earning households and those seeking home ownership in the county.

Economic development activity totaling over \$1 billion has been recently completed, currently underway or is planned in the county. These investments and the projected 4.9% growth in employment for the economic planning area between 2022 and 2032 will contribute to the demand for housing within the PSA and the surrounding region. In addition, nearly 100,000 individuals commute into the county daily for employment, of which nearly 13,000 commute more than 50 miles one way. These commuters, particularly those commuting long distances, represent a notable base of potential support for future housing development.

Additional economic data and analysis is included in Section V of this report.

Housing Supply

Despite a median household income of \$102,310 in the PSA (Dakota County), approximately 41,000 households within the county remain housing cost burdened. The median home value (\$413,686) and average gross rent (\$1,410) levels reported for Dakota County are approximately 15% and 20% higher than those reported for the state of Minnesota. This contributes to higher shares of households being housing cost burdened (paying more than 30% of their income toward housing costs) within the county. Specifically, 47.0% of renter households and 17.0% of owner households are housing cost burdened within Dakota County. As such, approximately 19,200 renter households and nearly 21,900 owner households within the county are housing cost burdened. Of these, approximately 8,940 renter households and 7,329 owner households are severe housing cost burdened (paying 50% or more of their income toward housing costs). Overall, this data illustrates the importance of affordable rental and for-sale housing for the residents of Dakota County.

The overall multifamily rental supply is operating at a healthy 95.7% occupancy rate, yet affordable rentals (Tax Credit and government subsidized) are operating at limited availability levels and maintain long wait lists. Among the 27,211 multifamily units included in the county's survey of 229 apartments, 1,161 are vacant. This results in an overall vacancy rate of 4.3%, which is within the 4% to 6% range that is typically considered healthy for multifamily product. While only 2.3% of Tax Credit units are vacant within the county, there are no vacancies among the government-subsidized units. In addition, wait lists comprising up to 3,074 households for Tax Credit units and 3,838 households for subsidized units exist within the PSA, with an additional 5,277 households on wait lists for affordable housing maintained by the Dakota County CDA. This illustrates the very high level of demand for affordable rentals in the county. The market-rate multifamily units in the PSA have an overall vacancy rate of 4.8% (95.2% occupancy rate), which is reflective of a healthy, well-balanced market. However, it should be noted that nearly half of the vacant market-rate units are within recently opened properties that are still in their initial lease-up period. Overall, the low vacancy rates and noteworthy wait lists for multifamily rentals in Dakota County indicate there is strong and pent-up demand for this type of housing product. As a result, development opportunities for multifamily rentals targeting various income levels likely exist within the county. The following table summarizes the surveyed multifamily properties within the county (Note: Some properties operate under mixed-income programs, such as "Market-Rate/Tax Credit" or "Market-Rate/Government Subsidized"). Additional details of the surveyed multifamily properties are included in this report starting on page VI-9.

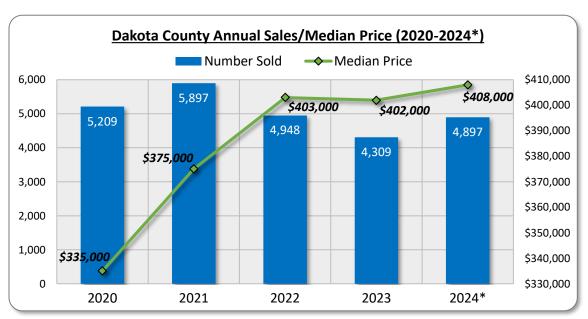
| Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing – Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Type | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Occupancy Rate | | | | | | |
| Market-Rate | 139 | 21,662 | 1,050 | 95.2% | | | | | | |
| Market-Rate/Tax Credit | 4 | 704 | 74 | 89.5% | | | | | | |
| Market-Rate/Government-Subsidized | 1 | 172 | 4 | 97.7% | | | | | | |
| Tax Credit | 65 | 3,625 | 33 | 99.1% | | | | | | |
| Tax Credit/Government-Subsidized | 12 | 709 | 0 | 100.0% | | | | | | |
| Market-Rate/Tax Credit/Government-Subsidized | 1 | 104 | 0 | 100.0% | | | | | | |
| Government-Subsidized | 7 | 235 | 0 | 100.0% | | | | | | |
| Total | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 95.7% | | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

Non-conventional rental units, such as houses, duplexes and mobile homes, comprise approximately one-third of all rental units in the PSA (Dakota County) but also have limited availability. Non-conventional rentals with four or fewer units per structure and mobile homes comprise 34.7% of rental units in Dakota County. While this represents a significantly smaller share of the overall rental supply compared to multifamily rentals, these units account for more than 14,000 rental units in the county. During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research identified 83 non-conventional rentals in Dakota County that were listed as available for rent. When compared to the overall non-conventional inventory of the PSA, these available units represent an overall vacancy rate of

0.6%, which is considered very low. Within four submarkets of the county (Farmington, Lakeville, Rosemount, and South St. Paul), non-conventional rentals comprise over 50% of the total rental supply. The vacancy rates in these submarkets range from 0.2% (South St. Paul) to 1.2% (Farmington). As such, limited availability is a prevalent issue throughout Dakota County. While these rentals offer an alternative to home ownership, the median rents for the non-conventional units in the PSA are notably higher than the corresponding Tax Credit rents. As a result, it is unlikely that most low-income households in the area could afford a non-conventional rental, even if such a unit were readily available.

Annual home sales volume has declined in Dakota County since 2021, while the median sales price appears to have recently stabilized following notable increases in both 2021 and 2022. The number of homes sold (sales volume) within the PSA (Dakota County) increased by 13.2% between 2020 and 2021 but then declined by 16.1% in 2022 and 12.9% in 2023. Based on sales transactions through July 2024, sales volume in the PSA is projected to increase by 13.6% through year end 2024; however, this is solely based on sales year-to-date, and recent trends indicate a slowing in sales volume. Although the median sales price of homes sold in the PSA increased nearly 22.0% between 2020 and 2024, it is important to point out that nearly all of this increase occurred in 2021 and 2022. Since 2022, the median sales price increased only 1.2% through July 2024, indicating that pricing may be stabilizing in the market, which is mirroring many U.S. markets. Overall, 58.8% of home sales between January 2020 and July 2024 in the PSA were in the Lakeville (22.6%), Burnsville (12.7%), Eagan (12.5%), and Apple Valley (11.1%) submarkets. Four of the PSA submarkets report median sales prices which are higher than that reported for the PSA (\$380,000), with the highest median sales price (\$530,000) reported within the Mendota Heights Submarket. Conversely, the lowest median sales price reported among the various PSA submarkets (\$270,000) is within the South St. Paul Submarket.



^{*2024} full year projection

Available for-sale housing is limited throughout Dakota County, and nearly one-half of this inventory is priced at \$400,000 or higher. There are two inventory metrics most often used to evaluate the health of a for-sale housing market. These metrics include *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI) and *availability rate*. Based on recent monthly absorption rates in the county, the homes listed as available for purchase in the PSA represent approximately 1.4 months of supply. Typically, healthy and well-balanced markets have an available supply that should take about four to six months to absorb (if no other units are added to the market). Therefore, the PSA inventory is considered relatively low and indicative of limited available supply. When comparing the available 579 units with the overall inventory of owner-occupied units (128,582), the PSA has a vacancy/availability rate of 0.5%. This availability rate is below the normal range of 2.0% to 3.0% for a well-balanced for-sale/owner-occupied market and is reflective of a limited supply of available for-sale housing.

The following table summarizes key metrics for the available for-sale residential units in the PSA (Dakota County) and the PSA submarkets as of July 31, 2024.

| | | Avai | ilable For-Sale (As | Housing – Da of July 31, 202 | - | , MN | |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Total Units | % Share of County | Availability Rate / MSI | Average List Price | Median List Price | Average Days on Market | Average Year Built |
| Apple Valley | 80 | 13.8% | 0.5% / 1.7 | \$372,169 | \$367,500 | 42 | 1991 |
| Burnsville | 97 | 16.8% | 0.6% / 1.8 | \$344,839 | \$340,000 | 34 | 1983 |
| Eagan | 62 | 10.7% | 0.3% / 1.3 | \$402,942 | \$339,839 | 34 | 1988 |
| Farmington | 36 | 6.2% | 0.5% / 1.2 | \$397,881 | \$378,530 | 63 | 2005 |
| Hastings | 17 | 2.9% | 0.3% / 0.9 | \$383,594 | \$345,000 | 29 | 1976 |
| Inver Grove Heights | 37 | 6.4% | 0.3% / 1.4 | \$434,633 | \$340,000 | 31 | 1994 |
| Lakeville | 121 | 20.9% | 0.6% / 1.3 | \$533,830 | \$494,797 | 47 | 2006 |
| Mendota Heights | 17 | 2.9% | 0.5% / 1.7 | \$978,459 | \$615,000 | 91 | 1985 |
| Rosemount | 50 | 8.6% | 0.6% / 1.4 | \$414,086 | \$382,450 | 44 | 2009 |
| South St. Paul | 14 | 2.4% | 0.2% / 0.7 | \$268,964 | \$277,450 | 69 | 1941 |
| West St. Paul | 26 | 4.5% | 0.5% / 1.4 | \$400,487 | \$284,900 | 27 | 1970 |
| Balance of County | 22 | 3.8% | - | \$805,064 | \$579,450 | 48 | 1984 |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% / 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

MSI – Months Supply of Inventory

As the preceding illustrates, availability rates among the individual submarkets range from 0.2% (South St. Paul) to 0.6% (Burnsville, Lakeville, and Rosemount). Months Supply Inventory for the submarkets ranges from 0.7 months (South St. Paul) to 1.8 months (Burnsville). As such, for-sale housing availability is a challenge throughout Dakota County. In total, 10 submarkets (including the Balance of County) have a median list price of \$339,839 or higher, with Mendota Heights (\$615,000) having the highest median list price in the PSA. Overall, 278 (48.0%) of the available for-sale homes in the PSA have a list price of \$400,000 or higher, while only 51 (8.8%) are priced under \$200,000.

The following graph illustrates available for-sale housing by price point for the PSA (Dakota County).



Occupancy rates among existing senior care facilities demonstrate very strong demand for senior care housing, particularly independent and assisted living product. A total of 60 senior care facilities comprising 3,946 units were surveyed within Dakota County. The county is reporting an overall occupancy rate of 92.8% for the surveyed senior care facilities. Within individual project types, independent living facilities within the PSA have an overall occupancy rate of 95.9%, while assisted living and nursing care facilities report overall occupancy rates of 94.2% and 81.7%, respectively. Notably, the occupancy rates reported for independent and assisted living facilities are well above the national median occupancy rates reported for such facility types. While the overall occupancy rate for skilled nursing facilities (81.7%) is lower than those reported for independent and assisted living facilities, it is very similar to the national median occupancy rate (82.0%) for similar product. Lower than typical occupancy rates are not uncommon among skilled nursing care facilities due to the higher than typical turnover rates associated with this type of care. Within the individual PSA submarkets, occupancy rates among the senior care facilities surveyed are also generally similar to, if not higher than, national median occupancy rates for similar product. This indicates that demand is strong for various senior care housing types throughout the Dakota County area. In addition, demographic projections over the next five years indicate that senior households, age 65 and older, are expected to increase by 7,229 households (15.8% increase) in Dakota County. These demographic projections suggest that demand for senior-oriented housing alternatives, including senior care facilities could increase in the coming years. Nonetheless, the occupancy rates among existing senior care facilities should continue to be monitored to ensure adequate demand exists for such product when considering future senior care development within Dakota County.

Additional housing supply information is included in Section VI.

Housing Gap Estimates

Dakota County has an overall five-year (2024 to 2029) housing gap of 28,452 units for rental and for-sale product at a variety of affordability levels. It is projected that Dakota County has a five-year rental housing gap of 8,339 units and a for-sale housing gap of 20,113 units. While there are housing gaps among all affordability levels of both rental and for-sale product, the *rental* housing gap is heavily concentrated for product with rents less than \$931, though significant rental demand also exists for rents between \$932 and \$2,484. The *for-sale* housing gap is primarily for product priced \$248,401 or higher, with the majority of demand for this segment being for product priced between \$331,201 and \$476,100. Details of this analysis, including methodology and assumptions, are included in Section VII.

The following tables summarize the approximate housing gap estimates in the PSA (Dakota County) over the next five and 10 years.

| Dakota County, Minnesota | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rental Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percent of Median Income ≤30% 31%-60% 61%-80% 81%-115% 116%+ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Household Income Range | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | | | | | |
| Monthly Rent Range | ≤ \$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | | | | | |
| Overall Rental Units Needed (2024-2029) | 3,276 | 1,625 | 1,557 | 1,085 | 796 | | | | | |
| Five-Year (2024-2029) Projection Total 8,339 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall Rental Units Needed (2024-2034) | 6,560 | 3,929 | 3,713 | 3,362 | 1,779 | | | | | |
| | | | 10-Year (2024-20 | 34) Projection Total | 19,343 | | | | | |

| Dakota County, Minnesota | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| For-Sale Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percent of Median Income ≤30% 31%-60% 61%-80% 81%-115% 116%+ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Household Income Range | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | | | | | |
| Price Point | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | | | | | |
| Overall For-Sale Units Needed (2024-2029) | 0 | 1,730 | 4,305 | 10,253 | 3,825 | | | | | |
| Five-Year (2024-2029) Projection Total 20,113 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall For-Sale Units Needed (2024-2034) | 0 | 3,460 | 8,695 | 21,881 | 8,305 | | | | | |
| | | | 10-Year (2024-20 | 034) Projection Total | 42,341 | | | | | |

^{*} Based on Bowen National Research's survey of area rentals and MLS inventory of available homes

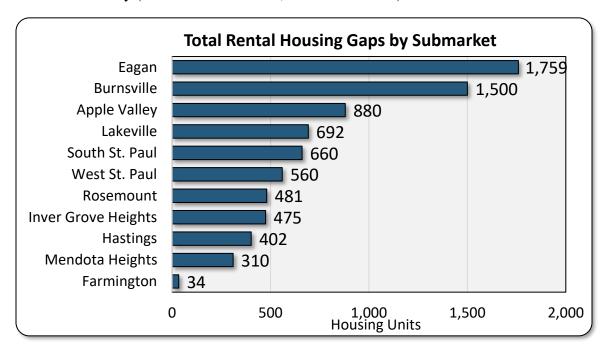
Overall, there is potential support for a variety of residential development alternatives in the PSA (Dakota County). It is important to understand that the housing demand estimates shown in this report assume no major changes occur in the local economy and that the demographic trends and projections provided in this report materialize.

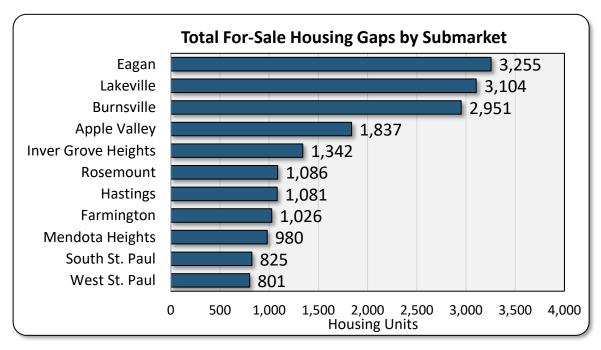
^{**}Based on ESRI/ACS estimates of units lacking complete indoor plumbing or are overcrowded

[^]Based on Bowen National Research proprietary research and ACS migration patterns for Dakota County

^{^^}Based on ESRI/ACS estimates of households paying 50% or more of income toward housing

The following graphs illustrate the overall five-year (2024-2029) rental and for-sale housing gaps for each of the 11 submarkets evaluated in this report. Note that the tables only show gaps for individual communities and exclude gaps for the balance of the county (586 rental units and 1,825 for-sale units).

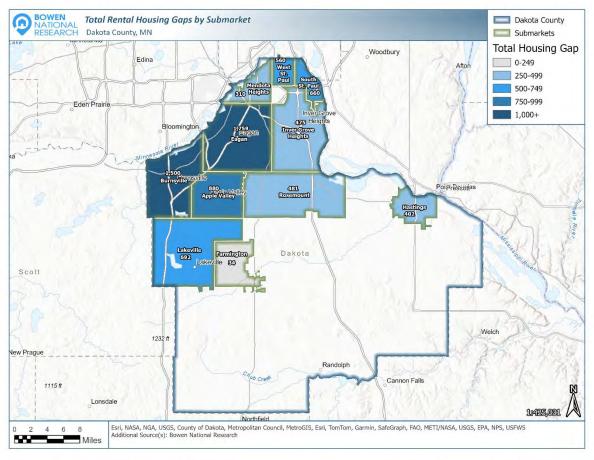


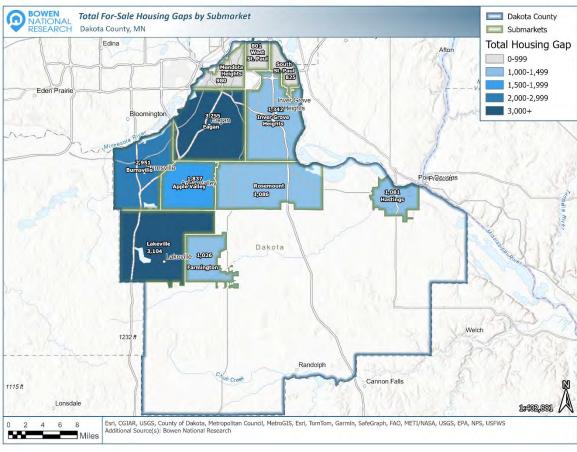


As the preceding graphs illustrate, the Eagan, Burnsville, and Apple Valley submarkets have the largest *rental* housing gaps, while the communities of Eagan, Lakeville and Burnsville have the largest *for-sale* housing gaps within the county.

It is critical to understand that the estimates provided in this report (both rental and for-sale) represent <u>potential</u> units of demand by targeted income level. The actual number of units that can be supported will ultimately be contingent upon a variety of factors including the location of a project, proposed features (i.e., pricing, amenities/features, bedroom type, unit mix, square footage, etc.), product quality, design (i.e., townhouse, single-family homes, or traditional rental units), management and marketing efforts. As such, each targeted segment outlined in the preceding tables included in this section may be able to support more or less than the number of units shown in the table. The potential number of units needed should be considered a general guideline to residential development planning.

Maps illustrating the overall rental and for-sale housing gaps are shown on the following page. Individual submarket housing gap estimates by *household income level* are provided starting on page VII-9 and Addendums D through N.





Recommended Housing Strategies

The following summarizes key strategies for Dakota County that should be considered to address housing issues and needs of the market. These strategies do not need to be done concurrently, nor do all strategies need to be implemented to create an impact. Instead, the following housing strategies should be used as a guide by the local government, stakeholders, developers and residents to help inform housing decisions.

Consider Capacity Building that will Expand the Base of Participants and Resources that can be Utilized to Address Housing Issues and Consider Identifying a "Housing Champion" – While having a Housing Needs Assessment completed for the area is a fundamental first step in understanding and quantifying housing needs and opportunities, local stakeholders and advocates should explore the level of interest of community leaders and local housing advocates on creating either a volunteer-based housing coalition or a more formal commission/task force. Such a group would serve as the "housing champion" that would investigate and discuss housing issues and devise possible solutions and advise local government on possible housing initiatives. Consideration should also be given to hiring or retaining a housing specialist/professional that would be responsible for research or facilitating housing initiatives on a regular basis. This can be an individual already working for a municipality or county government, someone that works for a nonprofit group, or an existing housing advocacy group.

Set Realistic and Attainable Short-Term Housing Goals, Outline Long-Term Objectives, and Monitor Progress - Using the housing needs estimates and recommendations provided in this report as a guide, as well as the 10-year housing established the Metropolitan by (https://metrocouncil.org/Housing/Planning.aspx), the county and/or individual communities could set realistic short-term (two to three years) housing development goals along with long-term (five years or longer) objectives to support housing. Short-term goals could focus on establishing an Action Plan that outlines priorities, such as broad housing policies, initiatives, and incentives that support the preservation and development of residential units. The recommendations included in this section could serve as a guide for developing an Action Plan. Long-term objectives could include establishing a goal for the number of housing units that could be built or repaired and broadly outline the types of housing that could be considered, such as rentals and for-sale housing, as well as geographical locations (e.g., within areas near established community services, selected neighborhoods, etc.). The goals could also broadly outline affordability (e.g., income levels) objectives and market segments (e.g., families, seniors, etc.) that could be served. From such goals, the county could periodically collect key metrics (e.g., vacancy rates, changes in rents/prices, reassess cost burdened and substandard housing, evaluate housing cost increases relative to income/wage growth, etc.) so that they can monitor progress and adjust efforts to support stated goals.

The Dakota County Community Development Agency (CDA) and Individual Communities Should Continue to Work Collaboratively to Address Housing Issues – It is clear from this report that the various communities share many similar attributes and challenges, along with an interdependence, with overall Dakota County. It will be important that the Dakota County CDA continue to work together with local municipalities to address mutual housing issues whenever possible. This may be in the form of formally establishing a housing commission or task force, pursuing joint grant applications, encouraging agreements over infrastructure, holding joint strategic housing planning sessions and/or work groups, supporting capacity building through the pairing of community and county resources, and increasing the impact of development incentives through the use of complementary policy tools. Additional discussion and examples of such strategies can be found on the Local Housing Solutions website at:

www.Localhousingsolutions.org

Consider Implementing or Modifying Policies to Encourage and Support the Development of New Housing and the Preservation of Existing Housing – One of the key findings from this report is that there is limited availability among the existing housing stock in the county. While there is notable residential development currently in the development pipeline for many areas of the county, there are still considerable housing gaps that exist for both rental and for-sale product. The lack of available housing likely limits the full potential for demographic and economic growth within the county. Many residents that seek new housing, as well as persons/households looking to relocate to the area, have very few options from which to choose, particularly among the more affordable housing alternatives. Although the Dakota County Community Development Agency (CDA) offers a variety of programs, assistance, and incentives that support local housing efforts, it is possible such initiatives could be expanded and/or implemented on a local municipal level. While this study did not include an evaluation of existing building codes, zoning, programs or incentives, local government could consider supporting housing policies such as promoting development in currently underdeveloped portions of the county (e.g., expansion of public utilities), modifying unit size requirements (allowing for smaller units), supporting or leveraging developer incentives (e.g., Qualified Opportunity Zones, TIF districts, tax abatements, etc.), waiving/deferring/lowering government fees, supporting rehabilitation and renovation efforts through the existing Home Improvements Area (HIA) program, and exploring other measures specifically targeted to the types of housing (e.g., affordable, senior, etc.) that lead to meeting local housing goals. In an effort to support more affordable housing alternatives, the county should consider supporting projects being developed with affordable housing development programs (e.g., Tax Credit and HUD programs), providing or expanding pre-development financial assistance, supporting and expanding the existing Housing Trust Fund, supporting and expanding the existing land bank, and supporting or expanding low-interest or forgivable loans and grants to lower income households that can be used to cover costs directly associated with the repairs and maintenance of the existing housing stock. Overall, consideration should be given to focusing efforts on programs that support low-income households (seniors and families), workforce households, and lower income first-time homebuyers, all of which appear to face some of the greatest housing challenges in the county. While housing programs such as those offered by/through the Dakota County Community Development Agency could be expanded within the county, local municipalities could explore creating or expanding housing programs and policies to support local housing goals. Given the variety and complexity of many housing initiatives, area housing advocates may want to learn more about such initiatives at: www.Localhousingsolutions.org

Explore Efforts to Encourage the Development of Senior-Oriented Housing to Enable Seniors to Transition into More Maintenance-Free Housing – Dakota County has a large and growing base of seniors. Currently, there is a limited inventory of available housing in the market, and senior care facilities are operating at high occupancy rates, specifically independent living (95.9%) and assisted living (94.2%) projects. While one senior care facility is currently under construction, and another facility is currently in the planning phase (at the time of this study), senior households (aged 65 and older) in Dakota County are projected to increase by 7,229 households between 2024 and 2029. As a result, seniors in the county who wish to downsize into smaller, more maintenance-free independent rental housing or senior care housing will have difficulty finding housing that meets their needs, allowing them to age in place. It is recommended that the additional development of senior-oriented housing be supported, with possible incentives to encourage such development.

Support Efforts to Encourage the Development and Preservation of Workforce Housing - As this study shows, there is a large base (42.1%) of lower-income households earning less than \$50,000 annually, particularly renter households. The survey of affordable rental alternatives such as Tax Credit and government-subsidized rentals reveals very few vacancies and long wait lists, while affordable for-sale housing alternatives priced under \$200,000 have limited availability. Given the financial challenges developers often experience in developing affordable housing, local housing supporters and advocates may want to explore creating or offering housing assistance (e.g., gap financing, low-interest loans, donating or selling land at a discount, infrastructure assistance, etc.) to increase the likelihood that affordable housing is developed and preserved.

Support and Expand Education and Outreach Campaign to Help Support Housing Initiatives - Educating the public (e.g. elected officials, housing advocates, lenders, property owners, employers, citizens, etc.) on the importance of and need for different housing types should be areas of focus in Dakota County. Using any existing and newly created housing education initiatives, local stakeholders could develop an education/outreach program with a focused objective that ultimately supports local housing efforts. The program could, for example, include continued support of Dakota County CDA's educating landlords on the Housing Choice Voucher program and informing potential homebuyers about homebuying requirements and assistance (credit repair, down payments, etc.), and advising existing homeowners on home repair assistance and home maintenance. Additional outreach efforts should involve both informing and engaging area residents, elected officials, area employers and other stakeholders on the benefits of developing affordable housing for the workforce and seniors. Such efforts could help to mitigate stigmas associated with affordable housing, illustrate the benefits such housing has on the local economy, and help to get the community to "buy in" on housing initiatives. Annual or other periodic housing forums, or workshops, preparing annual reports or marketing material could be used to help communicate housing advocate messaging. Ideas on community engagement and outreach can be found at:

https://localhousingsolutions.org/plan/engaging-the-community-in-the-development-of-a-local-housing-strategy/

OR

https://housingtoolkit.ca-ilg.org/how-engage-your-community-tiers-publicengagement-framework

Explore and Encourage Development Partnerships – Government entities within the county may want to establish relationships with other entities to support housing development efforts. This may include relationships with nonprofit groups such as the Community Action Partnership (CAPSCD) that serves Dakota County, Habitat for Humanity, local businesses and private sector developers. Assistance, input, and collaboration among these entities with an emphasis on complementing the existing Economic Development Strategy and other economic and housing related programs provided by/through the Dakota County Community Development Agency could also contribute substantially to future housing development opportunities within the county. The consolidation of the public and private sector's efforts for certain housing initiatives can lead to improved efficiencies, larger financial capacities, and more cohesive residential development efforts. For example, this could include a large employer providing financial benefits (e.g., down payment assistance) to its qualified employees (possibly those earning below a certain income level) to reside at a residential development in which the county is providing tax abatements or other incentives for the developer/property owner. There are numerous examples around the country of public-private sector partnerships that could be explored further for potential replication in Dakota County.

Market Dakota County's Housing Needs and Opportunities to Potential Residential Development Partners and Promote Existing Housing Resource Center - Using a variety of sources, the county should attempt to identify and market itself to the residential developers (both for-profit and nonprofit), real estate investors, housing advocacy groups and others active in the region. Identification could be through trade associations, published lists of developers, real estate agents or brokers, and other real estate entities in the region. Marketing of the county through trade publications, direct solicitation or public venues (e.g., housing and economic conferences) should be considered. The promotion of market data (including this Housing Needs Assessment), development opportunities, housing programs and incentives should be the focus of such efforts. While many economic and housing resources are already available on the Dakota County Community Development Agency website, it is important that area stakeholders are educated on these resources in order to maximize the impact of the information that is currently accessible. Some of the most commonly included resources on similar websites include:

- Potential Residential Sites
- Building & Zoning Regulations
- Development Incentives
- Demographic & Economic Data
- Local Housing Assistance Programs
- Local Housing Supply Data
- Government & Advocate Contacts
- Infrastructure & Public Works Information

Consider Implementing a Marketing Plan and Developing Housing that Will Attract Some of the Nearly 100,000 Commuters that Travel into the County to Become Permanent Residents – Nearly 100,000 people commute to Dakota County for employment, with more than 12,800 of these commuters traveling more than 50 miles each way. These commuters represent a large base of potential household growth for Dakota County should housing that meets their needs become available within the area. It is recommended that local housing advocates consider developing a marketing plan to encourage people commuting into Dakota County to move to the county. This could include working collaboratively with the local chamber of commerce, area employers and developers to identify and promote key assets of the community and housing opportunities that exist in the market (assuming more housing is added to the market in the near future). The marketing plan should include a realistic timeline, strategies to be implemented, responsible parties, and ultimate goals and outcomes of the marketing efforts.

III. COUNTY OVERVIEW AND STUDY AREAS

A. <u>DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA</u>

This report focuses on the housing needs of Dakota County, Minnesota. Founded in 1849 as one of Minnesota's original nine counties, Dakota County is comprised of approximately 562 square miles of land area and is located along the southeastern border of the state. Dakota County is bordered by Ramsey County to the north, Washington County to the northeast, the state of Wisconsin to the east, Goodhue County to the southeast, Rice County to the southwest, Scott County to the west, and Hennepin County to the northwest.

Dakota County has a total of 22 cities, which includes two cities that are partially located within adjacent counties. The city of Hastings, which serves as the county seat, is approximately 21 miles southeast of downtown St. Paul and approximately 30 miles southeast of downtown Minneapolis. Dakota County is served by several main throughfares which include, but are not limited to, Interstates 35 and 494, U.S. Highways 52 and 61, and State Routes 3, 56, 62 and 77.

Dakota County has an estimated population of 453,908 in 2024, an increase of 14,026, or 3.2%, since 2020. The county's estimated population density is 806.9 persons per square mile in 2024, which is significantly higher than the state of Minnesota (73.2 persons per square mile). Notable recreational and entertainment attractions within the county include a zoo, ski resort, water park, sports center and arena, and community centers. Dakota County also includes numerous local, county, and regional parks as well as greenway trails along the Mississippi and Minnesota rivers.

Based on 2024 estimates, 75.9% of the county's households are owner households and the remaining share (24.1%) of households are renter households. Nearly 35% of rental units are within structures of four or fewer units (including mobile homes), while 96.5% of the owner-occupied units are within these smaller structures (primarily single-family homes) and mobile homes. As shown in the Housing Supply Analysis section (Section VI) of this report, the market offers a variety of housing units in terms of price point. Additional information regarding the county's demographic characteristics and trends, economic conditions, and housing supply are included throughout this report.

B. STUDY AREA DELINEATIONS

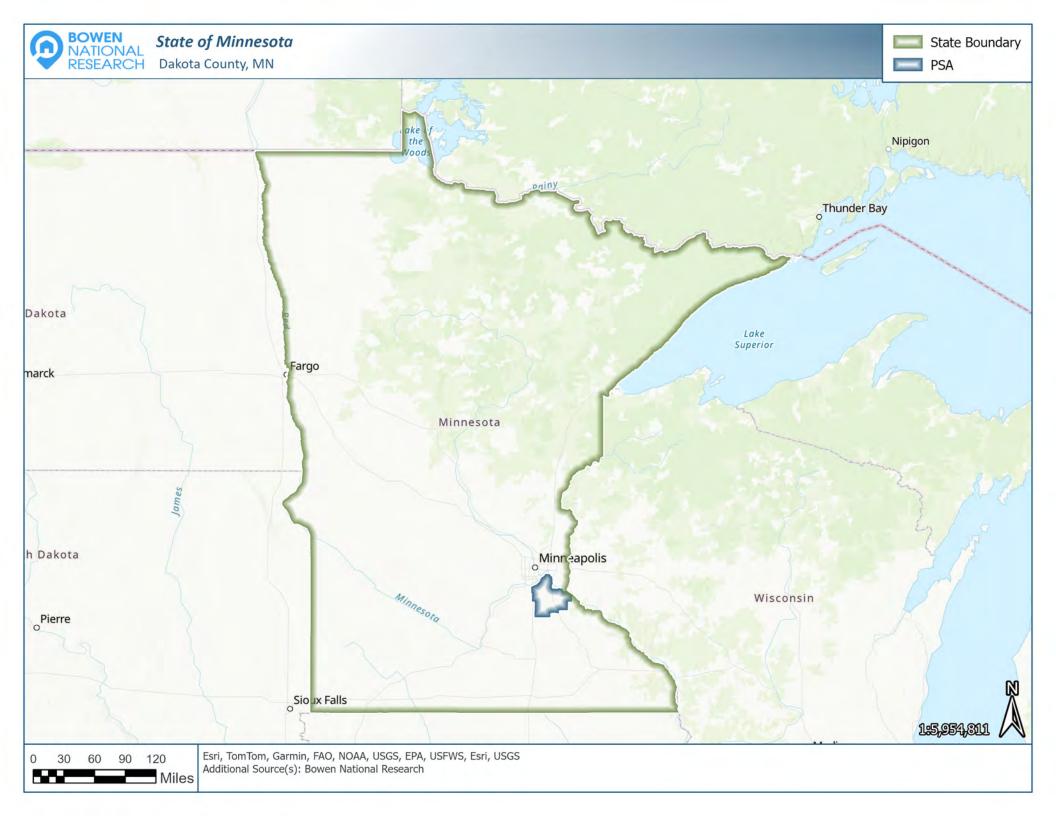
This report addresses the housing needs of Dakota County, Minnesota. To this end, the evaluation is focused on the demographic and economic characteristics, as well as the existing housing stock, of areas within Dakota County. Additional analysis is provided for 11 select municipalities within the county to understand trends and attributes that affect these designated areas. The following summarizes the various study areas used in this analysis.

Primary Study Area – The Primary Study Area (PSA) includes the entirety of Dakota County, Minnesota.

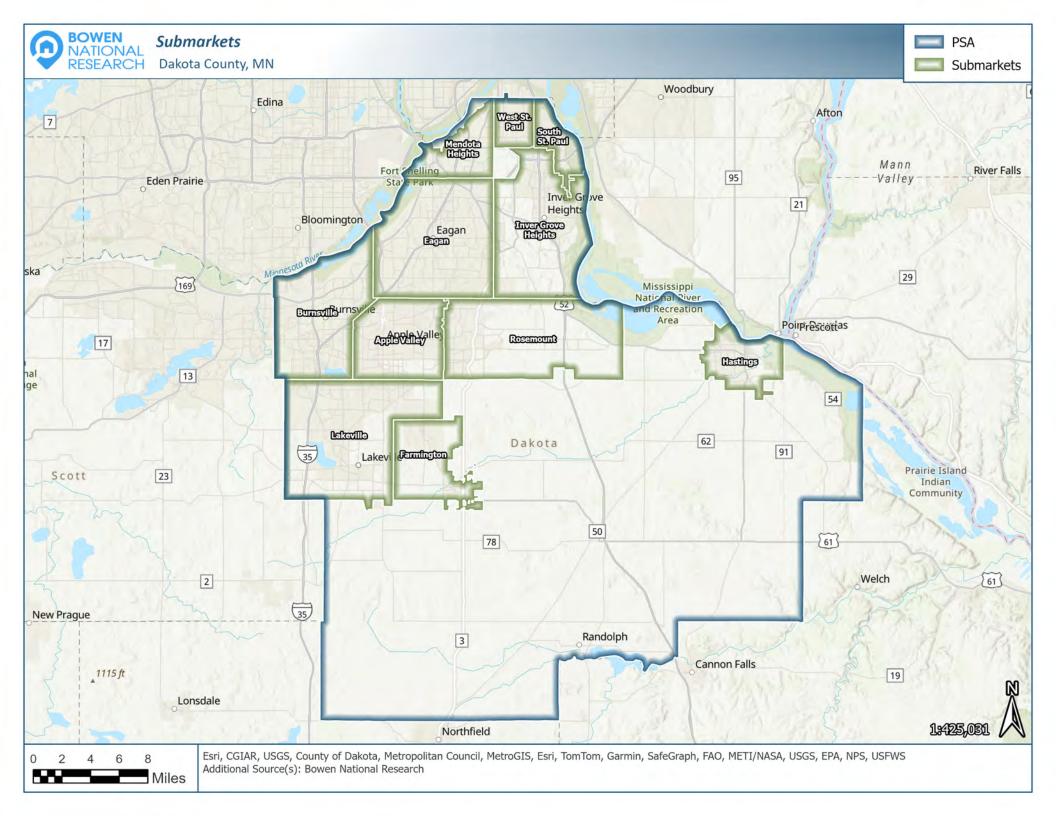
Submarkets – The submarkets are comprised of 11 select municipalities within Dakota County and are delineated by the city limits of each respective city. Note that an overview analysis of each submarket, which includes various demographic, economic and housing metrics is included in this study as an addendum (Addendum D through Addendum N). The submarkets are as follows:

- Apple Valley
- Burnsville
- Eagan
- Farmington
- Hastings
- Inver Grove Heights
- Lakeville
- Mendota Heights
- Rosemount
- South St. Paul
- West St. Paul

Maps illustrating the boundaries of the various study areas are shown on the following pages.







IV. DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for the Primary Study Area (PSA, Dakota County) and 11 submarkets within the PSA. These submarkets are the municipalities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Farmington, Hastings, Inver Grove Heights, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, Rosemount, South St. Paul, and West St. Paul. Through this analysis, unfolding trends and unique conditions are often revealed regarding populations and households residing in the selected geographic areas. Demographic comparisons between these geographies and the state of Minnesota provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. Critical questions, such as the following, can be answered with this information:

- Who lives in Dakota County and what are these people like?
- In what kinds of household groupings do Dakota County residents live?
- What share of people rent or own their Dakota County residence?
- Are the number of people and households living in Dakota County increasing or decreasing over time?
- How has migration contributed to the population changes within Dakota County in recent years, and what are these in-migrants like?
- How do Dakota County residents, submarket residents and residents of the state compare with each other?

This section is comprised of three major parts: population characteristics, household characteristics, and demographic theme maps. Population characteristics describe the qualities of individual people, while household characteristics describe the qualities of people living together in one residence. Demographic theme maps graphically show varying levels (low to high concentrations) of a demographic characteristic across a geographic region.

It is important to note that 2010 and 2020 demographics are based on U.S. Census data (actual count), while 2024 and 2029 data are based on calculated <u>estimates</u> provided by ESRI, a nationally recognized demography firm. The accuracy of these estimates depends on the realization of certain assumptions:

- Economic projections made by secondary sources materialize.
- Governmental policies with respect to residential development remain consistent.
- Availability and general terms of financing for residential development (i.e., mortgages, commercial loans, subsidies, Tax Credits, etc.) remain consistent.
- Sufficient housing and infrastructure are provided to support projected population and household growth.

Significant unforeseen changes or fluctuations among any of the preceding assumptions could have an impact on demographic estimates and projections.

B. POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Population by numbers and percentage change (growth or decline) for selected years is shown in the following table. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables in this section due to rounding. Positive changes between time periods in the following table are illustrated in green, while negative changes are illustrated in red.

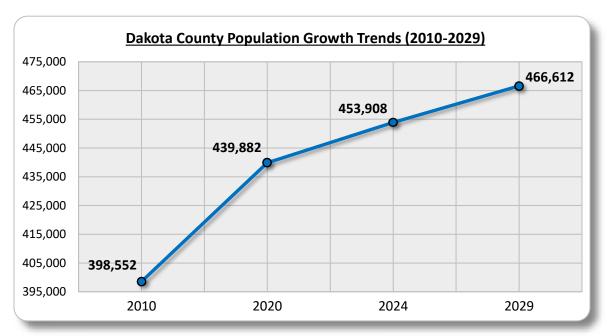
| | | Total Po | pulation | | Population Change | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|--|
| | 2010 | 2020 | 2024 | 2029 | 2010- | 2020 | 2020- | -2024 | 2024-2029 | | |
| | Census | Census | Estimated | Projected | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| Apple Valley | 49,101 | 56,374 | 57,219 | 56,686 | 7,273 | 14.8% | 845 | 1.5% | -533 | -0.9% | |
| Burnsville | 60,322 | 64,347 | 65,211 | 64,935 | 4,025 | 6.7% | 864 | 1.3% | -276 | -0.4% | |
| Eagan | 64,133 | 68,825 | 69,269 | 69,299 | 4,692 | 7.3% | 444 | 0.6% | 30 | 0.0% | |
| Farmington | 21,148 | 23,632 | 24,315 | 25,257 | 2,484 | 11.7% | 683 | 2.9% | 942 | 3.9% | |
| Hastings | 22,261 | 22,152 | 22,475 | 23,186 | -109 | -0.5% | 323 | 1.5% | 711 | 3.2% | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 33,965 | 35,801 | 36,596 | 36,595 | 1,836 | 5.4% | 795 | 2.2% | -1 | 0.0% | |
| Lakeville | 55,969 | 69,490 | 76,476 | 83,427 | 13,521 | 24.2% | 6,986 | 10.1% | 6,951 | 9.1% | |
| Mendota Heights | 10,936 | 11,744 | 11,622 | 11,887 | 808 | 7.4% | -122 | -1.0% | 265 | 2.3% | |
| Rosemount | 21,855 | 25,650 | 28,495 | 32,748 | 3,795 | 17.4% | 2,845 | 11.1% | 4,253 | 14.9% | |
| South St. Paul | 20,118 | 20,759 | 20,486 | 20,844 | 641 | 3.2% | -273 | -1.3% | 358 | 1.7% | |
| West St. Paul | 19,540 | 20,615 | 21,559 | 21,898 | 1,075 | 5.5% | 944 | 4.6% | 339 | 1.6% | |
| Dakota County | 398,552 | 439,882 | 453,908 | 466,612 | 41,330 | 10.4% | 14,026 | 3.2% | 12,704 | 2.8% | |
| Minnesota | 5,303,925 | 5,706,494 | 5,826,205 | 5,942,546 | 402,569 | 7.6% | 119,711 | 2.1% | 116,341 | 2.0% | |

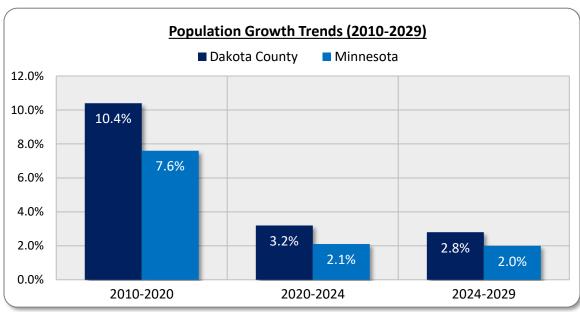
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population within the PSA (Dakota County) has steadily increased since 2010, a trend which is projected to continue through 2029. Between 2010 and 2024, the Dakota County population increased by 13.9%, a higher increase compared to the state of Minnesota (9.8%). The PSA population is projected to increase by 2.8% through 2029, which is higher than the state increase of 2.0%. In 2010, Eagan was the largest city by population (64,133) in the county. By 2020, Lakeville had overtaken Eagan as the largest city in the county by population (69,490). As of 2024, Lakeville is presently the most populated city in Dakota County (76,476), and projections through 2029 indicate that Lakeville will remain the most populated city in the county (83,427). Among all submarkets, the city of Rosemount's population is projected to have the highest increase (14.9%) between 2024 and 2029. By comparison, three of the 11 submarkets are projected to decrease in population during the next five years: Apple Valley, Burnsville, and Inver Grove Heights. All three submarkets are projected to decrease in population by less than 1.0% between 2024 and 2029. Overall, most submarkets in the PSA will continue to experience population growth.

It is critical to point out that *household* changes, as opposed to population, are more material in assessing housing needs and opportunities. Historical and projected household changes for the PSA and various submarkets are covered later in this section starting on page IV-16.

The following graphs illustrate the change in the county's population since 2010 and projected through 2029.





Population densities for selected years are shown in the following table. Note that the population density for each submarket in 2024 is highlighted from highest (green) to lowest (red).

| | | | | Popu | lation Dens | sity | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | Popu | lation | | Area | Persons per Square Mile | | | |
| | 2010 | 2020 | 2024 | 2029 | (Sq. Mi.) | 2010 | 2020 | 2024 | 2029 |
| Apple Valley | 49,101 | 56,374 | 57,219 | 56,686 | 16.9 | 2,910.5 | 3,341.6 | 3,391.6 | 3,360.1 |
| Burnsville | 60,322 | 64,347 | 65,211 | 64,935 | 24.9 | 2,419.0 | 2,580.4 | 2,615.0 | 2,603.9 |
| Eagan | 64,133 | 68,825 | 69,269 | 69,299 | 31.2 | 2,056.9 | 2,207.4 | 2,221.6 | 2,222.6 |
| Farmington | 21,148 | 23,632 | 24,315 | 25,257 | 15.5 | 1,363.3 | 1,523.4 | 1,567.4 | 1,628.2 |
| Hastings | 22,261 | 22,152 | 22,475 | 23,186 | 10.1 | 2,204.4 | 2,193.6 | 2,225.6 | 2,296.0 |
| Inver Grove Heights | 33,965 | 35,801 | 36,596 | 36,595 | 27.9 | 1,219.4 | 1,285.3 | 1,313.8 | 1,313.8 |
| Lakeville | 55,969 | 69,490 | 76,476 | 83,427 | 36.9 | 1,516.2 | 1,882.4 | 2,071.7 | 2,260.0 |
| Mendota Heights | 10,936 | 11,744 | 11,622 | 11,887 | 9.1 | 1,205.1 | 1,294.1 | 1,280.7 | 1,309.9 |
| Rosemount | 21,855 | 25,650 | 28,495 | 32,748 | 33.3 | 657.2 | 771.3 | 856.9 | 984.8 |
| South St. Paul | 20,118 | 20,759 | 20,486 | 20,844 | 5.6 | 3,576.7 | 3,690.7 | 3,642.1 | 3,705.8 |
| West St. Paul | 19,540 | 20,615 | 21,559 | 21,898 | 4.9 | 3,981.2 | 4,200.2 | 4,392.5 | 4,461.6 |
| Dakota County | 398,552 | 439,882 | 453,908 | 466,612 | 562.5 | 708.5 | 782.0 | 806.9 | 829.5 |
| Minnesota | 5,303,925 | 5,706,494 | 5,826,205 | 5,942,546 | 79,626.7 | 66.6 | 71.7 | 73.2 | 74.6 |

Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The PSA (Dakota County) has an estimated population density of 806.9 persons per square mile in 2024, which is a considerably higher population density compared to the state of Minnesota (73.2 persons per square mile). Among the 11 submarkets in the PSA, West St. Paul has the highest population density (4,392.5 persons per square mile) while Rosemount has the lowest population density (856.9 persons per square mile). Note that the population density in Rosemount is projected to increase to 984.8 persons per square mile in 2029, reflecting a 14.9% increase in population density during this period. Lakeville is also projected to experience a notable increase (9.1%) in population density between 2024 and 2029. In addition to the Rosemount and Lakeville submarkets, the Farmington and Hastings submarkets are projected to have population density increases (3.9% and 3.2%, respectively) that exceed the 2.8% increase projected for Dakota County during the time period. Conversely, the Apple Valley and Burnsville submarkets are projected to experience slight decreases (0.9% and 0.4%, respectively) in population density during the next five years.

Population by age cohort for selected years is shown in the following table. Note that five-year projected declines for each age cohort are in red, while increases are illustrated in green:

| | | | | | Populatio | on by Age | | | |
|--------------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | Median |
| | | <25 | 25 to 34 | 35 to 44 | 45 to 54 | 55 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75+ | Age |
| | 2020 | 17,714 | 6,855 | 7,881 | 7,034 | 7,544 | 5,621 | 3,725 | |
| | 2020 | (31.4%) | (12.2%) | (14.0%) | (12.5%) | (13.4%) | (10.0%) | (6.6%) | 39.4 |
| | 2024 | 17,789 | 6,736 | 8,522 | 6,996 | 6,853 | 5,855 | 4,468 | |
| Apple Velley | 2024 | (31.1%) | (11.8%) | (14.9%) | (12.2%) | (12.0%) | (10.2%) | (7.8%) | 39.8 |
| Apple Valley | 2029 | 16,954 | 6,825 | 7,982 | 7,394 | 6,210 | 5,926 | 5,395 | |
| | 2029 | (29.9%) | (12.0%) | (14.1%) | (13.0%) | (11.0%) | (10.5%) | (9.5%) | 40.9 |
| | Change | -835 | 89 | -540 | 398 | -643 | 71 | 927 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-4.7%) | (1.3%) | (-6.3%) | (5.7%) | (-9.4%) | (1.2%) | (20.7%) | N/A |
| | 2020 | 20,125 | 9,917 | 8,474 | 7,354 | 8,383 | 5,822 | 4,267 | |
| | 2020 | (31.3%) | (15.4%) | (13.2%) | (11.4%) | (13.0%) | (9.0%) | (6.6%) | 37.3 |
| | 2024 | 19,920 | 9,979 | 9,278 | 7,222 | 7,606 | 6,332 | 4,868 | |
| Burnsville | 2024 | (30.5%) | (15.3%) | (14.2%) | (11.1%) | (11.7%) | (9.7%) | (7.5%) | 37.8 |
| Burnsville | 2029 | 19,299 | 9,163 | 9,613 | 7,561 | 6,801 | 6,706 | 5,787 | |
| | 2029 | (29.7%) | (14.1%) | (14.8%) | (11.6%) | (10.5%) | (10.3%) | (8.9%) | 39.0 |
| | Change | -621 | -816 | 335 | 339 | -805 | 374 | 919 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.1%) | (-8.2%) | (3.6%) | (4.7%) | (-10.6%) | (5.9%) | (18.9%) | N/A |
| | 2020 | 20,477 | 9,823 | 9,450 | 8,658 | 10,595 | 6,550 | 3,277 | |
| | | (29.8%) | (14.3%) | (13.7%) | (12.6%) | (15.4%) | (9.5%) | (4.8%) | 39.2 |
| | 2024 | 20,350 | 9,599 | 10,184 | 8,444 | 9,305 | 7,545 | 3,848 | |
| 10 | | (29.4%) | (13.9%) | (14.7%) | (12.2%) | (13.4%) | (10.9%) | (5.6%) | 39.6 |
| Eagan | 2029 | 19,963 | 8,815 | 10,229 | 8,923 | 7,939 | 8,282 | 5,153 | |
| | | (28.8%) | (12.7%) | (14.8%) | (12.9%) | (11.5%) | (12.0%) | (7.4%) | 40.7 |
| | Change | -387 | -784 | 45 | 479 | -1,366 | 737 | 1,305 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-1.9%) | (-8.2%) | (0.4%) | (5.7%) | (-14.7%) | (9.8%) | (33.9%) | N/A |
| | 2020 | 8,791 | 2,838 | 3,857 | 3,600 | 2,477 | 1,183 | 887 | |
| | 2020 | (37.2%) | (12.0%) | (16.3%) | (15.2%) | (10.5%) | (5.0%) | (3.8%) | 35.5 |
| | 2024 | 9,023 | 2,677 | 3,803 | 3,696 | 2,721 | 1,388 | 1,008 | |
| E | 2024 | (37.1%) | (11.0%) | (15.6%) | (15.2%) | (11.2%) | (5.7%) | (4.1%) | 36.3 |
| Farmington | 2020 | 8,749 | 3,193 | 3,627 | 3,689 | 3,047 | 1,774 | 1,173 | |
| | 2029 | (34.6%) | (12.6%) | (14.4%) | (14.6%) | (12.1%) | (7.0%) | (4.6%) | 37.0 |
| | Change | -274 | 516 | -176 | -7 | 326 | 386 | 165 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.0%) | (19.3%) | (-4.6%) | (-0.2%) | (12.0%) | (27.8%) | (16.4%) | N/A |
| | | 6,430 | 2,813 | 2,907 | 2,687 | 3,131 | 2,348 | 1,835 | |
| | 2020 | (29.0%) | (12.7%) | (13.1%) | (12.1%) | (14.1%) | (10.6%) | (8.3%) | 41.1 |
| | 2024 | 6,606 | 2,629 | 3,115 | 2,674 | 2,938 | 2,532 | 1,983 | |
| | 2024 | (29.4%) | (11.7%) | (13.9%) | (11.9%) | (13.1%) | (11.3%) | (8.8%) | 41.4 |
| Hastings | 2020 | 6,594 | 2,731 | 3,152 | 2,910 | 2,710 | 2,748 | 2,341 | |
| | 2029 | (28.4%) | (11.8%) | (13.6%) | (12.6%) | (11.7%) | (11.9%) | (10.1%) | 42.3 |
| | Change | -12 | 102 | 37 | 236 | -228 | 216 | 358 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-0.2%) | (3.9%) | (1.2%) | (8.8%) | (-7.8%) | (8.5%) | (18.1%) | N/A |
| | 1 | | | | | , | | | |

Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

N/A - Not Applicable

| Change C | | | | | Popul | ation by Ag | e (CONTIN | NUED) | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|
| Inver Grove Heights 2020 10,745 4,507 4,468 4,626 5,411 3,587 2,455 40.7 | | | | | | | | | | Median |
| Inver Grove Heights 2024 (29.4%) (12.6%) (12.5%) (12.9%) (15.1%) (10.0%) (6.9%) (40.7) (40.7) (12.9%) (13.4%) (12.4%) (13.7%) (10.9%) (8.0%) (41.2) (12.9%) | | | | | | | | | | Age |
| Inver Grove 10,743 4,507 4,902 4,525 5,015 3,978 2,927 | | 2020 | | | | 7 | | | - | |
| New Grove Heights 2024 (29.4%) (12.3%) (13.4%) (12.4%) (13.7%) (10.9%) (8.0%) 41.2 | | 2020 | / | | | | | | | 40.7 |
| Heights 2029 (28.0%) (12.6%) (12.4%) (12.4%) (12.4%) (13.1%) (10.9%) (8.0%) 41.2 | | 2024 | | · · | 7 | | 7 | | | |
| Change | | 2021 | | | | | | | | 41.2 |
| Change 1.079 1.792 137 1.438 1.99 1.497 1.207 | Heights | 2029 | | · · | | | 7 | | - | |
| Lakeville 2024-2029 (-4.7%) (2.2%) (-4.0%) (1.5%) (-10.9%) (9.5%) (24.2%) N/A | | | | | | | | | | 42.4 |
| Lakeville | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lakeville 2020 (36.7%) (10.6%) (15.2%) (14.4%) (13.0%) (6.6%) (3.6%) 36.7 | | 2024-2029 | | | | | | | | N/A |
| Content Cont | | 2020 | | - | - | | | | | |
| Lakeville | | 2020 | | | | | | | | 36.7 |
| Change Color Col | | 2024 | | - | - | - | | | | |
| Mendota Heights 2029 28,644 9,7/2 12,403 11,739 9,162 7,198 4,509 37.8 | Lakeville | 2024 | | | | | | | | 37.3 |
| Change 1,079 1,792 137 1,438 -199 1,497 1,207 1,207 1,396 1,099 1,309 1,343 1,930 1,830 1,306 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,096 1,348 1,930 1,830 1,306 1,106 1,096 1,348 1,930 1,830 1,306 1,106 | Lakeviiie | 2029 | | | - | - | | | | |
| Mendota Heights 2024-2029 (3.9%) (22.5%) (1.1%) (14.0%) (-2.1%) (26.3%) (36.6%) N/A | | 2027 | | | | | | | | 37.8 |
| Mendota Heights 3,108 (26.5%) (7.8%) (7.8%) (11.1%) (11.4%) (16.4%) (15.6%) (11.1%) (11.1%) (12.5%) 1,309 (11.4%) (16.4%) (15.6%) (11.1%) (11.1%) (12.5%) 1,306 (15.6%) (11.1%) (11.1%) (12.5%) (14.3%) (16.4%) (15.6%) (11.1%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (12.5%) (10.5%) (11.3%) (10.9%) (11.3%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (15.3%) (15.3%) (10.5%) (10.5%) (11.3%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (15.3%) (15.3%) (10.5%) (10.5%) (11.3%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (15.3%) (15.3%) (10.5%) (10.5%) (11.3%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (15.3%) (15.3%) (10.5%) (10.5%) (11.3%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (15.3%) (15.3%) (10.5%) (10.5%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (15.3%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (14.5%) (12.7%) (12.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (14.5%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (14.5%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (14.5%) (12.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.1%) (37.0) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.1%) (11.1%) (11.1%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.5%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.7%) (11.3%) (11.1%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.1%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.3%) (11.5%) (11.3%) | | | | | 137 | | -199 | 1,497 | | |
| Mendota Heights (2020 (26.5%) (7.8%) (11.1%) (11.1%) (11.4%) (16.4%) (15.6%) (11.1%) (12.7%) (25.8%) (8.2%) (11.3%) (10.9%) (14.3%) (16.7%) (12.7%) (12.7%) (49.7 (25.8%) (8.2%) (11.3%) (10.9%) (14.3%) (16.7%) (12.7%) (| | 2024-2029 | | | | | | | | N/A |
| Mendota Heights (26.5%) (7.8%) (11.1%) (11.4%) (16.4%) (15.6%) (11.1%) 49.5 2024 2,997 957 1,319 1,268 1,667 1,938 1,477 49.7 2029 2,922 1,101 1,250 1,346 1,507 1,945 1,815 1,815 1,662 1,938 1,477 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 | | 2020 | 3,108 | 919 | 1,309 | 1,343 | 1,930 | 1,830 | 1,306 | |
| Mendota Heights 2024 (25.8%) (8.2%) (11.3%) (10.9%) (14.3%) (16.7%) (12.7%) 49.7 2029 2,922 1,101 1,250 1,346 1,507 1,945 1,815< | | | | | (11.1%) | (11.4%) | (16.4%) | (15.6%) | (11.1%) | 49.5 |
| Mendota Heights (25.8%) (8.2%) (11.3%) (10.9%) (14.3%) (16.7%) (12.7%) 49.7 2029 (2,922) 1,101 1,250 1,346 1,507 1,945 1,815 50.0 Change -75 144 -69 78 -160 7 338 7.72 7.76 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,216 1,816 1,815 1,815 1,216 1,815 1,815 1,815 1,216 1,816 1,825 1,216 1,216 1,816 1,825 1,216 1,816 1,825 1,216 1,216 1,216 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1,111 1, | | 2024 | 2,997 | 957 | 1,319 | | 1,667 | 1,938 | 1,477 | |
| Rosemount 1,200 | Mondote Heights | | | (8.2%) | (11.3%) | (10.9%) | (14.3%) | (16.7%) | (12.7%) | 49.7 |
| Rosemount (24.6%) (9.3%) (10.5%) (11.3%) (12.7%) (16.4%) (15.3%) 50.0 Change 2024-2029 -75 144 -69 78 -160 7 338 2020 9,135 2,624 3,838 3,712 3,186 1,895 1,260 2024 (35.6%) (10.2%) (15.0%) (14.5%) (12.4%) (7.4%) (4.9%) 37.9 2024 10,116 2,776 4,204 4,220 3,349 2,263 1,567 2029 11,115 3,626 4,387 4,955 3,702 2,892 2,071 Change 2029 (33.9%) (11.1%) (13.4%) (15.1%) (11.3%) (8.8%) (6.3%) 39.1 Change 2024-2029 (9.9%) (30.6%) (4.4%) (17.4%) (10.5%) (27.8%) (32.2%) N/A South St. Paul 2020 6,438 3,259 2,977 2,408 2,845 1,768 1,065 (31.0%) | Wienuota Heights | 2029 | 2,922 | 1,101 | 1,250 | 1,346 | 1,507 | 1,945 | 1,815 | |
| Rosemount 2024-2029 (-2.5%) (15.0%) (-5.2%) (6.2%) (-9.6%) (0.4%) (22.9%) N/A 2020 9,135 (35.6%) 2,624 (3,838) 3,712 (15.0%) 3,186 (1,895) 1,260 (4.9%) 37.9 2024 10,116 (35.6%) (10.2%) (15.0%) (14.5%) (12.4%) (7.4%) (4.9%) 37.9 2024 10,116 (35.5%) (9.7%) (14.8%) (14.8%) (11.8%) (7.9%) (5.5%) 38.6 2029 (11,115 (3626) 4,387 (4,955) 3,702 (2,892) 2,071 2,892 (2,071) 2,071 2,072 2,072 2,072 2,072 3,072 2,072 2,072 <td></td> <td></td> <td>(9.3%)</td> <td>(10.5%)</td> <td></td> <td>(12.7%)</td> <td>(16.4%)</td> <td></td> <td>50.0</td> | | | | (9.3%) | (10.5%) | | (12.7%) | (16.4%) | | 50.0 |
| Rosemount 2020 9,135 (35.6%) (10.2%) (15.0%) (15.0%) (14.5%) (12.4%) (7.4%) (4.9%) 37.9 2024 10,116 (35.5%) (9.7%) (9.7%) (14.8%) (14.8%) (11.8%) (7.9%) (5.5%) 38.6 2029 11,115 (3,626 (4,387 (4,955 (3,702 (2,892 (2,071 (33.9%) (11.1%) (13.4%) (15.1%) (11.3%) (8.8%) (6.3%) 39.1 Change (30,24-2029) (9.9%) (30.6%) (4.4%) (17.4%) (10.5%) (27.8%) (32.2%) N/A South St. Paul 2024 (31.1%) (14.1%) (15.5%) (11.5%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.8%) 38.0 | | Change | -75 | 144 | -69 | 78 | -160 | 7 | 338 | |
| Rosemount (35.6%) (10.2%) (15.0%) (14.5%) (12.4%) (7.4%) (4.9%) 37.9 2024 10,116 2,776 4,204 4,220 3,349 2,263 1,567 2029 11,115 3,626 4,387 4,955 3,702 2,892 2,071 Change 999 850 183 735 353 629 504 2024-2029 (9.9%) (30.6%) (4.4%) (17.4%) (10.5%) (27.8%) (32.2%) N/A South St. Paul 2020 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 2029 6,175 2,769 3,215 2,644 2,223 2,306 1,512 | | 2024-2029 | (-2.5%) | (15.0%) | | | | (0.4%) | (22.9%) | N/A |
| Rosemount (35.6%) (10.2%) (15.0%) (14.5%) (12.4%) (7.4%) (4.9%) 37.9 2024 10,116 (35.5%) 2,776 (9.7%) 4,204 (14.8%) 4,220 (14.8%) 3,349 (11.8%) 2,263 (7.9%) 1,567 (5.5%) 38.6 2029 11,115 (33.9%) 3,626 (33.9%) 4,387 (11.1%) 4,955 (13.4%) 3,702 (15.1%) 2,892 (11.3%) 2,071 (8.8%) 39.1 Change 2024-2029 999 (9.9%) 850 (30.6%) 183 (4.4%) 735 (17.4%) 353 (10.5%) 629 (27.8%) 504 (32.2%) N/A 2020 6,438 (31.0%) 3,259 (31.0%) 2,977 (14.3%) 2,408 (11.6%) 2,845 (13.7%) 1,768 (8.5%) 1,065 (5.1%) 37.0 2024 6,362 (31.1%) 2,892 (31.1%) 3,179 (14.1%) 2,347 (15.5%) 2,527 (2,000 (11.5%) 2,000 (1,178 (11.5%) 1,768 (5.8%) 38.0 South St. Paul 6,362 (31.1%) 2,892 (31.1%) 3,179 (14.1%) 2,347 (15.5%) 2,527 (2,000 (11.5%) 2,000 (1,178 (2,000 (11.5%) 2,527 (2,000 (1,178 (2,000 (1,178 (2,000 (1,178 (2,000 (1,178 (1,174 (2,000 (1,174 (2,000 (1,174 (2,000 (1,174 (2,000 (1,174 (2 | | 2020 | 9,135 | 2,624 | 3,838 | 3,712 | | 1,895 | 1,260 | |
| Rosemount 2024 (35.5%) (9.7%) (14.8%) (14.8%) (11.8%) (7.9%) (5.5%) 38.6 2029 11,115 3,626 4,387 4,955 3,702 2,892 2,071 Change 999 850 183 735 353 629 504 2024-2029 (9.9%) (30.6%) (4.4%) (17.4%) (10.5%) (27.8%) (32.2%) N/A South St. Paul 2020 6,438 3,259 2,977 2,408 2,845 1,768 1,065 (31.0%) (15.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 37.0 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 2029 6,175 2,769 3,215 2,644 2,223 2,306 1,512 | | 2020 | (35.6%) | (10.2%) | (15.0%) | (14.5%) | (12.4%) | (7.4%) | (4.9%) | 37.9 |
| Rosemount (35.5%) (9.7%) (14.8%) (14.8%) (11.8%) (7.9%) (5.5%) 38.6 2029 11,115 3,626 4,387 4,955 3,702 2,892 2,071 (33.9%) (11.1%) (13.4%) (15.1%) (11.3%) (8.8%) (6.3%) 39.1 Change 999 850 183 735 353 629 504 2024-2029 (9.9%) (30.6%) (4.4%) (17.4%) (10.5%) (27.8%) (32.2%) N/A South St. Paul 2020 6,438 3,259 2,977 2,408 2,845 1,768 1,065 (31.0%) (15.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 37.0 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 2029 6,175 2,769 3,215 2,644 2,223 2,306 1,512 | | 2024 | 10,116 | 2,776 | 4,204 | 4,220 | 3,349 | 2,263 | 1,567 | |
| South St. Paul 11,115 (33.9%) 3,626 (11.1%) 4,387 (13.4%) 4,955 (15.1%) 3,702 (11.3%) 2,892 (2,071) 2,071 (6.3%) 39.1 Change 2024-2029 999 (9.9%) 850 (30.6%) 183 (17.4%) 735 (10.5%) 353 (27.8%) 629 (32.2%) 504 (32.2%) N/A 2020 (31.0%) (15.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 37.0 2024 (31.1%) (14.1%) (15.5%) (11.5%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.8%) 38.0 2029 (6,175) (2,769) (3,215) (2,644) (2,223) (2,306) (1,512) | Dogomount | 2024 | (35.5%) | (9.7%) | (14.8%) | (14.8%) | (11.8%) | (7.9%) | (5.5%) | 38.6 |
| Change 2024-2029 999 (9.9%) (30.6%) 183 (15.1%) (11.3%) (13.4%) (15.1%) (11.3%) (8.8%) (6.3%) (39.1 (6.3%) | Kosemount | 2020 | 11,115 | 3,626 | 4,387 | 4,955 | 3,702 | 2,892 | 2,071 | |
| South St. Paul 2024-2029 (9.9%) (30.6%) (4.4%) (17.4%) (10.5%) (27.8%) (32.2%) N/A 2020 6,438 3,259 2,977 2,408 2,845 1,768 1,065 (31.0%) (15.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 37.0 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 (31.1%) (14.1%) (15.5%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.8%) 38.0 | | 2029 | (33.9%) | (11.1%) | (13.4%) | (15.1%) | (11.3%) | (8.8%) | (6.3%) | 39.1 |
| South St. Paul 2020 6,438 (31.0%) (15.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 2,408 (31.0%) (13.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 1,065 (5.1%) (5.1%) 37.0 | | Change | 999 | 850 | 183 | 735 | 353 | 629 | 504 | |
| South St. Paul (31.0%) (15.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 37.0 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 (31.1%) (14.1%) (15.5%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.8%) 38.0 2029 6,175 2,769 3,215 2,644 2,223 2,306 1,512 | | 2024-2029 | (9.9%) | (30.6%) | (4.4%) | (17.4%) | (10.5%) | (27.8%) | (32.2%) | N/A |
| South St. Paul (31.0%) (15.7%) (14.3%) (11.6%) (13.7%) (8.5%) (5.1%) 37.0 2024 6,362 2,892 3,179 2,347 2,527 2,000 1,178 (31.1%) (14.1%) (15.5%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.8%) 38.0 2029 6,175 2,769 3,215 2,644 2,223 2,306 1,512 | | 2020 | 6,438 | 3,259 | 2,977 | 2,408 | 2,845 | 1,768 | 1,065 | |
| South St. Paul (31.1%) (14.1%) (15.5%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.8%) 38.0 | | 2020 | (31.0%) | (15.7%) | (14.3%) | (11.6%) | (13.7%) | (8.5%) | (5.1%) | 37.0 |
| South St. Paul (31.1%) (14.1%) (15.5%) (11.5%) (12.3%) (9.8%) (5.8%) 38.0 | | 2024 | 6,362 | 2,892 | 3,179 | 2,347 | 2,527 | 2,000 | 1,178 | |
| 2029 6,1/5 2,/69 3,215 2,644 2,223 2,306 1,512 | South St. Daul | 2024 | (31.1%) | (14.1%) | (15.5%) | (11.5%) | (12.3%) | (9.8%) | (5.8%) | 38.0 |
| 2029 (20.50) (42.50) (45.50) (45.50) (45.50) | South St. Paul | 2020 | 6,175 | 2,769 | 3,215 | 2,644 | 2,223 | 2,306 | 1,512 | |
| [29.6%] [13.3%] [15.4%] [12.7%] [10.7%] [11.1%] [7.3%] 39.6 | | 2029 | (29.6%) | (13.3%) | (15.4%) | (12.7%) | (10.7%) | (11.1%) | (7.3%) | 39.6 |
| Change -187 -123 36 297 -304 306 334 | | Change | -187 | -123 | 36 | 297 | -304 | 306 | 334 | |
| 2024-2029 (-2.9%) (-4.3%) (1.1%) (12.7%) (-12.0%) (15.3%) (28.4%) N/A | | | (-2.9%) | (-4.3%) | (1.1%) | (12.7%) | (-12.0%) | (15.3%) | (28.4%) | N/A |

Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research N/A – Not Applicable

| | | | | Popul | ation by Ag | e (CONTIN | (UED) | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|-------------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | Median |
| | | <25 | 25 to 34 | 35 to 44 | 45 to 54 | 55 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75+ | Age |
| | 2020 | 6,074 | 2,988 | 2,675 | 2,349 | 2,764 | 2,128 | 1,637 | |
| | 2020 | (29.5%) | (14.5%) | (13.0%) | (11.4%) | (13.4%) | (10.3%) | (7.9%) | 39.4 |
| | 2024 | 6,298 | 2,961 | 2,944 | 2,419 | 2,648 | 2,411 | 1,878 | |
| West Ct Doul | 2024 | (29.2%) | (13.7%) | (13.7%) | (11.2%) | (12.3%) | (11.2%) | (8.7%) | 40.0 |
| West St. Paul | 2029 | 6,202 | 2,789 | 3,027 | 2,608 | 2,366 | 2,546 | 2,360 | |
| | 2029 | (28.3%) | (12.7%) | (13.8%) | (11.9%) | (10.8%) | (11.6%) | (10.8%) | 41.4 |
| | Change | -96 | -172 | 83 | 189 | -282 | 135 | 482 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-1.5%) | (-5.8%) | (2.8%) | (7.8%) | (-10.6%) | (5.6%) | (25.7%) | N/A |
| | 2020 | 140,735 | 55,848 | 61,089 | 56,428 | 60,576 | 39,642 | 25,564 | |
| | 2020 | (32.0%) | (12.7%) | (13.9%) | (12.8%) | (13.8%) | (9.0%) | (5.8%) | 38.6 |
| | 2024 | 143,770 | 55,585 | 66,394 | 56,714 | 56,900 | 44,433 | 30,112 | |
| Dakota County | 2024 | (31.7%) | (12.2%) | (14.6%) | (12.5%) | (12.5%) | (9.8%) | (6.6%) | 39.2 |
| Dakota County | 2029 | 142,442 | 57,447 | 66,038 | 60,981 | 52,627 | 49,320 | 37,757 | |
| | 2029 | (30.5%) | (12.3%) | (14.2%) | (13.1%) | (11.3%) | (10.6%) | (8.1%) | 40.2 |
| | Change | -1,328 | 1,862 | -356 | 4,267 | -4,273 | 4,887 | 7,645 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-0.9%) | (3.3%) | (-0.5%) | (7.5%) | (-7.5%) | (11.0%) | (25.4%) | N/A |
| | 2020 | 1,823,237 | 756,149 | 742,823 | 670,229 | 764,763 | 557,198 | 392,095 | |
| | 2020 | (32.0%) | (13.3%) | (13.0%) | (11.7%) | (13.4%) | (9.8%) | (6.9%) | 38.5 |
| | 2024 | 1,837,484 | 754,241 | 797,849 | 673,397 | 713,024 | 604,485 | 445,725 | |
| Minnesota | 2024 | (31.5%) | (12.9%) | (13.7%) | (11.6%) | (12.2%) | (10.4%) | (7.7%) | 39.0 |
| Millicsuta | 2029 | 1,801,655 | 760,851 | 805,086 | 719,802 | 657,959 | 652,876 | 544,317 | |
| | 2029 | (30.3%) | (12.8%) | (13.5%) | (12.1%) | (11.1%) | (11.0%) | (9.2%) | 40.0 |
| | Change | -35,829 | 6,610 | 7,237 | 46,405 | -55,065 | 48,391 | 98,592 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-1.9%) | (0.9%) | (0.9%) | (6.9%) | (-7.7%) | (8.0%) | (22.1%) | N/A |

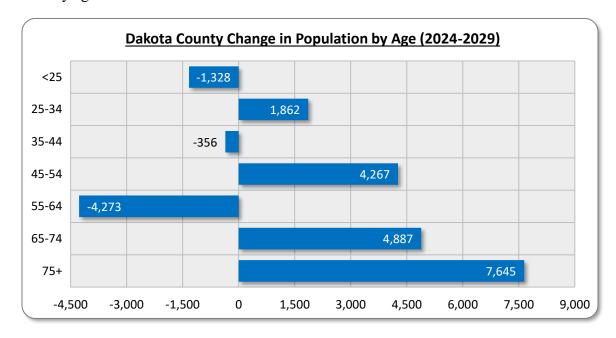
N/A – Not Applicable

The median age of the PSA (Dakota County) population is 39.2 years in 2024, which is similar to the median age for the statewide population (39.0 years). Among the individual submarkets, the median age of each respective population ranges from 36.3 years (Farmington) to 49.7 years (Mendota Heights). More than one-quarter (28.9%) of the PSA population is 55 years of age or older, which represents a slightly smaller share when compared to the state (30.3%). By comparison, 43.9% of the PSA population is less than 35 years of age, and 27.1% is between the ages of 35 and 54.

Over the next five years, the most significant growth of the PSA population by age is expected to occur among individuals 65 years of age and older, which are projected to increase by 16.8% between 2024 and 2029. Growth among the population ages 65 and older is also projected for each submarket and the state of Minnesota during this time period. While this senior cohort is projected to increase by 14.0% within the state over the next five years, growth among the individual submarkets ranges from 9.7% (Apple Valley) to 30.0% (Lakeville). In total, four submarkets (Farmington, Lakeville, Rosemount, and South St. Paul) are projected to have growth of over 20.0% among seniors aged 65 and older. Dakota County is also projected to experience population growth among individuals between the ages of 25 and 34 and those between the ages of 45 and

54, albeit at lower percentages. Overall, Dakota County's projected changes among various age groups are generally similar to the changes expected in Minnesota and in the United States. Detailed data for senior households (aged 62 and older), which includes tenure (renter and owner) and income distributions is included later in this section, starting on page IV-38.

The following graph illustrates the projected change in the county's population by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



Noteworthy population characteristics for each area are illustrated in the following table. Note that data included within this table is derived from multiple sources (2020 Census, ESRI, American Community Survey) and is provided for the most recent time period available for the given source.

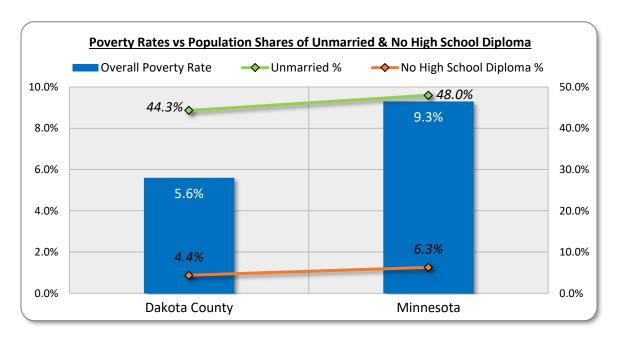
| | Select Population Characteristics | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | | No High | | < 18 Years | Overall | | | | |
| | Minority | Unmarried | School | College | Below | Below | Movership | | | |
| | Population | Population | Diploma | Degree | Poverty Level | Poverty Level | Rate | | | |
| | (2020) | (2022) | (2022) | (2022) | (2022) | (2022) | (2022) | | | |
| Apple Valley | 15,805 | 19,728 | 1,571 | 21,173 | 1,283 | 3,261 | 2,335 | | | |
| Apple valley | (28.4%) | (45.3%) | (4.2%) | (57.2%) | (9.0%) | (5.9%) | (4.2%) | | | |
| Burnsville | 23,882 | 25,792 | 2,845 | 22,597 | 1,706 | 5,091 | 3,338 | | | |
| Durnsvine | (37.3%) | (49.0%) | (6.4%) | (50.8%) | (12.5%) | (8.0%) | (5.3%) | | | |
| Eagan | 19,792 | 24,382 | 1,400 | 30,085 | 1,266 | 3,969 | 3,533 | | | |
| Lagan | (29.0%) | (43.9%) | (3.0%) | (63.6%) | (8.3%) | (5.9%) | (5.2%) | | | |
| Farmington | 4,053 | 7,781 | 905 | 7,660 | 271 | 758 | 495 | | | |
| raimington | (17.2%) | (44.2%) | (6.1%) | (51.8%) | (3.7%) | (3.3%) | (2.1%) | | | |
| Hastings | 2,440 | 8,484 | 707 | 6,400 | 186 | 1,312 | 475 | | | |
| Hastings | (11.1%) | (46.4%) | (4.5%) | (41.0%) | (4.1%) | (6.1%) | (2.2%) | | | |
| Inver Grove | 9,086 | 12,951 | 1,167 | 13,491 | 696 | 2,031 | 731 | | | |
| Heights | (25.5%) | (44.0%) | (4.6%) | (53.3%) | (9.2%) | (5.7%) | (2.1%) | | | |
| Lakeville | 13,944 | 20,662 | 1,398 | 28,685 | 754 | 2,677 | 2,972 | | | |
| Lakeville | (19.7%) | (38.1%) | (3.1%) | (63.1%) | (3.9%) | (3.8%) | (4.2%) | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 1,307 | 3,921 | 132 | 6,352 | 74 | 371 | 277 | | | |
| Wiendota Heights | (11.3%) | (39.9%) | (1.6%) | (75.8%) | (3.0%) | (3.2%) | (2.4%) | | | |
| Rosemount | 5,115 | 7,462 | 390 | 10,714 | 79 | 504 | 898 | | | |
| Rosemount | (19.7%) | (36.6%) | (2.3%) | (63.0%) | (1.1%) | (1.9%) | (3.5%) | | | |
| South St. Paul | 5,640 | 9,412 | 1,046 | 5,926 | 431 | 1,998 | 722 | | | |
| South St. 1 auf | (27.2%) | (55.3%) | (7.4%) | (42.2%) | (9.4%) | (9.7%) | (3.5%) | | | |
| West St. Paul | 6,647 | 9,901 | 1,142 | 6,835 | 436 | 1,977 | 1,399 | | | |
| West St. 1 auf | (31.9%) | (56.3%) | (7.6%) | (45.4%) | (11.2%) | (9.6%) | (6.8%) | | | |
| Dakota County | 109,400 | 156,039 | 13,187 | 166,823 | 7,318 | 24,600 | 17,558 | | | |
| Dakota County | (24.9%) | (44.3%) | (4.4%) | (55.9%) | (7.0%) | (5.6%) | (4.0%) | | | |
| Minnesota | 1,283,348 | 2,216,539 | 243,225 | 1,931,872 | 139,955 | 516,284 | 234,594 | | | |
| willinesota | (22.5%) | (48.0%) | (6.3%) | (49.9%) | (10.9%) | (9.3%) | (4.2%) | | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; 2020 Census; 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The minority population in the PSA (Dakota County) comprises a slightly larger share (24.9%) of the overall population as compared to the state of Minnesota (22.5%). In addition, Dakota County has a smaller share (44.3%) of unmarried persons compared to the state share (48.0%). The PSA has a smaller share (4.4%) of adults that lack a high school diploma and a larger share (55.9%) of college graduates compared to statewide shares. Poverty rates within the PSA are lower than those reported for the state of Minnesota, with 7.0% of the PSA population under the age of 18 and 5.6% of the overall population with incomes below poverty level. The movership rate (the share of the population moving within or to a given area year over year) for the PSA is 4.0%, which is slightly lower than the 4.2% rate reported within the state.

Within the PSA submarkets, Burnsville (37.3%) and West St. Paul (31.9%) have the highest shares of the minority population in the county. The South St. Paul and West St. Paul submarkets are the only two submarkets where a majority of the population is unmarried (55.3% and 56.3%, respectively). Both submarkets also have the highest shares of adults without a high school diploma, while Mendota Heights has the highest share (75.8%) of the adult population with a college degree. Burnsville (12.5%) and West St. Paul (11.2%) each have higher shares of childhood poverty compared to the state of Minnesota, while South St. Paul and West St. Paul have higher overall poverty rates (9.7% and 9.6%, respectively) compared to the state. As marital status and educational attainment typically affect household income, these factors can play an important role in the overall housing affordability of an area.

The following graph compares the county's and state's overall poverty rates and the shares of each population that is unmarried and that lacks a high school diploma.



Migration Patterns

While the analysis on the preceding pages illustrates recent population changes, future population projections, and population characteristics such as age, marital status, and educational attainment, the following addresses where people move to and from, referred to as migration patterns. For the purposes of this analysis, the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program (PEP) is considered the most reliable source for the total volume of domestic migration. To evaluate migration *flows* between counties and mobility patterns by age and income at the county level, we use the U.S. Census Bureau's migration estimates published by the American Community Survey (ACS) for 2022 (latest year available). It is important to note that while county administrative boundaries are likely imperfect reflections of commuter sheds, moving across a county boundary is often an acceptable distance to make a meaningful difference in a person's local housing and labor market environment. The data provided by the PEP is intended to provide general insight regarding the contributing factors of population change (natural change, domestic migration, and international migration), and as such, gross population changes within this data should not be compared to other tables which may be derived from alternate data sources such as the Decennial Census or American Community Survey.

The following table illustrates the estimated components of population change for the PSA (Dakota County) between April 2010 and July 2023.

| | Estimated Components of Population Change for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Years | Population Change* | Percent Change | Natural Change | Net Domestic Migration | Net International Migration | Total Net Migration | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 33 225 8 3% 27 991 -1 115 6 511 5 396 | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

Based on the preceding data, the population increase within Dakota County from 2010 to 2023 can be primarily attributed to natural increase (more births than deaths). While international migration also contributed to population growth within the PSA during this time, net domestic migration was a negative influence on population growth for Dakota County between 2010 and 2023. According to the Migration Policy Institute, Dakota County ranks third in the state for total foreign-born population (42,300). In order for Dakota County to sustain positive natural change and international migration and improve upon net domestic migration, it is important that an adequate supply of incomeappropriate rental and for-sale housing is available to retain young adults and families in the area. Other factors such as job availability, wage competitiveness, and housing conditions can also substantially impact population change.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following table details the <u>shares</u> of domestic in-migration by three select age cohorts for the PSA (Dakota County) from 2013 to 2022.

| Dakota County, Minnesota In-Migrants by Age, 2013 to 2022 Domestic Migration | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Age 2013-2017 2018-2022 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 to 34 | 68.1% | 66.2% | | | | | | | |
| 35 to 54 | 19.6% | 20.3% | | | | | | | |
| 55+ | 12.3% | 13.5% | | | | | | | |
| Median Age (In-state migrants) | 28.1 | 28.2 | | | | | | | |
| Median Age (Out-of-state migrants) | 28.3 | 29.0 | | | | | | | |
| Median Age (Dakota County) | 38.1 | 38.8 | | | | | | | |
| Internati | ional Migration | | | | | | | | |
| Age | 2013-2017 | 2018-2022 | | | | | | | |
| 1 to 34 | 64.1% | 58.8% | | | | | | | |
| 35 to 54 22.3% 19.3% | | | | | | | | | |
| 55+ 13.6% 21.9% | | | | | | | | | |
| Median Age (International migrants) | 30.2 | 31.9 | | | | | | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 & 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research

According to American Community Survey estimates between 2013 and 2017, over two-thirds (68.1%) of domestic in-migrants to Dakota County were under 35 years of age while approximately 20% were between the ages of 35 and 54. Between 2018 and 2022, the share of domestic in-migrants under 35 years of age decreased slightly (to 66.2%), while the shares of in-migrants between the ages of 35 and 54 and those age 55 and older both increased slightly. The median ages of in-state migrants (originating from a different county in Minnesota) and out-of-state migrants are both lower than the median ages of the overall county population during the two periods depicted in the table. Note that the majority of international migrants to the PSA (Dakota County) are also under the age of 35. However, the PSA has experienced a notable increase in the overall share of older international migrants (aged 55 and older) between the years 2013-2017 and 2018-2022. Overall, the data suggests that the majority of in-migrants to Dakota County in recent years are under the age of 35, and inmigrants are, on average, typically younger than the existing PSA population, regardless of place of origin.

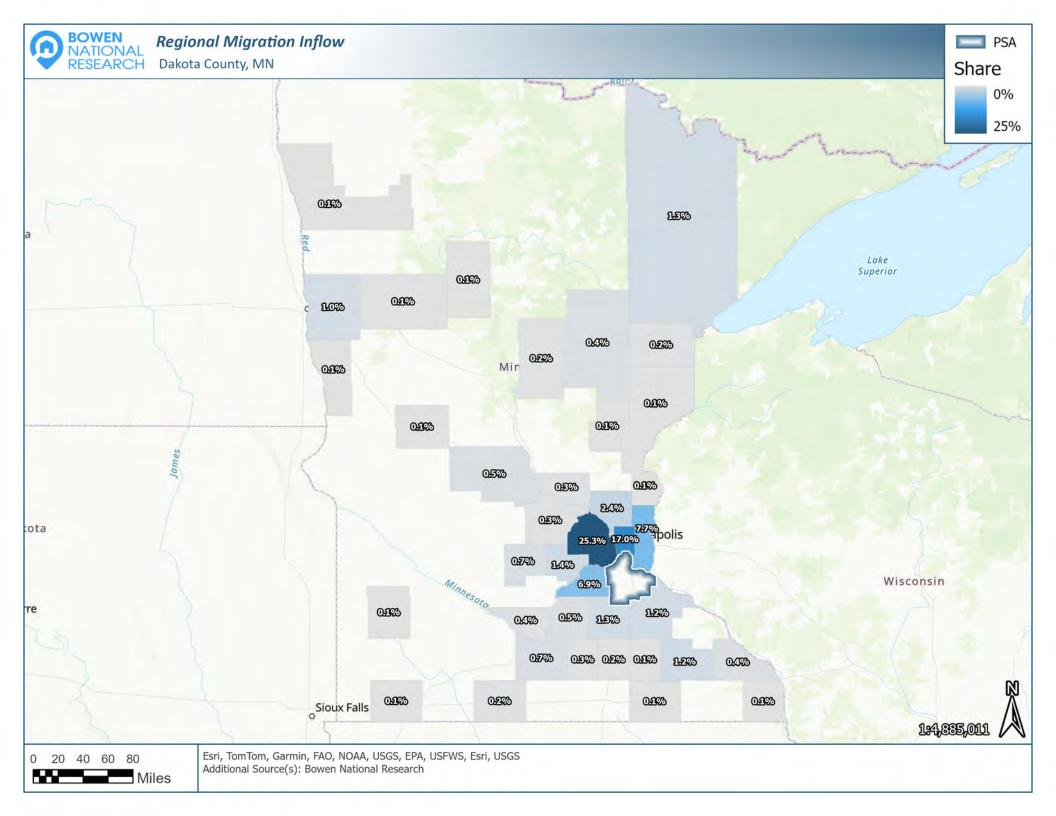
To further illustrate migration patterns for the PSA (Dakota County), the following table summarizes the top 10 counties from which the PSA attracts residents (inflow) and to which the PSA exports (outflow) residents. The table only includes regional counties contained within Minnesota and bordering states. Counties which directly border the PSA are illustrated in **red** text.

| County-to-County Migration (2016-2020) Top 10 Migration Counties | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Inflow Counties | | Outflow Counties | | | | | | | |
| County | Percent | County | Percent | | | | | | |
| Hennepin County, MN | 25.3% | Hennepin County, MN | 22.5% | | | | | | |
| Ramsey County, MN | 17.0% | Ramsey County, MN | 14.0% | | | | | | |
| Washington County, MN | 7.7% | Scott County, MN | 5.8% | | | | | | |
| Scott County, MN | 6.9% | Washington County, MN | 5.0% | | | | | | |
| Anoka County, MN | 2.4% | Anoka County, MN | 3.3% | | | | | | |
| Carver County, MN | 1.4% | Stearns County, MN | 2.9% | | | | | | |
| Rice County, MN | 1.3% | Rice County, MN | 2.8% | | | | | | |
| St. Louis County, MN | 1.3% | St. Louis County, MN | 1.6% | | | | | | |
| Goodhue County, MN | 1.2% | Pierce County, WI | 1.4% | | | | | | |
| Olmsted County, MN | 1.2% | Beltrami County, MN | 1.3% | | | | | | |
| All Other Counties | 34.3% | All Other Counties | 39.3% | | | | | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2020 5-Year American Community Survey; Bowen National Research

As the preceding table illustrates, the top 10 inflow counties account for 65.7% of the total inflow for Dakota County, while the top 10 outflow counties comprise 60.6% of the total outflow. Note that six of the top 10 inflow and outflow counties border the PSA (Dakota County). Hennepin and Ramsey counties, which are the principal counties in the Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA as well as the largest counties by population in the state of Minnesota, represent the top two inflow and outflow counties within the PSA. This data suggests that a large share of the migration for Dakota County is based within the Minneapolis-St. Paul area.

A map illustrating the shares of migration inflow for Dakota County for 2020 is shown on the following page.



While the data contained in the previous pages illustrates the recent migration trends for the PSA (Dakota County) and gives perspective about the age profile and place of origin of in-migrants, it is also equally important to understand the income levels of these individuals as they directly relate to affordability of housing. The following table illustrates the *per-person* income distribution by geographic mobility status for Dakota County in-migrants. Note that this data is provided for the county *population*, not households, ages 15 and above:

| Dakota (| County: Inco | ome Distrib | ution by Mo | bility Statu | s for Popula | tion Age 15 | 5+ Years* | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|---------|--|
| | | | Moved | Moved From | | | | | |
| 2022 Inflation | Moved | Within | Different | County, | Moved | From | Moved From | | |
| Adjusted Individual | Same (| County | Same | State | Differe | nt State | Abr | oad | |
| Income | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| <\$10,000 | 1,769 | 10.9% | 1,932 | 12.0% | 506 | 10.2% | 79 | 15.7% | |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 1,113 | 6.8% | 934 | 5.8% | 402 | 8.1% | 32 | 6.3% | |
| \$15,000 to \$24,999 | 1,560 | 9.6% | 1,831 | 11.3% | 690 | 13.9% | 30 | 6.0% | |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 1,742 | 10.7% | 1,832 | 11.3% | 549 | 11.1% | 21 | 4.2% | |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 2,877 | 17.7% | 2,708 | 16.8% | 813 | 16.4% | 130 | 25.8% | |
| \$50,000 to \$64,999 | 2,148 | 13.2% | 2,302 | 14.3% | 570 | 11.5% | 112 | 22.2% | |
| \$65,000 to \$74,999 | 1,007 | 6.2% | 1,252 7.8% | | 240 | 4.8% | 12 | 2.4% | |
| \$75,000+ | 4,063 | 25.0% | 3,351 | 20.8% | 1,186 | 23.9% | 88 | 17.5% | |
| Total | 16,279 | 100.0% | 16,142 | 100.0% | 4,956 | 100.0% | 504 | 100.0% | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research

*Excludes population with no income

According to data provided by the 2022 American Community Survey, 57.2% of the population that moved to Dakota County from a different county within Minnesota earned less than \$50,000 annually. This is a slightly smaller share of individuals when compared to the share (59.7%) of individuals migrating from outside the state that earn less than \$50,000. Although it is likely that a significant share of the population earning less than \$50,000 per year consists of children over the age of 15 and young adults considered to be dependents within a larger family, this suggests that affordable housing options are likely important for a significant portion of in-migrants to Dakota County. However, it is critical to note that 21.4% of all in-migrants to the county earn \$75,000 or more annually. As such, housing alternatives targeting a wide range of income levels should be made available to accommodate individuals relocating to, or within, the PSA.

Based on our evaluation of the components of population change between 2010 and 2023, the population increase during this time in Dakota County was primarily due to natural increase (more births than deaths). While international migration positively influenced population change, domestic migration to the county was negative between 2010 and 2023. Approximately two-thirds of recent in-migrants to Dakota County were less than 35 years of age, and a slight majority of in-migrants earned less than \$50,000 annually. In order for the PSA to maximize migration potential, it is important that an adequate supply of income-appropriate housing is readily available in the future.

C. HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

Households by numbers and percentage change (growth or decline) for selected years are shown in the following table. Note that decreases are illustrated in red text, while increases are illustrated in green text:

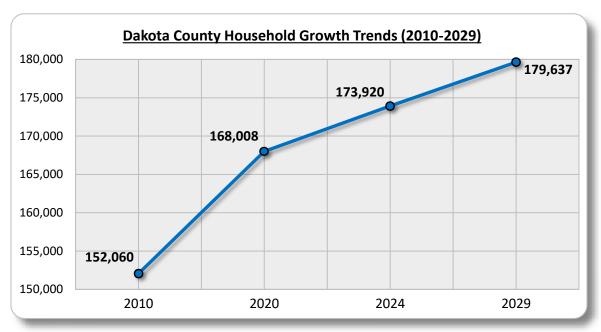
| | | Total H | ouseholds | | Household Change | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--|
| | 2010 | 2020 | 2024 | 2029 | 2010- | -2020 | 2020- | -2024 | 2024- | -2029 | |
| | Census | Census | Estimated | Projected | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| Apple Valley | 18,882 | 21,464 | 21,768 | 21,724 | 2,582 | 13.7% | 304 | 1.4% | -44 | -0.2% | |
| Burnsville | 24,283 | 25,483 | 25,994 | 26,120 | 1,200 | 4.9% | 511 | 2.0% | 126 | 0.5% | |
| Eagan | 25,232 | 27,606 | 28,098 | 28,343 | 2,374 | 9.4% | 492 | 1.8% | 245 | 0.9% | |
| Farmington | 7,109 | 7,906 | 8,125 | 8,512 | 797 | 11.2% | 219 | 2.8% | 387 | 4.8% | |
| Hastings | 8,813 | 9,128 | 9,259 | 9,591 | 315 | 3.6% | 131 | 1.4% | 332 | 3.6% | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 13,508 | 14,338 | 14,646 | 14,711 | 830 | 6.1% | 308 | 2.1% | 65 | 0.4% | |
| Lakeville | 18,687 | 23,265 | 25,885 | 28,441 | 4,578 | 24.5% | 2,620 | 11.3% | 2,556 | 9.9% | |
| Mendota Heights | 4,284 | 4,787 | 4,879 | 5,043 | 503 | 11.7% | 92 | 1.9% | 164 | 3.4% | |
| Rosemount | 7,580 | 8,931 | 9,848 | 11,278 | 1,351 | 17.8% | 917 | 10.3% | 1,430 | 14.5% | |
| South St. Paul | 8,172 | 8,432 | 8,371 | 8,639 | 260 | 3.2% | -61 | -0.7% | 268 | 3.2% | |
| West St. Paul | 8,529 | 8,996 | 9,444 | 9,666 | 467 | 5.5% | 448 | 5.0% | 222 | 2.4% | |
| Dakota County | 152,060 | 168,008 | 173,920 | 179,637 | 15,948 | 10.5% | 5,912 | 3.5% | 5,717 | 3.3% | |
| Minnesota | 2,087,227 | 2,253,990 | 2,309,848 | 2,370,399 | 166,763 | 8.0% | 55,858 | 2.5% | 60,551 | 2.6% | |

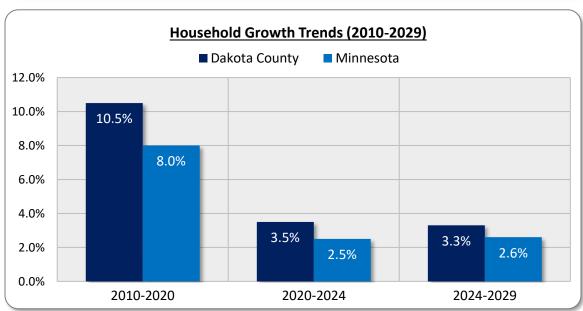
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The PSA (Dakota County) experienced a 10.5% increase in households between 2010 and 2020 and a 3.5% increase in households between 2020 and 2024. Household growth in the county is projected to increase by 3.3% through 2029. Note that household growth in the county has outpaced statewide household growth between 2010 and 2024, and projections indicate that household growth in the county will continue to outpace statewide household growth during the next five years. All 11 PSA submarkets experienced an increase in households between 2010 and 2020, with Lakeville (24.5%) and Rosemount (17.8%) recording the largest percentage increases in household growth among all submarkets during this period. Between 2020 and 2024, 10 of the 11 submarkets experienced positive household growth, with South St. Paul being the lone exception. During this period, Lakeville (11.3%) and Rosemount (10.3%) again experienced the largest percentage increase in household growth. While Apple Valley is projected to experience a slight decrease in households over the next five years, households are projected to increase within the 10 remaining submarkets of the PSA. Individual projected increases among these submarkets range from 0.4% (Inver Grove Heights) to 14.5% (Rosemount).

While the projected increase in households within Dakota County will have some effect on demand for housing in the market, household growth or decline alone does not dictate the total housing needs of a market. Other factors that influence housing needs, which are addressed throughout this report, include: households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, commuting patterns, pent-up demand, availability of existing housing, and product in the development pipeline.

The following graphs compare household growth between 2010 and 2029:





Household heads by age cohorts for selected years are shown in the following table. Note that five-year projected declines are in red, while increases are in green:

| | | | Household Heads by Age | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|---------|------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--|--|--|
| | | <25 | 25 to 34 | 35 to 44 | 45 to 54 | 55 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75+ | | | |
| | 2020 | 467 | 2,967 | 4,255 | 3,994 | 4,388 | 3,390 | 2,003 | | | |
| | 2020 | (2.2%) | (13.8%) | (19.8%) | (18.6%) | (20.4%) | (15.8%) | (9.3%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 468 | 2,928 | 4,547 | 3,938 | 3,978 | 3,494 | 2,411 | | | |
| 4 1 77 11 | 2024 | (2.2%) | (13.5%) | (20.9%) | (18.1%) | (18.3%) | (16.1%) | (11.1%) | | | |
| Apple Valley | 2020 | 440 | 2,890 | 4,230 | 4,095 | 3,590 | 3,515 | 2,960 | | | |
| | 2029 | (2.0%) | (13.3%) | (19.5%) | (18.9%) | (16.5%) | (16.2%) | (13.6%) | | | |
| | Change | -28 | -38 | -317 | 157 | -388 | 21 | 549 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-6.0%) | (-1.3%) | (-7 . 0%) | (4.0%) | (-9.8%) | (0.6%) | (22.8%) | | | |
| | | 996 | 4,431 | 4,621 | 4,219 | 4,953 | 3,514 | 2,748 | | | |
| | 2020 | (3.9%) | (17.4%) | (18.1%) | (16.6%) | (19.4%) | (13.8%) | (10.8%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 957 | 4,470 | 5,056 | 4,139 | 4,467 | 3,803 | 3,101 | | | |
| | 2024 | (3.7%) | (17.2%) | (19.5%) | (15.9%) | (17.2%) | (14.6%) | (11.9%) | | | |
| Burnsville | | 912 | 4,056 | 5,246 | 4,301 | 3,957 | 3,997 | 3,649 | | | |
| | 2029 | (3.5%) | (15.5%) | (20.1%) | (16.5%) | (15.2%) | (15.3%) | (14.0%) | | | |
| | Change | -45 | -414 | 190 | 162 | -510 | 194 | 548 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-4.7%) | (-9.3%) | (3.8%) | (3.9%) | (-11.4%) | (5.1%) | (17.7%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 730 | 4,471 | 5,166 | 5,030 | 6,032 | 4,068 | 2,110 | | | |
| | 2020 | (2.6%) | (16.2%) | (18.7%) | (18.2%) | (21.8%) | (14.7%) | (7.6%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 753 | 4,362 | 5,595 | 4,938 | 5,293 | 4,673 | 2,482 | | | |
| Eagan | 2024 | (2.7%) | (15.5%) | (19.9%) | (17.6%) | (18.8%) | (16.6%) | (8.8%) | | | |
| Lagan | 2029 | 799 | 3,846 | 5,631 | 5,216 | 4,485 | 5,052 | 3,313 | | | |
| | 2029 | (2.8%) | (13.6%) | (19.9%) | (18.4%) | (15.8%) | (17.8%) | (11.7%) | | | |
| | Change | 46 | -516 | 36 | 278 | -808 | 379 | 831 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (6.1%) | (-11.8%) | (0.6%) | (5.6%) | (-15.3%) | (8.1%) | (33.5%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 112 | 1,196 | 2,006 | 2,016 | 1,409 | 703 | 464 | | | |
| | 2020 | (1.4%) | (15.1%) | (25.4%) | (25.5%) | (17.8%) | (8.9%) | (5.9%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 119 | 1,120 | 1,962 | 2,046 | 1,523 | 825 | 531 | | | |
| Farmington | 2024 | (1.5%) | (13.8%) | (24.1%) | (25.2%) | (18.7%) | (10.2%) | (6.5%) | | | |
| r at mington | 2029 | 113 | 1,293 | 1,819 | 1,987 | 1,641 | 1,043 | 617 | | | |
| | | (1.3%) | (15.2%) | (21.4%) | (23.3%) | (19.3%) | (12.3%) | (7.2%) | | | |
| | Change | -6 | 173 | -143 | -59 | 118 | 218 | 86 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-5.0%) | (15.4%) | (-7.3%) | (-2.9%) | (7.7%) | (26.4%) | (16.2%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 190 | 1,256 | 1,583 | 1,530 | 1,800 | 1,466 | 1,303 | | | |
| | 2020 | (2.1%) | (13.8%) | (17.3%) | (16.8%) | (19.7%) | (16.1%) | (14.3%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 216 | 1,170 | 1,691 | 1,525 | 1,678 | 1,579 | 1,401 | | | |
| Hastings | 2027 | (2.3%) | (12.6%) | (18.3%) | (16.5%) | (18.1%) | (17.1%) | (15.1%) | | | |
| Hastings | 2029 | 209 | 1,184 | 1,693 | 1,647 | 1,524 | 1,705 | 1,631 | | | |
| | | (2.2%) | (12.3%) | (17.6%) | (17.2%) | (15.9%) | (17.8%) | (17.0%) | | | |
| | Change | -7 | 14 | 2 | 122 | -154 | 126 | 230 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.2%) | (1.2%) | (0.1%) | (8.0%) | (-9.2%) | (8.0%) | (16.4%) | | | |

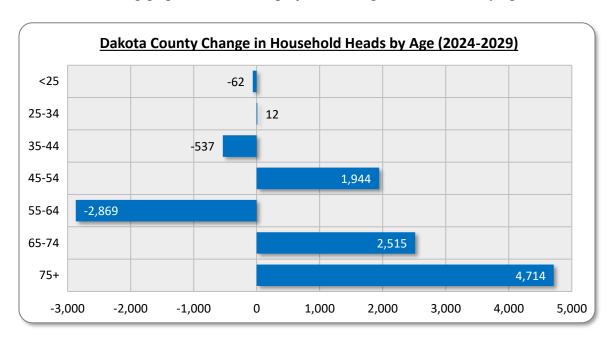
| | | | | Household He | eads by Age (C | CONTINUED) |) | |
|--|-----------|---------|----------|--------------|----------------|------------|----------|---------|
| | | <25 | 25 to 34 | 35 to 44 | 45 to 54 | 55 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75+ |
| | 2020 | 362 | 1,949 | 2,450 | 2,627 | 3,108 | 2,230 | 1,612 |
| | 2020 | (2.5%) | (13.6%) | (17.1%) | (18.3%) | (21.7%) | (15.6%) | (11.2%) |
| | 2024 | 353 | 1,928 | 2,659 | 2,537 | 2,834 | 2,446 | 1,885 |
| Inver Grove | 2024 | (2.4%) | (13.2%) | (18.2%) | (17.3%) | (19.4%) | (16.7%) | (12.9%) |
| Heights | 2020 | 340 | 1,861 | 2,539 | 2,538 | 2,477 | 2,626 | 2,326 |
| , and the second | 2029 | (2.3%) | (12.7%) | (17.3%) | (17.3%) | (16.8%) | (17.9%) | (15.8%) |
| | Change | -13 | -67 | -120 | 1 | -357 | 180 | 441 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.7%) | (-3.5%) | (-4.5%) | (0.0%) | (-12.6%) | (7.4%) | (23.4%) |
| | 2020 | 308 | 2,916 | 5,472 | 5,421 | 4,952 | 2,636 | 1,560 |
| | 2020 | (1.3%) | (12.5%) | (23.5%) | (23.3%) | (21.3%) | (11.3%) | (6.7%) |
| | 2024 | 370 | 3,173 | 6,275 | 5,646 | 5,108 | 3,253 | 2,050 |
| Lakeville | 2024 | (1.4%) | (12.3%) | (24.3%) | (21.8%) | (19.7%) | (12.6%) | (7.9%) |
| Lakeville | 2029 | 394 | 3,788 | 6,178 | 6,354 | 4,911 | 4,021 | 2,785 |
| | 2029 | (1.4%) | (13.3%) | (21.7%) | (22.3%) | (17.3%) | (14.1%) | (9.8%) |
| | Change | 24 | 615 | -97 | 708 | -197 | 768 | 735 |
| | 2024-2029 | (6.5%) | (19.4%) | (-1.5%) | (12.5%) | (-3.9%) | (23.6%) | (35.9%) |
| | 2020 | 76 | 395 | 638 | 720 | 1,047 | 1,082 | 830 |
| | 2020 | (1.6%) | (8.2%) | (13.3%) | (15.0%) | (21.9%) | (22.6%) | (17.3%) |
| | 2024 | 81 | 421 | 660 | 698 | 917 | 1,159 | 942 |
| Mandata Haighta | 2024 | (1.7%) | (8.6%) | (13.5%) | (14.3%) | (18.8%) | (23.8%) | (19.3%) |
| Mendota Heights | 2029 | 76 | 483 | 630 | 735 | 818 | 1,152 | 1,149 |
| | 2029 | (1.5%) | (9.6%) | (12.5%) | (14.6%) | (16.2%) | (22.8%) | (22.8%) |
| | Change | -5 | 62 | -30 | 37 | -99 | -7 | 207 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-6.2%) | (14.7%) | (-4.5%) | (5.3%) | (-10.8%) | (-0.6%) | (22.0%) |
| | 2020 | 108 | 1,030 | 2,016 | 2,051 | 1,851 | 1,111 | 764 |
| | 2020 | (1.2%) | (11.5%) | (22.6%) | (23.0%) | (20.7%) | (12.4%) | (8.6%) |
| | 2024 | 123 | 1,079 | 2,189 | 2,294 | 1,915 | 1,306 | 941 |
| Rosemount | 2024 | (1.2%) | (11.0%) | (22.2%) | (23.3%) | (19.4%) | (13.3%) | (9.6%) |
| Rosemount | 2029 | 121 | 1,370 | 2,243 | 2,618 | 2,070 | 1,616 | 1,239 |
| | | (1.1%) | (12.1%) | (19.9%) | (23.2%) | (18.4%) | (14.3%) | (11.0%) |
| | Change | -2 | 291 | 54 | 324 | 155 | 310 | 298 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-1.6%) | (27.0%) | (2.5%) | (14.1%) | (8.1%) | (23.7%) | (31.7%) |
| | 2020 | 211 | 1,490 | 1,651 | 1,354 | 1,756 | 1,219 | 750 |
| | 2020 | (2.5%) | (17.7%) | (19.6%) | (16.1%) | (20.8%) | (14.5%) | (8.9%) |
| | 2024 | 217 | 1,328 | 1,760 | 1,313 | 1,545 | 1,378 | 828 |
| South St. Paul | 2024 | (2.6%) | (15.9%) | (21.0%) | (15.7%) | (18.5%) | (16.5%) | (9.9%) |
| South St. 1 au | 2029 | 201 | 1,263 | 1,753 | 1,454 | 1,343 | 1,565 | 1,056 |
| | | (2.3%) | (14.6%) | (20.3%) | (16.8%) | (15.6%) | (18.1%) | (12.2%) |
| | Change | -16 | -65 | -7 | 141 | -202 | 187 | 228 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-7.4%) | (-4.9%) | (-0.4%) | (10.7%) | (-13.1%) | (13.6%) | (27.5%) |
| | 2020 | 307 | 1,405 | 1,472 | 1,472 | 1,787 | 1,434 | 1,119 |
| | | (3.4%) | (15.6%) | (16.4%) | (16.4%) | (19.9%) | (15.9%) | (12.4%) |
| | 2024 | 335 | 1,392 | 1,611 | 1,497 | 1,719 | 1,603 | 1,287 |
| West St. Paul | | (3.5%) | (14.7%) | (17.1%) | (15.9%) | (18.2%) | (17.0%) | (13.6%) |
| | 2029 | 343 | 1,291 | 1,634 | 1,582 | 1,530 | 1,675 | 1,611 |
| | | (3.5%) | (13.4%) | (16.9%) | (16.4%) | (15.8%) | (17.3%) | (16.7%) |
| | Change | 8 | -101 | 23 | 85 | -189 | 72 | 324 |
| Source: 2020 Cansus: ES | 2024-2029 | (2.4%) | (-7.3%) | (1.4%) | (5.7%) | (-11.0%) | (4.5%) | (25.2%) |

| | | Household Heads by Age (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--|--|
| _ | | <25 | 25 to 34 | 35 to 44 | 45 to 54 | 55 to 64 | 65 to 74 | 75+ | | |
| | 2020 | 4,008 | 24,329 | 32,636 | 31,868 | 34,887 | 24,154 | 16,126 | | |
| | 2020 | (2.4%) | (14.5%) | (19.4%) | (19.0%) | (20.8%) | (14.4%) | (9.6%) | | |
| | 2024 | 4,134 | 24,163 | 35,309 | 31,959 | 32,568 | 26,911 | 18,853 | | |
| Dakota County | | (2.4%) | (13.9%) | (20.3%) | (18.4%) | (18.7%) | (15.5%) | (10.8%) | | |
| Бакота County | 2029 | 4,072 | 24,175 | 34,772 | 33,903 | 29,699 | 29,426 | 23,567 | | |
| | 2029 | (2.3%) | (13.5%) | (19.4%) | (18.9%) | (16.5%) | (16.4%) | (13.1%) | | |
| | Change | -62 | 12 | -537 | 1,944 | -2,869 | 2,515 | 4,714 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-1.5%) | (0.0%) | (-1.5%) | (6.1%) | (-8.8%) | (9.3%) | (25.0%) | | |
| | 2020 | 87,878 | 352,167 | 398,723 | 377,260 | 446,162 | 341,035 | 250,765 | | |
| | 2020 | (3.9%) | (15.6%) | (17.7%) | (16.7%) | (19.8%) | (15.1%) | (11.1%) | | |
| | 2024 | 86,155 | 352,854 | 427,344 | 378,351 | 413,609 | 367,917 | 283,510 | | |
| Minnesota | 2024 | (3.7%) | (15.3%) | (18.5%) | (16.4%) | (17.9%) | (15.9%) | (12.3%) | | |
| Milliesota | 2029 | 83,064 | 349,325 | 427,347 | 399,701 | 376,154 | 391,813 | 342,887 | | |
| | 2029 | (3.5%) | (14.7%) | (18.0%) | (16.9%) | (15.9%) | (16.5%) | (14.5%) | | |
| | Change | -3,091 | -3,529 | 3 | 21,350 | -37,455 | 23,896 | 59,377 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.6%) | (-1.0%) | (0.0%) | (5.6%) | (-9.1%) | (6.5%) | (20.9%) | | |

Household heads aged 35 to 44 comprise the largest share (20.3%) of the overall household base within the PSA (Dakota County) in 2024, while household heads aged 55 to 64 represent the next largest share (18.7%). Although these age cohorts represent the two largest shares of households in the county, households within both of these age cohorts are projected to decrease between 2024 and 2029. By comparison, households aged 65 and older are projected to increase by 15.8% in the PSA during this period. The notable projected growth among households aged 65 and older in the PSA is consistent with projected statewide household growth trends over the next five years.

Household heads aged 35 to 44 also represent the largest share of households in six of the 11 PSA submarkets. Although this household age cohort will remain a significant share (between 12.5% and 21.7%) of the total households in each submarket by 2029, the most substantial growth is projected to occur among households aged 65 and older. This cohort is projected to increase by 9.5% (Mendota Heights) to 28.3% (Lakeville) over the next five years, with Farmington, Rosemount, and Lakeville all projected to have increases of 22.4% or higher. While demand will remain strong for housing that targets a range of household ages, senior-oriented housing alternatives will likely have the greatest increase in demand over the next five years.

The following graph illustrates the projected change in households by age.



Households by tenure (renters and owners) for selected years are shown in the following table. Note that 2029 projections which represent a decrease from 2024 are illustrated in red text, while increases are illustrated in green text.

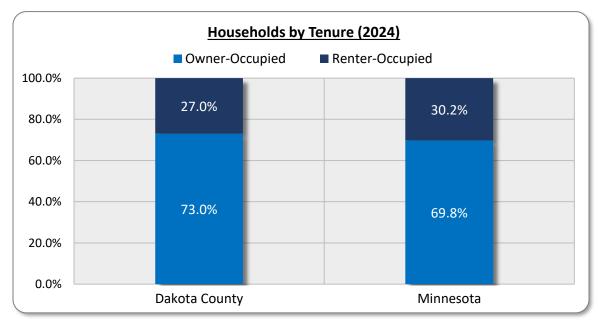
| | | | | Househole | ds by Tenur | ·e | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|
| | | 20 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 202 | 29 | Change 2 | 024-2029 |
| | Household Type | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| | Owner-Occupied | 16,068 | 74.9% | 15,987 | 73.4% | 16,122 | 74.2% | 135 | 0.8% |
| Apple Valley | Renter-Occupied | 5,396 | 25.1% | 5,781 | 26.6% | 5,602 | 25.8% | -179 | -3.1% |
| | Total | 21,464 | 100.0% | 21,768 | 100.0% | 21,724 | 100.0% | -44 | -0.2% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 16,131 | 63.3% | 16,035 | 61.7% | 16,352 | 62.6% | 317 | 2.0% |
| Burnsville | Renter-Occupied | 9,352 | 36.7% | 9,959 | 38.3% | 9,768 | 37.4% | -191 | -1.9% |
| | Total | 25,483 | 100.0% | 25,994 | 100.0% | 26,120 | 100.0% | 126 | 0.5% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 19,125 | 69.3% | 18,908 | 67.3% | 19,026 | 67.1% | 118 | 0.6% |
| Eagan | Renter-Occupied | 8,481 | 30.7% | 9,190 | 32.7% | 9,317 | 32.9% | 127 | 1.4% |
| | Total | 27,606 | 100.0% | 28,098 | 100.0% | 28,343 | 100.0% | 245 | 0.9% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 6,773 | 85.7% | 6,988 | 86.0% | 7,377 | 86.7% | 389 | 5.6% |
| Farmington | Renter-Occupied | 1,133 | 14.3% | 1,137 | 14.0% | 1,135 | 13.3% | -2 | -0.2% |
| | Total | 7,906 | 100.0% | 8,125 | 100.0% | 8,512 | 100.0% | 387 | 4.8% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 6,646 | 72.8% | 6,687 | 72.2% | 6,953 | 72.5% | 266 | 4.0% |
| Hastings | Renter-Occupied | 2,482 | 27.2% | 2,572 | 27.8% | 2,638 | 27.5% | 66 | 2.6% |
| | Total | 9,128 | 100.0% | 9,259 | 100.0% | 9,591 | 100.0% | 332 | 3.6% |
| I C | Owner-Occupied | 10,419 | 72.7% | 10,547 | 72.0% | 10,692 | 72.7% | 145 | 1.4% |
| Inver Grove | Renter-Occupied | 3,919 | 27.3% | 4,099 | 28.0% | 4,019 | 27.3% | -80 | -2.0% |
| Heights | Total | 14,338 | 100.0% | 14,646 | 100.0% | 14,711 | 100.0% | 65 | 0.4% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 19,975 | 85.9% | 21,931 | 84.7% | 24,078 | 84.7% | 2,147 | 9.8% |
| Lakeville | Renter-Occupied | 3,290 | 14.1% | 3,954 | 15.3% | 4,363 | 15.3% | 409 | 10.3% |
| | Total | 23,265 | 100.0% | 25,885 | 100.0% | 28,441 | 100.0% | 2,556 | 9.9% |

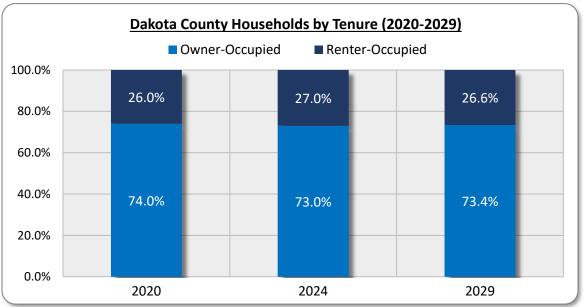
| | | | House | holds by Te | nure (CON | TINUED) | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|
| | | 202 | 20 | 202 | 24 | 2029 | | Change 2 | 024-2029 |
| | Household Type | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Mandata | Owner-Occupied | 3,925 | 82.0% | 3,897 | 79.9% | 3,966 | 78.6% | 69 | 1.8% |
| Mendota Heights | Renter-Occupied | 862 | 18.0% | 982 | 20.1% | 1,077 | 21.4% | 95 | 9.7% |
| neights | Total | 4,787 | 100.0% | 4,879 | 100.0% | 5,043 | 100.0% | 164 | 3.4% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 7,712 | 86.4% | 8,509 | 86.4% | 9,550 | 84.7% | 1,041 | 12.2% |
| Rosemount | Renter-Occupied | 1,219 | 13.6% | 1,339 | 13.6% | 1,728 | 15.3% | 389 | 29.1% |
| | Total | 8,931 | 100.0% | 9,848 | 100.0% | 11,278 | 100.0% | 1,430 | 14.5% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 5,740 | 68.1% | 5,635 | 67.3% | 5,692 | 65.9% | 57 | 1.0% |
| South St. Paul | Renter-Occupied | 2,692 | 31.9% | 2,736 | 32.7% | 2,947 | 34.1% | 211 | 7.7% |
| | Total | 8,432 | 100.0% | 8,371 | 100.0% | 8,639 | 100.0% | 268 | 3.2% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 5,076 | 56.4% | 5,183 | 54.9% | 5,399 | 55.9% | 216 | 4.2% |
| West St. Paul | Renter-Occupied | 3,920 | 43.6% | 4,261 | 45.1% | 4,267 | 44.1% | 6 | 0.1% |
| | Total | 8,996 | 100.0% | 9,444 | 100.0% | 9,666 | 100.0% | 222 | 2.4% |
| Dakota | Owner-Occupied | 124,266 | 74.0% | 126,899 | 73.0% | 131,789 | 73.4% | 4,890 | 3.9% |
| County | Renter-Occupied | 43,742 | 26.0% | 47,021 | 27.0% | 47,848 | 26.6% | 827 | 1.8% |
| County | Total | 168,008 | 100.0% | 173,920 | 100.0% | 179,637 | 100.0% | 5,717 | 3.3% |
| | Owner-Occupied | 1,590,421 | 70.6% | 1,612,394 | 69.8% | 1,664,813 | 70.2% | 52,419 | 3.3% |
| Minnesota | Renter-Occupied | 663,569 | 29.4% | 697,454 | 30.2% | 705,586 | 29.8% | 8,132 | 1.2% |
| | Total | 2,253,990 | 100.0% | 2,309,848 | 100.0% | 2,370,399 | 100.0% | 60,551 | 2.6% |

In 2024, *owner* households comprise nearly three-quarters (73.0%) of all households within the PSA (Dakota County), with the remaining 27.0% being *renter* households. This represents a larger share of owner households as compared to the state of Minnesota (69.8%). While owner households also comprise the majority of households within each of the 11 submarkets, note that West St. Paul (45.1%) and Burnsville (38.3%) have shares of renter households that are well above the county's share of 27.0%.

Owner households are projected to continue to comprise the majority of households throughout Dakota County through 2029. Overall, owner households are projected to increase in each of the 11 submarkets over the next five years. Renter households are also projected to increase by 1.8% in Dakota County during the next five years. However, projections indicate that renter households will decrease in four of the 11 county submarkets (Apple Valley, Burnsville, Farmington, and Inver Grove Heights) between 2024 and 2029. It is important to note that factors such as home mortgage interest rates, residential development costs, available land, and utility availability and capacity will affect the type of housing that gets built and the housing needs and preferences (rentals vs. home ownership) of commuters.

The following graphs illustrate households by tenure for Dakota County and the state of Minnesota for 2024 and the households by tenure for the entirety of Dakota County from 2010 and projected to 2029:





Renter households by size for selected years are shown in the following table for each study area and the state of Minnesota.

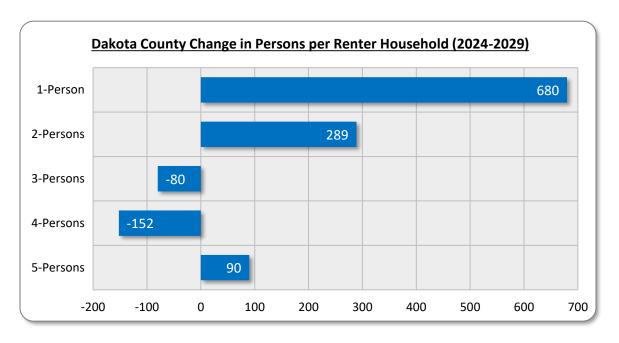
| | | | Po | ersons Per Re | nter Househo | ld | |
|--------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 1-Person | 2-Person | 3-Person | 4-Person | 5-Person+ | Total |
| | 2020 | 1,956 | 1,571 | 770 | 599 | 498 | 5,394 |
| | 2020 | (36.3%) | (29.1%) | (14.3%) | (11.1%) | (9.2%) | (100.0%) |
| 4 1 57 11 | 2024 | 2,037 | 1,805 | 769 | 665 | 505 | 5,781 |
| Apple Valley | 2024 | (35.2%) | (31.2%) | (13.3%) | (11.5%) | (8.7%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2020 | 1,946 | 1,808 | 718 | 655 | 475 | 5,602 |
| | 2029 | (34.7%) | (32.3%) | (12.8%) | (11.7%) | (8.5%) | (100.0%) |
| | • • • • | 3,400 | 2,737 | 1,327 | 930 | 955 | 9,349 |
| | 2020 | (36.4%) | (29.3%) | (14.2%) | (9.9%) | (10.2%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 3,642 | 3,149 | 1,445 | 841 | 882 | 9,959 |
| Burnsville | 2024 | (36.6%) | (31.6%) | (14.5%) | (8.4%) | (8.9%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 3,582 | 3,203 | 1,433 | 751 | 799 | 9,768 |
| | 2029 | (36.7%) | (32.8%) | (14.7%) | (7.7%) | (8.2%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 3,221 | 2,761 | 1,192 | 785 | 522 | 8,481 |
| | 2020 | (38.0%) | (32.6%) | (14.1%) | (9.3%) | (6.2%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 3,566 | 2,941 | 1,170 | 829 | 684 | 9,190 |
| Eagan | 2024 | (38.8%) | (32.0%) | (12.7%) | (9.0%) | (7.4%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 3,654 | 2,956 | 1,124 | 830 | 753 | 9,317 |
| | 2029 | (39.2%) | (31.7%) | (12.1%) | (8.9%) | (8.1%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 420 | 301 | 164 | 145 | 104 | 1,134 |
| | 2020 | (37.0%) | (26.5%) | (14.5%) | (12.8%) | (9.2%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2024 | 423 | 242 | 107 | 163 | 202 | 1,137 |
| Farmington | | (37.2%) | (21.3%) | (9.4%) | (14.3%) | (17.8%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 422 | 213 | 77 | 171 | 252 | 1,135 |
| | | (37.2%) | (18.8%) | (6.8%) | (15.1%) | (22.2%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 1,197 | 622 | 314 | 193 | 157 | 2,483 |
| | 2020 | (48.2%) | (25.1%) | (12.6%) | (7.8%) | (6.3%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 1,356 | 561 | 306 | 208 | 141 | 2,572 |
| Hastings | 2024 | (52.7%) | (21.8%) | (11.9%) | (8.1%) | (5.5%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 1,450 | 533 | 305 | 217 | 133 | 2,638 |
| | 2029 | (55.0%) | (20.2%) | (11.6%) | (8.2%) | (5.0%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 1,543 | 1,162 | 562 | 409 | 241 | 3,917 |
| | 2020 | (39.4%) | (29.7%) | (14.3%) | (10.4%) | (6.2%) | (100.0%) |
| Inver Grove | | 1,840 | 1,153 | 424 | 341 | 341 | 4,099 |
| Heights | 2024 | (44.9%) | (28.1%) | (10.3%) | (8.3%) | (8.3%) | (100.0%) |
| 110.8.10 | | 1,914 | 1,101 | 335 | 292 | 377 | 4,019 |
| | 2029 | (47.6%) | (27.4%) | (8.3%) | (7.3%) | (9.4%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 1,089 | 851 | 533 | 428 | 392 | 3,293 |
| | 2020 | (33.1%) | (25.8%) | (16.2%) | (13.0%) | (11.9%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 1,469 | 916 | 558 | 449 | 562 | 3,954 |
| Lakeville | 2024 | (37.2%) | (23.2%) | (14.1%) | (11.4%) | (14.2%) | (100.0%) |
| | | 1,710 | 953 | 570 | 460 | 670 | 4,363 |
| | 2029 | (39.2%) | (21.8%) | (13.1%) | (10.5%) | (15.4%) | (100.0%) |
| | Source: 2020 Conquer ESDI: D | | (21.070) | (13.170) | (10.570) | (13.770) | (100.070) |

| | | | | er Renter Ho | usehold (CON | TINUED) | |
|----------------|------|----------|----------|--------------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| | | 1-Person | 2-Person | 3-Person | 4-Person | 5-Person+ | Total |
| | 2020 | 490 | 251 | 47 | 37 | 35 | 860 |
| | 2020 | (57.0%) | (29.2%) | (5.5%) | (4.3%) | (4.1%) | (100.0%) |
| Mendota | 2024 | 546 | 216 | 30 | 101 | 89 | 982 |
| Heights | 2024 | (55.6%) | (22.0%) | (3.1%) | (10.3%) | (9.1%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2029 | 591 | 197 | 21 | 143 | 125 | 1,077 |
| | 2029 | (54.9%) | (18.3%) | (1.9%) | (13.3%) | (11.6%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2020 | 398 | 324 | 215 | 161 | 121 | 1,219 |
| | 2020 | (32.6%) | (26.6%) | (17.6%) | (13.2%) | (9.9%) | (100.0%) |
| D | 2024 | 371 | 446 | 281 | 111 | 130 | 1,339 |
| Rosemount | 2024 | (27.7%) | (33.3%) | (21.0%) | (8.3%) | (9.7%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2029 | 436 | 635 | 390 | 101 | 166 | 1,728 |
| | 2029 | (25.2%) | (36.7%) | (22.6%) | (5.8%) | (9.6%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2020 | 1,255 | 625 | 353 | 260 | 199 | 2,692 |
| South St. Paul | 2020 | (46.6%) | (23.2%) | (13.1%) | (9.7%) | (7.4%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2024 | 1,375 | 690 | 289 | 187 | 195 | 2,736 |
| | 2024 | (50.3%) | (25.2%) | (10.6%) | (6.8%) | (7.1%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2029 | 1,535 | 773 | 274 | 159 | 206 | 2,947 |
| | | (52.1%) | (26.2%) | (9.3%) | (5.4%) | (7.0%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2020 | 2,014 | 1,002 | 365 | 320 | 219 | 3,920 |
| | | (51.4%) | (25.6%) | (9.3%) | (8.2%) | (5.6%) | (100.0%) |
| West St. Paul | 2024 | 2,316 | 1,105 | 510 | 234 | 96 | 4,261 |
| west St. Faul | 2024 | (54.4%) | (25.9%) | (12.0%) | (5.5%) | (2.3%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2029 | 2,382 | 1,114 | 568 | 177 | 26 | 4,267 |
| | 2029 | (55.8%) | (26.1%) | (13.3%) | (4.1%) | (0.6%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2020 | 17,375 | 12,472 | 5,965 | 4,364 | 3,570 | 43,746 |
| | 2020 | (39.7%) | (28.5%) | (13.6%) | (10.0%) | (8.2%) | (100.0%) |
| Dakota | 2024 | 19,343 | 13,506 | 6,045 | 4,245 | 3,882 | 47,021 |
| County | 2024 | (41.1%) | (28.7%) | (12.9%) | (9.0%) | (8.3%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2029 | 20,023 | 13,795 | 5,965 | 4,093 | 3,972 | 47,848 |
| | 2029 | (41.8%) | (28.8%) | (12.5%) | (8.6%) | (8.3%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2020 | 302,368 | 178,468 | 76,464 | 54,208 | 52,064 | 663,572 |
| Minnesota | 2020 | (45.6%) | (26.9%) | (11.5%) | (8.2%) | (7.8%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2024 | 323,560 | 189,089 | 79,026 | 55,725 | 50,054 | 697,454 |
| | 2024 | (46.4%) | (27.1%) | (11.3%) | (8.0%) | (7.2%) | (100.0%) |
| | 2029 | 330,242 | 192,056 | 79,269 | 55,742 | 48,277 | 705,586 |
| | 2029 | (46.8%) | (27.2%) | (11.2%) | (7.9%) | (6.8%) | (100.0%) |

In 2024, one- and two-person renter households represent a combined 69.8% of renter households in Dakota County, which is slightly smaller than the statewide share (73.5%) of one- and two-person renter households. Between 2024 and 2029, the number of one- and two-person renter households is projected to increase by 2.9% (969 households), resulting in a combined share of 70.6% in the PSA. In addition to the increase in one- and two-person renter households, five-person or larger renter households are projected to increase by 2.3%, or 90 households. The projected changes in renter households by size will likely have an effect on demand for certain rental unit configurations.

The distribution of renter households by size varies significantly among the individual submarkets. The combined share of one- and two-person renter households in each submarket ranges from 58.5% (Farmington) to 80.3% (West St. Paul), while the respective combined shares of three- and four-person renter households range from 13.4% (Mendota Heights) to 29.3% (Rosemount). Although smaller in share, five-person or larger renter households in the submarkets range from 2.3% (West St. Paul) to 17.8% (Farmington). Over the next five years, the most notable growth of renter households in terms of percentage is projected to occur among two- and three-person renter households in Rosemount (42.4% and 38.8, respectively), four-person and five-person or larger renter households in Mendota Heights (41.6% and 40.1%, respectively), and five-person or larger renter households in Farmington (24.8%). The current distribution of renter households by size and respective projected changes should be a consideration in future housing developments.

The following graph shows the projected change in persons per *renter* household within Dakota County between 2024 and 2029:



Owner households by size for each study area and the state of Minnesota for selected years are shown in the following table.

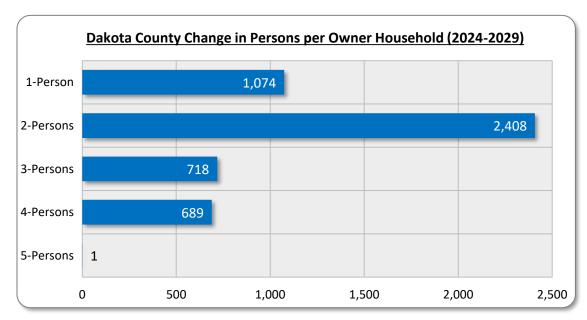
| | | | Pe | ersons Per Ov | vner Househo | old | |
|---------------|------|----------|----------|---------------|--------------|-----------|--------|
| | • | 1-Person | 2-Person | 3-Person | 4-Person | 5-Person+ | Total |
| | 2020 | 3,399 | 5,885 | 2,516 | 2,647 | 1,623 | 16,070 |
| | 2020 | 21.2% | 36.6% | 15.7% | 16.5% | 10.1% | 100.0% |
| Apple Valley | 2024 | 3,405 | 5,960 | 2,529 | 2,403 | 1,690 | 15,987 |
| Apple valley | 2024 | 21.3% | 37.3% | 15.8% | 15.0% | 10.6% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 3,445 | 6,064 | 2,563 | 2,307 | 1,743 | 16,122 |
| | 2029 | 21.4% | 37.6% | 15.9% | 14.3% | 10.8% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 3,746 | 6,183 | 2,513 | 2,153 | 1,536 | 16,131 |
| | 2020 | 23.2% | 38.3% | 15.6% | 13.3% | 9.5% | 100.0% |
| Burnsville | 2024 | 3,927 | 6,180 | 2,290 | 2,127 | 1,511 | 16,035 |
| Duriisville | 2024 | 24.5% | 38.5% | 14.3% | 13.3% | 9.4% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 4,108 | 6,319 | 2,230 | 2,163 | 1,532 | 16,352 |
| | 2029 | 25.1% | 38.6% | 13.6% | 13.2% | 9.4% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 4,091 | 6,931 | 3,298 | 3,164 | 1,641 | 19,125 |
| | 2020 | 21.4% | 36.2% | 17.2% | 16.5% | 8.6% | 100.0% |
| Eagan | 2024 | 4,028 | 7,204 | 3,169 | 3,062 | 1,445 | 18,908 |
| Lagan | 2024 | 21.3% | 38.1% | 16.8% | 16.2% | 7.6% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 4,046 | 7,427 | 3,141 | 3,047 | 1,365 | 19,026 |
| | 2029 | 21.3% | 39.0% | 16.5% | 16.0% | 7.2% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 993 | 1,989 | 1,218 | 1,564 | 1,009 | 6,773 |
| | 2020 | 14.7% | 29.4% | 18.0% | 23.1% | 14.9% | 100.0% |
| Farmington | 2024 | 891 | 2,075 | 1,397 | 1,563 | 1,062 | 6,988 |
| raimington | | 12.8% | 29.7% | 20.0% | 22.4% | 15.2% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 871 | 2,202 | 1,548 | 1,623 | 1,133 | 7,377 |
| | 2027 | 11.8% | 29.8% | 21.0% | 22.0% | 15.4% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 1,544 | 2,519 | 1,050 | 915 | 618 | 6,646 |
| | 2020 | 23.2% | 37.9% | 15.8% | 13.8% | 9.3% | 100.0% |
| Hastings | 2024 | 1,738 | 2,338 | 1,093 | 880 | 638 | 6,687 |
| Hastings | 2024 | 26.0% | 35.0% | 16.3% | 13.2% | 9.5% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 1,903 | 2,329 | 1,156 | 893 | 672 | 6,953 |
| | 2027 | 27.4% | 33.5% | 16.6% | 12.8% | 9.7% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 2,319 | 3,933 | 1,664 | 1,489 | 1,016 | 10,421 |
| | 2020 | 22.3% | 37.7% | 16.0% | 14.3% | 9.7% | 100.0% |
| Inver Grove | 2024 | 2,044 | 4,505 | 1,545 | 1,616 | 837 | 10,547 |
| Heights | 2024 | 19.4% | 42.7% | 14.6% | 15.3% | 7.9% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 1,918 | 4,833 | 1,496 | 1,693 | 752 | 10,692 |
| | 2027 | 17.9% | 45.2% | 14.0% | 15.8% | 7.0% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 2,348 | 6,357 | 3,767 | 4,598 | 2,906 | 19,976 |
| Lakeville | 2020 | 11.8% | 31.8% | 18.9% | 23.0% | 14.5% | 100.0% |
| | 2024 | 2,891 | 7,045 | 4,203 | 4,798 | 2,994 | 21,931 |
| | 2027 | 13.2% | 32.1% | 19.2% | 21.9% | 13.7% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 3,345 | 7,772 | 4,651 | 5,131 | 3,179 | 24,078 |
| | 2029 | 13.9% | 32.3% | 19.3% | 21.3% | 13.2% | 100.0% |

| | | | | er Owner Hou | | | |
|-----------------|------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 1-Person | 2-Person | 3-Person | 4-Person | 5-Person+ | Total |
| | 2020 | 838 | 1,605 | 557 | 542 | 381 | 3,923 |
| | 2020 | 21.4% | 40.9% | 14.2% | 13.8% | 9.7% | 100.0% |
| Mendota | 2024 | 847 | 1,700 | 455 | 599 | 296 | 3,897 |
| Heights | 2024 | 21.7% | 43.6% | 11.7% | 15.4% | 7.6% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 869 | 1,784 | 413 | 641 | 259 | 3,966 |
| | 2029 | 21.9% | 45.0% | 10.4% | 16.2% | 6.5% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 1,232 | 2,442 | 1,295 | 1,696 | 1,046 | 7,711 |
| | 2020 | 16.0% | 31.7% | 16.8% | 22.0% | 13.6% | 100.0% |
| D | 2024 | 1,244 | 3,059 | 1,420 | 1,858 | 928 | 8,509 |
| Rosemount | 2024 | 14.6% | 36.0% | 16.7% | 21.8% | 10.9% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 1,331 | 3,638 | 1,588 | 2,078 | 915 | 9,550 |
| | 2029 | 13.9% | 38.1% | 16.6% | 21.8% | 9.6% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 1,382 | 2,033 | 960 | 759 | 606 | 5,740 |
| | 2020 | 24.1% | 35.4% | 16.7% | 13.2% | 10.6% | 100.0% |
| South St. Paul | 2024 | 1,268 | 2,057 | 967 | 726 | 617 | 5,635 |
| | 2024 | 22.5% | 36.5% | 17.2% | 12.9% | 10.9% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 1,236 | 2,109 | 989 | 724 | 634 | 5,692 |
| | 2029 | 21.7% | 37.1% | 17.4% | 12.7% | 11.1% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 1,350 | 1,841 | 724 | 617 | 542 | 5,074 |
| | 2020 | 26.6% | 36.3% | 14.3% | 12.2% | 10.7% | 100.0% |
| Wast Ct. Davil | 2024 | 1,531 | 1,643 | 748 | 788 | 474 | 5,184 |
| West St. Paul | 2024 | 29.5% | 31.7% | 14.4% | 15.2% | 9.1% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 1,674 | 1,587 | 783 | 903 | 452 | 5,399 |
| | 2029 | 31.0% | 29.4% | 14.5% | 16.7% | 8.4% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 24,208 | 44,358 | 20,538 | 21,321 | 13,838 | 124,263 |
| | 2020 | 19.5% | 35.7% | 16.5% | 17.2% | 11.1% | 100.0% |
| Dalasta Carreta | 2024 | 24,938 | 46,487 | 20,813 | 21,504 | 13,157 | 126,899 |
| Dakota County | 2024 | 19.7% | 36.6% | 16.4% | 16.9% | 10.4% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 26,012 | 48,895 | 21,531 | 22,193 | 13,158 | 131,789 |
| | 2029 | 19.7% | 37.1% | 16.3% | 16.8% | 10.0% | 100.0% |
| | 2020 | 347,271 | 607,978 | 232,905 | 231,671 | 170,596 | 1,590,421 |
| Minnegata | 2020 | 21.8% | 38.2% | 14.6% | 14.6% | 10.7% | 100.0% |
| | 2024 | 353,275 | 622,037 | 237,734 | 232,970 | 166,378 | 1,612,394 |
| Minnesota | 2024 | 21.9% | 38.6% | 14.7% | 14.4% | 10.3% | 100.0% |
| | 2029 | 365,383 | 645,181 | 246,294 | 239,562 | 168,393 | 1,664,813 |
| | 2029 | 21.9% | 38.8% | 14.8% | 14.4% | 10.1% | 100.0% |

The largest share (36.6%) of owner households in the PSA (Dakota County) consists of two persons, while the next largest share (19.7%) are one-person owner households. Combined, one- and two-person owner households represent 56.3% of all owner households within the county. This is a smaller share of one- and two-person owner households compared to the state of Minnesota (60.5%). Although each owner household size cohort in the PSA is projected to increase, or at a minimum remain stable, over the next five years, the most significant growth in terms of *number* and *share* is projected to occur among two-person owner households. This size cohort is projected to increase by 5.2%, or 2,408 households. Conversely, the number of five-person or larger owner households in the PSA will remain essentially unchanged.

Among the individual submarkets, Mendota Heights has the largest combined share of one- and two-person owner households (65.3%), while Farmington has the largest combined share of three- and four-person (42.4%) and five-person or larger (15.2%) owner households. Between 2024 and 2029, the most notable growth in terms of percentage is projected for one-person owner households in Lakeville (15.7%), two-person owner households in Rosemount (18.9%), and four-person owner households in West St. Paul (14.6%). Regardless, the overall growth of owner households in each submarket over the next five years will likely result in increased demand within the for-sale housing market throughout the county.

The following graph illustrates the projected change in persons per *owner* household within Dakota County between 2024 and 2029:



Median household income for selected years is shown in the following table:

| | | Media | an Household In | come | |
|---------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| | 2020 | 2024 | % Change | 2029 | % Change |
| | (Census) | (Estimated) | 2020-2024 | (Projected) | 2024-2029 |
| Apple Valley | \$91,312 | \$100,703 | 10.3% | \$111,298 | 10.5% |
| Burnsville | \$76,393 | \$86,847 | 13.7% | \$98,138 | 13.0% |
| Eagan | \$93,425 | \$104,731 | 12.1% | \$116,872 | 11.6% |
| Farmington | \$114,366 | \$111,136 | -2.8% | \$123,955 | 11.5% |
| Hastings | \$71,514 | \$88,159 | 23.3% | \$101,979 | 15.7% |
| Inver Grove Heights | \$82,328 | \$97,846 | 18.8% | \$109,448 | 11.9% |
| Lakeville | \$113,723 | \$127,558 | 12.2% | \$145,399 | 14.0% |
| Mendota Heights | \$112,112 | \$128,891 | 15.0% | \$144,477 | 12.1% |
| Rosemount | \$109,761 | \$128,537 | 17.1% | \$145,693 | 13.3% |
| South St. Paul | \$65,012 | \$78,465 | 20.7% | \$85,687 | 9.2% |
| West St. Paul | \$59,968 | \$68,406 | 14.1% | \$76,958 | 12.5% |
| Dakota County | \$88,904 | \$102,310 | 15.1% | \$113,606 | 11.0% |
| Minnesota | \$74,093 | \$86,801 | 17.2% | \$100,422 | 15.7% |

In 2024, the median household income for Dakota County (\$102,310) is 17.9% higher than that reported for the state of Minnesota (\$86,801). Although the 11.0% projected increase in the median household income for the PSA is less than the projected increase for the state over the next five years, the median household income in Dakota County will remain well above the statewide median income through 2029.

The 11 PSA submarkets have median household incomes that range from \$68,406 (West St. Paul) to \$128,891 (Mendota Heights) in 2024. In total, six of the PSA submarkets have median household incomes that exceed \$100,000 in 2024. Between 2024 and 2029, Hastings is projected to experience the largest percentage increase (15.7%) in median household income, while South St. Paul is projected to have the smallest increase (9.2%). By 2029, the submarkets of Lakeville, Mendota Heights, and Rosemount are projected to have median incomes of roughly \$145,000, which would represent the three highest median incomes among the 11 PSA submarkets. Conversely, the submarkets of Burnsville (\$98,138), South St. Paul (\$85,687), and West St. Paul (\$76,958) are projected to be the only three submarkets in the PSA with median household incomes that will remain below \$100,000.

The distribution of *renter* households by income is illustrated in the following table. Note that declines between 2023 and 2028 are in red, while increases are in green:

| | | | | Re | enter Househ | olds by Incor | ne | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------|------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | Less Than | \$15,000 - | \$25,000 - | \$35,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$75,000 - | \$100,000 - | \$150,000 |
| | | \$15,000 | \$24,999 | \$34,999 | \$49,999 | \$74,999 | \$99,999 | \$149,999 | & Higher |
| | 2020 | 455 | 638 | 465 | 901 | 1,208 | 527 | 809 | 391 |
| | 2020 | (8.4%) | (11.8%) | (8.6%) | (16.7%) | (22.4%) | (9.8%) | (15.0%) | (7.2%) |
| | 2024 | 330 | 593 | 483 | 851 | 1,167 | 801 | 902 | 654 |
| Apple | 2024 | (5.7%) | (10.3%) | (8.4%) | (14.7%) | (20.2%) | (13.9%) | (15.6%) | (11.3%) |
| Valley | 2029 | 322 | 485 | 419 | 703 | 1,075 | 794 | 966 | 837 |
| | 2029 | (5.7%) | (8.7%) | (7.5%) | (12.6%) | (19.2%) | (14.2%) | (17.2%) | (14.9%) |
| | Change | -8 | -108 | -64 | -148 | -92 | -7 | 64 | 183 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-2.4%) | (-18.2%) | (-13.3%) | (-17.4%) | (-7 . 9%) | (-0.9%) | (7.1%) | (28.0%) |
| | 2020 | 1,052 | 883 | 836 | 1,853 | 1,989 | 1,197 | 981 | 558 |
| | 2020 | (11.3%) | (9.4%) | (8.9%) | (19.8%) | (21.3%) | (12.8%) | (10.5%) | (6.0%) |
| | 2024 | 782 | 798 | 750 | 1,352 | 2,572 | 1,205 | 1,746 | 754 |
| Burnsville | 2024 | (7.9%) | (8.0%) | (7.5%) | (13.6%) | (25.8%) | (12.1%) | (17.5%) | (7.6%) |
| Burnsville | 2020 | 736 | 645 | 642 | 1,155 | 2,447 | 1,241 | 1,904 | 997 |
| | 2029 | (7.5%) | (6.6%) | (6.6%) | (11.8%) | (25.1%) | (12.7%) | (19.5%) | (10.2%) |
| | Change | -46 | -153 | -108 | -197 | -125 | 36 | 158 | 243 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-5.9%) | (-19.2%) | (-14.4%) | (-14.6%) | (-4.9%) | (3.0%) | (9.0%) | (32.2%) |

| | | | Renter Households by Income (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | Less Than | \$15,000 - | \$25,000 - | \$35,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$75,000 - | \$100,000 - | \$150,000 | | |
| | | \$15,000 | \$24,999 | \$34,999 | \$49,999 | \$74,999 | \$99,999 | \$149,999 | & Higher | | |
| | 2020 | 709 | 918 | 616 | 1,386 | 1,852 | 1,328 | 1,099 | 573 | | |
| | 2020 | (8.4%) | (10.8%) | (7.3%) | (16.3%) | (21.8%) | (15.7%) | (13.0%) | (6.8%) | | |
| | 2024 | 783 | 582 | 653 | 1,014 | 1,788 | 1,842 | 1,390 | 1,138 | | |
| Eagan | 2024 | (8.5%) | (6.3%) | (7.1%) | (11.0%) | (19.5%) | (20.0%) | (15.1%) | (12.4%) | | |
| Lagan | 2029 | 770 | 472 | 588 | 891 | 1,679 | 1,851 | 1,535 | 1,531 | | |
| | | (8.3%) | (5.1%) | (6.3%) | (9.6%) | (18.0%) | (19.9%) | (16.5%) | (16.4%) | | |
| | Change | -13 | -110 | -65 | -123 | -109 | 9 | 145 | 393 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-1.7%) | (-18.9%) | (-10.0%) | (-12.1%) | (-6.1%) | (0.5%) | (10.4%) | (34.5%) | | |
| | 2020 | 18 | 154 | 103 | 83 | 101 | 160 | 381 | 134 | | |
| | 2020 | (1.6%) | (13.6%) | (9.1%) | (7.3%) | (8.9%) | (14.1%) | (33.6%) | (11.8%) | | |
| | 2024 | 35 | 155 | 26 | 324 | 107 | 102 | 263 | 124 | | |
| Farmington | 2024 | (3.1%) | (13.7%) | (2.3%) | (28.5%) | (9.4%) | (9.0%) | (23.2%) | (10.9%) | | |
| Tarmington | 2029 | 34 | 114 | 23 | 285 | 101 | 102 | 302 | 175 | | |
| | 2029 | (3.0%) | (10.0%) | (2.0%) | (25.1%) | (8.9%) | (9.0%) | (26.6%) | (15.4%) | | |
| | Change | -1 | -41 | -3 | -39 | -6 | 0 | 39 | 51 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-2.9%) | (-26.4%) | (-11.4%) | (-12.0%) | (-5.6%) | (0.0%) | (14.8%) | (41.3%) | | |
| | 2020 | 445 | 469 | 278 | 206 | 557 | 184 | 265 | 79 | | |
| | 2020 | (17.9%) | (18.9%) | (11.2%) | (8.3%) | (22.4%) | (7.4%) | (10.7%) | (3.2%) | | |
| | 2024 | 389 | 293 | 265 | 306 | 433 | 514 | 168 | 205 | | |
| Hastings | 2021 | (15.1%) | (11.4%) | (10.3%) | (11.9%) | (16.8%) | (20.0%) | (6.5%) | (8.0%) | | |
| Hastings | 2029 | 360 | 223 | 223 | 268 | 432 | 566 | 236 | 329 | | |
| | 2029 | (13.6%) | (8.5%) | (8.5%) | (10.2%) | (16.4%) | (21.5%) | (9.0%) | (12.5%) | | |
| | Change | -29 | -70 | -42 | -38 | -1 | 52 | 68 | 124 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-7.5%) | (-23.9%) | (-15.8%) | (-12.4%) | (-0.2%) | (10.1%) | (40.5%) | (60.5%) | | |
| | 2020 | 395 | 420 | 670 | 663 | 927 | 517 | 227 | 98 | | |
| | 2020 | (10.1%) | (10.7%) | (17.1%) | (16.9%) | (23.7%) | (13.2%) | (5.8%) | (2.5%) | | |
| | 2024 | 385 | 421 | 495 | 620 | 758 | 629 | 425 | 368 | | |
| Inver Grove | 2024 | (9.4%) | (10.3%) | (12.1%) | (15.1%) | (18.5%) | (15.3%) | (10.4%) | (9.0%) | | |
| Heights | 2029 | 362 | 327 | 423 | 532 | 716 | 650 | 497 | 513 | | |
| | | (9.0%) | (8.1%) | (10.5%) | (13.2%) | (17.8%) | (16.2%) | (12.4%) | (12.8%) | | |
| | Change | -23 | -94 | -72 | -88 | -42 | 21 | 72 | 145 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-6.0%) | (-22.3%) | (-14.5%) | (-14.2%) | (-5.5%) | (3.3%) | (16.9%) | (39.4%) | | |
| | 2020 | 368 | 268 | 461 | 421 | 535 | 497 | 327 | 416 | | |
| | 2020 | (11.2%) | (8.1%) | (14.0%) | (12.8%) | (16.2%) | (15.1%) | (9.9%) | (12.6%) | | |
| | 2024 | 342 | 338 | 676 | 547 | 427 | 663 | 479 | 482 | | |
| Lakeville | 2024 | (8.6%) | (8.5%) | (17.1%) | (13.8%) | (10.8%) | (16.8%) | (12.1%) | (12.2%) | | |
| Lakeville | 2029 | 344 | 312 | 609 | 511 | 441 | 727 | 632 | 786 | | |
| | 2027 | (7.9%) | (7.2%) | (14.0%) | (11.7%) | (10.1%) | (16.7%) | (14.5%) | (18.0%) | | |
| | Change | 2 | -26 | -67 | -36 | 14 | 64 | 153 | 304 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (0.6%) | (-7.7%) | (-9.9%) | (-6.6%) | (3.3%) | (9.7%) | (31.9%) | (63.1%) | | |
| | 2020 | 97 | 63 | 68 | 185 | 262 | 91 | 55 | 39 | | |
| | 2020 | (11.3%) | (7.3%) | (7.9%) | (21.5%) | (30.5%) | (10.6%) | (6.4%) | (4.5%) | | |
| Mendota | 2024 | 116 | 75 | 66 | 185 | 233 | 93 | 142 | 71 | | |
| | 2027 | (11.8%) | (7.6%) | (6.7%) | (18.9%) | (23.7%) | (9.5%) | (14.5%) | (7.2%) | | |
| Heights | 2029 | 117 | 66 | 66 | 183 | 235 | 106 | 172 | 133 | | |
| - | | (10.9%) | (6.1%) | (6.1%) | (17.0%) | (21.8%) | (9.8%) | (16.0%) | (12.3%) | | |
| | Change | 1 | -9 | 0 | -2 | 2 | 13 | 30 | 62 | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (0.9%) | (-12.0%) | (0.0%) | (-1.1%) | (0.9%) | (14.0%) | (21.1%) | (87.1%) | | |
| Source: 2020 Cer | sene FSRI Roy | wen National R | esearch | | | | | | | | |

| | | | Renter Households by Income (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|---|------------|----------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | Less Than | \$15,000 - | \$25,000 - | \$35,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$75,000 - | \$100,000 - | \$150,000 | | | |
| _ | | \$15,000 | \$24,999 | \$34,999 | \$49,999 | \$74,999 | \$99,999 | \$149,999 | & Higher | | | |
| | 2020 | 84 | 135 | 55 | 174 | 285 | 256 | 180 | 50 | | | |
| | 2020 | (6.9%) | (11.1%) | (4.5%) | (14.3%) | (23.4%) | (21.0%) | (14.8%) | (4.1%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 109 | 81 | 143 | 113 | 217 | 265 | 303 | 108 | | | |
| Rosemount | 2024 | (8.1%) | (6.0%) | (10.7%) | (8.4%) | (16.2%) | (19.8%) | (22.6%) | (8.1%) | | | |
| Kosemount | 2029 | 124 | 76 | 135 | 122 | 249 | 345 | 428 | 247 | | | |
| | 2029 | (7.2%) | (4.4%) | (7.8%) | (7.1%) | (14.4%) | (20.0%) | (24.8%) | (14.3%) | | | |
| | Change | 15 | -5 | -8 | 9 | 32 | 80 | 125 | 139 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (13.8%) | (-6.2%) | (-5.6%) | (8.0%) | (14.7%) | (30.2%) | (41.3%) | (128.7%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 554 | 440 | 345 | 424 | 427 | 298 | 151 | 53 | | | |
| | 2020 | (20.6%) | (16.3%) | (12.8%) | (15.8%) | (15.9%) | (11.1%) | (5.6%) | (2.0%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 532 | 346 | 292 | 300 | 567 | 385 | 227 | 88 | | | |
| South St. | 2024 | (19.4%) | (12.6%) | (10.7%) | (11.0%) | (20.7%) | (14.1%) | (8.3%) | (3.2%) | | | |
| Paul | 2029 | 539 | 317 | 305 | 278 | 578 | 453 | 314 | 163 | | | |
| | | (18.3%) | (10.8%) | (10.3%) | (9.4%) | (19.6%) | (15.4%) | (10.7%) | (5.5%) | | | |
| | Change | 7 | -29 | 13 | -22 | 11 | 68 | 87 | 75 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (1.3%) | (-8.4%) | (4.5%) | (-7.3%) | (1.9%) | (17.7%) | (38.3%) | (85.2%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 668 | 772 | 576 | 625 | 668 | 268 | 310 | 33 | | | |
| | 2020 | (17.0%) | (19.7%) | (14.7%) | (15.9%) | (17.0%) | (6.8%) | (7.9%) | (0.8%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 628 | 744 | 562 | 627 | 804 | 320 | 397 | 179 | | | |
| West St. | 2024 | (14.7%) | (17.5%) | (13.2%) | (14.7%) | (18.9%) | (7.5%) | (9.3%) | (4.2%) | | | |
| Paul | 2029 | 624 | 632 | 525 | 611 | 828 | 336 | 449 | 262 | | | |
| | | (14.6%) | (14.8%) | (12.3%) | (14.3%) | (19.4%) | (7.9%) | (10.5%) | (6.1%) | | | |
| | Change | -4 | -112 | -37 | -16 | 24 | 16 | 52 | 83 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-0.6%) | (-15.1%) | (-6.6%) | (-2.6%) | (3.0%) | (5.0%) | (13.1%) | (46.4%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 4,871 | 5,194 | 4,584 | 7,320 | 9,061 | 5,567 | 4,783 | 2,366 | | | |
| | 2020 | (11.1%) | (11.9%) | (10.5%) | (16.7%) | (20.7%) | (12.7%) | (10.9%) | (5.4%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 4,507 | 4,507 | 4,473 | 6,280 | 9,325 | 6,938 | 6,644 | 4,347 | | | |
| Dakota | 2024 | (9.6%) | (9.6%) | (9.5%) | (13.4%) | (19.8%) | (14.8%) | (14.1%) | (9.2%) | | | |
| County | 2029 | 4,391 | 3,725 | 3,979 | 5,552 | 8,995 | 7,254 | 7,708 | 6,244 | | | |
| | 2029 | (9.2%) | (7.8%) | (8.3%) | (11.6%) | (18.8%) | (15.2%) | (16.1%) | (13.0%) | | | |
| | Change | -116 | -782 | -494 | -728 | -330 | 316 | 1,064 | 1,897 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-2.6%) | (-17.4%) | (-11.0%) | (-11.6%) | (-3.5%) | (4.6%) | (16.0%) | (43.6%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 110,376 | 86,431 | 79,048 | 105,411 | 121,857 | 69,782 | 59,283 | 31,384 | | | |
| | 2020 | (16.6%) | (13.0%) | (11.9%) | (15.9%) | (18.4%) | (10.5%) | (8.9%) | (4.7%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 110,599 | 72,553 | 69,854 | 94,780 | 126,211 | 84,940 | 81,248 | 57,268 | | | |
| Minnesota | 2027 | (15.9%) | (10.4%) | (10.0%) | (13.6%) | (18.1%) | (12.2%) | (11.6%) | (8.2%) | | | |
| Willinesota | 2029 | 106,350 | 60,659 | 63,038 | 85,065 | 122,416 | 90,411 | 96,538 | 81,108 | | | |
| | 2027 | (15.1%) | (8.6%) | (8.9%) | (12.1%) | (17.3%) | (12.8%) | (13.7%) | (11.5%) | | | |
| | Change | -4,249 | -11,894 | -6,816 | -9,715 | -3,795 | 5,471 | 15,290 | 23,840 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.8%) | (-16.4%) | (-9.8%) | (-10.3%) | (-3.0%) | (6.4%) | (18.8%) | (41.6%) | | | |

In 2024, 42.1% of all *renter* households within the PSA (Dakota County) earn less than \$50,000 annually. This is a lower share of such households when compared to the state of Minnesota (49.9%). As such, the PSA has higher shares of renter households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (34.6%) and \$100,000 or higher (23.3%) when compared to the state. Between 2024 and 2029, it is projected that renter household growth within Dakota County will be confined to households earning \$75,000 or more, with most of this growth projected to be among high-income renter households (\$150,000 and higher). Although renter households earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decrease by 2,120 (10.7%) during this time, it should be noted that 36.9% of all renter households in the county will continue earning less than \$50,000 in 2029.

Among the individual submarkets, the shares of renter households earning less than \$50,000 range from 32.9% (Eagan) to 60.1% (West St. Paul), while the shares of renter households earning \$100,000 or more range from 11.5% (South St. Paul) to 34.1% (Farmington). Between 2024 and 2029, the most significant growth is generally projected to occur among renter households earning \$100,000 or more, while most submarkets are projected to also have notable growth among renter households earning between \$75,000 and \$99,999. However, there are certain submarkets that are projecting renter household growth within lower income cohorts. For example, renter households earning less than \$15,000 are projected to increase in four of the 11 submarkets during the next five years, with individual increases ranging between 0.6% and 13.8%. While growth projections for Dakota County suggest that demand may increase for higher-priced rental alternatives, it is important to understand that nearly 18,000 renter households in the county are projected to earn less than \$50,000 in 2029. Despite the projected decrease in low-income renter households during the next five years, a substantial base of low-income renters will remain in the county. Thus, the need for affordable rental alternatives will likely persist within Dakota County for the foreseeable future.

The following table shows the distribution of *owner* households by income. Note that declines between 2024 and 2029 are in red, while increases are in green:

| | | | | 0 | wner Househ | olds by Incor | ne | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | Less Than | \$15,000 - | \$25,000 - | \$35,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$75,000 - | \$100,000 - | \$150,000 |
| | | \$15,000 | \$24,999 | \$34,999 | \$49,999 | \$74,999 | \$99,999 | \$149,999 | & Higher |
| | 2020 | 430 | 324 | 585 | 1,084 | 2,734 | 2,394 | 3,998 | 4,521 |
| | 2020 | (2.7%) | (2.0%) | (3.6%) | (6.7%) | (17.0%) | (14.9%) | (24.9%) | (28.1%) |
| | 2024 | 444 | 238 | 483 | 886 | 2,132 | 2,382 | 3,440 | 5,982 |
| Apple | 2024 | (2.8%) | (1.5%) | (3.0%) | (5.5%) | (13.3%) | (14.9%) | (21.5%) | (37.4%) |
| Valley | 2029 | 405 | 173 | 390 | 680 | 1,841 | 2,214 | 3,442 | 6,978 |
| | 2029 | (2.5%) | (1.1%) | (2.4%) | (4.2%) | (11.4%) | (13.7%) | (21.3%) | (43.3%) |
| | Change | -39 | -65 | -93 | -206 | -291 | -168 | 2 | 996 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-8.8%) | (-27.3%) | (-19.3%) | (-23.3%) | (-13.6%) | (-7 . 1%) | (0.1%) | (16.6%) |
| | 2020 | 401 | 538 | 693 | 1,754 | 2,536 | 2,492 | 4,440 | 3,277 |
| | 2020 | (2.5%) | (3.3%) | (4.3%) | (10.9%) | (15.7%) | (15.4%) | (27.5%) | (20.3%) |
| | 2024 | 472 | 363 | 642 | 1,293 | 1,890 | 2,610 | 4,037 | 4,729 |
| Burnsville | 2024 | (2.9%) | (2.3%) | (4.0%) | (8.1%) | (11.8%) | (16.3%) | (25.2%) | (29.5%) |
| Duriisviile | 2029 | 408 | 265 | 511 | 1,031 | 1,664 | 2,532 | 4,146 | 5,796 |
| | 2029 | (2.5%) | (1.6%) | (3.1%) | (6.3%) | (10.2%) | (15.5%) | (25.4%) | (35.4%) |
| | Change | -64 | -98 | -131 | -262 | -226 | -78 | 109 | 1,067 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-13.6%) | (-27.0%) | (-20.4%) | (-20.3%) | (-12.0%) | (-3.0%) | (2.7%) | (22.6%) |
| | 2020 | 521 | 430 | 840 | 1,348 | 2,526 | 2,277 | 4,648 | 6,535 |
| | 2020 | (2.7%) | (2.2%) | (4.4%) | (7.0%) | (13.2%) | (11.9%) | (24.3%) | (34.2%) |
| | 2024 | 424 | 389 | 679 | 1,134 | 2,158 | 1,862 | 3,978 | 8,284 |
| Eagan | | (2.2%) | (2.1%) | (3.6%) | (6.0%) | (11.4%) | (9.8%) | (21.0%) | (43.8%) |
| Lagan | 2029 | 359 | 275 | 546 | 892 | 1,816 | 1,667 | 3,934 | 9,537 |
| | | (1.9%) | (1.4%) | (2.9%) | (4.7%) | (9.5%) | (8.8%) | (20.7%) | (50.1%) |
| | Change | -65 | -114 | -133 | -242 | -342 | -195 | -44 | 1,253 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-15.3%) | (-29.3%) | (-19.6%) | (-21.3%) | (-15.8%) | (-10.5%) | (-1.1%) | (15.1%) |
| | 2020 | 54 | 147 | 178 | 489 | 815 | 938 | 2,104 | 2,048 |
| | 2020 | (0.8%) | (2.2%) | (2.6%) | (7.2%) | (12.0%) | (13.8%) | (31.1%) | (30.2%) |
| | 2024 | 123 | 88 | 244 | 303 | 860 | 979 | 1,951 | 2,440 |
| Farmington | 2024 | (1.8%) | (1.3%) | (3.5%) | (4.3%) | (12.3%) | (14.0%) | (27.9%) | (34.9%) |
| Tarinington | 2029 | 105 | 64 | 196 | 221 | 740 | 891 | 2,020 | 3,141 |
| | | (1.4%) | (0.9%) | (2.7%) | (3.0%) | (10.0%) | (12.1%) | (27.4%) | (42.6%) |
| | Change | -18 | -24 | -48 | -82 | -120 | -88 | 69 | 701 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-14.7%) | (-27.3%) | (-19.7%) | (-27.0%) | (-14.0%) | (-9.0%) | (3.5%) | (28.7%) |
| | 2020 | 121 | 620 | 405 | 736 | 935 | 1,169 | 1,301 | 1,359 |
| | 2020 | (1.8%) | (9.3%) | (6.1%) | (11.1%) | (14.1%) | (17.6%) | (19.6%) | (20.4%) |
| | 2024 | 77 | 287 | 304 | 571 | 801 | 991 | 1,721 | 1,934 |
| Hastings | 2021 | (1.2%) | (4.3%) | (4.5%) | (8.5%) | (12.0%) | (14.8%) | (25.7%) | (28.9%) |
| i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | 2029 | 52 | 193 | 226 | 444 | 708 | 967 | 1,899 | 2,464 |
| | | (0.7%) | (2.8%) | (3.3%) | (6.4%) | (10.2%) | (13.9%) | (27.3%) | (35.4%) |
| | Change | -25 | -94 | -78 | -127 | -93 | -24 | 178 | 530 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-32.5%) | (-32.7%) | (-25.7%) | (-22.2%) | (-11.6%) | (-2.4%) | (10.3%) | (27.4%) |

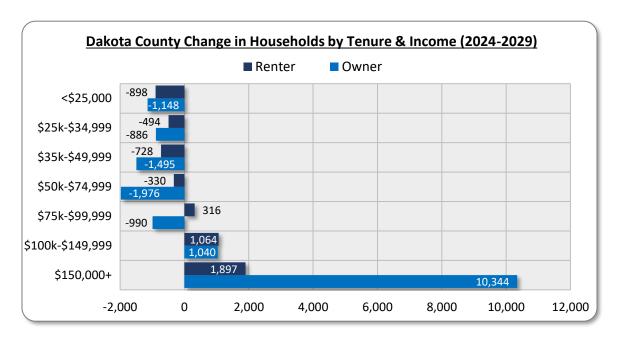
| | | | Owner Households by Income (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | | Less Than | \$15,000 - | \$25,000 - | \$35,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$75,000 - | \$100,000 - | \$150,000 | | | |
| | | \$15,000 | \$24,999 | \$34,999 | \$49,999 | \$74,999 | \$99,999 | \$149,999 | & Higher | | | |
| | 2020 | 272 | 404 | 676 | 824 | 1,252 | 1,755 | 2,510 | 2,728 | | | |
| | 2020 | (2.6%) | (3.9%) | (6.5%) | (7.9%) | (12.0%) | (16.8%) | (24.1%) | (26.2%) | | | |
| | 2024 | 240 | 219 | 410 | 500 | 1,369 | 1,417 | 2,502 | 3,891 | | | |
| Inver Grove | 2024 | (2.3%) | (2.1%) | (3.9%) | (4.7%) | (13.0%) | (13.4%) | (23.7%) | (36.9%) | | | |
| Heights | | 197 | 147 | 311 | 380 | 1,171 | 1,325 | 2,581 | 4,581 | | | |
| - g | 2029 | (1.8%) | (1.4%) | (2.9%) | (3.6%) | (11.0%) | (12.4%) | (24.1%) | (42.8%) | | | |
| | Change | -43 | -72 | -99 | -120 | -198 | -92 | 79 | 690 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-17.9%) | (-32.9%) | (-24.1%) | (-24.0%) | (-14.5%) | (-6.5%) | (3.2%) | (17.7%) | | | |
| | | 424 | 278 | 618 | 1,230 | 2,312 | 2,604 | 5,581 | 6,929 | | | |
| | 2020 | (2.1%) | (1.4%) | (3.1%) | (6.2%) | (11.6%) | (13.0%) | (27.9%) | (34.7%) | | | |
| | | 413 | 186 | 284 | 809 | 2,195 | 2,348 | 5,236 | 10,459 | | | |
| | 2024 | (1.9%) | (0.8%) | (1.3%) | (3.7%) | (10.0%) | (10.7%) | (23.9%) | (47.7%) | | | |
| Lakeville | | 339 | 126 | 174 | 627 | 1,924 | 2,191 | 5,668 | 13,030 | | | |
| | 2029 | (1.4%) | (0.5%) | (0.7%) | (2.6%) | (8.0%) | (9.1%) | (23.5%) | (54.1%) | | | |
| | Change | -74 | -60 | -110 | -182 | -271 | -157 | 432 | 2,571 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-17.9%) | (-32.3%) | (-38.7%) | (-22.5%) | (-12.3%) | (-6.7%) | (8.3%) | (24.6%) | | | |
| | | 127 | 120 | 115 | 268 | 336 | 417 | 944 | 1,596 | | | |
| | 2020 | (3.2%) | (3.1%) | (2.9%) | (6.8%) | (8.6%) | (10.6%) | (24.1%) | (40.7%) | | | |
| | | 61 | 57 | 111 | 135 | 272 | 436 | 757 | 2,068 | | | |
| Mendota | 2024 | (1.6%) | (1.5%) | (2.8%) | (3.5%) | (7.0%) | (11.2%) | (19.4%) | (53.1%) | | | |
| Heights | | 45 | 39 | 92 | 103 | 223 | 405 | 743 | 2,316 | | | |
| Heights | 2029 | (1.1%) | (1.0%) | (2.3%) | (2.6%) | (5.6%) | (10.2%) | (18.7%) | (58.4%) | | | |
| | Change | -16 | -18 | -19 | -32 | -49 | -31 | -14 | 248 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-26.2%) | (-31.6%) | (-17.1%) | (-23.7%) | (-18.0%) | (-7.1%) | (-1.8%) | (12.0%) | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | 96 | 277 | 248 | 533 | 876 | 1,064 | 1,769 | 2,848 | | | |
| | 2020 | (1.2%) | (3.6%) | (3.2%) | (6.9%) | (11.4%) | (13.8%) | (22.9%) | (36.9%) | | | |
| | | 92 | 176 | 213 | 417 | 790 | 994 | 1,677 | 4,150 | | | |
| | 2024 | (1.1%) | (2.1%) | (2.5%) | (4.9%) | (9.3%) | (11.7%) | (19.7%) | (48.8%) | | | |
| Rosemount | | 75 | 130 | 155 | 355 | 716 | 1,020 | 1,847 | 5,253 | | | |
| | 2029 | (0.8%) | (1.4%) | | | (7.5%) | (10.7%) | (19.3%) | (55.0%) | | | |
| | C1 | -17 | (1.4%) -46 | (1.6%) -58 | (3.7%) -62 | -74 | 26 | 170 | 1,103 | | | |
| | Change 2024-2029 | | | | | | | | - | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-18.5%) 193 | (-26.1%) | (-27.2%) 251 | (-14.9%) 558 | (-9.4%) | (2.6%) | (10.1%) | (26.6%) 532 | | | |
| | 2020 | (3.4%) | 340 (5.9%) | | | 1,423 | 1,138 (19.8%) | 1,305 | (9.3%) | | | |
| | | 218 | (5.9%) | (4.4%) | (9.7%) | (24.8%) 960 | 1,132 | (22.7%) | | | | |
| G 41- G4 | 2024 | | | | | | • | 1,571 | 1,064 | | | |
| South St. | | (3.9%) | (2.5%) | (3.6%) | (6.2%) | (17.0%) 818 | (20.1%) 1,106 | (27.9%) | (18.9%) | | | |
| Paul | 2029 | | | | | | • | 1,687 | 1,390 | | | |
| | CI | (2.8%) -56 | (1.6%) -46 | (3.0%) -34 | (4.7%) - 81 | (14.4%) -142 | (19.4%) -26 | (29.6%) | (24.4%) | | | |
| | Change 2024-2029 | | | | | | | 116 | 326 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-25.7%) | (-33.1%) | (-16.6%) | (-23.3%) | (-14.8%) | (-2.3%) | (7.4%) | (30.6%) | | | |
| | 2020 | 200 | 278 | 314 | 392 | 1,015 | 855 | 1,036 | 984 | | | |
| | | (3.9%) | (5.5%) | (6.2%) | (7.7%) | (20.0%) | (16.9%) | (20.4%) | (19.4%) | | | |
| West Ct | 2024 | 95 | 106 | 330 | 318 | 836 | 1,004 | 1,123 | 1,371 | | | |
| West St. | | (1.8%) | (2.0%) | (6.4%) | (6.1%) | (16.1%) | (19.4%) | (21.7%) | (26.5%) | | | |
| Paul | 2029 | 70 | 66 | 278 | 276 | 789 | 971 | 1,169 | 1,780 | | | |
| Source: 2020 Cens | | (1.3%) | (1.2%) | (5.1%) | (5.1%) | (14.6%) | (18.0%) | (21.7%) | (33.0%) | | | |
| | Change | -25 | -40 | -52 | -42 | -47 | -33 | 46 | 409 | | | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-26.3%) | (-37.7%) | (-15.8%) | (-13.2%) | (-5.6%) | (-3.3%) | (4.1%) | (29.8%) | | | |

| | | | | Owner Ho | useholds by l | Income (CON | TINUED) | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | Less Than | \$15,000 - | \$25,000 - | \$35,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$75,000 - | \$100,000 - | \$150,000 |
| | | \$15,000 | \$24,999 | \$34,999 | \$49,999 | \$74,999 | \$99,999 | \$149,999 | & Higher |
| | 2020 | 2,979 | 3,733 | 5,315 | 9,789 | 17,843 | 18,372 | 31,477 | 34,755 |
| | 2020 | (2.4%) | (3.0%) | (4.3%) | (7.9%) | (14.4%) | (14.8%) | (25.3%) | (28.0%) |
| | 2024 | 2,788 | 2,327 | 4,141 | 7,031 | 14,860 | 17,192 | 29,745 | 48,816 |
| Dakota | 2024 | (2.2%) | (1.8%) | (3.3%) | (5.5%) | (11.7%) | (13.5%) | (23.4%) | (38.5%) |
| County | 2020 | 2,339 | 1,628 | 3,255 | 5,536 | 12,884 | 16,202 | 30,785 | 59,160 |
| | 2029 | (1.8%) | (1.2%) | (2.5%) | (4.2%) | (9.8%) | (12.3%) | (23.4%) | (44.9%) |
| | Change | -449 | -699 | -886 | -1,495 | -1,976 | -990 | 1,040 | 10,344 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-16.1%) | (-30.0%) | (-21.4%) | (-21.3%) | (-13.3%) | (-5.8%) | (3.5%) | (21.2%) |
| | 2020 | 56,714 | 70,013 | 86,968 | 153,544 | 270,868 | 248,998 | 357,851 | 345,465 |
| | 2020 | (3.6%) | (4.4%) | (5.5%) | (9.7%) | (17.0%) | (15.7%) | (22.5%) | (21.7%) |
| | 2024 | 54,914 | 48,688 | 67,246 | 112,625 | 227,701 | 228,477 | 374,052 | 498,691 |
| Minnagata | 2024 | (3.4%) | (3.0%) | (4.2%) | (7.0%) | (14.1%) | (14.2%) | (23.2%) | (30.9%) |
| Minnesota | 2020 | 45,688 | 36,006 | 54,606 | 91,541 | 201,292 | 221,469 | 399,959 | 614,252 |
| _ | 2029 | (2.7%) | (2.2%) | (3.3%) | (5.5%) | (12.1%) | (13.3%) | (24.0%) | (36.9%) |
| | Change | -9,226 | -12,682 | -12,640 | -21,084 | -26,409 | -7,008 | 25,907 | 115,561 |
| 2020.5 | 2024-2029 | (-16.8%) | (-26.0%) | (-18.8%) | (-18.7%) | (-11.6%) | (-3.1%) | (6.9%) | (23.2%) |

In 2024, 61.9% of all *owner* households in the PSA (Dakota County) earn \$100,000 or more annually. This is a higher share of such households than that reported for the state of Minnesota (54.1%). By comparison, only 12.8% of owner households in the PSA earn less than \$50,000, which is a lower share of such households compared to the state (17.6%). Note that nine of the 11 PSA submarkets are also comprised of at least one-half of owner households earning \$100,000 or more, with Mendota Heights (72.5%), Lakeville (71.5%), and Rosemount (68.5%) having the highest shares of such households. West St. Paul (48.2%) and South St. Paul (46.8%) each have less than one-half of all owner households earning \$100,000 or more.

Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth in Dakota County is projected to be predominantly concentrated among households earning \$150,000 or more, which is consistent with projections for all 11 submarkets and the state. In total, seven submarkets are projected to have over 20% growth in owner households earning \$150,000 or more over the next five years. While owner household growth will generally be concentrated among high-income households, it should be noted that nearly 10% of all owner households are projected to continue to earn less than \$50,000 and 22.1% will continue to earn between \$50,000 and \$100,000 through 2029. As such, it is important that forsale housing products that are affordable to a range of household incomes are readily available within the county and each submarket.

The following graph illustrates household income growth by tenure for Dakota County between 2024 and 2029.



The distribution of senior (age 62 and older) *renter* households by income are shown on the following page. Note that declines between 2024 and 2029 are in red, while increases are in green.

| | | | | Age 62 | 2+ Renter Ho | useholds by I | ncome | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | | <\$10,000 | \$10,000 - \$19,999 | \$20,000 - \$29,999 | \$30,000 - \$39,999 | \$40,000 - \$49,999 | \$50,000 - \$59,999 | \$60,000 - \$99,999 | \$100,000+ |
| | 2020 | 102 | 196 | 136 | 242 | 279 | 178 | 166 | 92 |
| | 2020 | (7.3%) | (14.1%) | (9.8%) | (17.4%) | (20.1%) | (12.8%) | (11.9%) | (6.6%) |
| | 2024 | 108 | 181 | 131 | 225 | 280 | 191 | 192 | 139 |
| Apple | 2024 | (7.5%) | (12.5%) | (9.1%) | (15.5%) | (19.4%) | (13.2%) | (13.3%) | (9.6%) |
| Valley | 2029 | 112 | 157 | 122 | 199 | 276 | 204 | 221 | 196 |
| | | (7.5%) | (10.6%) | (8.2%) | (13.4%) | (18.6%) | (13.7%) | (14.9%) | (13.2%) |
| | Change | 4 | -24 | -9 | -26 | -4 | 13 | 29 | 57 |
| | 2024-2029 | (3.7%) | (-13.3%) | (-6.9%) | (-11.6%) | (-1.4%) | (6.8%) | (15.1%) | (41.0%) |
| | 2020 | 137 | 151 | 120 | 212 | 333 | 139 | 167 | 44 |
| | 2020 | (10.5%) | (11.6%) | (9.2%) | (16.3%) | (25.6%) | (10.7%) | (12.8%) | (3.4%) |
| | 2024 | 157 | 151 | 128 | 223 | 392 | 181 | 239 | 100 |
| Burnsville | | (10.0%) | (9.6%) | (8.1%) | (14.2%) | (25.0%) | (11.5%) | (15.2%) | (6.4%) |
| | 2029 | 180 | 149 | 134 | 233 | 459 | 230 | 326 | 168 |
| | | (9.6%) | (7.9%) | (7.1%) | (12.4%) | (24.4%) | (12.2%) | (17.3%) | (8.9%) |
| | Change | 23 | -2 | 6 | 10 | 67 | 49 | 87 | 68 |
| | 2024-2029 | (14.6%) | (-1.3%) | (4.7%) | (4.5%) | (17.1%) | (27.1%) | (36.4%) | (68.0%) |
| | 2020 | 164 | 134 | 125 | 191 | 295 | 283 | 174 | 106 |
| | | (11.1%) | (9.1%) | (8.5%) | (13.0%) | (20.0%) | (19.2%) | (11.8%) | (7.2%) |
| | 2024 | 182 | 127 | 128 | 192 | 313 | 321 | 219 | 187 |
| Eagan | | (10.9%) | (7.6%) | (7.7%) | (11.5%) | (18.8%) | (19.2%) | (13.1%) | (11.2%) |
| | 2029 | 202 | 116 | 131 | 190 | 331 | 363 | 272 | 287 |
| | | (10.7%) | (6.1%) | (6.9%) | (10.0%) | (17.5%) | (19.2%) | (14.4%) | (15.2%) |
| | Change | 20 | -11 | 3 | -2 | 18 | 42 | 53 | 100 |
| | 2024-2029 | (11.0%) | (-8.7%) | (2.3%) | (-1.0%) | (5.8%) | (13.1%) | (24.2%) | (53.5%) |
| | 2020 | 8 | 42 | 5 | 64 | 17 | 15 | 27 | 7 |
| | 2020 | (4.3%) | (22.7%) | (2.7%) | (34.6%) | (9.2%) | (8.1%) | (14.6%) | (3.8%) |
| | 2024 | 10 | 41 | 6 | 71 | 20 | 19 | 39 | 18 |
| Farmington | 2024 | (4.5%) | (18.3%) | (2.7%) | (31.7%) | (8.9%) | (8.5%) | (17.4%) | (8.0%) |
| 8 | 2029 | 13 | 40 | 7 | 81 | 25 | 24 | 55 | 32 |
| | | (4.7%) | (14.4%) | (2.5%) | (29.2%) | (9.0%) | (8.7%) | (19.9%) | (11.6%) |
| | Change | 3 | -1 | (16.70/) | 10 | 5 | 5 | 16 | 14 |
| | 2024-2029 | (30.0%) | (-2.4%) | (16.7%) | (14.1%) | (25.0%) | (26.3%) | (41.0%) | (77.8%) |
| | 2020 | 139 | 113 | 86 | 91 | 106 | 111 | 21 | 14 |
| | | (20.4%) | (16.6%) | (12.6%) | (13.4%) | (15.6%) | (16.3%) | (3.1%) | (2.1%) |
| | 2024 | 142 | 101 | 82 | (11.60/) | 117 | 138 | 39 | 56 |
| Hastings | | (18.6%) 149 | (13.2%) 87 | (10.7%) 79 | (11.6%) 89 | (15.3%) | (18.1%) 175 | (5.1%) | (7.3%) |
| | 2029 | | | | (10.0%) | 134 | | 63 | 110 (12.4%) |
| | Chana | (16.8%) | (9.8%) -14 | (8.9%) -3 | (10.0%) 0 | (15.1%) 17 | (19.8%) | (7.1%) 24 | 54 |
| | Change 2024-2029 | (4.9%) | | | _ | (14.5%) | (26.8%) | | (96.4%) |
| | 2024-2029 | 123 | (-13.9%) 147 | (-3.7%) 143 | (0.0%) 173 | 178 | 132 | (61.5%) 68 | 40 |
| | 2020 | (12.3%) | (14.6%) | (14.2%) | (17.2%) | (17.7%) | (13.1%) | (6.8%) | (4.0%) |
| Inver Grove Heights | | 136 | 139 | 146 | 176 | 198 | 163 | 98 | (4.0%) |
| | 2024 | (11.9%) | (12.2%) | (12.8%) | (15.4%) | (17.3%) | (14.2%) | (8.6%) | (7.7%) |
| | | 149 | 127 | 147 | 175 | 219 | 198 | 133 | 146 |
| | 2029 | (11.5%) | (9.8%) | (11.4%) | (13.5%) | (16.9%) | (15.3%) | (10.3%) | (11.3%) |
| | Change | 13 | -12 | 1 | (13.370) -1 | (10.970) 21 | 35 | 35 | 58 |
| | 2024-2029 | (9.6%) | (-8.6%) | (0.7%) | (-0.6%) | (10.6%) | (21.5%) | (35.7%) | (65.9%) |
| Source: 2020 Cer | | | | (0.7 /0) | (-0.0 /0) | (10.0 /0) | (21.3/0) | (33.770) | (03.770) |

| | | Age 62+ Renter Households by Income (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|---|------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | | | \$10,000 - | \$20,000 - | \$30,000 - | \$40,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$60,000 - | | |
| | | <\$10,000 | \$19,999 | \$29,999 | \$39,999 | \$49,999 | \$59,999 | \$99,999 | \$100,000+ | |
| | 2020 | 116 | 114 | 201 | 158 | 100 | 142 | 69 | 33 | |
| | 2020 | (12.4%) | (12.2%) | (21.5%) | (16.9%) | (10.7%) | (15.2%) | (7.4%) | (3.5%) | |
| | 2024 | 127 | 116 | 202 | 161 | 112 | 170 | 104 | 101 | |
| Lakeville | 2024 | (11.6%) | (10.6%) | (18.5%) | (14.7%) | (10.2%) | (15.6%) | (9.5%) | (9.2%) | |
| Lakeville | 2029 | 137 | 116 | 197 | 160 | 124 | 199 | 147 | 184 | |
| | 2029 | (10.8%) | (9.2%) | (15.6%) | (12.7%) | (9.8%) | (15.7%) | (11.6%) | (14.6%) | |
| | Change | 10 | 0 | -5 | -1 | 12 | 29 | 43 | 83 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (7.9%) | (0.0%) | (-2.5%) | (-0.6%) | (10.7%) | (17.1%) | (41.3%) | (82.2%) | |
| | 2020 | 66 | 45 | 31 | 83 | 97 | 35 | 44 | 11 | |
| | 2020 | (16.0%) | (10.9%) | (7.5%) | (20.1%) | (23.5%) | (8.5%) | (10.7%) | (2.7%) | |
| | 2024 | 64 | 39 | 30 | 78 | 90 | 36 | 45 | 27 | |
| Mendota | 2024 | (15.6%) | (9.5%) | (7.3%) | (19.1%) | (22.0%) | (8.8%) | (11.0%) | (6.6%) | |
| Heights | 2029 | 62 | 32 | 28 | 73 | 84 | 38 | 47 | 46 | |
| | 2029 | (15.1%) | (7.8%) | (6.8%) | (17.8%) | (20.5%) | (9.3%) | (11.5%) | (11.2%) | |
| | Change | -2 | -7 | -2 | -5 | -6 | 2 | 2 | 19 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.1%) | (-17.9%) | (-6.7%) | (-6.4%) | (-6.7%) | (5.6%) | (4.4%) | (70.4%) | |
| | 2020 | 34 | 27 | 43 | 30 | 52 | 54 | 50 | 3 | |
| | | (11.6%) | (9.2%) | (14.7%) | (10.2%) | (17.7%) | (18.4%) | (17.1%) | (1.0%) | |
| | 2024 | 33 | 23 | 37 | 29 | 52 | 62 | 66 | 21 | |
| Rosemount | | (10.2%) | (7.1%) | (11.5%) | (9.0%) | (16.1%) | (19.2%) | (20.4%) | (6.5%) | |
| Kosemount | 2029 | 33 | 19 | 32 | 28 | 54 | 73 | 88 | 44 | |
| | | (8.9%) | (5.1%) | (8.6%) | (7.5%) | (14.6%) | (19.7%) | (23.7%) | (11.9%) | |
| | Change | 0 | -4 | -5 | -1 | 2 | 11 | 22 | 23 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (0.0%) | (-17.4%) | (-13.5%) | (-3.4%) | (3.8%) | (17.7%) | (33.3%) | (109.5%) | |
| | 2020 | 150 | 101 | 66 | 74 | 117 | 64 | 24 | 1 | |
| | | (25.1%) | (16.9%) | (11.1%) | (12.4%) | (19.6%) | (10.7%) | (4.0%) | (0.2%) | |
| | 2024 | 163 | 100 | 75 | 74 | 130 | 87 | 46 | 18 | |
| South St. | | (23.5%) | (14.4%) | (10.8%) | (10.7%) | (18.8%) | (12.6%) | (6.6%) | (2.6%) | |
| Paul | 2029 | 185 | 103 | 90 | 78 | 151 | 118 | 73 | 40 | |
| | | (22.1%) | (12.3%) | (10.7%) | (9.3%) | (18.0%) | (14.1%) | (8.7%) | (4.8%) | |
| | Change | 22 | 3 | 15 | 4 | 21 | 31 | 27 | 22 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (13.5%) | (3.0%) | (20.0%) | (5.4%) | (16.2%) | (35.6%) | (58.7%) | (122.2%) | |
| | 2020 | 223 | 282 | 181 | 185 | 210 | 82 | 85 | 23 | |
| | 2020 | (17.5%) | (22.2%) | (14.2%) | (14.6%) | (16.5%) | (6.5%) | (6.7%) | (1.8%) | |
| | 2024 | 244 | 273 | 190 | 200 | 244 | 97 | 112 | 57 | |
| West St. | 2024 | (17.2%) | (19.3%) | (13.4%) | (14.1%) | (17.2%) | (6.8%) | (7.9%) | (4.0%) | |
| Paul | 2029 | 261 | 251 | 195 | 213 | 279 | 113 | 143 | 98 | |
| | 2029 | (16.8%) | (16.2%) | (12.6%) | (13.7%) | (18.0%) | (7.3%) | (9.2%) | (6.3%) | |
| | Change | 17 | -22 | 5 | 13 | 35 | 16 | 31 | 41 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (7.0%) | (-8.1%) | (2.6%) | (6.5%) | (14.3%) | (16.5%) | (27.7%) | (71.9%) | |
| Sauraa, 2020 Car | ECDI D | von Notional D | 1 | • | - | | | | | |

| | | Age 62+ Renter Households by Income (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | <\$10,000 | \$10,000 - \$19,999 | \$20,000 - \$29,999 | \$30,000 - \$39,999 | \$40,000 - \$49,999 | \$50,000 - \$59,999 | \$60,000 - \$99,999 | \$100,000+ | |
| Dakota County | 2020 | 1,240 (12.7%) | 1,332 (13.6%) | 1,115 (11.4%) | 1,524 (15.6%) | 1,919 (19.6%) | 1,298 (13.2%) | 971 (9.9%) | 401 (4.1%) | |
| | 2024 | 1,357 (12.2%) | 1,274 (11.4%) | 1,132 (10.2%) | 1,531 (13.8%) | 2,092 (18.8%) | 1,540 (13.8%) | 1,318 (11.8%) | 884 (7.9%) | |
| | 2029 | 1,489 (11.7%) | 1,189 (9.4%) | 1,142 (9.0%) | 1,525 (12.0%) | 2,290 (18.0%) | 1,829 (14.4%) | 1,742 (13.7%) | 1,483 (11.7%) | |
| | Change 2024-2029 | 132 (9.7%) | -85 (-6.7%) | 10 (0.9%) | -6 (-0.4%) | 198 (9.5%) | 289 (18.8%) | 424 (32.2%) | 599 (67.8%) | |
| Minnesota | 2020 | 28,438 (19.9%) | 19,189 (13.4%) | 16,275 (11.4%) | 21,212 (14.9%) | 24,844 (17.4%) | 14,394 (10.1%) | 11,663 (8.2%) | 6,657 (4.7%) | |
| | 2024 | 29,536 (19.2%) | 17,929 (11.6%) | 16,072 (10.4%) | 20,864 (13.5%) | 26,093 (16.9%) | 16,571 (10.7%) | 15,352 (10.0%) | 11,737 (7.6%) | |
| | 2029 | 30,792 (18.3%) | 16,275 (9.7%) | 15,752 (9.4%) | 20,343 (12.1%) | 27,553 (16.4%) | 19,233 (11.5%) | 19,915 (11.9%) | 18,060 (10.8%) | |
| | Change 2024-2029 | 1,256 (4.3%) | -1,654 (-9.2%) | -320 (-2.0%) | -521 (-2.5%) | 1,460 (5.6%) | 2,662 (16.1%) | 4,563 (29.7%) | 6,323 (53.9%) | |

In 2024, 33.8% of senior renter households in the PSA (Dakota County) earn less than \$30,000 per year, 46.4% earn between \$30,000 and \$59,999, and 19.7% earn \$60,000 or more per year. Over the next five years, senior renter households are projected to increase among a variety of income cohorts in the PSA, with the most substantial growth (46.5%) projected for those earning over \$60,000 per year. Noteworthy household increases are also projected among senior renters earning between \$40,000 and \$59,999 (487 households, or 13.4%) and those earning below \$10,000 (132 households, or 9.7%).

Among the individual submarkets of the PSA, the highest shares of senior renter households earning less than \$30,000 are within the West St. Paul (49.9%) and South St. Paul (48.7%) submarkets. Conversely, the share of senior renter households earning \$60,000 or more is highest within the Rosemount (26.9%) and Farmington (25.4%) submarkets. It is noteworthy that senior renter households earning below \$10,000 are projected to increase in nine of the 11 PSA submarkets. As household growth is projected among low-, moderate-, and high-income senior renters in the county between 2024 and 2029, there may be development opportunities in the county for senior-oriented rental housing that is affordable to a range of income levels.

The distribution of *senior (age 62 and older) owner* households by income are below. Note that declines between 2024 and 2029 are in red, while increases are in green:

| | | Age 62+ Owner Households by Income | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------|--|
| | | <\$10,000 | \$10,000 - \$19,999 | \$20,000 - \$29,999 | \$30,000 - \$39,999 | \$40,000 - \$49,999 | \$50,000 - \$59,999 | \$60,000 - \$99,999 | \$100,000+ | |
| | 2020 | 171 | 103 | 190 | 352 | 788 | 816 | 1,057 | 1,547 | |
| | 2020 | (3.4%) | (2.1%) | (3.8%) | (7.0%) | (15.7%) | (16.2%) | (21.0%) | (30.8%) | |
| | 2024 | 168 | 88 | 173 | 309 | 745 | 817 | 1,127 | 1,933 | |
| Apple | 2024 | (3.1%) | (1.6%) | (3.2%) | (5.8%) | (13.9%) | (15.2%) | (21.0%) | (36.1%) | |
| Valley | 2029 | 162 | 67 | 147 | 248 | 676 | 803 | 1,195 | 2,386 | |
| | | (2.9%) | (1.2%) | (2.6%) | (4.4%) | (11.9%) | (14.1%) | (21.0%) | (42.0%) | |
| | Change | -6 | -21 | -26 | -61 | -69 | -14 | 68 | 453 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.6%) | (-23.9%) | (-15.0%) | (-19.7%) | (-9.3%) | (-1.7%) | (6.0%) | (23.4%) | |
| | 2020 | 219 | 182 | 298 | 587 | 806 | 1,012 | 1,417 | 1,339 | |
| | 2020 | (3.7%) | (3.1%) | (5.1%) | (10.0%) | (13.8%) | (17.3%) | (24.2%) | (22.8%) | |
| | 2024 | 209 | 156 | 268 | 527 | 774 | 1,053 | 1,557 | 1,798 | |
| Burnsville | 2024 | (3.3%) | (2.5%) | (4.2%) | (8.3%) | (12.2%) | (16.6%) | (24.6%) | (28.4%) | |
| Duriisvine | 2029 | 192 | 121 | 225 | 441 | 719 | 1,084 | 1,703 | 2,345 | |
| | | (2.8%) | (1.8%) | (3.3%) | (6.5%) | (10.5%) | (15.9%) | (24.9%) | (34.3%) | |
| | Change | -17 | -35 | -43 | -86 | -55 | 31 | 146 | 547 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-8.1%) | (-22.4%) | (-16.0%) | (-16.3%) | (-7.1%) | (2.9%) | (9.4%) | (30.4%) | |
| | 2020 | 176 | 176 | 275 | 458 | 835 | 673 | 1,260 | 2,185 | |
| | | (2.9%) | (2.9%) | (4.6%) | (7.6%) | (13.8%) | (11.1%) | (20.9%) | (36.2%) | |
| | 2024 | 169 | 152 | 256 | 417 | 797 | 676 | 1,382 | 2,839 | |
| Eagan | 2024 | (2.5%) | (2.3%) | (3.8%) | (6.2%) | (11.9%) | (10.1%) | (20.7%) | (42.4%) | |
| Lagan | 2029 | 159 | 119 | 227 | 359 | 738 | 670 | 1,518 | 3,627 | |
| | | (2.1%) | (1.6%) | (3.1%) | (4.8%) | (10.0%) | (9.0%) | (20.5%) | (48.9%) | |
| | Change | -10 | -33 | -29 | -58 | -59 | -6 | 136 | 788 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-5.9%) | (-21.7%) | (-11.3%) | (-13.9%) | (-7.4%) | (-0.9%) | (9.8%) | (27.8%) | |
| | 2020 | 31 | 25 | 61 | 79 | 197 | 207 | 349 | 316 | |
| | 2020 | (2.5%) | (2.0%) | (4.8%) | (6.2%) | (15.6%) | (16.4%) | (27.6%) | (25.0%) | |
| | 2024 | 30 | 21 | 56 | 69 | 192 | 211 | 402 | 497 | |
| Farmington | | (2.0%) | (1.4%) | (3.8%) | (4.7%) | (13.0%) | (14.3%) | (27.2%) | (33.6%) | |
| Tarinington | 2029 | 29 | 17 | 51 | 57 | 187 | 218 | 473 | 727 | |
| | | (1.6%) | (1.0%) | (2.9%) | (3.2%) | (10.6%) | (12.4%) | (26.9%) | (41.3%) | |
| | Change | -1 | -4 | -5 | -12 | -5 | 7 | 71 | 230 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-3.3%) | (-19.0%) | (-8.9%) | (-17.4%) | (-2.6%) | (3.3%) | (17.7%) | (46.3%) | |
| | 2020 | 43 | 153 | 149 | 267 | 345 | 388 | 571 | 526 | |
| | 2020 | (1.8%) | (6.3%) | (6.1%) | (10.9%) | (14.1%) | (15.9%) | (23.4%) | (21.5%) | |
| | 2024 | 34 | 123 | 125 | 229 | 321 | 391 | 651 | 720 | |
| Hastings | 2021 | (1.3%) | (4.7%) | (4.8%) | (8.8%) | (12.4%) | (15.1%) | (25.1%) | (27.8%) | |
| 115111.55 | 2029 | 24 | 87 | 98 | 185 | 298 | 403 | 761 | 972 | |
| | | (0.8%) | (3.1%) | (3.5%) | (6.5%) | (10.5%) | (14.3%) | (26.9%) | (34.4%) | |
| | Change | -10 | -36 | -27 | -44 | -23 | 12 | 110 | 252 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-29.4%) | (-29.3%) | (-21.6%) | (-19.2%) | (-7.2%) | (3.1%) | (16.9%) | (35.0%) | |

| | | Age 62+ Owner Households by Income (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | | | \$10,000 - | \$20,000 - | \$30,000 - | \$40,000 - | \$50,000 - | \$60,000 - | | |
| | | <\$10,000 | \$19,999 | \$29,999 | \$39,999 | \$49,999 | \$59,999 | \$99,999 | \$100,000+ | |
| | 2020 | 104 | 103 | 177 | 211 | 538 | 509 | 784 | 1,032 | |
| | 2020 | (3.0%) | (3.0%) | (5.1%) | (6.1%) | (15.6%) | (14.7%) | (22.7%) | (29.8%) | |
| T | 2024 | 97 | 86 | 157 | 189 | 519 | 527 | 889 | 1,365 | |
| Inver Grove | 2024 | (2.5%) | (2.2%) | (4.1%) | (4.9%) | (13.6%) | (13.8%) | (23.2%) | (35.6%) | |
| | 2029 | 86 | 63 | 129 | 156 | 483 | 539 | 1,003 | 1,758 | |
| Heights | | (2.0%) | (1.5%) | (3.1%) | (3.7%) | (11.5%) | (12.8%) | (23.8%) | (41.7%) | |
| | Change | -11 | -23 | -28 | -33 | -36 | 12 | 114 | 393 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-11.3%) | (-26.7%) | (-17.8%) | (-17.5%) | (-6.9%) | (2.3%) | (12.8%) | (28.8%) | |
| | 2020 | 123 | 60 | 94 | 232 | 571 | 562 | 1,032 | 1,686 | |
| | | (2.8%) | (1.4%) | (2.2%) | (5.3%) | (13.1%) | (12.9%) | (23.7%) | (38.7%) | |
| | 2024 | 117 | 51 | 76 | 212 | 570 | 593 | 1,262 | 2,489 | |
| | 2024 | (2.2%) | (0.9%) | (1.4%) | (3.9%) | (10.6%) | (11.0%) | (23.5%) | (46.4%) | |
| Lakeville | 2020 | 107 | 39 | 52 | 180 | 552 | 614 | 1,519 | 3,440 | |
| | 2029 | (1.6%) | (0.6%) | (0.8%) | (2.8%) | (8.5%) | (9.4%) | (23.4%) | (52.9%) | |
| | Change | -10 | -12 | -24 | -32 | -18 | 21 | 257 | 951 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-8.5%) | (-23.5%) | (-31.6%) | (-15.1%) | (-3.2%) | (3.5%) | (20.4%) | (38.2%) | |
| | | 39 | 38 | 63 | 79 | 155 | 227 | 361 | 853 | |
| | 2020 | (2.1%) | (2.1%) | (3.5%) | (4.4%) | (8.5%) | (12.5%) | (19.9%) | (47.0%) | |
| | 2024 | 33 | 30 | 56 | 67 | 137 | 220 | 367 | 988 | |
| Mendota | | (1.7%) | (1.6%) | (3.0%) | (3.5%) | (7.2%) | (11.6%) | (19.3%) | (52.1%) | |
| Heights | 2029 | 26 | 21 | 49 | 53 | 118 | 214 | 379 | 1,166 | |
| Treights | | (1.3%) | (1.0%) | (2.4%) | (2.6%) | (5.8%) | (10.6%) | (18.7%) | (57.6%) | |
| | Change 2024-2029 | -7 | -9 | - 7 | -14 | -19 | -6 | 12 | 178 | |
| | | (-21.2%) | (-30.0%) | (-12.5%) | (-20.9%) | (-13.9%) | (-2.7%) | (3.3%) | (18.0%) | |
| | 2020 | 32 | 64 | 77 | 133 | 237 | 260 | 384 | 773 | |
| | | (1.6%) | (3.3%) | (3.9%) | (6.8%) | (12.1%) | (13.3%) | (19.6%) | (39.4%) | |
| | 2024 2029 Change | 29 | 55 | 64 | 123 | 231 | 284 | 456 | 1,116 | |
| | | (1.2%) | (2.3%) | (2.7%) | (5.2%) | (9.8%) | (12.0%) | (19.3%) | (47.3%) | |
| Rosemount | | 27 | 44 | 51 | 115 | 232 | 323 | 559 | 1,568 | |
| | | (0.9%) | (1.5%) | (1.7%) | (3.9%) | (7.9%) | (11.1%) | (19.2%) | (53.7%) | |
| | | -2 | -11 | -13 | -8 | 1 | 39 | 103 | 452 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-6.9%) | (-20.0%) | (-20.3%) | (-6.5%) | (0.4%) | (13.7%) | (22.6%) | (40.5%) | |
| | | 93 | 62 | 76 | 136 | 347 | 353 | 421 | 207 | |
| | 2020 | (5.5%) | (3.7%) | (4.5%) | (8.0%) | (20.5%) | (20.8%) | (24.8%) | (12.2%) | |
| | | 81 | 50 | 71 | 119 | 328 | 378 | 500 | 334 | |
| South St. | 2024 | (4.4%) | (2.7%) | (3.8%) | (6.4%) | (17.6%) | (20.3%) | (26.9%) | (17.9%) | |
| Paul | | 69 | 38 | 69 | 104 | 319 | 423 | 616 | 501 | |
| 1 au | 2029 | (3.2%) | (1.8%) | (3.2%) | (4.9%) | (14.9%) | (19.8%) | (28.8%) | (23.4%) | |
| | Change | -12 | -12 | -2 | -15 | -9 | 45 | 116 | 167 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-14.8%) | (-24.0%) | (-2.8%) | (-12.6%) | (-2.7%) | (11.9%) | (23.2%) | (50.0%) | |
| | | 44 | 53 | 133 | 123 | 304 | 351 | 352 | 324 | |
| | 2020 | (2.6%) | (3.1%) | (7.9%) | (7.3%) | (18.1%) | (20.8%) | (20.9%) | (19.2%) | |
| | | 39 | 42 | 126 | 117 | 309 | 365 | 392 | 470 | |
| West St. | 2024 | (2.1%) | (2.3%) | (6.8%) | (6.3%) | (16.6%) | (19.6%) | (21.1%) | (25.3%) | |
| West St. Paul | | 30 | 28 | 111 | 105 | 304 | 370 | 428 | 640 | |
| 1 aui | 2029 | (1.5%) | (1.4%) | (5.5%) | (5.2%) | (15.1%) | (18.4%) | (21.2%) | (31.7%) | |
| Source: 2020 Cer | Change | (1.370) -9 | -14 | -15 | -12 | (13.170) -5 | (10.470) | 36 | 170 | |
| | 2024-2029 | (-23.1%) | | | | | _ | | | |
| | | | (-33.3%) | (-11.9%) | (-10.3%) | (-1.6%) | (1.4%) | (9.2%) | (36.2%) | |

| Age 62+ Owner Households by Income (CONTINUED) | | | | | | D) | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| | | <\$10,000 | \$10,000 - \$19,999 | \$20,000 - \$29,999 | \$30,000 - \$39,999 | \$40,000 - \$49,999 | \$50,000 - \$59,999 | \$60,000 - \$99,999 | \$100,000+ |
| | 2020 | 1,118 | 1,012 | 1,637 | 2,722 | 5,383 | 5,699 | 8,632 | 11,614 |
| | 2020 | (3.0%) | (2.7%) | (4.3%) | (7.2%) | (14.2%) | (15.1%) | (22.8%) | (30.7%) |
| | 2024 | 1,049 | 853 | 1,469 | 2,436 | 5,147 | 5,832 | 9,637 | 15,597 |
| Dakota | 2024 | (2.5%) | (2.0%) | (3.5%) | (5.8%) | (12.2%) | (13.9%) | (22.9%) | (37.1%) |
| County | 2029 | 951 | 644 | 1,241 | 2,051 | 4,799 | 5,941 | 10,807 | 20,459 |
| | 2029 | (2.0%) | (1.4%) | (2.6%) | (4.4%) | (10.2%) | (12.7%) | (23.0%) | (43.6%) |
| | Change | -98 | -209 | -228 | -385 | -348 | 109 | 1,170 | 4,862 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-9.3%) | (-24.5%) | (-15.5%) | (-15.8%) | (-6.8%) | (1.9%) | (12.1%) | (31.2%) |
| | 2020 | 24,692 | 22,962 | 29,420 | 48,573 | 91,330 | 82,844 | 121,438 | 138,109 |
| | 2020 | (4.4%) | (4.1%) | (5.3%) | (8.7%) | (16.3%) | (14.8%) | (21.7%) | (24.7%) |
| | 2024 | 22,636 | 19,641 | 26,542 | 43,820 | 87,172 | 85,030 | 136,506 | 183,550 |
| Minnesota | 2024 | (3.7%) | (3.2%) | (4.4%) | (7.2%) | (14.4%) | (14.1%) | (22.6%) | (30.3%) |
| winnesota | 2029 | 19,965 | 15,395 | 22,822 | 37,679 | 81,600 | 87,421 | 154,840 | 239,784 |
| | 2029 | (3.0%) | (2.3%) | (3.5%) | (5.7%) | (12.4%) | (13.3%) | (23.5%) | (36.4%) |
| | Change | -2,671 | -4,246 | -3,720 | -6,141 | -5,572 | 2,391 | 18,334 | 56,234 |
| | 2024-2029 | (-11.8%) | (-21.6%) | (-14.0%) | (-14.0%) | (-6.4%) | (2.8%) | (13.4%) | (30.6%) |

Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, only 8.0% of senior owner households in Dakota County earn less than \$30,000 per year, 31.9% earn between \$30,000 and \$59,999, and 60.0% earn \$60,000 or more. Between 2024 and 2029, senior households earning \$60,000 or more are projected to increase by 6,032 (23.9%) in the PSA, while senior owner households earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decrease by 1,268 (11.6%) during the same period. As a result, approximately two-thirds (66.6%) of senior owner households in the PSA will earn at least \$60,000 by 2029.

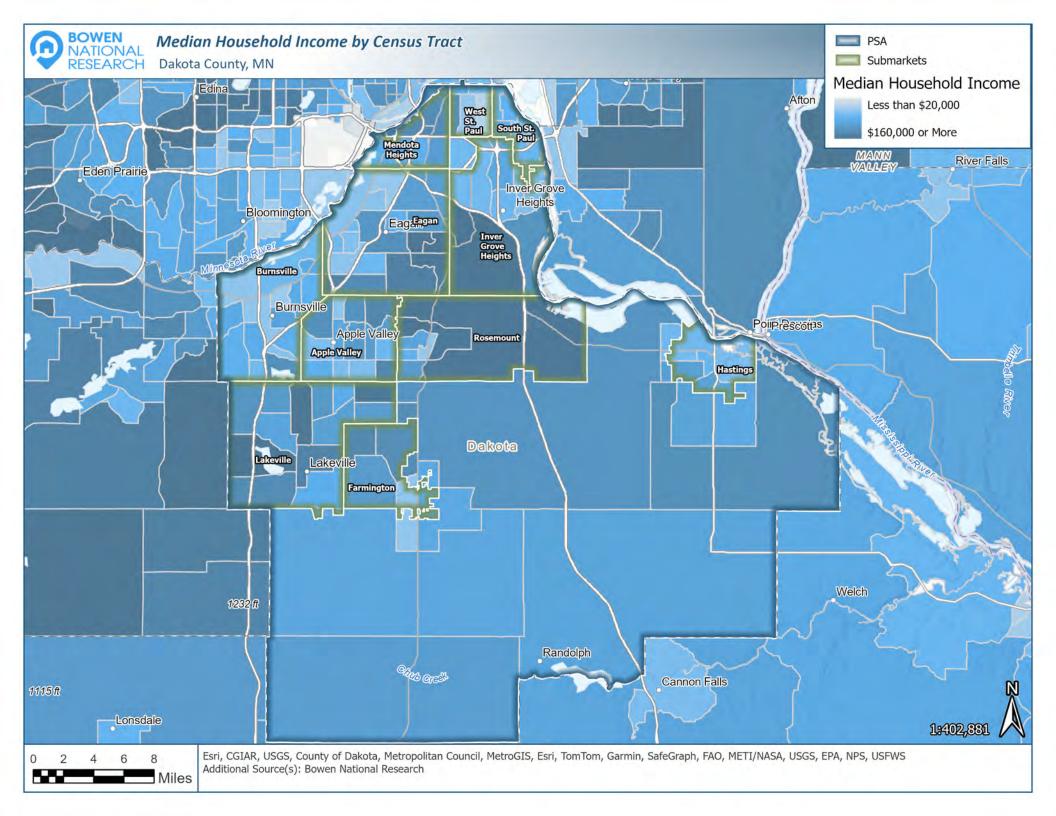
Among the individual PSA submarkets, the highest shares of senior owner households earning less than \$30,000 are within the West St. Paul (11.2%), South St. Paul (10.9%), and Hastings (10.8%) submarkets, while the highest shares of senior owner households earning \$60,000 or more are within the Mendota Heights (71.4%), Lakeville (69.9%), and Rosemount (66.6%) submarkets. Note that all 11 PSA submarkets are projected to experience increases in senior owner households earning \$60,000 or more during the next five years. This projected increase in higher earning senior owner households in Dakota County will likely influence the type of for-sale housing developed for the senior population in future years.

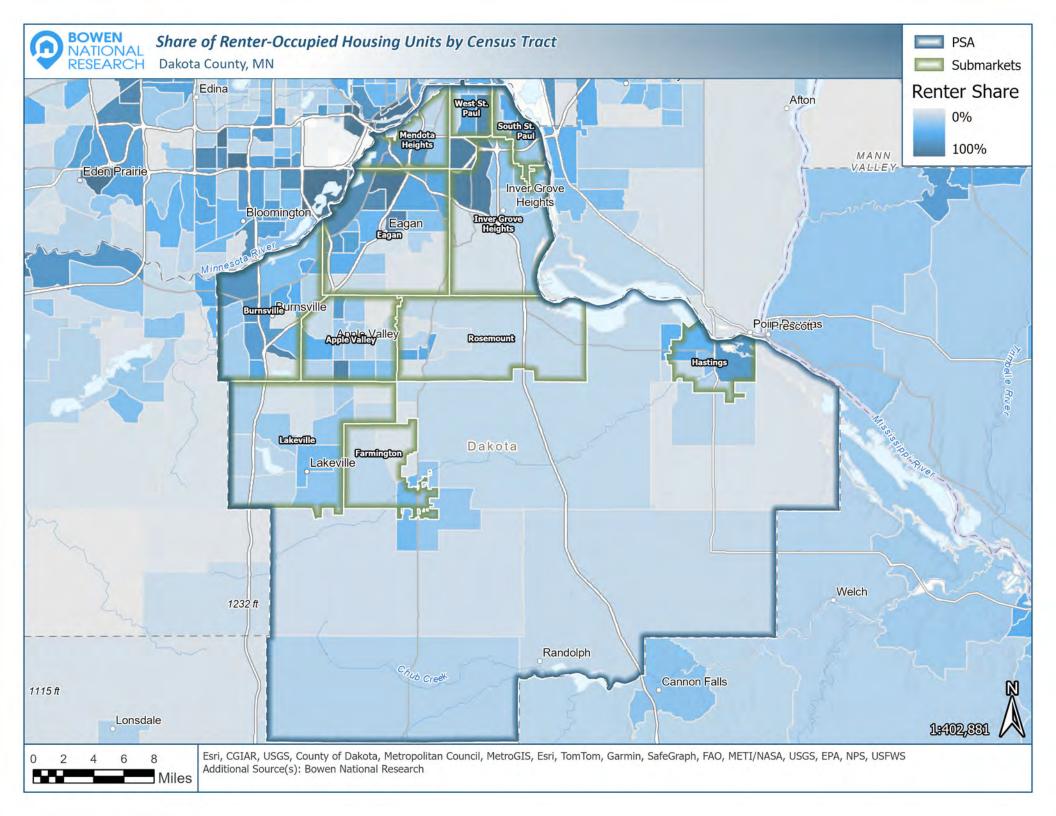
D. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC THEME MAPS</u>

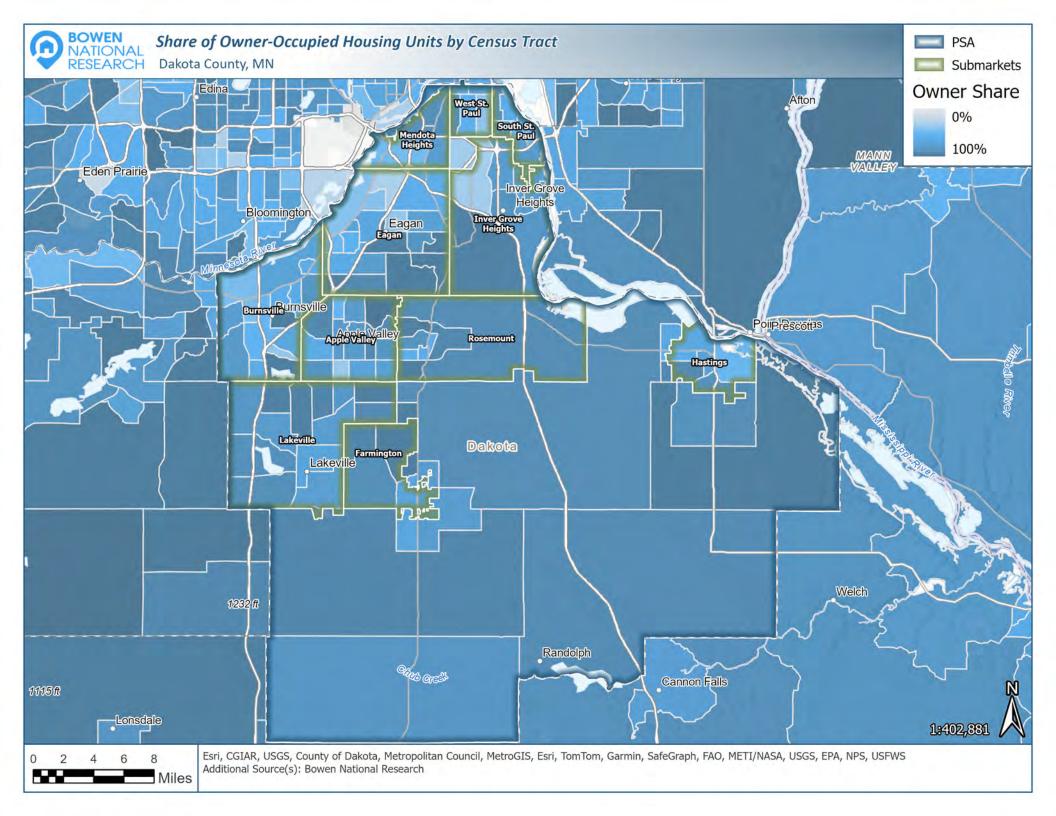
The following demographic theme maps for the study area are presented after this page:

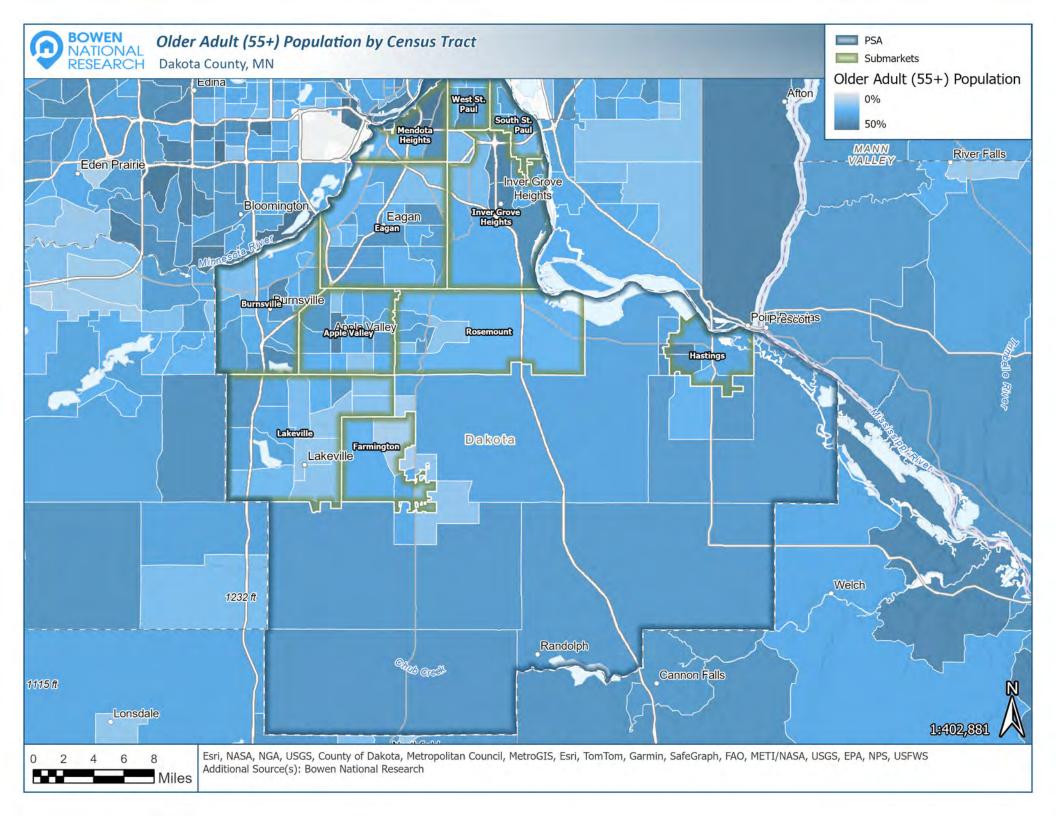
- Median Household Income
- Renter Household Share
- Owner Household Share
- Older Adult Population Share (55 years and older)
- Younger Adult Population Share (20 to 34 years)
- Population Density

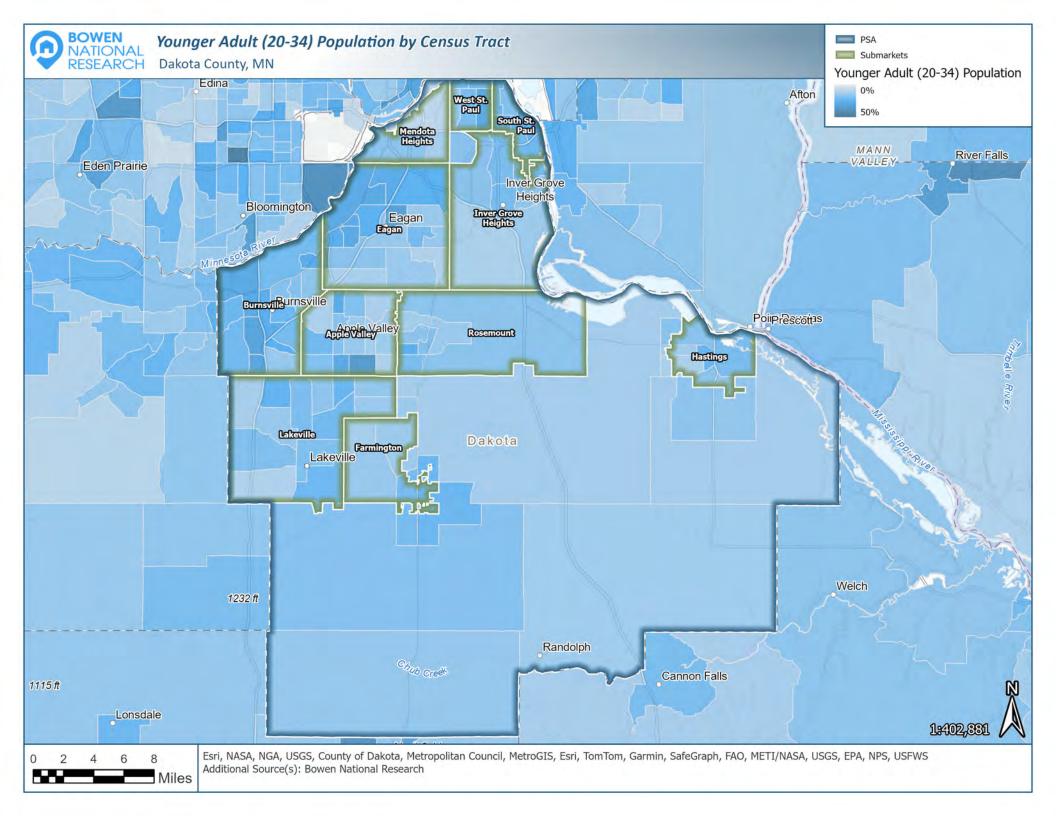
The demographic data used in these maps is based on U.S. Census, American Community Survey (ACS) and ESRI data sets.

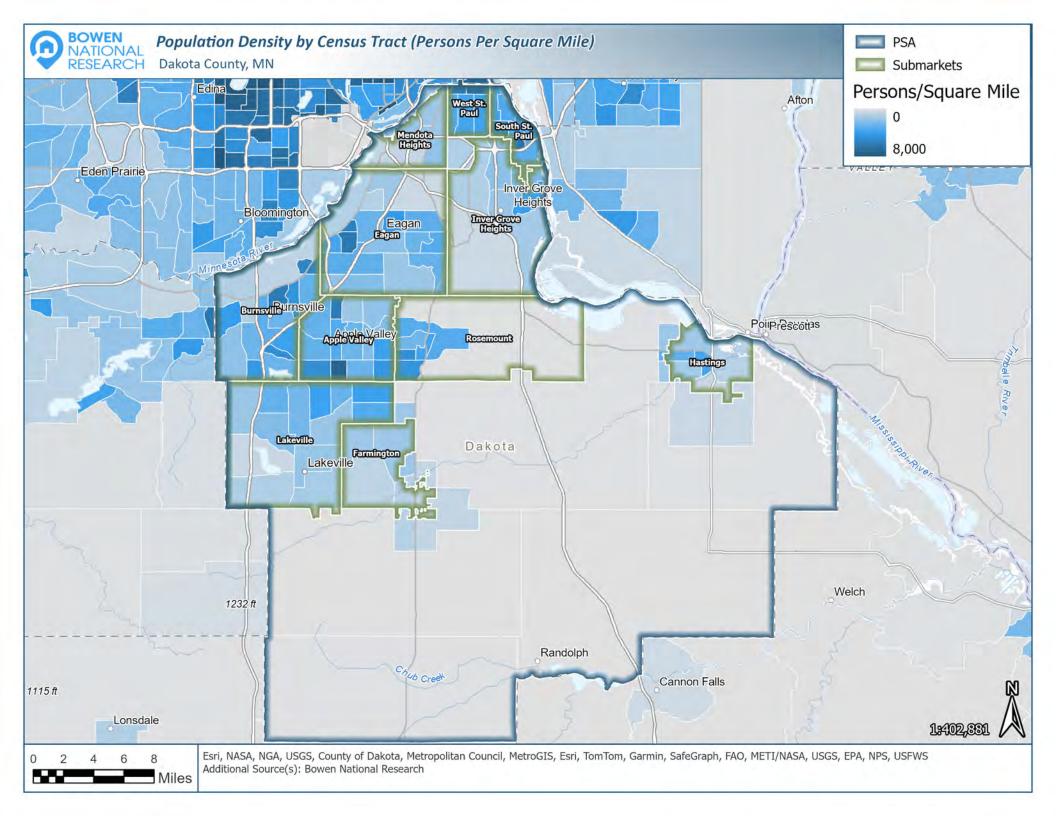












V. ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The need for housing within a given geographic area is influenced by the number of households choosing to live there. Although the number of households in the subject area at any given time is a function of many factors, one of the primary reasons for residency is job availability. In this section, the workforce and employment trends that affect the PSA (Dakota County) and the select submarkets are examined and compared to the state of Minnesota and the United States.

An overview of the Dakota County workforce is provided through several overall metrics: employment by industry, wages by occupation, total employment, unemployment rates and at-place employment trends. We also evaluated the area's largest employers, economic and infrastructure developments, and the potential for significant closures or layoffs in the area (WARN notices). In addition, commuting patterns for the PSA, which include commuting modes, times, and county-to-county commuter flows are analyzed.

It is critical to note that the region is expected to experience notable job growth over the next several years due to private and public sector investment, including the creation of large-scale businesses. We utilized 10-year job projections provided by the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development to determine its potential impact on new household growth. These projections were then used to estimate the number of households that are expected to be added to the county, in terms of households by tenure (renter versus owner). This information is provided at the end of this section.

B. WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

The PSA has an employment base comprised of individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The primary industries of significance within the PSA include retail trade, manufacturing, health care, educational services, and accommodation and food services. Each industry within the PSA requires employees of varying skills and education levels, and there is a broad range of typical wages within the PSA based on occupation. The following evaluates key economic metrics within Dakota County. It should be noted that based on the availability of various economic data metrics, some information is presented only for select geographic areas, which may include the PSA (Dakota County), the select submarkets, the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), and/or the state of Minnesota.

Employment by Industry

The following tables illustrate the distribution of employment by industry sector for the various study areas (note that the top five industry groups by employment for each area are illustrated in **red** text).

| | | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|--------|------------------------|--------|------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| | | | | | | Inver | |
| NAICS C | Apple | ъ п | | T | TT | Grove | T 1 '11 |
| NAICS Group | Valley | Burnsville | Eagan | Farmington | Hastings | Heights | Lakeville |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 7 | 35 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 25 |
| Mining | 0 | 56 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Utilities | 0 | 0 | 118 | 104 | 0 | 8 | 12 |
| Construction | 462 | 2,292 | 2,189 | 197 | 378 | 702 | 1,029 |
| Manufacturing | 308 | 5,311 | 4,860 | 494 | 1,595 | 1,911 | 2,593 |
| Wholesale Trade | 288 | 1,947 | 1,881 | 80 | 112 | 804 | 872 |
| Retail Trade | 4,507 | 5,150 | 6,492 | 303 | 1,266 | 2,301 | 3,490 |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 285 | 1,059 | 4,213 | 289 | 377 | 297 | 478 |
| Information | 301 | 624 | 7,913 | 31 | 63 | 121 | 307 |
| Finance & Insurance | 834 | 1,388 | 4,474 | 73 | 237 | 314 | 893 |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 624 | 1,391 | 1,095 | 22 | 209 | 247 | 582 |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 1,221 | 2,134 | 4,456 | 118 | 593 | 443 | 1,316 |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 0 | 6 | 18 | 2 | 0 | 17 | 14 |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 432 | 1,416 | 948 | 63 | 240 | 350 | 944 |
| Educational Services | 2,475 | 1,987 | 1,997 | 1,886 | 1,088 | 976 | 2,421 |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 2,190 | 5,475 | 3,977 | 552 | 1,605 | 1,366 | 1,447 |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 780 | 668 | 580 | 45 | 207 | 313 | 451 |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 2,053 | 3,494 | 3,875 | 520 | 934 | 789 | 2,040 |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 1,005 | 2,403 | 2,820 | 340 | 675 | 697 | 1,300 |
| Public Administration | 1,984 | 947 | 1,645 | 182 | 2,324 | 377 | 545 |
| Non-classifiable | 58 | 396 | 147 | 7 | 22 | 23 | 57 |
| Total | 19,814 | 38,179 | 53,759 | 5,308 | 11,929 | 12,095 | 20,816 |

Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

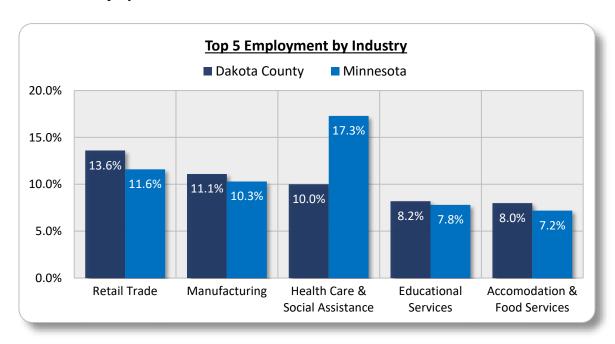
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|-----------|
| | Mendota | | South St. | West St. | Dakota | |
| NAICS Group | Heights | Rosemount | Paul | Paul | County | Minnesota |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 0 | 0 | 100 | 1 | 387 | 17,215 |
| Mining | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 73 | 4,549 |
| Utilities | 0 | 103 | 100 | 0 | 568 | 12,777 |
| Construction | 1,132 | 418 | 516 | 316 | 10,298 | 137,789 |
| Manufacturing | 1,366 | 1,725 | 1,235 | 585 | 22,907 | 342,911 |
| Wholesale Trade | 799 | 244 | 612 | 139 | 8,221 | 134,193 |
| Retail Trade | 726 | 461 | 1,038 | 1,787 | 27,952 | 385,870 |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 425 | 552 | 330 | 68 | 8,741 | 83,429 |
| Information | 163 | 95 | 37 | 132 | 9,796 | 88,304 |
| Finance & Insurance | 379 | 86 | 546 | 288 | 9,626 | 146,490 |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 244 | 81 | 116 | 159 | 4,877 | 68,105 |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 1,606 | 1,023 | 865 | 993 | 14,887 | 245,551 |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 87 | 6,945 |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 616 | 239 | 265 | 104 | 5,954 | 74,747 |
| Educational Services | 979 | 1,203 | 812 | 609 | 16,900 | 259,542 |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 1,185 | 343 | 299 | 1,376 | 20,621 | 574,150 |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 126 | 76 | 186 | 130 | 3,924 | 89,508 |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 333 | 575 | 294 | 1,131 | 16,542 | 240,661 |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 869 | 395 | 500 | 784 | 12,232 | 204,837 |
| Public Administration | 180 | 392 | 214 | 1,416 | 10,454 | 184,476 |
| Non-classifiable | 54 | 7 | 12 | 29 | 852 | 17,626 |
| Total | 11,192 | 8,023 | 8,077 | 10,058 | 205,899 | 3,319,675 |

Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The labor force within the PSA (Dakota County) is based primarily in five sectors: Retail Trade (13.6%), Manufacturing (11.1%), Health Care & Social Assistance (10.0%), Educational Services (8.2%), and Accommodation & Food Services (8.0%). Combined, these five job sectors represent 50.9% of the PSA employment base. This represents a lesser concentration of employment within the top five sectors compared to the top five sectors in the state (54.4%). Areas with a heavy concentration of employment within a limited number of industries can be more vulnerable to economic downturns with greater fluctuations in unemployment rates and total employment. With a reduced concentration of employment, the economy within Dakota County is likely more insulated from economic fluctuations as compared to the state. It is also important to note that many occupations within the top industries of the PSA typically have competitive wages, which can contribute to housing affordability in the area. Despite this, many occupations in the retail trade and accommodation and food services sectors, as well as support occupations in a variety of other industries, have significantly lower wages. This often results in demand for affordable housing options in the county.

Among the individual submarkets, Eagan (26.1%), Burnsville (18.5%), and Lakeville (10.1%) account for the largest shares of the total employment within Dakota County. With respect to concentration of employment, Farmington (71.4%), Apple Valley (66.7%), and West St. Paul (66.7%) have the greatest concentrations of employment among their respective top five sectors, while Eagan (52.4%), Mendota Heights (55.9%), and South St. Paul (56.6%) have the lowest concentrations. The largest *individual* industry sector concentrations are within educational services in Farmington (35.5%), retail trade in Apple Valley (22.7%), and manufacturing in Rosemount (21.5%). While many of the submarkets share common top industries, each submarket has a unique distribution of employment and typical corresponding wages. As such, future housing development should include a variety of product types across a range of affordability levels that align with the housing needs of each submarket and the county as a whole.

The following graph illustrates the distribution of employment by industry for the five largest employment sectors in the PSA (Dakota County) compared to the same employment sectors for the state of Minnesota:



Employment Characteristics and Trends

Dakota County is in the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). Typical wages by job category for the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Metropolitan Statistical Area are compared with those for the state of Minnesota in the following table:

| Typical Wage by Occupation Type | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Occupation Type | MSA | Minnesota | | | |
| Management Occupations | \$92,813 | \$85,801 | | | |
| Business and Financial Occupations | \$81,663 | \$75,854 | | | |
| Computer and Mathematical Occupations | \$100,574 | \$92,481 | | | |
| Architecture and Engineering Occupations | \$92,173 | \$86,726 | | | |
| Community and Social Service Occupations | \$53,281 | \$52,323 | | | |
| Art, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations | \$52,524 | \$47,167 | | | |
| Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations | \$71,104 | \$68,673 | | | |
| Healthcare Support Occupations | \$30,100 | \$27,550 | | | |
| Protective Service Occupations | \$69,231 | \$59,618 | | | |
| Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations | \$15,889 | \$16,181 | | | |
| Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations | \$30,252 | \$27,533 | | | |
| Personal Care and Service Occupations | \$22,885 | \$21,765 | | | |
| Sales and Related Occupations | \$50,813 | \$43,213 | | | |
| Office and Administrative Support Occupations | \$46,704 | \$42,405 | | | |
| Construction and Extraction Occupations | \$62,504 | \$56,513 | | | |
| Installation, Maintenance and Repair Occupations | \$64,654 | \$56,686 | | | |
| Production Occupations | \$47,188 | \$43,412 | | | |
| Transportation Occupations | \$53,128 | \$46,950 | | | |
| Material Moving Occupations | \$25,284 | \$29,332 | | | |

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics

Blue-collar annual salaries range from \$15,889 to \$69,231 within the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI MSA. White-collar jobs, such as those related to professional positions, management and medicine, within the MSA have an average salary of \$87,665. Average wages within the area are typically 8.4% higher than the overall average state wages. White-collar professions in the study area typically earn 7.0% more than those within Minnesota, while blue-collar wages are typically 9.4% more than the average state wages. Within the MSA, wages by occupation vary widely and are reflective of a diverse job base that covers a wide range of industry sectors and job skills, as well as diverse levels of education and experience. Because employment is distributed among a variety of professions with diverse income levels, there are likely a variety of housing needs by affordability level.

As a significant share of the labor force within Dakota County is contained within retail trade, manufacturing, health care, education, and accommodation and food services, many workers in the area have typical wages ranging between approximately \$15,000 and \$50,000 annually. This likely contributes to the need for lower and moderately priced housing product in the county. It is important to point out that the wages cited in the preceding table are reflective of those for a

single occupation. Multiple wage-earning *households* often have a greater capacity to spend earnings toward housing than single wage earners. Households by income data is included starting on page IV-29.

In an effort to better understand how area wages by occupation affect housing affordability, wages for the top 35 occupations by share of total employment within the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI MSA were analyzed. This data does not include every possible occupation and wage within each sector and is not specific to just Dakota County. While the MSA comprises a total of 15 counties and includes the adjacent counties of Scott, Hennepin, Ramsey, Washington and Pierce, the employment by occupation and the corresponding wages in Dakota County are likely very similar to those within the MSA. As such, the following provides a general overview of housing affordability for some of the most common occupations in the region. Based on the annual wages at the lower quartile (bottom 25%) and median levels, the maximum affordable monthly rent and home price (at 30% of income) for each occupation was calculated. It is important to note that calculations based on the median annual wage mean that half of the individuals employed in this occupation earn less than the stated amount. It is equally important to understand that the supplied data is based on individual income. As such, affordability levels will proportionally increase for households with multiple income sources at a rate dependent on the additional income. Affordable rents and home prices for each occupation presented in this analysis that are below the two-bedroom Fair Market Rent (\$1,622) or the overall median list price (\$395,000) of the available for-sale inventory in the PSA (Dakota County) as of July 31, 2024, are shown in red text, indicating that certain lower-wage earning occupations cannot reasonably afford a typical housing unit in the market.

The following table illustrates the wages (lower quartile and median) and housing affordability levels for the top 35 occupations in the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI MSA.

| Wages and Housing Affordability for Top 35 Occupations by Share of Labor Force (Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Metropolitan Statistical Area) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 0 | ccupation Sector, Title & Wages* | UII, IVII 1- VV I | Metropon | | | ffordahility | ** |
| Occupation Sector, Title & Wages* Housing Affordability** Labor Annual Wages Max. Monthly Rent Max. Purchase | | | | | | | | |
| Sector Group | Force | | Lower | wages | Lower | tilly Ixclit | Lower | chase I lice |
| (Code) | Share | Occupation Title | Quartile | Median | Quartile | Median | Quartile | Median |
| | 2.4% | Retail Salespersons | \$30,700 | \$35,130 | \$768 | \$878 | \$102,333 | \$117,100 |
| Sales and | 1.8% | Cashiers | \$29,800 | \$33,750 | \$745 | \$844 | \$99,333 | \$112,500 |
| Related | 1.1% | Sales Representatives, Wholesale | \$59,820 | \$77,710 | \$1,496 | \$1,943 | \$199,400 | \$259,033 |
| (41) | 0.8% | Sales Representatives, Services | \$51,500 | \$72,430 | \$1,288 | \$1,811 | \$171,667 | \$241,433 |
| | 1.9% | Fast Food/Counter Workers | \$28,770 | \$30,900 | \$719 | \$773 | \$95,900 | \$103,000 |
| Food | 1.4% | Waiters and Waitresses | \$23,400 | \$24,210 | \$585 | \$605 | \$78,000 | \$80,700 |
| Preparation/ | 1.0% | Cooks, Restaurant | \$35,840 | \$38,380 | \$896 | \$960 | \$119,467 | \$127,933 |
| Serving (35) | 0.6% | Food Preparation Workers | \$29,750 | \$34,990 | \$744 | \$875 | \$99,167 | \$116,633 |
| | 2.3% | Customer Service Representatives | \$39,300 | \$47,790 | \$983 | \$1,195 | \$131,000 | \$159,300 |
| Office and | 1.9% | Office Clerks, General | \$39,170 | \$47,210 | \$979 | \$1,180 | \$130,567 | \$157,367 |
| Administrative | 1.0% | Secretaries/Admin Assistants | \$44,590 | \$49,460 | \$1,115 | \$1,237 | \$148,633 | \$164,867 |
| Support (43) | 0.9% | Bookkeeping/Accounting Clerks | \$45,850 | \$52,270 | \$1,146 | \$1,307 | \$152,833 | \$174,233 |
| | 0.8% | First-Line Supervisors, Office | \$60,860 | \$74,570 | \$1,522 | \$1,864 | \$202,867 | \$248,567 |
| Production (51) | 1.6% | Misc. Assemblers/Fabricators | \$37,850 | \$43,930 | \$946 | \$1,098 | \$126,167 | \$146,433 |
| Transportation | 1.9% | Laborers/Freight/Material Movers | \$38,420 | \$45,410 | \$961 | \$1,135 | \$128,067 | \$151,367 |
| Material | 1.4% | Stockers and Order Fillers | \$34,810 | \$37,940 | \$870 | \$949 | \$116,033 | \$126,467 |
| Moving (53) | 1.2% | Heavy/Tractor-Trailer Drivers | \$51,800 | \$61,060 | \$1,295 | \$1,527 | \$172,667 | \$203,533 |
| Education, | 1.1% | Teaching Assistants | \$36,560 | \$40,180 | \$914 | \$1,005 | \$121,867 | \$133,933 |
| Training, and Library (25) | 0.8% | Elementary School Teachers | \$50,030 | \$63,600 | \$1,251 | \$1,590 | \$166,767 | \$212,000 |
| TT 1.1 | 4.2% | Home Health/Personal Care Aides | \$30,950 | \$34,450 | \$774 | \$861 | \$103,167 | \$114,833 |
| Healthcare | 2.1% | Registered Nurses | \$83,710 | \$100,800 | \$2,093 | \$2,520 | \$279,033 | \$336,000 |
| (29, 31) | 0.7% | Nursing Assistants | \$40,080 | \$44,560 | \$1,002 | \$1,114 | \$133,600 | \$148,533 |
| | 2.5% | General/Operations Managers | \$66,990 | \$102,460 | \$1,675 | \$2,562 | \$223,300 | \$341,533 |
| | 1.2% | Accountants/Auditors | \$63,800 | \$79,750 | \$1,595 | \$1,994 | \$212,667 | \$265,833 |
| Management | 0.9% | Management Analysts | \$76,220 | \$97,520 | \$1,906 | \$2,438 | \$254,067 | \$325,067 |
| and Business | 0.9% | Market Analysts/Specialists | \$61,890 | \$81,490 | \$1,547 | \$2,037 | \$206,300 | \$271,633 |
| Operations | 0.7% | Financial Managers | \$124,370 | \$161,380 | \$3,109 | \$4,035 | \$414,567 | \$537,933 |
| (11, 13) | 0.7% | Project Management Specialists | \$77,120 | \$98,990 | \$1,928 | \$2,475 | \$257,067 | \$329,967 |
| | 0.6% | Business Operations Specialists | \$58,080 | \$73,790 | \$1,452 | \$1,845 | \$193,600 | \$245,967 |
| | 0.6% | Human Resources Specialists | \$60,720 | \$77,580 | \$1,518 | \$1,940 | \$202,400 | \$258,600 |
| Computers/ Engineering | 1.6% | Software Developers | \$99,220 | \$127,720 | \$2,481 | \$3,193 | \$330,733 | \$425,733 |
| (15, 17) | 0.8% | Industrial Engineers | \$81,410 | \$100,700 | \$2,035 | \$2,518 | \$271,367 | \$335,667 |
| Installation/ | 0.9% | Maintenance and Repair Workers | \$46,120 | \$56,210 | \$1,153 | \$1,405 | \$153,733 | \$187,367 |
| Repair (47, 49) | 0.7% | Construction Laborers | \$47,520 | \$59,920 | \$1,188 | \$1,498 | \$158,400 | \$199,733 |
| Bldg./Grounds (37) | 1.5% | Janitors and Cleaners | \$34,690 | \$38,080 | \$867 | \$952 | \$115,633 | \$126,933 |

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2023 Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics (OEWS)

*Annual wages listed are at the lower 25th percentile (quartile) and median level for each occupation

**Housing Affordability is the maximum monthly rent or total for-sale home price a household can reasonably afford based on stated wages.

In order to reasonably afford a two-bedroom rental at the Fair Market Rent of \$1,622, an individual would need to earn at least \$64,880 per year. As such, the *lower quartile* of wage earners within 28 of the 35 occupations listed in the previous table do not have sufficient wages to afford a typical rental. Many of these occupations, particularly those within the food services and retail industries and support positions within various sectors, earn significantly less than the amount required to afford a typical rental in the market. When wages for each occupation are increased to their respective *median* levels, 21 occupations still do not have the income necessary to afford a typical rental. While a share of these individuals likely lives in multiple-income households, it is reasonable to conclude that a significant portion of single-income households in a variety of occupations in the PSA are likely housing cost burdened.

Housing affordability issues among the listed occupations are even more prevalent when home ownership is considered. In order to afford the purchase of a typical home in the PSA at the median list price of \$395,000, an individual would have to earn at least \$118,500 per year. As such, only *two* of the occupations with wages up to the median wage among the top 35 occupations have sufficient income to afford the purchase of a typical home in the PSA. Although it is likely that many of these individuals are part of multiple-income households, approximately one-half of the occupations, or 18 of the 35 listed, could still not afford the typical for-sale home in the area even if the median wage for their respective occupation were doubled. This illustrates that home ownership is not affordable for a notable share of workers in the most common occupations in the PSA.

A full analysis of the area housing supply, which includes multifamily apartments, current and historical for-sale product, and non-conventional rentals (typically four units or less within a structure), is included in Section VI of this report. As shown in Section VI, Dakota County has very limited availability among both its rental and for-sale housing stock, particularly among the more affordable housing alternatives. A lack of affordable workforce housing in a market can limit the ability of employers to retain and attract new employees, which can affect the performance of specific industries, the local economy, and household growth within an area.

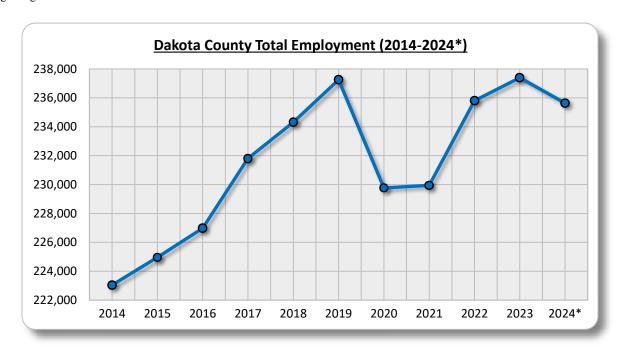
Employment Base and Unemployment Rates

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the total employment base for Dakota County, the state of Minnesota, and the United States.

| | | Total Employment | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| | Dakota | Dakota County | | esota | United | States | |
| Year | Total Number | Percent Change | Total Number | Percent Change | Total Number | Percent Change | |
| 2014 | 223,040 | - | 2,852,488 | - | 146,305,000 | - | |
| 2015 | 224,956 | 0.9% | 2,891,673 | 1.4% | 148,833,000 | 1.7% | |
| 2016 | 226,978 | 0.9% | 2,906,348 | 0.5% | 151,436,000 | 1.7% | |
| 2017 | 231,802 | 2.1% | 2,963,830 | 2.0% | 153,337,000 | 1.3% | |
| 2018 | 234,323 | 1.1% | 2,982,658 | 0.6% | 155,761,000 | 1.6% | |
| 2019 | 237,248 | 1.2% | 3,009,672 | 0.9% | 157,538,000 | 1.1% | |
| 2020 | 229,771 | -3.2% | 2,926,644 | -2.8% | 147,795,000 | -6.2% | |
| 2021 | 229,944 | 0.1% | 2,935,653 | 0.3% | 152,581,000 | 3.2% | |
| 2022 | 235,800 | 2.5% | 2,992,787 | 1.9% | 158,291,000 | 3.7% | |
| 2023 | 237,392 | 0.7% | 3,012,707 | 0.7% | 161,037,000 | 1.7% | |
| 2024 | 235,638* | -0.7% | 2,995,386* | -0.6% | 161,177,000** | 0.1% | |

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

^{*}Through July 2024 **Through August 2024



^{*}Through July

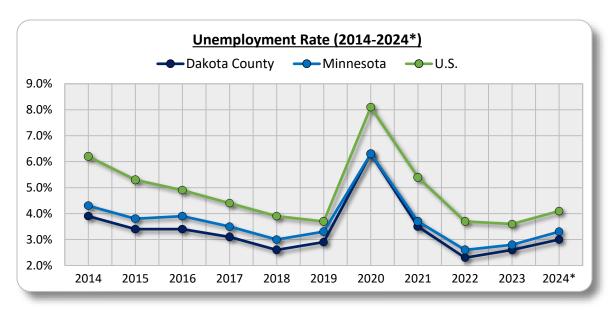
From 2014 to 2019, total employment in the PSA (Dakota County) increased by 6.4%, or 14,208 employees. This represents a larger increase than that of the state (5.5%), yet lower than that of the nation (7.7%), during this time period. In 2020, total employment in the PSA decreased by 3.2%, which reflects a slightly higher rate of *reduction* than that for the state (2.8%), but well below that of the nation (6.2%). This reduction in total employment during 2020 is primarily attributed to the economic impacts related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Following the end of many of the restrictions associated with the pandemic, total employment in the PSA increased for three consecutive years between 2021 and 2023. Through year-end 2023, total employment in the PSA is at 100.1% of the 2019 level, generally similar to the increase in total employment of the state and nation since the impact of the pandemic. In 2024, total employment has declined by 0.7% (through July 2024). Considering the consistent growth in employment over the past three years, it is likely this recent employment decline will reverse/stabilize within the near future.

Unemployment rates for Dakota County, the state of Minnesota and the United States are illustrated as follows:

| | Total Unemployment | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------|---------------|----------|------------|-------------|------------|--|
| | Dakota | Dakota County | | esota | United | States | |
| | Total | Percent of | Total | Percent of | Total | Percent of | |
| Year | Number | Workforce | Number | Workforce | Number | Workforce | |
| 2014 | 8,973 | 3.9% | 127,310 | 4.3% | 9,616,000 | 6.2% | |
| 2015 | 7,854 | 3.4% | 113,741 | 3.8% | 8,296,000 | 5.3% | |
| 2016 | 7,963 | 3.4% | 116,762 | 3.9% | 7,751,000 | 4.9% | |
| 2017 | 7,324 | 3.1% | 107,176 | 3.5% | 6,982,000 | 4.4% | |
| 2018 | 6,308 | 2.6% | 92,432 | 3.0% | 6,314,000 | 3.9% | |
| 2019 | 7,137 | 2.9% | 102,002 | 3.3% | 6,001,000 | 3.7% | |
| 2020 | 15,331 | 6.3% | 195,372 | 6.3% | 12,948,000 | 8.1% | |
| 2021 | 8,225 | 3.5% | 113,384 | 3.7% | 8,623,000 | 5.4% | |
| 2022 | 5,505 | 2.3% | 78,663 | 2.6% | 5,996,000 | 3.7% | |
| 2023 | 6,215 | 2.6% | 87,216 | 2.8% | 6,080,000 | 3.6% | |
| 2024 | 7,200* | 3.0% | 102,036* | 3.3% | 6,852,000** | 4.1% | |

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

^{*}Through July 2024 **Through August 2024



*Dakota County and Minnesota through July 2024; United States through August 2024

Between 2014 and 2019, unemployment rates in the county generally decreased year over year from a high of 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. It is noteworthy that the unemployment rates in the PSA were lower than those of the state and nation during this time. In 2020, the county's unemployment rate increased to 6.3%, largely due to the impacts of the pandemic. While this rate was equivalent to that of the state, both were well below that of the nation (8.1%) at this time. The unemployment rate within the county has generally declined since and is averaging 3.0% through July 2024, which is very similar to the pre-pandemic level, and remains below the unemployment rates of the state (3.3%) and nation (4.1%). This is a positive economic indicator for the PSA and illustrates a thriving local economy.

The following table illustrates the monthly unemployment rates from January of 2023 through July of 2024 for Dakota County:

| Ι | Monthly Unemployment Rate – Dakota County | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Month | Unemployment Rate | Month | Unemployment Rate | | | | |
| January 2023 | 2.8% | January 2024 | 2.8% | | | | |
| February 2023 | 2.9% | February 2024 | 3.1% | | | | |
| March 2023 | 2.8% | March 2024 | 2.7% | | | | |
| April 2023 | 2.4% | April 2024 | 2.4% | | | | |
| May 2023 | 2.5% | May 2024 | 2.4% | | | | |
| June 2023 | 3.1% | June 2024 | 3.6% | | | | |
| July 2023 | 2.8% | July 2024 | 3.7% | | | | |
| August 2023 | 3.0% | | | | | | |
| September 2023 | 2.3% | | | | | | |
| October 2023 | 2.2% | | | | | | |
| November 2023 | 1.7% | | | | | | |

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

December 2023

As the preceding illustrates, the monthly unemployment rate for Dakota County from January 2023 to July 2024 ranged from 1.7% to 3.7%. While the monthly unemployment rate has fluctuated slightly at different points during this time period, it is noteworthy that the monthly unemployment rate has remained below 3.0% in 14 of the previous 19 months. However, it should be noted that the unemployment rate increased from 2.4% in May 2024 to 3.6% in June 2024, which was the largest one-month increase since January 2023. Although this is a substantial increase in unemployment, it is not uncommon for monthly unemployment rates to temporarily increase in this manner. This can be caused by seasonality, temporary layoffs, and other short-term employment factors. While six layoff notices were identified within the county within the past 12 months (see page V-13), these will result in the loss of only 70 jobs, or less than 0.1% of the county's total employment base. Additionally, the recent growth in total employment and the decrease in the *yearly* unemployment rate between 2020 and 2023 are positive signs of a healthy local economy.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total at-place employment base for Dakota County:

| | At-Plac | At-Place Employment Dakota County | | | | |
|------|------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Year | Employment | Change | Percent Change | | | |
| 2013 | 177,735 | - | - | | | |
| 2014 | 180,335 | 2,600 | 1.5% | | | |
| 2015 | 183,943 | 3,608 | 2.0% | | | |
| 2016 | 186,981 | 3,038 | 1.7% | | | |
| 2017 | 188,304 | 1,323 | 0.7% | | | |
| 2018 | 189,606 | 1,302 | 0.7% | | | |
| 2019 | 191,192 | 1,586 | 0.8% | | | |
| 2020 | 177,825 | -13,367 | -7.0% | | | |
| 2021 | 181,203 | 3,378 | 1.9% | | | |
| 2022 | 185,620 | 4,417 | 2.4% | | | |
| 2023 | 188,030 | 2,410 | 1.3% | | | |

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

The preceding table illustrates at-place employment (people working within Dakota County) increased by 7.6%, or nearly 13,500 jobs, from 2013 to 2019. Prior to the COVID-19 related decrease (7.0%) in 2020, at-place employment increased in Dakota County for six consecutive years. Through year-end 2023, at-place employment in Dakota County is at 98.3% of the 2019 level, indicating that jobs within the area have nearly fully recovered from the economic effects of COVID-19 and notable growth has occurred over the past few years.

Data for 2023 indicates at-place employment in Dakota County to be 79.2% of the total Dakota County employment. This means that there are more employed residents of the county than there are jobs located within the county. A significant number of residents seeking employment outside a subject area, particularly those with lengthy commutes, can increase the likelihood of residents relocating outside the county. Detailed commuting data, which includes modes, times, and an inflow/outflow analysis, is included later in this section.

Based on the preceding analysis, it appears that the economy within Dakota County experienced a significant expansion in recent years. Job growth in Dakota County has remained positive in recent years while at the same time the county's annual unemployment rate has remained 3.0% or lower. Overall, the economic metrics evaluated in this section are indicative of a healthy local economy, and it is reasonable to conclude that this expansion will continue for the foreseeable future based on these factors and the notable economic and infrastructure investments detailed later in this section.

C. EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK

WARN (layoff notices):

The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification (WARN) Act requires advance notice of qualified plant closings and mass layoffs. WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices are summarized in the following table by submarket:

| WARN Notices | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Company | Location Jobs | | Notice Date | Effective Date | | | | |
| Eagan Submarket | | | | | | | | |
| Starbucks Eagan Outlet | Eagan | 1 | 7/2024 | N/A | | | | |
| Noodles & Company | Eagan | 1 | 7/2024 | N/A | | | | |
| Masu Sushi and Robata | Eagan | 2 | 7/2024 | N/A | | | | |
| I | Mendota Heights Su | ıbmarke | t | | | | | |
| EQ | Mendota Heights | 55 | 7/2024 | 9/2024 | | | | |
| West St. Paul Submarket | | | | | | | | |
| Cardinal Corner, Incorporated | West St. Paul | 11 | 12/2023 | N/A | | | | |
| Beirut Restaurant & Catering | West St. Paul | 11 | 9/2024 | N/A | | | | |

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development

N/A - Not Available

The WARN notices illustrated in the preceding table impact a combined total of 70 jobs, which is relatively minor considering the overall employment base in the county. Additionally, at-place employment within Dakota County increased by 5.7% since 2020. With notable job growth expected from the announced economic investments, job growth creation will likely be strong for the foreseeable future.

The 10 largest employers within Dakota County are summarized in the following table (Note: Data shown is from 2022, latest data available, and may have changed since then).

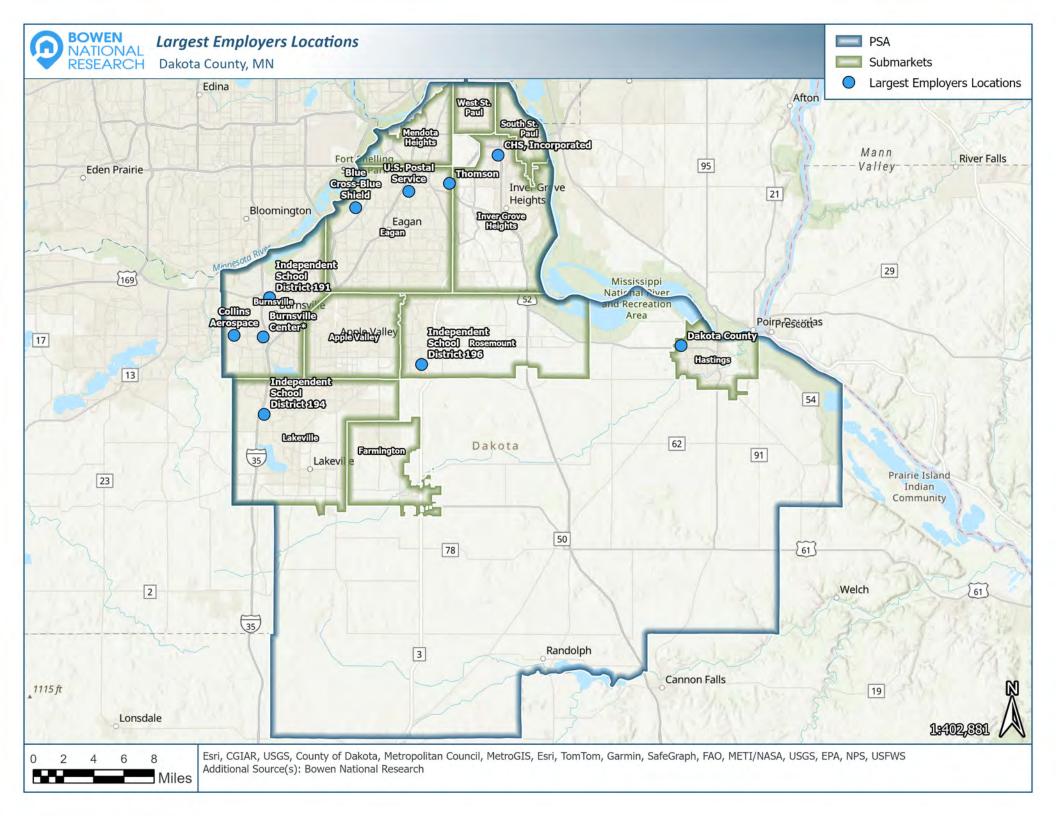
| Employer Name | Business Type | Total Employed |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Independent School District 196 | Education | 4,500 |
| Thomson West | | |
| (Formally Thomson Reuters) | Technology | 4,200 |
| Blue Cross-Blue Shield | Insurance | 3,000 |
| Burnsville Center* | Retail | 3,000 |
| Independent School District 194 | Education | 2,268 |
| U.S. Postal Service (Eagan) | Government | 2,100 |
| Dakota County | Government | 1,870 |
| Collins Aerospace | | |
| (Formally UTC Aerospace Systems) | Technology | 1,800 |
| CHS, Incorporated | Agriculture | 1,600 |
| Independent School District 191 | Education | 1,300 |
| | Total | 25,638 |

Source: Department of Employment and Economic Development (2022)

Major employers in the PSA (Dakota County) are primarily engaged in education, technology, government, insurance and retail services. As five of the 10 largest employers are involved in government or education, this helps to partially insulate the PSA from economic fluctuations as these sectors are generally less vulnerable to economic downturns. However, it is also important to note that two of the top 10 employers in Dakota County are engaged in either the retail or agriculture industries, which typically have a notable share of occupations with lower wages and are more susceptible to economic downturns. This contributes to the demand for affordable housing in the area. Regardless, major employers in the area are engaged in an array of business activities, which accommodates a variety of education and skill levels and is a positive attribute for the PSA.

A map illustrating the location of the area's largest employers is included on the following page.

^{*}Includes part-time employees



Economic Development

Economic development can improve the economic well-being and quality of life for a region or community by building local wealth, diversifying the economy, and creating and retaining jobs. Local perspective on the economy as well as notable developments in the area are summarized in this section.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

The following table summarizes some recent and/or ongoing economic development projects identified by submarket within Dakota County as of the time of this analysis:

| | Economic Development Activity | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------|---|--|--|
| Project Name | Investment | Job Creation | Scope of Work/Details | | |
| | | Apple Va | alley Submarket | | |
| HealthPartners | \$29 million | N/A | Completed: A 56,776 square-foot facility that includes family medicine, pediatrics, radiology, cardiology, lab, urgent care and other services. | | |
| Fischer Mining and Apple Valley Redi-mix Site | N/A | N/A | Proposed: Rockport, LLC proposed a development at the former mining and redi-mix site. Plans include a technology campus, retail, residential, medical, hotel and greenspace. | | |
| | | Eagar | Submarket | | |
| Viking Lakes | N/A | N/A | Under Construction: Portions of the 200-acre mixed-use development have been completed. In 2018, the Minnesota Vikings headquarters was completed. In 2023, the Vikings Training Camp generated \$5.6 million in economic activity for Eagan. Other completed portions include a hotel, apartments, retail, and more. The third phase of the development is expected to begin in 2025 and will add residential units. CliftonLarsonAllen, an accounting firm, has signed a \$10 million 16-year lease that will be used to train their employees. Expected completion date in 2025. | | |
| Lebanon Hills Maintenance Facility | \$27 million | N/A | Under Construction: A new facility is being constructed and will include a maintenance shop and greenhouse. Construction is expected to be complete in spring 2025. | | |
| Thomas Reuters Campus Site | N/A | N/A | Planned: In November 2024, Eagan City Council approved Ryan Cos. proposal to redevelop 179 acres at 610 Opperman Drive (former Thomas Reuters campus). The development will include town homes, single-family homes and 3.6 million square feet of industrial space. Ryan Cos. purchased the campus for \$41 million. | | |
| Former Blue Cross Blue Shield Site | \$209 million | 1,000 | Planned: Solventum plans to purchase the former Blue Cross Blue Shield campus. Approximately 1,100 workers will relocate from the Maplewood location (Ramsey County) and jobs will be high paying. | | |
| | | Farming | ton Submarket | | |
| Data Center | N/A | N/A | Planned: In December 2024, Farmington City Council approved a contract for a new 2.5 million square-foot data center; If built, the center could potentially generate billions in investments. | | |

N/A – Not Available

| Economic Development Activity (Continued) | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name | Scope of Work/Details | | | | | | |
| Hastings Submarket | | | | | | | |
| The Confluence | Multi-million | 55 | Completed: In 2023, The Confluence opened in a former manufacturing building that was redeveloped into a boutique hotel, apartments, office space, and a restaurant. | | | | |
| Minnesota Veterans Home Hastings Campus | \$221 million | N/A | Proposed: Plans include the demolition of five buildings, which will be replaced with one building that will consolidate veterans' housing and services. All phases, including predesign to construction, could take up to 42 months. | | | | |
| | | Lakevi | lle Submarket | | | | |
| RL Cold | N/A | 95 | Under Construction: Construction began in 2024 on a 292,000 square-foot cold storage facility at the Airlake Industrial Park. The facility is expected to be complete in spring 2025. | | | | |
| Midwest Ear, Nose and Throat Specialists | N/A | N/A | Under Construction: A 14,000 square-foot facility that is expected to be complete in early 2025. | | | | |
| Lakeville Logistics Center | N/A | N/A | Completed: A 360,000 square-foot facility was completed in 2024. | | | | |
| | | Rosemo | unt Submarket | | | | |
| Meta | \$800 million | 100 | Under Construction: The 700,000 square-foot data center is expected to open in 2026. Will create 1,000 construction jobs. | | | | |
| Life Time | N/A | N/A | Under Construction: The 92,000 square-foot facility is expected to be complete in 2025. | | | | |
| Sustainable Aviation Fuel Facility | N/A | N/A | Planned: Flint Hills Resources and Delta are in the early stages of developing a facility that will blend jet fuel. The project is expected to be complete at the end of 2025. | | | | |
| FedEx Warehouse | N/A | 400 to 600 | Completed: In 2023, construction of the new FedEx warehouse was completed at the former Rich Valley Golf Course. | | | | |
| Home Depot | N/A | 61 | Completed: In 2023, completed a 417,000 square-foot distribution center. | | | | |
| Frana Companies | \$10 million | N/A | Completed: In 2023, completed a 56,220 square-foot floor manufacturing plant. | | | | |
| Rosemount Police and Public Works | \$58 million | N/A | Completed: In late 2024, employees were able to move into the new 160,000 square-foot campus. | | | | |

N/A – Not Available

As the preceding table illustrates, economic development activity totaling over a billion dollars has either been recently completed, underway or planned. Overall, these projects have an estimated initial job creation potential for more than 1,000 new jobs within Dakota County. These new jobs will likely have an impact on housing demand.

Infrastructure

The following table summarizes major infrastructure projects identified within Dakota County as of the time of this analysis:

| Infrastructure Activity | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name | Scope of Work, Status, Investment | | | | |
| Infrastructure Overhaul | In 2024, the county announced that nearly \$96 million will be used to upgrade/expand roadways and add roundabouts along with improvements to parks and trails. | | | | |
| Veterans Memorial Greenway (Formally known as Rich Valley Greenway) | In 2024, a \$23 million bicycle/pedestrian corridor broke ground that will include eight memorials dedicated to the county's veterans. The project is expected to be complete in 2027. | | | | |

The projects listed in the preceding table have a total estimated investment of \$119 million. These projects, specifically the large-scale infrastructure overhaul, will likely have a positive impact on both economic and residential development within Dakota County.

D. PERSONAL MOBILITY

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. If traffic congestion creates long commuting times or public transit service is not available for people without access to a personal vehicle, their quality of life is diminished. Factors that lower resident satisfaction weaken housing markets. Typically, people travel frequently outside of their residences for three reasons: 1) to commute to work, 2) to run errands or 3) for recreational purposes.

Commuting Mode and Time

The following tables show commuting pattern attributes for each study area:

| | | Commuting Mode | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|----------------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|
| | | Drove | | Public | | Other | Worked | |
| | | Alone | Carpooled | Transit | Walked | Means | at Home | Total |
| Apple Valley | Number | 20,274 | 2,206 | 834 | 301 | 370 | 4,770 | 28,755 |
| Apple valley | Percent | 70.5% | 7.7% | 2.9% | 1.0% | 1.3% | 16.6% | 100.0% |
| Burnsville | Number | 24,469 | 3,910 | 1,030 | 275 | 282 | 4,432 | 34,398 |
| Burnsvine | Percent | 71.1% | 11.4% | 3.0% | 0.8% | 0.8% | 12.9% | 100.0% |
| Eagan | Number | 27,217 | 2,884 | 1,016 | 555 | 251 | 6,699 | 38,622 |
| Lagan | Percent | 70.5% | 7.5% | 2.6% | 1.4% | 0.6% | 17.3% | 100.0% |
| Farmington | Number | 10,162 | 596 | 66 | 107 | 114 | 1,774 | 12,819 |
| Failington | Percent | 79.3% | 4.6% | 0.5% | 0.8% | 0.9% | 13.8% | 100.0% |
| Hastings | Number | 9,338 | 536 | 56 | 362 | 61 | 1,066 | 11,419 |
| Hastings | Percent | 81.8% | 4.7% | 0.5% | 3.2% | 0.5% | 9.3% | 100.0% |
| Inver Grove Heights | Number | 13,317 | 1,088 | 484 | 304 | 279 | 3,681 | 19,153 |
| Thiver Grove Heights | Percent | 69.5% | 5.7% | 2.5% | 1.6% | 1.5% | 19.2% | 100.0% |
| Lakeville | Number | 27,088 | 2,922 | 934 | 256 | 285 | 6,664 | 38,149 |
| | Percent | 71.0% | 7.7% | 2.4% | 0.7% | 0.7% | 17.5% | 100.0% |
| Mendota Heights | Number | 4,169 | 209 | 92 | 38 | 19 | 1,331 | 5,858 |
| Wichdota Heights | Percent | 71.2% | 3.6% | 1.6% | 0.6% | 0.3% | 22.7% | 100.0% |
| Rosemount | Number | 10,167 | 945 | 259 | 193 | 123 | 2,566 | 14,253 |
| Rosemount | Percent | 71.3% | 6.6% | 1.8% | 1.4% | 0.9% | 18.0% | 100.0% |
| South St. Paul | Number | 8,490 | 1,148 | 231 | 160 | 162 | 1,106 | 11,297 |
| South St. 1 au | Percent | 75.2% | 10.2% | 2.0% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 9.8% | 100.0% |
| West St. Paul | Number | 7,476 | 698 | 552 | 307 | 74 | 1,595 | 10,702 |
| west St. Faui | Percent | 69.9% | 6.5% | 5.2% | 2.9% | 0.7% | 14.9% | 100.0% |
| Dakota County | Number | 170,215 | 17,701 | 5,675 | 3,063 | 2,090 | 37,211 | 235,955 |
| Dakota County | Percent | 72.1% | 7.5% | 2.4% | 1.3% | 0.9% | 15.8% | 100.0% |
| Minnesota | Number | 2,111,728 | 228,139 | 76,891 | 76,224 | 41,169 | 400,430 | 2,934,581 |
| Minnesota | Percent | 72.0% | 7.8% | 2.6% | 2.6% | 1.4% | 13.6% | 100.0% |

Source: Bowen National Research, ESRI

| | | Commuting Time | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|----------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | Less | | | | 60 or | | |
| | | Than 15 | 15 to 29 | 30 to 44 | 45 to 59 | More | Worked | |
| | | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | at Home | Total |
| Amala Wallan | Number | 5,209 | 9,747 | 5,849 | 2,083 | 1,097 | 4,770 | 28,755 |
| Apple Valley | Percent | 18.1% | 33.9% | 20.3% | 7.2% | 3.8% | 16.6% | 100.0% |
| Burnsville | Number | 7,487 | 12,853 | 6,557 | 2,102 | 966 | 4,432 | 34,397 |
| Burnsvine | Percent | 21.8% | 37.4% | 19.1% | 6.1% | 2.8% | 12.9% | 100.0% |
| Eagan | Number | 8,581 | 13,249 | 7,360 | 1,588 | 1,146 | 6,699 | 38,623 |
| Eagan | Percent | 22.2% | 34.3% | 19.1% | 4.1% | 3.0% | 17.3% | 100.0% |
| Earmington | Number | 2,607 | 3,667 | 3,010 | 1,135 | 626 | 1,774 | 12,819 |
| Farmington | Percent | 20.3% | 28.6% | 23.5% | 8.9% | 4.9% | 13.8% | 100.0% |
| Hastings | Number | 3,454 | 2,901 | 2,682 | 920 | 396 | 1,066 | 11,419 |
| Hastings | Percent | 30.2% | 25.4% | 23.5% | 8.1% | 3.5% | 9.3% | 100.0% |
| Inver Grove Heights | Number | 3,958 | 6,564 | 3,525 | 876 | 549 | 3,681 | 19,153 |
| Thiver Grove Heights | Percent | 20.7% | 34.3% | 18.4% | 4.6% | 2.9% | 19.2% | 100.0% |
| Lakeville | Number | 7,213 | 11,669 | 8,649 | 2,848 | 1,106 | 6,664 | 38,149 |
| Lakeville | Percent | 18.9% | 30.6% | 22.7% | 7.5% | 2.9% | 17.5% | 100.0% |
| Mendota Heights | Number | 1,178 | 2,445 | 683 | 140 | 79 | 1,331 | 5,856 |
| | Percent | 20.1% | 41.8% | 11.7% | 2.4% | 1.3% | 22.7% | 100.0% |
| Rosemount | Number | 2,579 | 4,105 | 3,498 | 819 | 686 | 2,566 | 14,253 |
| Rosemount | Percent | 18.1% | 28.8% | 24.5% | 5.7% | 4.8% | 18.0% | 100.0% |
| South St. Paul | Number | 2,992 | 4,708 | 1,837 | 481 | 173 | 1,106 | 11,297 |
| South St. Faul | Percent | 26.5% | 41.7% | 16.3% | 4.3% | 1.5% | 9.8% | 100.0% |
| West St. Paul | Number | 2,121 | 4,025 | 2,191 | 233 | 537 | 1,595 | 10,702 |
| west St. Faui | Percent | 19.8% | 37.6% | 20.5% | 2.2% | 5.0% | 14.9% | 100.0% |
| Dakata County | Number | 49,577 | 79,075 | 48,050 | 14,068 | 7,974 | 37,211 | 235,955 |
| Dakota County | Percent | 21.0% | 33.5% | 20.4% | 6.0% | 3.4% | 15.8% | 100.0% |
| Minnesota | Number | 790,688 | 966,389 | 486,276 | 157,164 | 133,634 | 400,430 | 2,934,581 |
| Willinesota | Percent | 26.9% | 32.9% | 16.6% | 5.4% | 4.6% | 13.6% | 100.0% |

Source: Bowen National Research, ESRI

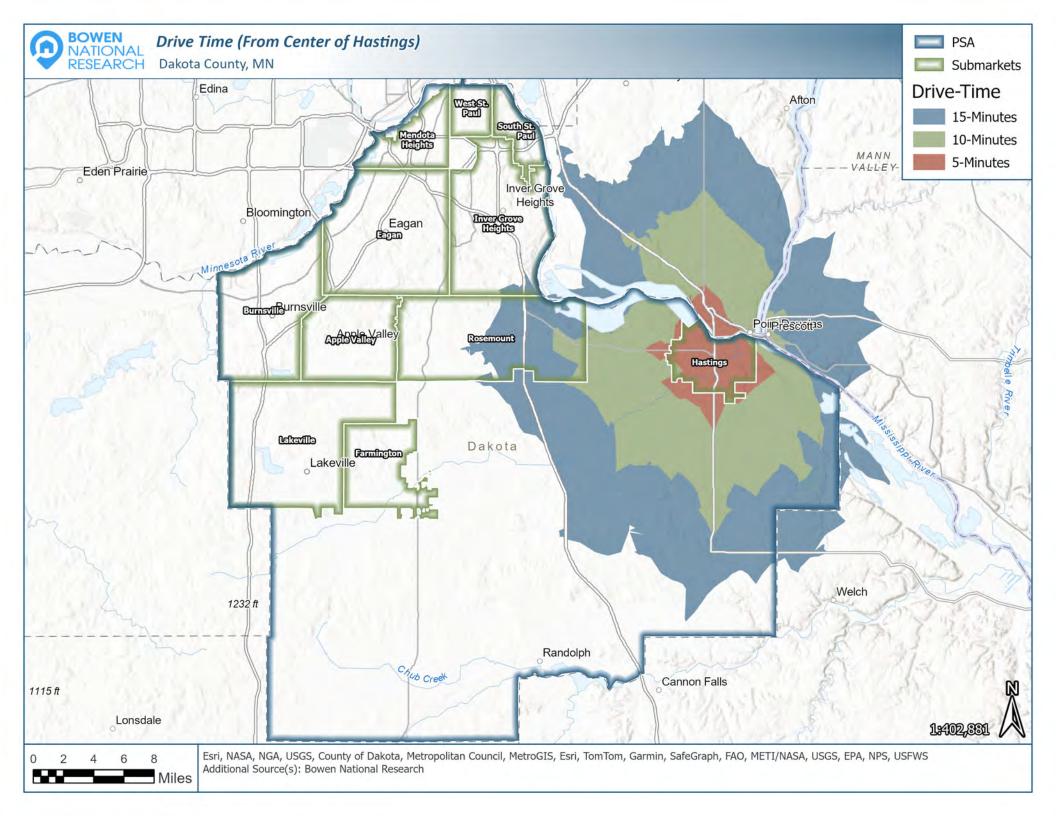
Noteworthy observations from the preceding tables follow:

• Within the PSA (Dakota County), 79.6% of commuters either drive alone or carpool to work. This represents a similar share of such commuting modes when compared to the state of Minnesota (79.8%). While the PSA has a lower share of commuters who walk to work (1.3% versus 2.6% of the state), it has a slightly higher share of workers who work from home (15.8% versus 13.6% of the state). While the shares of commuting modes among the various submarkets vary when compared to the overall PSA, there is a noteworthy share (22.7%) of individuals within Mendota Heights that work from home. In addition, West St. Paul has significant shares of commuters that utilize public transit (5.2%) and walk to work (2.9%).

• Nearly half (54.5%) of commuters in Dakota County have commute times of less than 30 minutes, representing a smaller share of relatively short commute times than that of the state (59.8%). This results in a slightly higher share of commuters in the county having commute times greater than 30 minutes (29.8% versus 26.6% of the state). While the Hastings Submarket has the largest share of commuters with commute times of less than 15 minutes (30.2%) compared to the remaining submarkets of the PSA, the South St. Paul Submarket has the highest overall share of individuals commuting less than 30 minutes (68.2%) among the various submarkets. Conversely, the Farmington Submarket has the largest share of commuters traveling 45 minutes or more (13.8%) than any other submarket within the PSA. Communities with longer average commute times are more vulnerable to people leaving their communities in an effort to live closer to work.

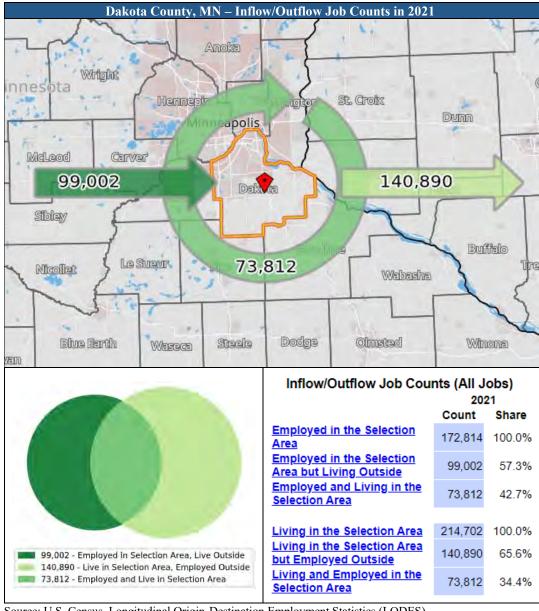
Based on the preceding analysis, the vast majority of PSA and submarket commuters utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, commute times in the PSA and each submarket are, on average, slightly longer than commute times for the state of Minnesota. The commuting data reflects people *living* in each study area and is <u>not</u> reflective of people commuting *into* the county for work. In-commuter data is included later in this section, starting on page V-22.

A drive-time map illustrating travel times from the center of Hastings, which is the county seat within Dakota County, is included on the following page.



Commuting Inflow/Outflow

According to 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES), of the 214,702 employed residents of Dakota County, 140,890 (65.6%) are employed outside the county, while the remaining 73,812 (34.4%) are employed within Dakota County. In addition, 99,002 people commute into Dakota County from surrounding areas for employment. These 99,002 non-residents account for 57.3% of the people employed in the county. This represents a notable base of potential support for future residential development, as some commuters would likely consider relocating to Dakota County to be closer to their place of employment if housing that met their needs was available. The following illustrates the number of jobs filled by in-commuters and residents, as well as the number of resident out-commuters.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES)

Characteristics of the Dakota County commuting flow in 2021 are illustrated in the following table.

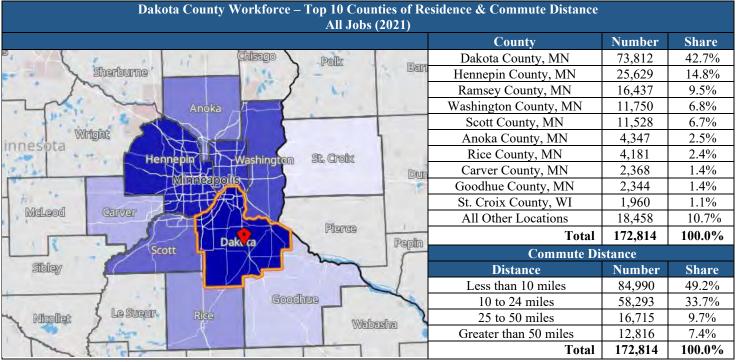
| Dakota County, MN: Commuting <i>Flow</i> Analysis by Earnings, Age and Industry Group (2021, All Jobs) | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-------|--------|----------|------------------|-------|--|--|
| Washes Characteristics | Resident Outflow | | Worker | s Inflow | Resident Workers | | | |
| Worker Characteristics | Number | Share | Number | Share | Number | Share | | |
| Ages 29 or younger | 29,407 | 20.9% | 23,134 | 23.4% | 17,786 | 24.1% | | |
| Ages 30 to 54 | 78,732 | 55.9% | 53,594 | 54.1% | 37,471 | 50.8% | | |
| Ages 55 or older | 32,751 | 23.2% | 22,274 | 22.5% | 18,555 | 25.1% | | |
| Earning <\$1,250 per month | 21,281 | 15.1% | 16,549 | 16.7% | 16,033 | 21.7% | | |
| Earning \$1,251 to \$3,333 | 25,910 | 18.4% | 22,325 | 22.6% | 18,246 | 24.7% | | |
| Earning \$3,333+ per month | 93,699 | 66.5% | 60,128 | 60.7% | 39,533 | 53.6% | | |
| Total Worker Flow | | | | | | | | |

Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES)

Note: Figures do not include contract employees and self-employed workers

Of the county's 99,002 in-commuters, over half (54.1%) are between the ages of 30 and 54 years and 60.7% earn \$3,333 or more per month (\$40,000 or more annually). Outflow workers, by comparison, tend to be slightly older and earn higher incomes than inflow workers. Regardless, given the diversity of incomes and ages of the approximately 99,000 people commuting into the area for work each day, a variety of housing product types could be developed to potentially attract these commuters to live in Dakota County. As shown later in this report, Dakota County has very limited availability among both its rental and for-sale housing stock, which limits its ability to attract non-resident commuters. A detailed analysis of the area housing market, which includes availability, costs, and product mixture is included in Section VI of this report. It is important to understand that the overall health of the local housing market can influence the probability of in-commuters relocating to the area.

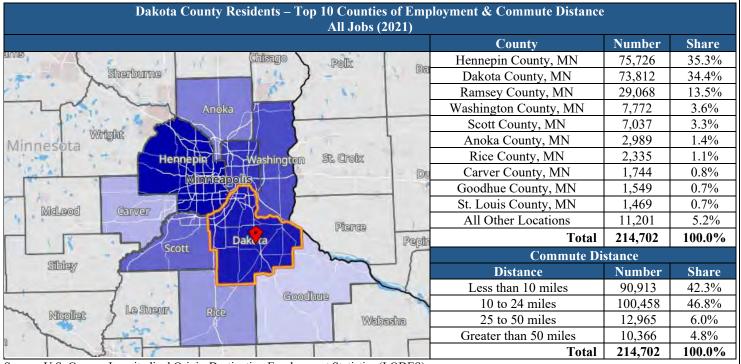
The following map and corresponding tables illustrate the physical *home* location (county) of people *working in* Dakota County, as well as the distribution of commute distances for the Dakota County workforce.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES)

Statistics provided by LODES indicate that 42.7% of the Dakota County workforce are residents of the county. The counties of Hennepin (14.8%), Ramsey (9.5%), Washington (6.8%) and Scott (6.7%) contribute the next largest shares of people that work in Dakota County. In total, over 84.0% of the Dakota County workforce originates from either within the county or from an adjacent county, and only 10.7% of the labor force originates from outside of the top 10 counties listed. As such, most of the Dakota County workforce is regionally based with 82.9% of individuals commuting less than 25 miles. Inflow workers with commute distances of more than 50 miles comprise 7.4% of the total Dakota County workforce. These 12,816 inflow workers with notably lengthy commutes, as well as those with shorter commutes from outside the county, represent a base of potential support for future residential development in Dakota County.

The following map and corresponding tables illustrate the physical *work* location (county) of Dakota County residents, as well as the commute distances for these workers.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES)

Of the 214,702 employed residents of Dakota County, 34.4% are employed within Dakota County. The largest share (35.3%) of Dakota County residents employed outside the county are employed in Hennepin County. A notable share (13.5%) of Dakota County residents are also employed in Ramsey County. This is not surprising since these two counties include the larger cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul, respectively. Overall, this data illustrates that many residents of Dakota County seek employment in the larger metropolitan areas of the region and 89.1% of resident commuters have commute distances less than 25 miles. Regardless, over 10,000 Dakota County residents have commutes of greater than 50 miles. Although a number of factors contribute to where an individual chooses to reside, lengthy commute times can increase the likelihood of relocation if adequate housing options are present closer to an individual's place of employment.

E. PROJECTED JOB GROWTH AND IMPACT ON NEW HOUSEHOLD CREATION

Dakota County is located in the Seven County Minneapolis-St. Paul Planning Area, which also includes the counties of Anoka, Carver, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington. Based on projections provided by the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, employment within this planning area is expected to increase by 4.9% (94,877) between 2022 and 2032. Because job growth often has a significant impact on housing market demand, we have incorporated job growth projections to estimate the number of new households that may result from this factor.

In order to estimate the job creation specific to Dakota County, the respective shares of the current at-place employment for each of the seven counties was obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the most recent full-year period available (2023). The resulting share of at-place employment for Dakota County was then applied to the overall job growth for the planning area to derive the projected number of new jobs in Dakota County.

The following table illustrates the projected job growth for Dakota County and the Seven County Minneapolis-St. Paul Planning Area for the most recent 10-year period for which data is currently available (2022-2032).

| Projected Job Growth Dakota County/Seven County Minneapolis-St. Paul Planning Area | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2023 At-Place Share At-Place Job Growth | | | | | | | |
| Area Employment Employment 2022-2032 | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County 188,030 10.7% 10,163 | | | | | | | |
| Seven County Planning Area 1,755,287 100.0% 94,877 | | | | | | | |

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development; U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, job growth of approximately 94,877 jobs is projected to occur in the Seven County Minneapolis-St. Paul Planning Area. Using the 10.7% share of at-place employment for Dakota County, this would result in 10,163 new jobs within Dakota County between 2022 and 2032. As previously discussed, job growth often has a significant impact on housing market demand. As such, we have estimated the number of new households by tenure (renters and owners) that may result from job growth. Note that many factors ultimately determine where households choose to reside, and not all new jobs will result in an additional household. Examples of these factors include jobs filled by unemployed persons already in the market and jobs filled by commuters that will continue to reside outside of the county where the new job is created.

The following table illustrates the potential household growth by tenure resulting from new job creation for Dakota County between 2024 and 2029. Note that the time period has been adjusted to align with the time period utilized in demographic projections provided by ESRI.

| Projected Household Growth Resulting from Job Creation Dakota County (2024-2029) | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Projected Renter Projected Owner Projected Total Factor Households Households Households | | | | | | | |
| Total New Jobs Created (2024-2029)* | 5,082 | 5,082 | 5,082 | | | | |
| Jobs-to-Households Multiplier** | x0.2 | x0.2 | x0.2 | | | | |
| Projected Households from New Jobs 1,016 1,016 1,016 | | | | | | | |
| Household Tenure Ratio (2024) | 27.0% | 73.0% | 100.0% | | | | |
| Projected New Households by Tenure | 274 | 742 | 1,016 | | | | |

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development; Bureau of Labor Statistics; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the estimated new job creation from 2024 to 2029 combined with the jobs-to-households multiplier of 0.2, which is based on Bowen Research industry knowledge and previously resident/commuter surveys, is projected to have a household growth impact of approximately 1,016 new households in Dakota County over the next five years. Given the current distribution of renter and owner households within the county. this will result in 274 new renter households and 742 new owner households over the next five years. While the actual numbers can be influenced heavily by housing availability and affordability within the market, it is also important to understand that job growth in nearby counties can also positively influence household growth. In addition, future large-scale economic investments which have yet to be announced can significantly increase these estimates. Regardless, it is apparent that the forecasted job growth in Dakota County combined with an existing 3.3% projected increase in households over the next five years will have a significant impact on housing demand in the local market.

F. CONCLUSIONS

The economy in the PSA (Dakota County) is well diversified, as 50.9% of its employment base is heavily influenced by the retail, manufacturing, healthcare and social assistance, educational service, and accommodation and food service sectors. This likely helped to insulate the county from being more severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic as compared to the nation, as its employment base declined by 3.2% in 2020. This is nearly half of the decline experienced by the country overall (6.2%) in 2020. Similarly, the PSA's unemployment rate increased by 3.4 percentage points between 2019 and 2020, whereas the national unemployment rate increased by 4.4 percentage points. In addition, at-place employment (the number of persons employed in the county, regardless of their place of work) for Dakota County through the end of 2023 is at 98.3% of the 2019 level, which has been increasing at an average annual rate

^{*}Represents 50% of the total new jobs created during the 10-year projection period from 2022 to 2032

^{**}Multiplier based on Bowen National Research's prior studies of the relationship between new jobs and household growth

of nearly 2.0% since 2020. Through July 2024, the Dakota County economy appears to have fully recovered from the initial impact of the pandemic, as employment base and unemployment rate trends are generally similar to those preceding the pandemic.

Dakota County is part of the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), which encompasses a 15-county region. While total employment within Dakota County represents only 9.8% of total employment within the MSA in 2023, the county is generally similar to the MSA in terms of top employment sectors and will provide a general overview of housing affordability for some of the most common occupations in the region. While typical wages within the MSA are generally higher than those of the state, the cost of housing, particularly home ownership, still appears to be unattainable for many individuals. In fact, only two of the top 35 occupations within the MSA provide sufficient wages to median-income workers to afford to purchase a home within the county. Although it is likely that many of these individuals are part of multiple-income households, more than half of the occupations listed could still not afford to purchase a typical home in the area even if the median wage for their respective occupation were doubled. This illustrates that home ownership is not affordable for a notable share of workers in the most common occupations in the PSA.

The PSA appears to be vehicle dependent, as most commuters utilize their own vehicle or carpool to work. Given the county's proximity to Hennepin and Ramsey counties, which include the larger cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul, respectively, average commute times are slightly longer than commute times for the state of Minnesota; however, over 89.0% of county resident commuters travel less than 25 miles to work. Regardless, over 10,000 Dakota County residents have commutes of greater than 50 miles, which could increase the likelihood of such individuals relocating outside of the county if adequate housing options are present near their place of employment. Conversely, there are nearly 13,000 non-resident individuals employed within the county that commute more than 50 miles and represent a base of potential support for future residential development in Dakota County.

Overall, there are many positive attributes impacting the local economy, which will contribute to ongoing demand for housing in Dakota County. It is important that an adequate supply of income-appropriate housing is available to capture new residents and retain existing residents, particularly those with lengthy commutes.

VI. HOUSING SUPPLY ANALYSIS

This housing supply analysis includes a variety of housing alternatives. Understanding the historical trends, market performance, characteristics, composition, and current housing choices provide critical information as to current market conditions and future housing potential. The housing data presented and analyzed in this section includes primary data collected directly by Bowen National Research and secondary data sources including American Community Survey (ACS), U.S. Census housing information, and data provided by various government entities and real estate professionals.

While there are a variety of housing options offered in the Primary Study Area (PSA, Dakota County), we focused our analysis on the most common housing alternatives. The housing structures included in this analysis are:

- **Rental Housing** Rental properties consisting of multifamily apartments (generally with five or more units within a structure) were identified and surveyed. An analysis of non-conventional rentals (typically with four or less units within a structure) was also conducted.
- For-Sale Housing For-sale housing alternatives, both recent sales activity and currently available supply, were inventoried. This data includes single-family homes, condominiums, mobile homes, and other traditional housing alternatives. It includes stand-alone product as well as homes within planned developments or projects.
- **Senior Care Housing** We surveyed senior care facilities that provide both shelter and care housing alternatives to seniors requiring some level of personal care (e.g., dressing, bathing, medical reminders, etc.) and medical care. This includes independent living, assisted living, and nursing homes.

For the purposes of this analysis, the housing supply information is presented for the Primary Study Area (PSA, Dakota County), the 11 PSA submarkets, and the state of Minnesota, when available.

Maps illustrating the location of various housing types are included throughout this section.

A. OVERALL HOUSING SUPPLY (SECONDARY DATA)

This section of analysis on the area housing supply is based on secondary data sources such as the U.S. Census, American Community Survey and ESRI, and is provided for the PSA (Dakota County), various PSA submarkets, and the state of Minnesota, when applicable. Note that some small variation of total numbers and percentages within tables may exist due to rounding.

Housing Characteristics

The estimated distribution of the area housing stock by tenure (renter and owner) within the study areas is summarized in the following table.

| | | Occup | pied and Vac | cant Housing | g Units by T | enure |
|------------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------|
| | | Total Occupied | Owner Occupied | Renter Occupied | Vacant | Total |
| Ammle Weller | Number | 21,311 | 16,101 | 5,210 | 479 | 21,790 |
| Apple Valley | Percent | 97.8% | 75.6% | 24.4% | 2.2% | 100.0% |
| Burnsville | Number | 25,362 | 17,307 | 8,055 | 805 | 26,167 |
| Durnsvine | Percent | 96.9% | 68.2% | 31.8% | 3.1% | 100.0% |
| Fagan | Number | 27,625 | 19,414 | 8,211 | 630 | 28,255 |
| Eagan | Percent | 97.8% | 70.3% | 29.7% | 2.2% | 100.0% |
| Eauminaton | Number | 8,146 | 7,044 | 1,102 | 218 | 8,364 |
| Farmington | Percent | 97.4% | 86.5% | 13.5% | 2.6% | 100.0% |
| Hastings | Number | 8,968 | 6,586 | 2,382 | 348 | 9,316 |
| Hastings | Percent | 96.3% | 73.4% | 26.6% | 3.7% | 100.0% |
| Inver Grove | Number | 14,666 | 10,894 | 3,772 | 348 | 15,014 |
| Heights | Percent | 97.7% | 74.3% | 25.7% | 2.3% | 100.0% |
| Lakeville | Number | 24,252 | 21,186 | 3,066 | 568 | 24,820 |
| Lakeville | Percent | 97.7% | 87.4% | 12.6% | 2.3% | 100.0% |
| Mendota Heights | Number | 4,722 | 3,776 | 946 | 157 | 4,879 |
| Menuota rieignts | Percent | 96.8% | 80.0% | 20.0% | 3.2% | 100.0% |
| Rosemount | Number | 9,229 | 7,998 | 1,231 | 234 | 9,463 |
| Kosemount | Percent | 97.5% | 86.7% | 13.3% | 2.5% | 100.0% |
| South St. Paul | Number | 8,313 | 5,944 | 2,369 | 154 | 8,467 |
| South St. Faul | Percent | 98.2% | 71.5% | 28.5% | 1.8% | 100.0% |
| West St. Paul | Number | 9,302 | 5,713 | 3,589 | 444 | 9,746 |
| West St. 1 auf | Percent | 95.4% | 61.4% | 38.6% | 4.6% | 100.0% |
| Dakota County | Number | 169,404 | 128,582 | 40,822 | 4,760 | 174,164 |
| Dakota County | Percent | 97.3% | 75.9% | 24.1% | 2.7% | 100.0% |
| Minnesota | Number | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 |
| Milliesota | Percent | 90.5% | 72.3% | 27.7% | 9.5% | 100.0% |

Source: ACS 2018-2022; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In total, there are an estimated 174,164 housing units within the PSA (Dakota County), based on American Community Survey (ACS) 2018-2022 estimates. Of the 169,404 total *occupied* housing units in the PSA, 75.9% are owner occupied, while 24.1% are renter occupied. This distribution of product by tenure within the PSA is slightly more heavily weighted toward owner-occupied housing (75.9%) than the state of Minnesota (72.3%). Overall, 2.7% of the total housing units within the PSA are classified as vacant, which is a notably lower share of such units compared to the statewide share (9.5%). Vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, rentals, for-sale, and seasonal housing units.

With the exception of the Farmington, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, and Rosemount submarkets, the PSA submarkets report higher shares of renter-occupied housing units as compared to the county. The highest share of renter-occupied housing units among the PSA submarkets is found within the West St. Paul Submarket (38.6%) while the highest share of owner-occupied housing units is within the Lakeville Submarket (87.4%). The share of vacant housing units within the various PSA submarkets is generally similar to that reported countywide though it is of note that both the Hastings and West St. Paul submarkets report vacancy rates which are at least one full percentage point higher than the PSA vacancy rate of 2.7%.

The following table compares key housing age and conditions for each of the study areas and the state based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated for each area by tenure (renter or owner). It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|----------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| | | Pre-1970 | Product | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Ren | iter | Ow | ner | Rer | iter | Ow | ner | Renter | | Owner | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Apple Valley | 482 | 9.3% | 2,064 | 12.8% | 242 | 4.6% | 247 | 1.5% | 129 | 2.5% | 58 | 0.4% |
| Burnsville | 1,301 | 16.2% | 3,965 | 22.9% | 408 | 5.1% | 259 | 1.5% | 266 | 3.3% | 9 | 0.1% |
| Eagan | 568 | 6.9% | 1,991 | 10.3% | 493 | 6.0% | 96 | 0.5% | 22 | 0.3% | 43 | 0.2% |
| Farmington | 60 | 17.0% | 122 | 2.4% | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 1.5% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Hastings | 515 | 24.4% | 1,873 | 42.4% | 64 | 3.0% | 12 | 0.3% | 79 | 3.7% | 4 | 0.1% |
| Inver Grove | 433 | 11.1% | 2,327 | 21.1% | 196 | 5.0% | 46 | 0.4% | 0 | 0.0% | 48 | 0.4% |
| Heights | 733 | 11.170 | 2,327 | 21.170 | 170 | 3.070 | 40 | 0.470 | U | 0.070 | 70 | 0.470 |
| Lakeville | 340 | 11.1% | 1,702 | 8.0% | 212 | 6.9% | 93 | 0.4% | 203 | 6.6% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Mendota Heights | 69 | 6.3% | 1,423 | 33.8% | 0 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.2% | 2 | 0.2% | 16 | 0.4% |
| Rosemount | 108 | 8.8% | 708 | 8.9% | 106 | 8.6% | 14 | 0.2% | 36 | 2.9% | 10 | 0.1% |
| South St. Paul | 1,305 | 55.5% | 4,497 | 76.6% | 14 | 0.6% | 77 | 1.3% | 49 | 2.1% | 38 | 0.6% |
| West St. Paul | 1,478 | 41.2% | 3,566 | 62.4% | 117 | 3.3% | 121 | 2.1% | 164 | 4.6% | 24 | 0.4% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: ACS 2018-2022; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Within the PSA (Dakota County), approximately 17.5% of renter-occupied housing and 20.7% of owner-occupied housing was built prior to 1970. Both represent considerably lower shares of such units compared to the corresponding shares for the state of Minnesota (35.9% and 38.2%, respectively). Within the PSA, 4.6% of renter households and 0.9% of owner households are overcrowded, which are both slightly lower than statewide shares (4.7% and 1.3%, respectively). The shares of renter households (2.4%) and owner households (0.2%) in the PSA with incomplete plumbing or kitchens are relatively low and similar to statewide shares.

Based on the preceding factors, it appears that the existing housing stock within the PSA is newer than the overall state and that overcrowding among renter households is the most prevalent housing condition issue in the PSA. Although the shares of overcrowded households and households with incomplete plumbing or kitchen facilities are relatively low, approximately 4,221 households (2,834 renter households and 1,387 owner households) in Dakota County are living in substandard housing conditions.

Among the PSA submarkets, the South St. Paul and West St. Paul areas comprise the oldest housing stock. Within these two submarkets, the respective shares of pre-1970 rental product are 55.5% and 41.2%, while the shares of owner-occupied housing units that were built prior to 1970 are 76.6% and 62.4%. Overcrowded housing conditions are most prevalent among renter households within the Rosemount Submarket (8.6%) and owner households within the West St. Paul Submarket (2.1%). While incomplete plumbing or kitchen facilities are most prominent within the Lakeville Submarket (6.6%), none of the submarkets experience notable shares of owner-occupied housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchen facilities as less than 1.0% of all such units experience this issue within each submarket.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics of the various study areas. Cost burdened households are defined as those paying over 30% of their income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of their income toward housing.

| | | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|---|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|--|
| | | | | | | re of | Share of Severe | | |
| | | Median | Median | Median | Cost Bu | ırdened | Cost Burdened | | |
| | 2024 | Household | Home | Gross | House | holds* | Housel | nolds** | |
| | Households | Income | Value | Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner | |
| Apple Valley | 21,768 | \$100,703 | \$406,938 | \$1,607 | 49.2% | 17.2% | 24.4% | 5.7% | |
| Burnsville | 25,994 | \$86,847 | \$363,527 | \$1,443 | 50.6% | 20.7% | 20.6% | 8.0% | |
| Eagan | 28,098 | \$104,731 | \$433,589 | \$1,490 | 41.7% | 16.0% | 18.1% | 5.2% | |
| Farmington | 8,125 | \$111,136 | \$390,820 | \$1,214 | 40.6% | 16.0% | 23.3% | 4.2% | |
| Hastings | 9,259 | \$88,159 | \$349,101 | \$1,146 | 42.0% | 19.2% | 21.0% | 6.9% | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 14,646 | \$97,846 | \$402,929 | \$1,324 | 47.5% | 17.9% | 20.8% | 5.6% | |
| Lakeville | 25,885 | \$127,558 | \$467,695 | \$1,623 | 48.2% | 13.4% | 31.0% | 3.4% | |
| Mendota Heights | 4,879 | \$128,891 | \$564,867 | \$1,268 | 41.8% | 14.2% | 21.4% | 6.1% | |
| Rosemount | 9,848 | \$128,537 | \$432,979 | \$1,521 | 38.3% | 14.1% | 15.4% | 3.9% | |
| South St. Paul | 8,371 | \$78,465 | \$289,841 | \$1,094 | 48.9% | 18.6% | 20.8% | 5.4% | |
| West St. Paul | 9,444 | \$68,406 | \$337,491 | \$1,204 | 56.4% | 23.3% | 28.8% | 10.3% | |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% | |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% | |

Source: ACS 2018-2022; ESRI; Bowen National Research *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs

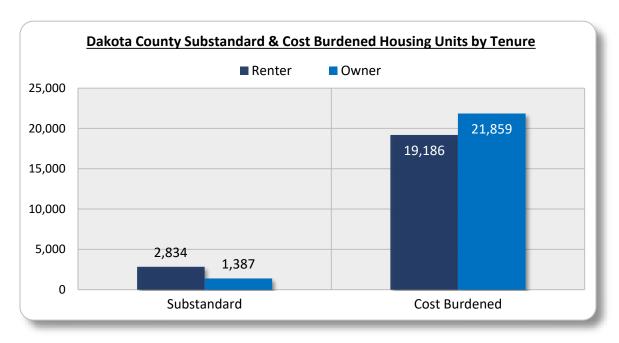
The estimated median home value of \$413,686 within the PSA (Dakota County) is 14.9% higher than the state's estimated median home value of \$360,089, while the median gross rent of \$1,410 in the PSA is nearly 20.0% higher than the state's median gross rent of \$1,178. The median household income for the PSA (\$102,310) is 17.9% higher than that for the state. Despite the considerably higher median household income level, the shares of cost burdened (47.0%) and severe cost burdened (21.9%) renter households are higher than statewide shares (44.0% and 21.4%, respectively). Conversely, the shares of cost burdened (17.0%) and severe cost burdened (5.7%) owner households within the PSA are lower than statewide shares (18.2% and 6.7%, respectively).

Based on the data presented in the preceding table, there are approximately 19,186 renter households and 21,859 owner households in the PSA that are housing cost burdened. Of these, approximately 8,940 renter households and 7,329 owner households are *severe* housing cost burdened (paying 50% or more of their income toward housing costs). This data illustrates the importance of affordable rental and for-sale housing alternatives for the residents of Dakota County.

^{**}Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

Specific to the PSA submarkets, it is notable that the Eagan, Farmington, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, and Rosemount submarkets report higher median household income levels than the county. Subsequently, four of these five aforementioned submarkets (Eagan, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, and Rosemount) report higher median home values than the county. Median gross rent levels within five of the submarkets (Apple Valley, Burnsville, Eagan, Lakeville, and Rosemount) are higher than that reported for the county. The share of cost burdened and severe cost burdened households (renter and owner) within most submarkets are relatively similar to countywide shares. It is notable, however, that more than 50.0% of all renter households and 20.0% of all owner households within the Burnsville and West St. Paul submarkets are cost burdened while 31.0% of renter households in the Lakeville Submarket and more than 10.0% of owner households within the West St. Paul Submarket are severe cost burdened.

The following graph illustrates substandard housing and cost burdened households by tenure (renter or owner) within the PSA (Dakota County).



Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by units in structure by tenure (renter or owner) for the various study areas.

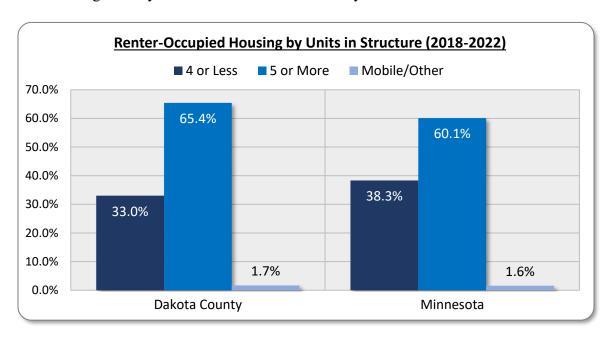
| | | Rente | Str | Housing by Uructure | nits in | Owne | Sti | l Housing by Unructure | nits in |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total |
| Apple Valley | Number | 2,019 | 3,062 | 129 | 5,210 | 15,306 | 468 | 327 | 16,101 |
| rippic valicy | Percent | 38.8% | 58.8% | 2.5% | 100.0% | 95.1% | 2.9% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| Burnsville | Number | 1,784 | 6,174 | 97 | 8,055 | 15,669 | 1,212 | 426 | 17,307 |
| Durnsyme | Percent | 22.1% | 76.6% | 1.2% | 100.0% | 90.5% | 7.0% | 2.5% | 100.0% |
| Eagan | Number | 2,250 | 5,923 | 38 | 8,211 | 18,450 | 964 | 0 | 19,414 |
| Lagan | Percent | 27.4% | 72.1% | 0.5% | 100.0% | 95.0% | 5.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Farmington | Number | 920 | 182 | 0 | 1,102 | 6,972 | 71 | 0 | 7,044 |
| raimington | Percent | 83.5% | 16.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 99.0% | 1.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Hastings | Number | 908 | 1,474 | 0 | 2,382 | 6,380 | 185 | 21 | 6,586 |
| Trastings | Percent | 38.1% | 61.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 96.9% | 2.8% | 0.3% | 100.0% |
| Inver Grove | Number | 1,080 | 2,532 | 160 | 3,772 | 10,162 | 208 | 524 | 10,894 |
| Heights | Percent | 28.6% | 67.1% | 4.2% | 100.0% | 93.3% | 1.9% | 4.8% | 100.0% |
| Lakeville | Number | 1,448 | 1,433 | 185 | 3,066 | 20,452 | 182 | 552 | 21,186 |
| Lakeviiie | Percent | 47.2% | 46.7% | 6.0% | 100.0% | 96.5% | 0.9% | 2.6% | 100.0% |
| Mendota | Number | 333 | 613 | 0 | 946 | 3,444 | 325 | 6 | 3,776 |
| Heights | Percent | 35.2% | 64.8% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 91.2% | 8.6% | 0.2% | 100.0% |
| Rosemount | Number | 627 | 582 | 22 | 1,231 | 7,608 | 193 | 197 | 7,998 |
| Kosemount | Percent | 50.9% | 47.3% | 1.8% | 100.0% | 95.1% | 2.4% | 2.5% | 100.0% |
| South St. Paul | Number | 1,210 | 1,159 | 0 | 2,369 | 5,692 | 133 | 120 | 5,944 |
| South St. 1 auf | Percent | 51.1% | 48.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 95.8% | 2.2% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| West St. Paul | Number | 481 | 3,108 | 0 | 3,589 | 5,372 | 341 | 0 | 5,713 |
| West St. 1 auf | Percent | 13.4% | 86.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 94.0% | 6.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 |
| A CG 2019 2 | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% |

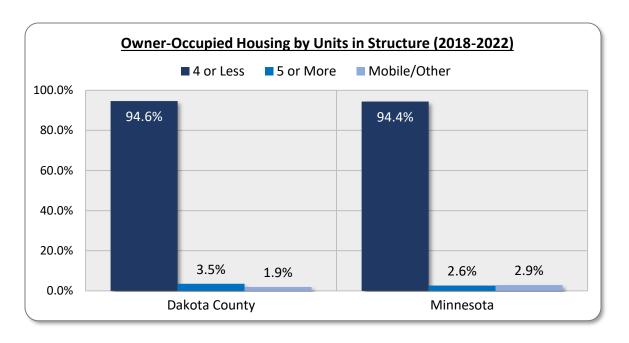
Source: ACS 2018-2022; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 65.4% of the *rental* units in the PSA (Dakota County) are within structures of five units or more, which represents a higher share of multifamily apartments as compared to the state (60.1%). This indicates that the majority of rental units in the county are within multifamily structures. Nonetheless, as nearly 35.0% of rental units within the PSA are within structures of four or fewer units or mobile homes, non-conventional rentals are also prevalent within the county. Similar to most markets throughout the country, the vast majority (94.6%) of *owner*-occupied housing units within the county are within structures of four or fewer units. However, the share of owner-occupied housing units within structures containing five or more units (3.5%) is slightly higher than that reported statewide (2.6%), indicating that attached condominium and/or townhome style units may be more common within Dakota County as compared to the state. Conversely, mobile home units are less common among owner-occupied housing units within the county (1.9%) as compared to the state (2.9%).

Generally, renter-occupied housing units within the various PSA submarkets are concentrated within structures containing five or more units, similar to such units throughout the county. It is of note, however, that more than half (50.9% or higher) of all renter-occupied housing units within the Farmington, Rosemount, and South St. Paul submarkets are among structures containing four or fewer units. This suggests that non-conventional rentals such as singlefamily homes, duplex-style structures, units above storefronts, etc. are likely more common within these submarkets as compared to other areas throughout the county. Conversely, more than three-quarters (76.6% or higher) renteroccupied units within the Burnsville and West St. Paul submarkets are within structures containing five or more units. Thus, multifamily rental product is likely more prevalent within these submarkets as compared to others throughout the county. Similar to countywide trends, the vast majority (90.5% or higher) of owner-occupied housing units within each of the PSA submarkets is among structures comprised of four or fewer units. It is notable that at least 5.0% of owner-occupied housing units within the Burnsville, Eagan, Mendota Heights, and West St. Paul submarkets are within structures comprised of five or more units, which are higher shares than the countywide share of 3.5%. This suggests that attached for-sale product (i.e., condominiums, townhomes, rowhouses, etc.) are more common within these areas as compared to other submarkets throughout the county.

The following graphs compare the shares of renter- and owner-occupied housing units by units in structure for each study area.





B. RENTAL HOUSING SUPPLY ANALYSIS (BOWEN NATIONAL SURVEY)

1. Introduction

Bowen National Research conducted research and analysis of various rental housing alternatives within the PSA (Dakota County). This analysis includes multifamily and non-conventional rental housing.

2. Multifamily Apartments

From June to September of 2024, Bowen National Research surveyed (both by telephone and in-person) a total of 229 multifamily rental housing properties within Dakota County. While this survey does not include all properties in the county, it does include the majority of the larger properties. The overall survey is considered representative of the performance, conditions and trends of multifamily rental housing in the market. Projects identified, inventoried, and surveyed operate as market-rate (nongovernment assisted or restricted properties) and under a number of affordable housing programs including the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program (generally serving households earning between 51% and 80% of Area Median Household Income) and various government-subsidized or HUD programs (generally serving households earning 50% or less of Area Median Household Income). Definitions of each housing program are included in *Addendum O: Glossary*.

The distribution of the surveyed multifamily rental housing supply by program type is illustrated in the following table.

| Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing – Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Type | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Occupancy Rate | | | | | |
| Market-Rate | 139 | 21,662 | 1,050 | 95.2% | | | | | |
| Market-Rate/Tax Credit | 4 | 704 | 74 | 89.5% | | | | | |
| Market-Rate/Government-Subsidized | 1 | 172 | 4 | 97.7% | | | | | |
| Tax Credit | 65 | 3,625 | 33 | 99.1% | | | | | |
| Tax Credit/Government-Subsidized | 12 | 709 | 0 | 100.0% | | | | | |
| Market-Rate/Tax Credit/Government-Subsidized | 1 | 104 | 0 | 100.0% | | | | | |
| Government-Subsidized | 7 | 235 | 0 | 100.0% | | | | | |
| Total | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 95.7% | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

Typically, in healthy and well-balanced markets, multifamily rentals operate at an overall 94% to 96% occupancy rate. As the preceding table illustrates, the 229 properties surveyed in the PSA (Dakota County) have an overall occupancy rate of 95.7%. Notably, the majority (90.4%) of the 1,161 vacancies in the PSA are concentrated among market-rate properties, as non-subsidized Tax Credit units surveyed in the market report an overall occupancy rate of 97.7% while the government-subsidized rental units surveyed are 100.0% occupied. This demonstrates strong demand for affordable (i.e., Tax Credit and/or government-subsidized) multifamily rental product in the county. It is also notable that nearly half (48.2%) of the vacant market-rate units are concentrated within properties which have recently opened and are still within their initial lease-up periods. When excluding these properties, the established market-rate properties surveyed are 97.5% occupied. Considering the preceding factors, strong demand exists for multifamily rental product of various affordability levels within Dakota County.

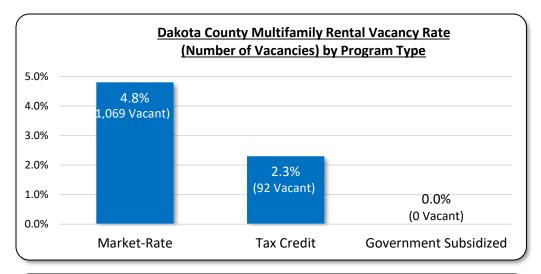
The following table summarizes the distribution of surveyed rental housing within the county and the various PSA submarkets. The data includes the vacancy rates by product type for each submarket and the county as a whole. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are illustrated in **red** text.

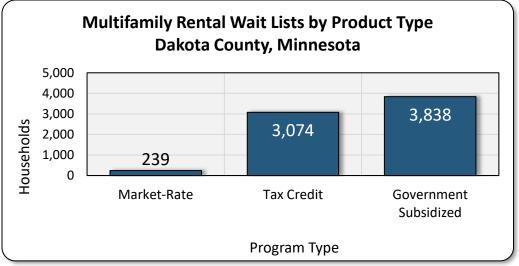
| | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vac | ancy Rate l | by Type | |
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | Market- Rate | Tax Credit | Government Subsidized | |
| Apple Valley | 27 | 3,217 | 64 | 2.0% | 2.2% | 1.3% | 0.0% | |
| Burnsville | 43 | 6,681 | 432 | 6.5% | 6.2% | 15.8% | 0.0% | |
| Eagan | 42 | 6,326 | 191 | 3.0% | 3.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Farmington | 7 | 285 | 1 | 0.4% | 2.8% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Hastings | 17 | 1,269 | 122 | 9.6% | 14.0% | 0.7% | 0.0% | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 16 | 1,994 | 33 | 1.7% | 2.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Lakeville | 22 | 2,309 | 209 | 9.1% | 11.6% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Mendota Heights | 9 | 832 | 13 | 1.6% | 1.9% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Rosemount | 12 | 906 | 7 | 0.8% | 1.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| South St. Paul | 10 | 675 | 2 | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| West St. Paul | 24 | 2,717 | 87 | 3.2% | 3.2% | 3.7% | 0.0% | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | |

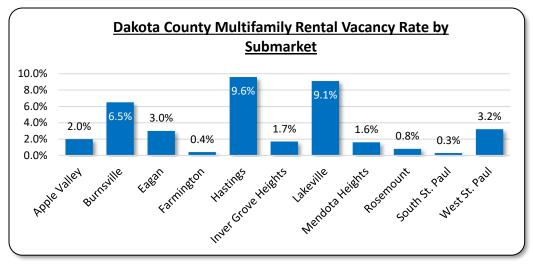
Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, eight of the 11 submarkets report overall vacancy rates which are lower than the countywide vacancy rate of 4.3%, with three submarkets reporting overall vacancy rates of less than 1.0%. The lowest overall vacancy rate by submarket is 0.3% within the South St. Paul Submarket while the highest (9.6%) is within the Hastings Submarket. While market-rate vacancy rates exceed 11.0% in both the Hastings and Lakeville submarkets, this is attributed to multiple newer market-rate properties still being within their initial lease-up periods within these areas. Similarly, the high 15.8% vacancy rate reported for the Tax Credit units within the Burnsville Submarket is attributed to a recently built senior Tax Credit property that is also still within its initial lease-up period. All other non-subsidized Tax Credit properties in this submarket are 100.0% occupied (0.0% vacancy rate). Typical of most markets, governmentsubsidized properties surveyed within Dakota County are fully occupied (0.0% vacancy rate). In addition to the high occupancy rates reported, it is also of note that wait lists are maintained among all property types within the county, though the most extensive are among affordable (i.e., Tax Credit and government-subsidized) properties. Overall, there are at least 7,151 households on surveyed property wait lists, with an additional 5,277 households on wait lists maintained by the Dakota County CDA. A graph illustrating the overall county's distribution of households on wait lists by project type is on the following page. The preceding factors are good indications of strong and pent-up demand for multifamily rental product throughout the county, particularly for affordable rental product.

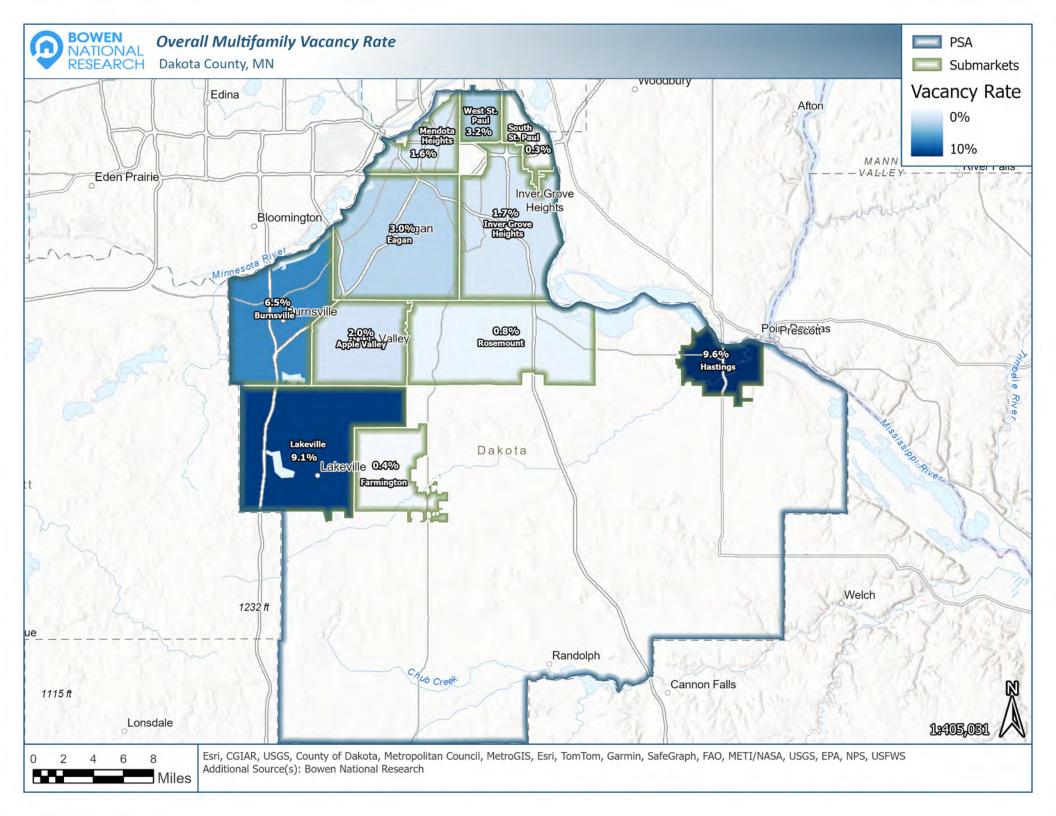
The overall multifamily vacancy rates and wait lists by program type for the PSA (Dakota County) and overall multifamily vacancy rates for each PSA submarket are shown in the following graphs.

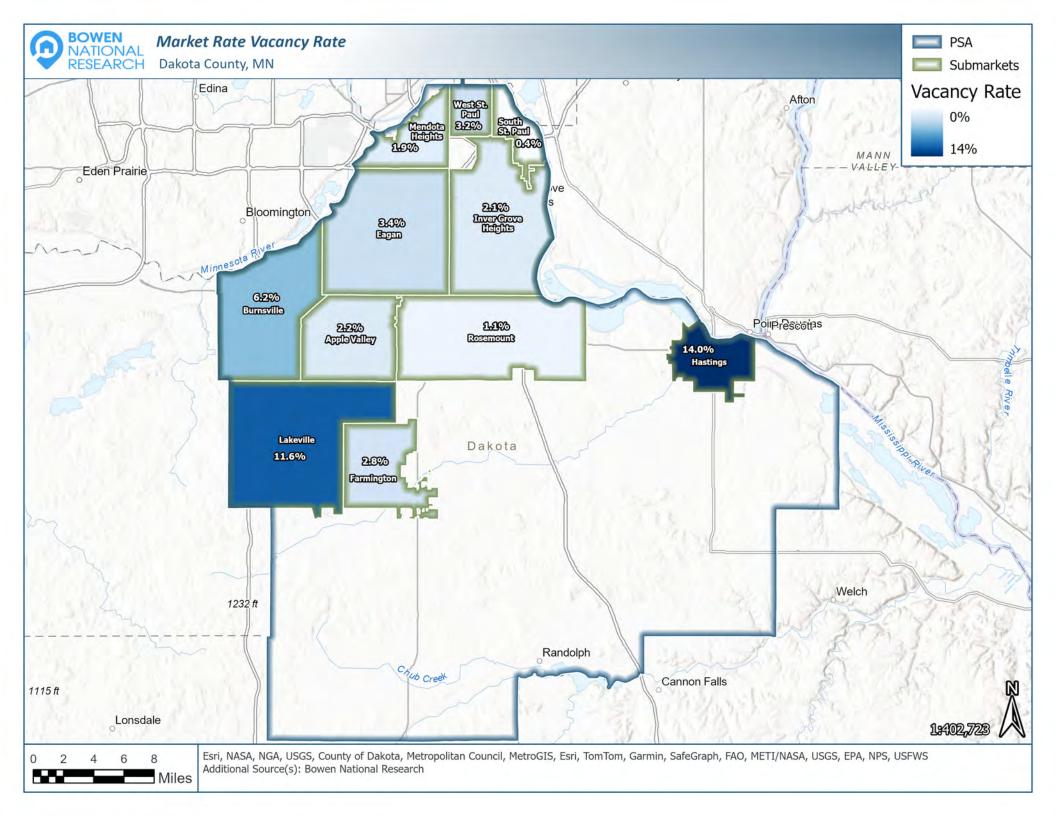


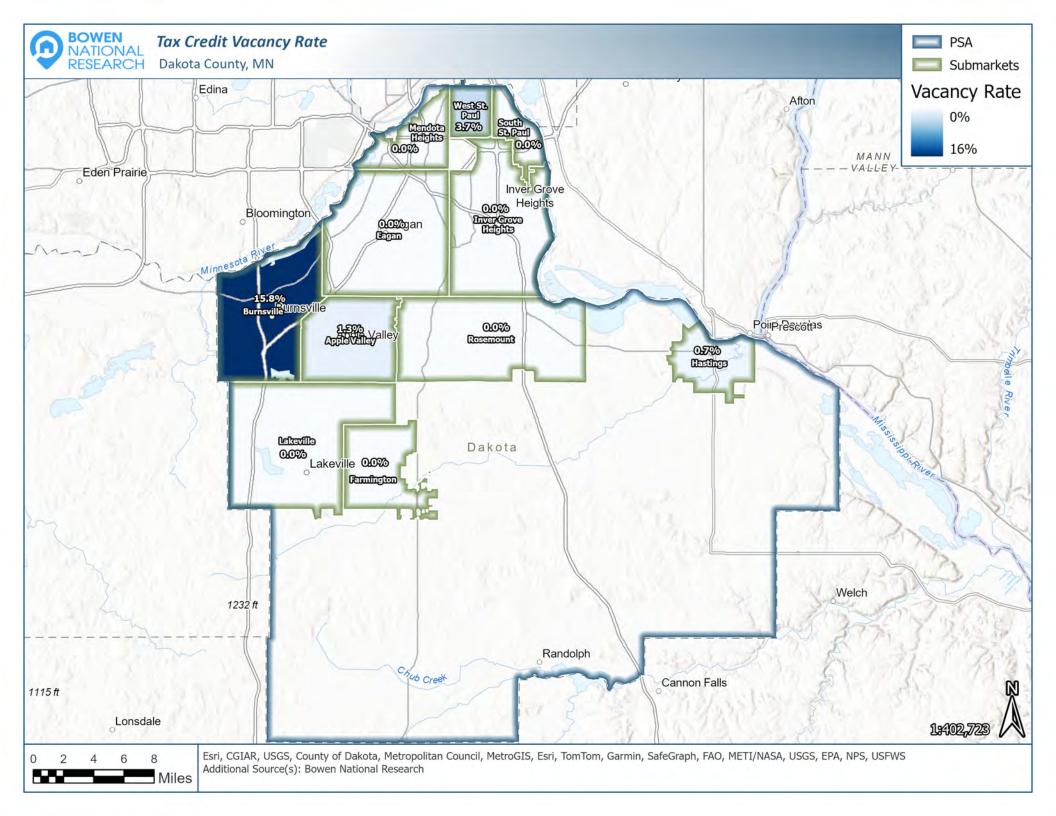


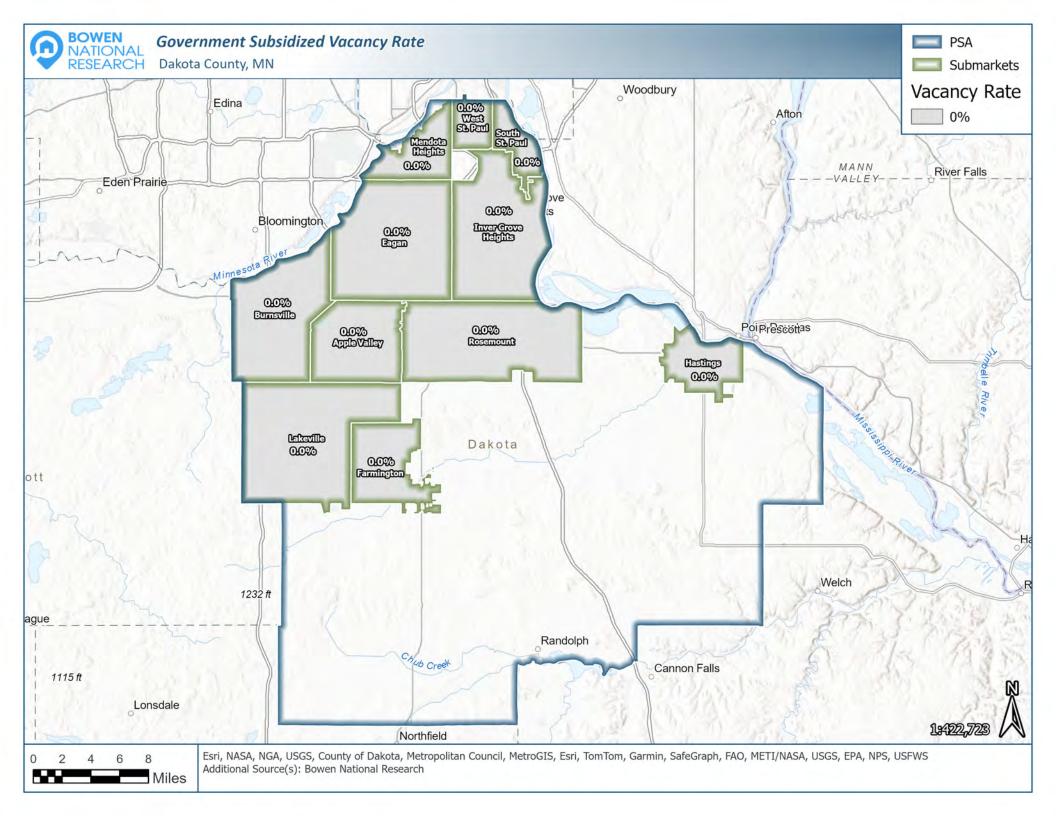


The following maps illustrate the multifamily rental vacancy rates by program type for each of the PSA counties.









Market-Rate Apartments

The following table summarizes the distribution of surveyed market-rate units by submarket within the county. Submarket vacancy rates which are lower than the countywide vacancy rate are shown in **red** text.

| | Surveyed Market-Rate Multifamily Rental Housing Supply Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Projects Surveyed | · · | | | | | | | |
| Apple Valley | 19 | 2,666 | 58 | 2.2% | | | | | |
| Burnsville | 33 | 5,984 | 373 | 6.2% | | | | | |
| Eagan | 31 | 5,619 | 191 | 3.4% | | | | | |
| Farmington | 1 | 36 | 1 | 2.8% | | | | | |
| Hastings | 9 | 857 | 120 | 14.0% | | | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 8 | 1,583 | 33 | 2.1% | | | | | |
| Lakeville | 11 | 1,797 | 209 | 11.6% | | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 5 | 680 | 13 | 1.9% | | | | | |
| Rosemount | 6 | 639 | 7 | 1.1% | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | 6 | 461 | 2 | 0.4% | | | | | |
| West St. Paul | 16 | 1,954 | 62 | 3.2% | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 145 | 22,276 | 1,069 | 4.8% | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

A total of 145 market-rate properties comprising 22,276 units were surveyed within Dakota County. Notably, approximately 64.0% of all market-rate units surveyed are concentrated in the Apple Valley, Burnsville, and Eagan submarkets. Overall, the surveyed market-rate properties report a vacancy rate of 4.8%, which is considered a healthy vacancy rate for multifamily product. It is important to reiterate that nearly half (48.2%) of the 1,069 vacant market-rate units are within properties which have recently opened and are still within their initial lease-up period. When excluding these properties, the established market-rate properties surveyed in the PSA have an overall vacancy rate of 2.5%. Further, most submarkets report market-rate vacancy rates which are lower than the countywide vacancy rate of 4.8%. The only exceptions are the Burnsville, Hastings, and Lakeville submarkets, all of which are known to contain recently completed market-rate properties which are still within their initial lease-up periods. Considering the preceding factors, market-rate multifamily product appears to be in strong demand within Dakota County and each of the submarkets. However, the Farmington Submarket contains a very limited number of market-rate units (36) as only one such property was surveyed within this submarket.

As part of the survey of multifamily market-rate apartments, Bowen National Research identified rents by both bedroom and bathroom type. From this survey we established median rents for each of the bedroom/bathroom combinations. For the purposes of this analysis, we used the median collected (tenant-paid) rents of the *most common bedroom and bathroom configurations* in the table that follows.

| | Median M | arket-Rate Rents | by Bedroom/Bathi | room Type |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | One-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Three-Br/ |
| | 1.0-Ba | 1.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba |
| Apple Valley | \$1,361 | \$1,550 | \$1,785 | \$2,019 |
| Burnsville | \$1,307 | \$1,585 | \$1,786 | \$1,950 |
| Eagan | \$1,470 | \$1,565 | \$1,690 | \$2,177 |
| Farmington | \$1,150 | \$1,250 | - | - |
| Hastings | \$974 | \$1,275 | \$1,650 | \$2,235 |
| Inver Grove Heights | \$1,300 | \$1,500 | \$1,799 | \$1,735 |
| Lakeville | \$1,520 | \$1,895 | \$1,880 | \$2,271 |
| Mendota Heights | \$1,695 | \$2,280 | \$2,350 | \$5,625 |
| Rosemount | \$1,448 | \$1,650 | \$1,908 | \$2,245 |
| South St. Paul | \$1,099 | \$2,020 | \$1,520 | \$1,699 |
| West St. Paul | \$1,250 | \$1,495 | \$1,595 | \$2,330 |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 |
| (Ranges) | (\$974-\$1,695) | (\$1,250-\$2,280) | (\$1,520-\$2,350) | (\$1,699-\$5,625) |

Source: Bowen National Research

Overall median rents for the market-rate units in the PSA (Dakota County) range from \$1,385 (one-bedroom/one-bathroom unit) to \$2,177 (threebedroom/ two-bathroom unit). However, there is notable variation in the median rent within each unit configuration when comparing the individual submarkets. The submarket median rent for a one-bedroom/one-bathroom unit ranges between \$974 (Hastings) and \$1,695 (Mendota Heights), while the median rent for a two-bedroom/two-bathroom unit ranges between \$1,520 (South St. Paul) and \$2,350 (Mendota Heights). Median rents for threebedroom/two-bathroom units range from \$1,699 (South St. Paul) to \$5,625 (Mendota Heights), though it is notable that the highest reported median threebedroom rent is reflective of just one property which offers three-bedroom units within the Mendota Heights Submarket. With the exception of the Mendota Heights Submarket, three-bedroom median rents do not exceed \$2,330. Generally, the lowest median market-rate rents are concentrated within the Farmington, Hastings, and South St. Paul submarkets while the highest are found within the Mendota Heights Submarket. While the wide range in median rents among the submarkets can be largely attributed to the difference in market sizes and median household incomes, the low vacancy rates for most of the submarkets illustrate the high level of demand that exists for market-rate multifamily apartments throughout the county.

Tax Credit Apartments

Projects developed in Dakota County under the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program, hereinafter referred to as Tax Credit, are generally restricted to households earning up to 60% of Area Median Household Income (AMHI), though some higher incomes, typically up to 70% AMHI, is allowed when all of the Tax Credit unit incomes in a project average at or below 60% AMHI. Such product typically serves households with greater incomes than those that reside in government-subsidized housing, though there can be some household income overlap between Tax Credit housing and government-subsidized housing. A listing of all surveyed properties, including mixed-income projects, is provided in Addendum A for this report.

Within the PSA (Dakota County), we surveyed 69 projects with a total of 3,927 units that operate as Tax Credit (or within mixed-income projects offering some Tax Credit units). The following table summarizes key performance metrics of the surveyed Tax Credit rental housing supply by submarket in Dakota County.

| | Surveyed Tax Credit (Non-Subsidized) Multifamily Rental Housing Supply - Dakota County, MN | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | | | |
| Apple Valley | 8 | 470 | 6 | 1.3% | | | |
| Burnsville | 6 | 374 | 59 | 15.8% | | | |
| Eagan | 9 | 594 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Farmington | 4 | 165 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Hastings | 7 | 303 | 2 | 0.7% | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 7 | 331 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Lakeville | 10 | 488 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 3 | 149 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Rosemount | 5 | 200 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| South St. Paul | 3 | 170 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| West St. Paul | 7 | 683 | 25 | 3.7% | | | |
| Dakota County | 69 | 3,927 | 92 | 2.3% | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

A total of 69 properties containing 3,927 Tax Credit units were surveyed within Dakota County. This represents less than 15.0% of the 27,211 total multifamily rental units surveyed in the county. Overall, Tax Credit units surveyed have a vacancy rate of 2.3%, with nine of the 11 submarkets reporting vacancy rates below the countywide rate. In fact, seven submarkets report vacancy rates of 0.0% among the Tax Credit units surveyed. As indicated earlier, the high 15.8% vacancy rate for Tax Credit units within the Burnsville Submarket is attributed to a recently opened property that is still within its initial lease-up period. All other Tax Credit properties surveyed in this submarket are fully occupied (0.0% vacancy rates). It is also important to note there are extensive wait lists maintained among the Tax Credit properties surveyed. These wait lists along with the strong occupancy rates are clear indications of significant and pent-up demand for non-subsidized Tax Credit product which is limited in supply within Dakota County.

Bowen National Research gathered information on collected rents by both bedroom and bathroom type for units that operate under the Tax Credit program. From this survey we established median rents for each of the bedroom/bathroom combinations. The following table illustrates the median rents for the most common bedroom/bathroom unit configurations for Dakota County and each of the submarkets. The reported rents are collected rents, meaning these are the tenant-paid rents and do not account for any tenant-paid utilities that would be part of their total housing costs. It is important to note these rents include all levels of income restrictions implemented at these properties (e.g., 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, etc. of Area Median Household Incomes).

| | Median Tax Credit (Non-Subsidized) Rents by Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | |
| Apple Valley | \$858 | \$920 | \$1,596 | \$1,815 | | | |
| Burnsville | \$903 | \$1,143 | \$1,555 | \$1,500 | | | |
| Eagan | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,578 | \$1,820 | | | |
| Farmington | \$765 | \$937 | - | - | | | |
| Hastings | \$504 | \$920 | \$1,472 | - | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | \$504 | \$746 | \$1,565 | \$1,540 | | | |
| Lakeville | \$765 | \$937 | \$1,341 | \$1,545 | | | |
| Mendota Heights | \$504 | \$746 | - | - | | | |
| Rosemount | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,336 | \$1,545 | | | |
| South St. Paul | \$504 | \$746 | - | - | | | |
| West St. Paul | \$879 | \$746 | \$1,523 | \$1,689 | | | |
| Dakota County (Ranges) | \$765 (\$504-\$903) | \$920 (\$746-\$1,143) | \$1,555 (\$1,336-\$1,596) | \$1,604 (\$1,500-\$1,820) | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

Median rents for the Tax Credit units in the overall county range from \$765 for a one-bedroom/one-bathroom unit to \$1,604 for a three-bedroom/two-bathroom unit. By submarket, median collected Tax Credit rents for a one-bedroom/one-bathroom unit range from \$504 to \$903, two-bedroom/two-bathroom units range from \$1,336 to \$1,596, and three-bedroom/two-bathroom units range from \$1,500 to \$1,820. Relative to median collected rents for similar market-rate unit types, median Tax Credit rents within Dakota County are 12.9% to 44.8% lower, depending on unit type. These notably lower median rents along with the low 2.3% vacancy rate and extensive wait lists are clear indications of the value non-subsidized Tax Credit product represents within the PSA (Dakota County).

Rents for projects operating under any federal programs or the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program are limited to the percent of Area Median Household Income (AMHI) to which the units are specifically restricted. For the purposes of this analysis, we have illustrated programmatic rent limits for Dakota County at 50% of AMHI (typical federal program restrictions) and 80% of AMHI (maximum LIHTC program restrictions), as well as 60% of AMHI (generally the most common LIHTC set-aside). It should be noted that all rents are shown as *gross rents*, meaning they include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.

| Maximum Allowable AMHI Gross Rents (2024) Dakota County, Minnesota | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| Percent | | | | | | | | |
| of AMHI | of AMHI Studio Bedroom Bedroom Bedroom Bedroom | | | | | | | |
| 50% | \$1,087 | \$1,165 | \$1,397 | \$1,615 | \$1,801 | | | |
| 60% | 60% \$1,305 \$1,398 \$1,677 \$1,938 \$2,161 | | | | | | | |
| 80% | \$1,740 | \$1,864 | \$2,236 | \$2,584 | \$2,882 | | | |

Source: Novogradac & Company LLP; Bowen National Research

Maximum allowable rents are subject to change on an annual basis and are only *achievable* if the project with such rents is marketable. Regardless, the preceding rent table should be used as a guide for setting maximum rents under the Tax Credit program. Individual market data from this report or a site-specific market feasibility study can help to further assess achievable rents.

Projects can also be developed under federal programs that use Fair Market Rents or HOME Program rents. The following table illustrates the 2024 Fair Market Rents and Low HOME and High HOME rents for Dakota County, Minnesota.

| Fair Market Rents and Low/High HOME Rents Dakota County, Minnesota | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| One- Two- Three- Four- Studio Bedroom Bedroom Bedroom | | | | | | | |
| | Fair Market Rents (2024) | | | | | | |
| \$1,174 | \$1,327 | \$1,622 | \$2,188 | \$2,478 | | | |
| Low/High HOME Rent (2024) | | | | | | | |
| \$1,087/\$1,174 | \$1,165/\$1,327 | \$1,397/\$1,622 | \$1,615/\$2,066 | \$1,801/\$2,285 | | | |

Source: HUD Office of Policy Development and Research (huduser.gov)

The preceding rents, which are updated annually, can be used by developers as a guide for the possible rent structures incorporated at their projects within Dakota County.

Government-Subsidized Apartments

The following table summarizes the distribution of surveyed subsidized rental housing within the PSA (Dakota County).

| | Surveyed Subsidized Multifamily Rental Housing Supply Dakota County, MN | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | | | |
| Apple Valley | 2 | 81 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Burnsville | 5 | 323 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Eagan | 3 | 113 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Farmington | 2 | 84 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Hastings | 1 | 109 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 2 | 80 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Lakeville | 1 | 24 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Rosemount | 2 | 67 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| South St. Paul | 1 | 44 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| West St. Paul | 1 | 80 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |
| Dakota County | 21 | 1,008 | 0 | 0.0% | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

A total of 21 properties containing 1,008 government-subsidized units were surveyed within Dakota County. Typical of many markets, the government-subsidized rental units surveyed within Dakota County are fully occupied (0.0% vacancy rate) and maintain extensive wait lists for their next available units. Thus, there is clearly significant pent-up demand for multifamily product which is affordable to extremely low-income (30% AMHI and lower) households within the county. This is also true of each individual submarket, as each of the submarkets evaluated offers at least one government-subsidized property. Of the three multifamily rental product types surveyed (i.e., market-rate, Tax Credit, and government-subsidized), government-subsidized product represents the lowest share (3.7%) of the 27,211 total multifamily units surveyed within Dakota County. Considering this and the lack of availability among such existing properties, government-subsidized multifamily product is very limited within Dakota County.

We also evaluated the potential number of existing subsidized housing units that are at risk of losing their affordability status. A total of 20 properties in the county operate as subsidized projects under a current HUD contract. Because these contracts have a designated renewal date, it is important to understand if these projects are at risk of an expiring contract in the near future that could result in the reduction of affordable rental housing stock (Note: HUD contract renewal or expiration dates within five years are shown in red).

| Expiring HUD Contracts Dakota County, Minnesota | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|----------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | Total | Assisted | Expiration | Program | | | | |
| Property Name | Units | Units | Date | Type | Target Population | | | |
| Apple Grove Court | 17 | 16 | 11/1/2024 | PRAC/811 | Disabled | | | |
| Apple Valley Villa | 208 | 72 | 3/31/2037 | LMSA | Senior | | | |
| Camber Hills Townhomes | 44 | 44 | 4/30/2025 | Sec 8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Chancellor Manor | 200 | 196 | 6/30/2029 | LMSA/Preservation | General Occupancy | | | |
| Chowen Bend Townhomes | 32 | 32 | 9/21/2026 | Sec 8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Cliff Hill Townhomes | 32 | 32 | 8/26/2031 | HFDA/8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Ebenezer Ridge Point Apts. | 42 | 42 | 11/30/2028 | PRAC/202 | Senior | | | |
| Fairfield Terrace | 24 | 24 | 12/31/2032 | 202/8 NC | Senior | | | |
| Grande Market Place Apts. | 113 | 11 | 3/31/2044 | Sec 8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Horizon Heights | 25 | 25 | 5/31/2029 | Sec 8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Leah's Apts. | 17 | 17 | 1/30/2025 | PRAC/811 | Disabled | | | |
| Mount Carmel Manor Housing Corp. | 60 | 60 | 2/28/2038 | 202/8 NC | Senior | | | |
| Oak Ridge Manor | 109 | 109 | 9/30/2039 | 202/8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Prairie Estates | 40 | 40 | 4/30/2040 | HFDA/8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Prairie View Heights/Good Samaritan IGH | 40 | 39 | 5/31/2029 | PRAC/202 | Senior | | | |
| Rosemount Townhouses | 28 | 28 | 10/31/2040 | Sec 8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |
| Rosemount Plaza | 39 | 39 | 1/31/2028 | HFDA/8 NC | Senior | | | |
| Spruce Place | 61 | 60 | 10/31/2038 | HFDA/8 NC | Senior | | | |
| West Apts. | 24 | 24 | 4/25/2025 | PRAC/811 | Disabled | | | |
| Whitney Grove Townhomes | 56 | 56 | 3/31/2037 | HFDA/8 NC | General Occupancy | | | |

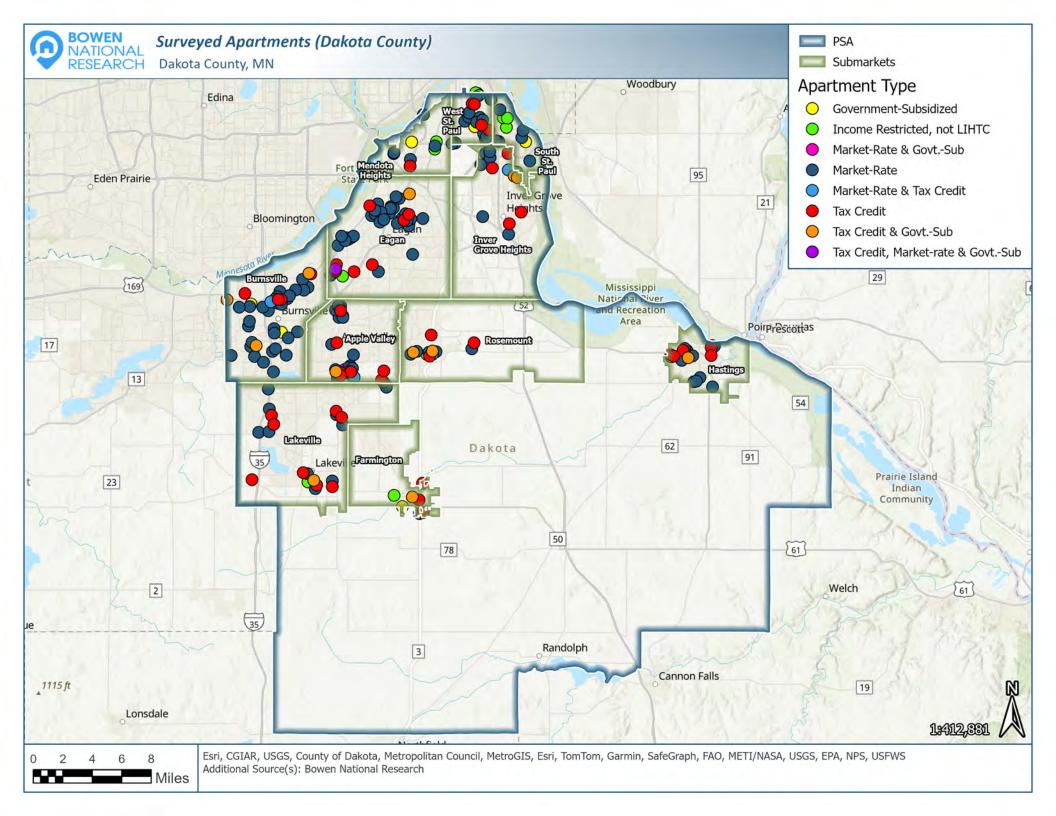
Source: HUDUser.gov Assistance & Section 8 Contracts Database (Updated 7.2.24); Bowen National Research

While all HUD supported projects are subject to annual appropriations by the federal government, it appears that nine of the 20 such projects in Dakota County have an expiration date within the next five years and are at a *potential* risk of losing their government assistance in the near future. Given the high occupancy rates and wait lists among the market's surveyed subsidized properties, it will be important for the area's low-income residents that the projects with pending expiring HUD contracts be preserved in order to continue to house some of the market's most economically vulnerable residents.

In addition to project-based government assistance, Housing Choice Vouchers are tenant-based (held by a single person/household) vouchers administered by the local housing authority which effectively subsidize a tenant's rent to be equivalent to 30% of their income. Notably, these vouchers can be utilized at non-subsidized properties to increase rental housing options for lower-income households.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, there are approximately 2,817 Housing Choice Vouchers issued within the housing authority's jurisdiction. However, it was also noted by housing authority representatives that approximately 75, or 2.7%, of the issued vouchers are currently going unused, likely due to holders of these vouchers being unable to obtain a quality affordable rental housing unit that will accept the voucher. There is a total of 11,144 households currently on the waiting list for additional vouchers. The waiting list is open. Annual turnover within the voucher program is estimated at 275. This reflects the continuing need for affordable housing alternatives and Housing Choice Voucher assistance within Dakota County.

A map illustrating the location of all multifamily apartments surveyed within the PSA (Dakota County) is included on the following page. Maps illustrating the surveyed multifamily apartments for each submarket are included in *Addendum A: Field Survey*.



3. Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are generally considered rental units consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes, etc. Typically, these rentals are older, offer few amenities, and lack on-site management and maintenance. For the purposes of this analysis, we have assumed that rental properties consisting of four or less units within a structure and mobile homes are non-conventional rentals. Based on data from the American Community Survey, the number and share of units within renter-occupied structures is summarized in the following table:

| | | Renter-Occ | upied Housing l | by Units in Stru | cture (2022) |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total |
| | Number | 2,019 | 3,062 | 129 | 5,210 |
| Apple Valley | Percent | 38.8% | 58.8% | 2.5% | 100.0% |
| D 111 | Number | 1,784 | 6,174 | 97 | 8,055 |
| Burnsville | Percent | 22.1% | 76.6% | 1.2% | 100.0% |
| E | Number | 2,250 | 5,923 | 38 | 8,211 |
| Eagan | Percent | 27.4% | 72.1% | 0.5% | 100.0% |
| Earmington | Number | 920 | 182 | 0 | 1,102 |
| Farmington | Percent | 83.5% | 16.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Hastings | Number | 908 | 1,474 | 0 | 2,382 |
| Hastings | Percent | 38.1% | 61.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Inver Grove Heights | Number | 1,080 | 2,532 | 160 | 3,772 |
| inver Grove freights | Percent | 28.6% | 67.1% | 4.2% | 100.0% |
| Lakeville | Number | 1,448 | 1,433 | 185 | 3,066 |
| Lakeville | Percent | 47.2% | 46.7% | 6.0% | 100.0% |
| Mendota Heights | Number | 333 | 613 | 0 | 946 |
| Wiendota Heights | Percent | 35.2% | 64.8% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Rosemount | Number | 627 | 582 | 22 | 1,231 |
| Kosemount | Percent | 50.9% | 47.3% | 1.8% | 100.0% |
| South St. Paul | Number | 1,210 | 1,159 | 0 | 2,369 |
| South St. 1 au | Percent | 51.1% | 48.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| West St. Paul | Number | 481 | 3,108 | 0 | 3,589 |
| West St. 1 au | Percent | 13.4% | 86.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Dakota County | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 |
| Dakota County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 |
| Source ACS 2019 2022, ESDL I | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% |

Source: ACS 2018-2022; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Non-conventional rentals with four or fewer units per structure and mobile homes comprise nearly 35.0% of rental units in the PSA (Dakota County). This is slightly lower than the statewide share of 39.9%. The majority (95.1%) of non-conventional rentals within the county are within structures containing four units or less, while the remaining 4.9% are mobile homes. Notably, more than half of all rental units within four of the PSA submarkets (Farmington, Lakeville, Rosemount, and South St. Paul) are comprised of non-conventional rentals, with Farmington reporting the highest share (83.5%) of such units among the submarkets.

The following table summarizes monthly gross rents (per unit) for area rental alternatives within the various study areas based on American Community Survey data. While this data encompasses all rental units, which includes multifamily apartments, nearly 35.0% of PSA rental units and at least 23.4% of rental units within most submarkets (excluding West St. Paul) consist of non-conventional rentals. Therefore, it is reasonable to conclude that the following also provides insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental housing units within the study areas. It should be noted, gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.

| | | Estimated Monthly Gross Rents by Market (2022) | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|
| | | | \$300 - | \$500 - | \$750 - | \$1,000 - | \$1,500 - | | No Cash | |
| | | <\$300 | \$500 | \$750 | \$1,000 | \$1,500 | \$2,000 | \$2,000+ | Rent | Total |
| Apple Valley | Number | 25 | 137 | 105 | 418 | 1,456 | 1,939 | 1,030 | 100 | 5,210 |
| Apple valley | Percent | 0.5% | 2.6% | 2.0% | 8.0% | 27.9% | 37.2% | 19.8% | 1.9% | 100.00% |
| Burnsville | Number | 66 | 196 | 253 | 555 | 3,389 | 2,769 | 722 | 105 | 8,055 |
| Duriisvine | Percent | 0.8% | 2.4% | 3.1% | 6.9% | 42.1% | 34.4% | 9.0% | 1.3% | 100.00% |
| Eagan | Number | 14 | 67 | 191 | 505 | 3,341 | 2,775 | 1,191 | 127 | 8,211 |
| Lagan | Percent | 0.2% | 0.8% | 2.3% | 6.2% | 40.7% | 33.8% | 14.5% | 1.5% | 100.00% |
| Farmington | Number | 24 | 34 | 115 | 179 | 291 | 218 | 151 | 91 | 1,102 |
| Tarmington | Percent | 2.1% | 3.1% | 10.5% | 16.3% | 26.4% | 19.7% | 13.7% | 8.2% | 100.00% |
| Hastings | Number | 20 | 51 | 174 | 607 | 872 | 466 | 133 | 59 | 2,382 |
| Hastings | Percent | 0.8% | 2.1% | 7.3% | 25.5% | 36.6% | 19.5% | 5.6% | 2.5% | 100.00% |
| Inver Grove | Number | 99 | 76 | 191 | 428 | 1,446 | 1,058 | 374 | 100 | 3,772 |
| Heights | Percent | 2.6% | 2.0% | 5.1% | 11.3% | 38.3% | 28.0% | 9.9% | 2.7% | 100.00% |
| Lakeville | Number | 29 | 174 | 140 | 145 | 745 | 896 | 779 | 158 | 3,066 |
| Lakevine | Percent | 0.9% | 5.7% | 4.6% | 4.7% | 24.3% | 29.2% | 25.4% | 5.2% | 100.00% |
| Mendota Heights | Number | 0 | 38 | 65 | 357 | 71 | 355 | 44 | 16 | 946 |
| Wichard Heights | Percent | 0.0% | 4.0% | 6.9% | 37.8% | 7.5% | 37.5% | 4.7% | 1.7% | 100.00% |
| Rosemount | Number | 10 | 41 | 21 | 136 | 360 | 422 | 181 | 60 | 1,231 |
| Rosemount | Percent | 0.8% | 3.3% | 1.7% | 11.0% | 29.2% | 34.3% | 14.7% | 4.9% | 100.00% |
| South St. Paul | Number | 9 | 244 | 308 | 380 | 952 | 350 | 83 | 42 | 2,369 |
| South St. 1 au | Percent | 0.4% | 10.3% | 13.0% | 16.1% | 40.2% | 14.8% | 3.5% | 1.8% | 100.00% |
| West St. Paul | Number | 105 | 251 | 126 | 507 | 1,725 | 633 | 189 | 53 | 3,589 |
| west St. Paul | Percent | 2.9% | 7.0% | 3.5% | 14.1% | 48.1% | 17.6% | 5.3% | 1.5% | 100.00% |
| Dakota County | Number | 404 | 1,319 | 1,731 | 4,308 | 14,887 | 12,022 | 5,161 | 990 | 40,822 |
| Dakota County | Percent | 1.0% | 3.2% | 4.2% | 10.6% | 36.5% | 29.4% | 12.6% | 2.4% | 100.00% |
| Minnesota | Number | 23,054 | 33,355 | 58,044 | 99,970 | 205,198 | 112,653 | 66,453 | 25,698 | 624,425 |
| Millicsota | Percent | 3.7% | 5.3% | 9.3% | 16.0% | 32.9% | 18.0% | 10.6% | 4.1% | 100.00% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding table illustrates, the largest share (36.5%) of PSA (Dakota County) rental units have rents between \$1,000 and \$1,500, followed by units with rents between \$1,500 and \$2,000 (29.4%). Collectively, units with gross rents below \$1,000 account for less than 20.0% of all PSA rentals, while units with rents of \$1,000 or higher comprise nearly 79% of PSA rentals. This is a considerably higher share of units with rents of \$1,000 or higher when compared to the statewide share of 61.5%.

Similar to the county, rental units priced between \$1,000 and \$1,500 also represent the largest share of rentals within seven of the PSA submarkets. However, it is of note that units with rents priced between \$1,500 and \$2,000 represent the largest share of rentals by price point within the Apple Valley, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, and Rosemount submarkets. Among all submarkets, the highest respective shares of units with rents of \$1,000 or more are within Eagan (89.0%), Burnsville (85.5%), and Apple Valley (84.9%). Given the relatively high median household incomes within the submarkets of Dakota County, it is not surprising that shares of gross rents are concentrated among the middle to higher rent cohorts.

Between August 2024 and September 2024, Bowen National Research identified 83 non-conventional rentals in the PSA (Dakota Conty) that were listed as *available* for rent. These properties were identified through a variety of online sources. Through this extensive research, we believe that we have identified most <u>vacant</u> non-conventional rentals in the PSA. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the area. As a result, these available rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates, number of bedrooms, number of bathrooms, and other features of non-conventional rentals. When compared to the overall non-conventional inventory of the PSA (14,142 units), these 83 units represent an overall vacancy rate of 0.6%, which is below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for rentals.

The following table summarizes the *available* non-conventional rentals identified in the PSA by submarket.

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | (August & September 2024 |) | | | | | | |
| | Vacant | Rent | Median | Median Rent | | | | | |
| Bedroom | Units | Range | Rent | Per Square Foot | | | | | |
| | Apple Valley | | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,490 - \$1,949 | \$1,720 | \$1.21 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 6 | \$1,825 - \$2,695 | \$2,405 | \$1.40 | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 2 | \$2,525 - \$2,815 | \$2,670 | \$1.46 | | | | | |
| Total | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Burnsville | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 | \$1,595 | \$1,595 | \$1.10 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,095 | \$2,095 | \$1.20 | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$1.47 | | | | | |
| Total | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Eagan | | | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 5 | \$1,595 - \$2,100 | \$1,750 | \$1.58 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 7 | \$2,200 - \$3,750 | \$2,640 | \$1.43 | | | | | |
| Total | 12 | | | | | | | | |

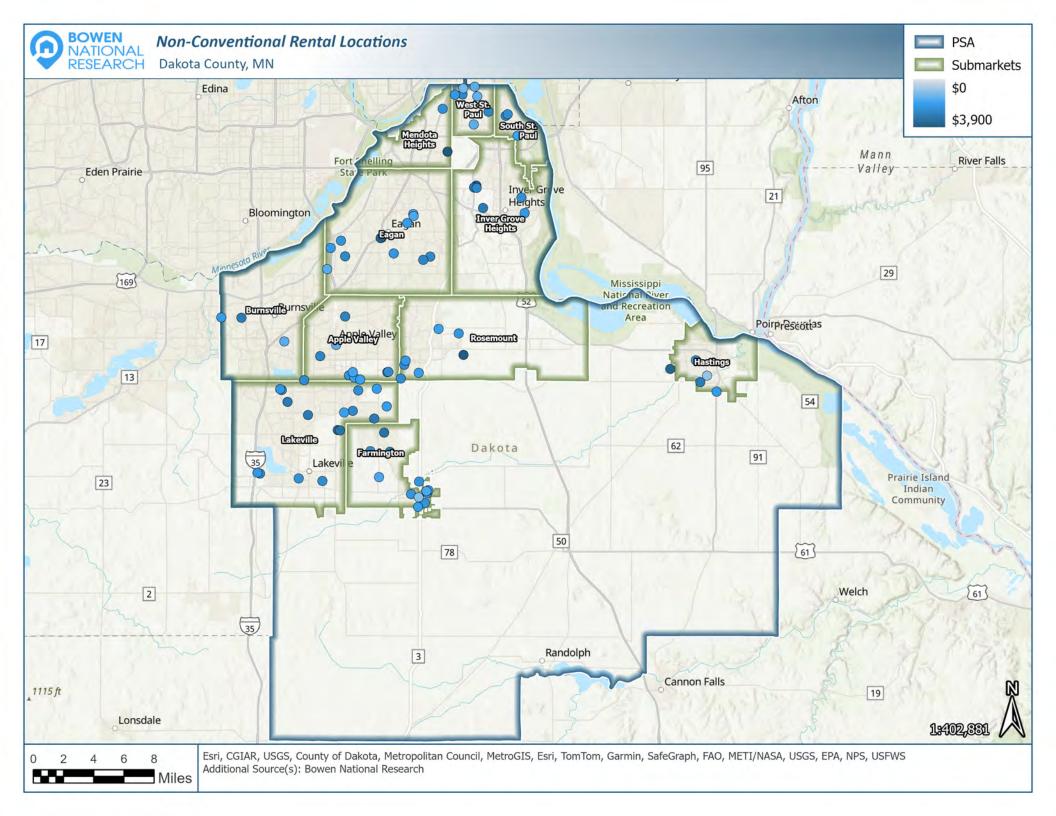
Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | *7 | (August & September 2024 | | 3.5 11 D / | | | | |
| D. J | Vacant | Rent | Median | Median Rent | | | | |
| Bedroom | Units | Range | Rent | Per Square Foot | | | | |
| O D 1 | 1 | Farmington #1.050 | ¢1.050 | ¢1.75 | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 1 2 | \$1,050 | \$1,050 | \$1.75 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,725 - \$1,750 | \$1,738 | \$1.38 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 4 | \$2,050 - \$3,240 | \$2,248 | \$1.47 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | <u>4</u> 11 | \$2,000 - \$2,895 | \$2,375 | \$1.19 | | | | |
| Total | 11 | Hastines. | | | | | | |
| T D- 1 | 1 | Hastings | ¢010 | ¢1.01 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 2 | \$910 | \$910 | \$1.01 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | | \$2,075 - \$2,950 | \$2,513 | \$1.60 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | <u>1</u> 4 | \$2,400 | \$2,400 | \$0.90 | | | | |
| Total | 4 | I C H:14 | | | | | | |
| T D 1 | 1 | Inver Grove Heights | #2.505 | #2.07 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 2 | \$2,585 | \$2,585 | \$3.07 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 3 2 | \$2,149 - \$3,030 | \$2,995 | \$1.87 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | | \$2,500 - \$3,695 | \$3,098 | \$1.65 | | | | |
| Total | 6 | | | | | | | |
| T D 1 | 2 | Lakeville | Ø1.050 | Ф1.22 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,900 - \$2,000 | \$1,950 | \$1.33 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 9 | \$2,000 - \$3,400 | \$2,500 | \$1.47 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 5 | \$2,395 - \$3,200 | \$2,599 | \$1.22 | | | | |
| Total | 16 | | | | | | | |
| | | Mendota Heights | | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,375 | \$2,375 | \$1.34 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$3,945 | \$3,945 | \$1.23 | | | | |
| Total | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | | Rosemount | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 | \$1,900 | \$1,900 | \$1.43 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 5 | \$1,995 - \$2,500 | \$2,278 | \$1.34 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$3,800 | \$3,800 | \$1.21 | | | | |
| Total | 7 | | | | | | | |
| <u>. </u> | | South St. Paul | | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,895 - \$2,500 | \$2,198 | \$1.57 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,600 | \$2,600 | \$1.36 | | | | |
| Total | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | | West St. Paul | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 1 | \$1,300 | \$1,300 | \$1.44 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 3 | \$1,499 - \$1,550 | \$1,545 | \$1.49 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 2 | \$2,175 - \$2,700 | \$2,438 | \$1.31 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,600 | \$2,600 | \$1.37 | | | | |
| Total | 7 | <i>\$2,000</i> | -, 000 | ψ1.5 / | | | | |
| 2 0 0001 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Balance of County | | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 2 | \$2,250 - \$3,600 | \$2,925 | \$1.98 | | | | |
| Total | 2 | Ψ2,230 Ψ3,000 | Ψ2,723 | ψ1.70 | | | | |
| 10111 | <u>-</u> | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.40 | | | | |
| Total | 83 | φ2,000 - φ3,343 | φ2,000 | ψ1.Δ3 | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

The available non-conventional rentals identified in the PSA (Dakota County) have overall rents ranging from \$910 to \$3,945. Three-bedroom units, which comprise the largest share (53.0%) of the available units in the PSA, have a median rent of \$2,500. It is also important to note that the rental rates detailed in the preceding table are reflective of the *collected* rent levels, which likely do not include the cost of utilities. When considering additional utility expenses, rental rates of many non-conventional rentals in the area effectively would be higher than those reported in the preceding table. Nonetheless, the median non-conventional rents ranging from \$1,175 for a one-bedroom unit to \$2,600 for a four-bedroom unit are generally higher than typical rents reported for similar traditional multifamily market-rate and Tax Credit rental properties surveyed in the county. Specifically, the median rents among surveyed market-rate properties range from \$1,385 to \$2,177 while median rents for non-subsidized Tax Credit properties range from \$765 to \$1,604. As such, it is unlikely that many renters in the market, particularly lower-income renters, would be able to afford non-conventional rental housing in the area.

A map illustrating the location of identified non-conventional rentals currently available to rent in the PSA (Dakota County) is included on the following page.



C. FOR-SALE HOUSING SUPPLY

1. Introduction

Bowen National Research obtained for-sale housing data from a Multiple Listing Service provider for all of Dakota County. This included historical for-sale residential data and currently available for-sale housing stock. While this sales data does not include all for-sale residential transactions or available supply in the county, it does consist of the majority of such product and therefore, it is representative of market norms for for-sale housing product. The for-sale supply does not include foreclosures, auctions, or for-sale by owner housing.

The following table summarizes the available and recently sold homes for the PSA (Dakota County).

| Dakota County, MN - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | |
|--|--------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Type Homes Median Price | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

Within the PSA (Dakota County), 23,271 homes were sold between January 2020 and July 2024 at a median sales price of \$380,000. This equates to an average of approximately 423 homes sold per month, or an annualized average of around 5,077 homes sold during this time. The for-sale housing stock *available* as of July 31, 2024 within the PSA consists of 579 homes with a median list price of \$395,000, which is nearly 4.0% higher than the median sales price reported for homes sold between January 2020 and July 2024.

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

2. Historical Home Sales

The following table illustrates the annual sales activity from January 2020 to July 2024 for the PSA (Dakota County).

| Sales History by Year - Dakota County, MN (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Number Percent Median Percent Year Sold Change Sales Price Change | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 5,209 | - | \$335,000 | - | | | | |
| 2021 | 5,897 | 13.2% | \$375,000 | 11.9% | | | | |
| 2022 | 4,948 | -16.1% | \$403,000 | 7.5% | | | | |
| 2023 | 4,309 | -12.9% | \$402,000 | -0.2% | | | | |
| 2024* | 2,908 (4,897) | 13.6% | \$408,000 | 1.5% | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

Projections through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)

As the preceding illustrates, the number of homes sold within the PSA (Dakota County) increased by 13.2% between 2020 and 2021 but then declined by 16.1% in 2022 and 12.9% in 2023. However, based on sales transactions through July 2024, sales volume in the PSA is projected to increase by 13.6% through year end 2024. While the significant increase in 2021 was likely the result of pent-up demand remaining from 2020, the notable decreases that occurred in 2022 and 2023 are likely due, at least in part, to a combination of rising interest rates, limited supply, and increased pricing. It should also be noted that the accuracy of full year projections can be affected by when sales typically peak within an area in relation to when the projections are calculated. Regardless, sales volume since 2020 is indicative of a for-sale market with substantial activity and strong demand.

With the exception of a slight decline in 2023, the median sales price of homes sold in the PSA has steadily increased since 2020, resulting in a cumulative increase of nearly 22.0% in median sales price between 2020 and 2024. However, it is important to point out that while the median sales price has increased through July in 2024, the median sales price reported (\$408,000) is just 1.2% to 1.5% higher than 2022 and 2023 levels. This suggests that for-sale home pricing is stabilizing within Dakota County, relative to pricing reported prior to 2022.

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

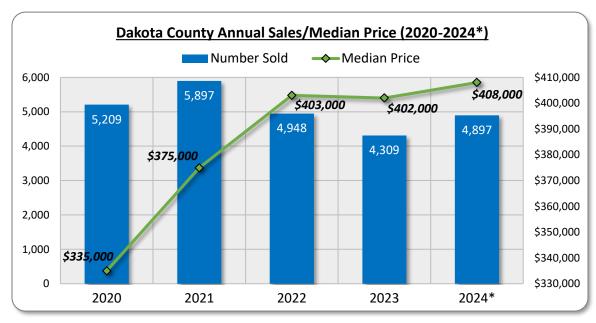
The following table summarizes the total number of homes sold and the median sales price for the PSA (Dakota County) and each of the PSA submarkets between January 2020 and July 2024. We have also provided sales data for product located outside the submarkets for the area referred to as Balance of County. Median sales prices by submarket which are higher than that reported for the PSA (Dakota County) are illustrated in **red** text.

| Historical Sales – Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|--------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
| Study Area | Homes Sold | Share | Median Sales Price | | | | | |
| Apple Valley | 2,586 | 11.1% | \$372,500 | | | | | |
| Burnsville | 2,946 | 12.7% | \$355,000 | | | | | |
| Eagan | 2,902 | 12.5% | \$385,000 | | | | | |
| Farmington | 1,696 | 7.3% | \$369,445 | | | | | |
| Hastings | 1,114 | 4.8% | \$302,000 | | | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 1,456 | 6.3% | \$380,000 | | | | | |
| Lakeville | 5,252 | 22.6% | \$457,950 | | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 538 | 2.3% | \$530,000 | | | | | |
| Rosemount | 1,914 | 8.2% | \$423,750 | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | 1,138 | 4.9% | \$270,000 | | | | | |
| West St. Paul | 967 | 4.2% | \$295,000 | | | | | |
| Balance of County | 762 | 3.3% | \$435,000 | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 23,271 | 100.0% | \$380,000 | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding table illustrates, 58.8% of home sales between January 1, 2020 and July 31, 2024 in the PSA (Dakota County) were in the Lakeville (22.6%), Burnsville (12.7%), Eagan (12.5%), and Apple Valley (11.1%) submarkets. Four of the PSA submarkets report median sales prices which are higher than that reported for the PSA (\$380,000), with the highest median sales price (\$530,000) reported within the Mendota Heights Submarket. Conversely, the lowest median sales price reported among the various PSA submarkets (\$270,000) is within the South St. Paul Submarket.

The following graph illustrates the annual sales activity for the PSA (Dakota County) from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024.



^{*}Full-year projected sales based on number of homes sold through July 31, 2024.

The following table summarizes the distribution of homes sold by price point within the PSA (Dakota County) and the various PSA submarkets (the highest share of homes sold by price point in each study area is shown in red text).

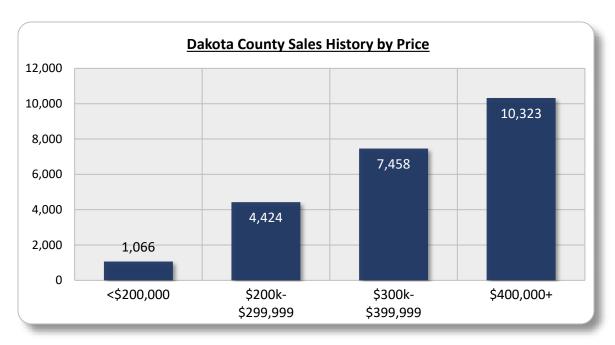
| | | Sales History by Price – Dakota County, MN | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------|-------|
| | | (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | |
| | <\$20 | 0,000 | \$200,000 - | - \$299,999 | \$300,000 - | \$399,999 | \$400,000+ | |
| | Number | Share | Number | Share | Number | Share | Number | Share |
| Apple Valley | 122 | 4.7% | 479 | 18.5% | 947 | 36.6% | 1,038 | 40.1% |
| Burnsville | 288 | 9.8% | 547 | 18.6% | 1,264 | 42.9% | 847 | 28.8% |
| Eagan | 247 | 8.5% | 408 | 14.1% | 913 | 31.5% | 1,334 | 46.0% |
| Farmington | 27 | 1.6% | 304 | 17.9% | 736 | 43.4% | 629 | 37.1% |
| Hastings | 106 | 9.5% | 434 | 39.0% | 392 | 35.2% | 182 | 16.3% |
| Inver Grove Heights | 48 | 3.3% | 312 | 21.4% | 453 | 31.1% | 643 | 44.2% |
| Lakeville | 9 | 0.2% | 425 | 8.1% | 1,256 | 23.9% | 3,562 | 67.8% |
| Mendota Heights | 7 | 1.3% | 40 | 7.4% | 94 | 17.5% | 397 | 73.8% |
| Rosemount | 20 | 1.0% | 236 | 12.3% | 599 | 31.3% | 1,059 | 55.3% |
| South St. Paul | 79 | 6.9% | 734 | 64.5% | 295 | 25.9% | 30 | 2.6% |
| West St. Paul | 99 | 10.2% | 401 | 41.5% | 327 | 33.8% | 140 | 14.5% |
| Balance of County | 14 | 1.8% | 104 | 13.7% | 182 | 23.9% | 462 | 60.6% |
| Dakota County | 1,066 | 4.6% | 4,424 | 19.0% | 7,458 | 32.0% | 10,323 | 44.4% |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

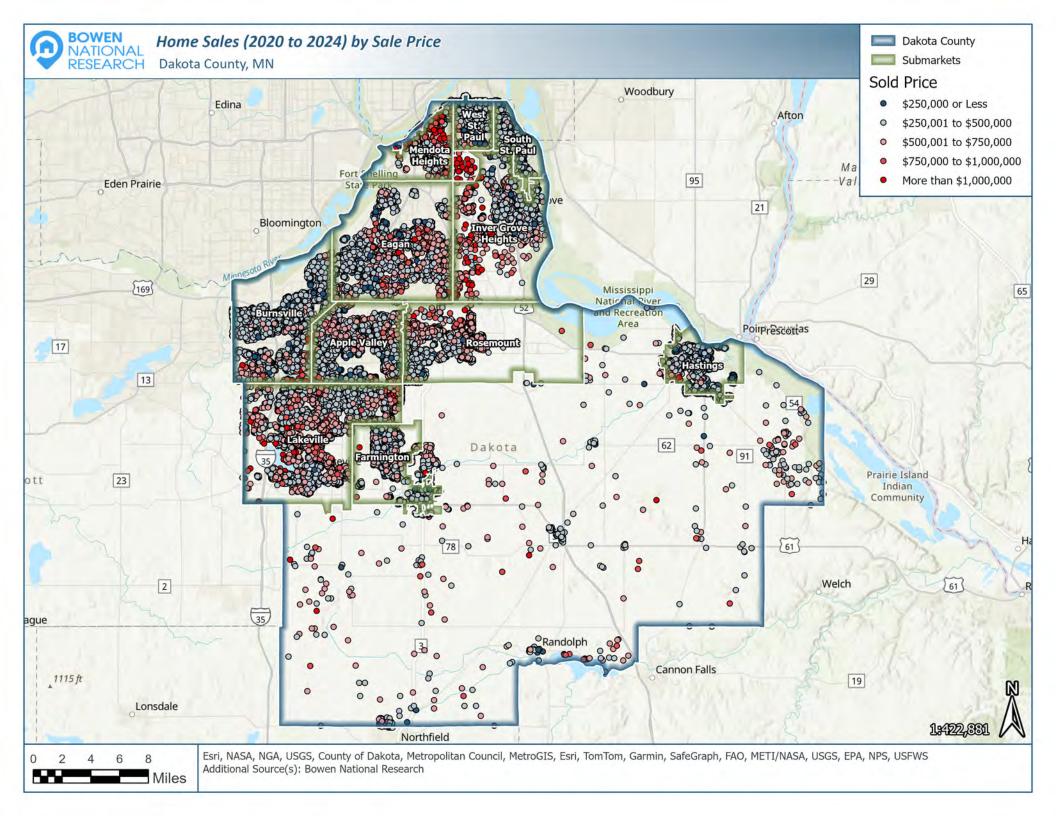
Nearly half (44.4%) of all home sales between January 2020 and July 2024 in the PSA (Dakota County) were priced \$400,000 or higher. The next largest share of home sales were homes priced between \$300,000 and \$399,999 (32.0%), followed by homes priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999 (19.0%). Less than 5.0% of all home sales within the county during this time period were priced below \$200,000.

Among the individual submarkets, the largest share of home sales by price point was among homes sold for \$400,000 or more in six of the 11 submarkets. Homes priced between \$300,000 and \$399,999 represent the largest share of home sales within the Burnsville and Farmington submarkets while those priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999 represent the largest shares among the Hastings, South St. Paul, and West St. Paul submarkets. While the overall distribution of recent home sales in the region is distributed among various price points, the majority of recent home sales were priced at \$300,000 or higher within most of the PSA submarkets.

The following graph illustrates home sales by price point for the PSA (Dakota County) between January 2020 through July of 2024.



A map illustrating the location of all homes sold between January 2020 and July 2024 within the PSA (Dakota County) is included on the following page.



3. Available For-Sale Housing Supply

Based on information provided by a Multiple Listing Service provider for the PSA (Dakota County), we identified 579 housing units within the PSA that were listed as *available* for purchase as of July 31, 2024. While there are likely additional for-sale residential units available for purchase, such homes were not identified during our research due to the method of advertisement or simply because the product was not actively marketed. Regardless, the available inventory of for-sale product identified in this analysis provides a good baseline for evaluating the for-sale housing alternatives offered in Dakota County.

There are two inventory metrics most often used to evaluate the health of a for-sale housing market. These metrics include Months Supply of Inventory (MSI) and availability rate. The MSI for the PSA was calculated based on sales history occurring between January 2020 and July 2024. This equates to an overall absorption rate of approximately 423 homes per month in the PSA. Based on this monthly absorption rate, the homes listed as available for purchase in the PSA represent approximately 1.4 months of supply. Typically, healthy and well-balanced markets have an available supply that should take about four to six months to absorb (if no other units are added to the market). Therefore, the PSA inventory is considered relatively low and indicative of limited available supply. When comparing the available units with the overall inventory of owner-occupied units (128,582 in the PSA), the PSA has a vacancy/availability rate of 0.5%. This availability rate is below the normal range of 2.0% to 3.0% for a well-balanced forsale/owner-occupied market. As such, the PSA has limited availability of for-sale homes, which can contribute to a rapid increase in home prices and impede household growth in an area. To gain a better understanding of housing availability in the PSA, we have conducted a more refined analysis of available supply within Dakota County.

The following table summarizes key metrics for the available for-sale residential units in the PSA (Dakota County) and the PSA submarkets as of July 31, 2024.

| | Available For-Sale Housing – Dakota County, MN (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Total Units | % Share of County | Availability Rate / MSI | Average List Price | Median List Price | Average Days on Market | Average Year Built | | |
| Apple Valley | 80 | 13.8% | 0.5% / 1.7 | \$372,169 | \$367,500 | 42 | 1991 | | |
| Burnsville | 97 | 16.8% | 0.6% / 1.8 | \$344,839 | \$340,000 | 34 | 1983 | | |
| Eagan | 62 | 10.7% | 0.3% / 1.3 | \$402,942 | \$339,839 | 34 | 1988 | | |
| Farmington | 36 | 6.2% | 0.5% / 1.2 | \$397,881 | \$378,530 | 63 | 2005 | | |
| Hastings | 17 | 2.9% | 0.3% / 0.9 | \$383,594 | \$345,000 | 29 | 1976 | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 37 | 6.4% | 0.3% / 1.4 | \$434,633 | \$340,000 | 31 | 1994 | | |
| Lakeville | 121 | 20.9% | 0.6% / 1.3 | \$533,830 | \$494,797 | 47 | 2006 | | |
| Mendota Heights | 17 | 2.9% | 0.5% / 1.7 | \$978,459 | \$615,000 | 91 | 1985 | | |
| Rosemount | 50 | 8.6% | 0.6% / 1.4 | \$414,086 | \$382,450 | 44 | 2009 | | |
| South St. Paul | 14 | 2.4% | 0.2% / 0.7 | \$268,964 | \$277,450 | 69 | 1941 | | |
| West St. Paul | 26 | 4.5% | 0.5% / 1.4 | \$400,487 | \$284,900 | 27 | 1970 | | |
| Balance of County | 22 | 3.8% | - | \$805,064 | \$579,450 | 48 | 1984 | | |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% / 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

Overall, 62.2% of the available for-sale homes in the PSA (Dakota County) are within the Lakeville (20.9%), Burnsville (16.8%), Apple Valley (13.8%) and Eagan (10.7%) submarkets. Each of the submarkets report availability rates below 1.0% and Months Supply of Inventory (MSI) levels of less than 2.0 months, demonstrating limited availability among for-sale product within each of the submarkets. The available homes within Dakota County have an average list price of \$447,241 and a median list price of \$395,000. With the exception of available homes within the balance of Dakota County, only the Lakeville and Mendota Heights submarkets report average and median list prices which are higher than those reported countywide. The average number of days on market for available homes in the PSA (Dakota County) is 43 days, and ranges from 27 days on market in the West St. Paul Submarket to 91 days on market in the Mendota Heights Submarket. The generally low number of days on market for Dakota County and the various submarkets indicate that for-sale product is selling at a fairly rapid rate throughout the county. On average, available homes in the county were built in 1992. The submarkets with the oldest average available for-sale homes include South St. Paul (1941), West St. Paul (1970), and Hastings (1976) while the Farmington (2005), Lakeville (2006), and Rosemount (2009) submarkets have the newest average year built among the inventory of available homes.

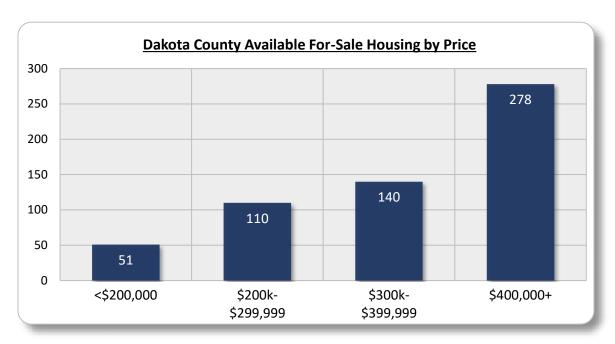
The following table summarizes the distribution of available for-sale units by study area and price point (the highest share of available homes by price point in each study area is shown in **red** text).

| | A | Available For-Sale Housing Units by List Price – Dakota County, MN (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------|---|-------------|-------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------|--|
| | <\$20 | 0,000 | \$200,000 - | | \$300,000 - | - \$399,999 | \$400, | +000 | |
| | Number | Share | Number | Share | Number | Share | Number | Share | |
| Apple Valley | 12 | 15.0% | 14 | 17.5% | 22 | 27.5% | 32 | 40.0% | |
| Burnsville | 16 | 16.5% | 25 | 25.8% | 24 | 24.7% | 32 | 33.0% | |
| Eagan | 11 | 17.7% | 16 | 25.8% | 6 | 9.7% | 29 | 46.8% | |
| Farmington | 1 | 2.8% | 4 | 11.1% | 16 | 44.4% | 15 | 41.7% | |
| Hastings | 1 | 5.9% | 5 | 29.4% | 4 | 23.5% | 7 | 41.2% | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 1 | 2.7% | 12 | 32.4% | 13 | 35.1% | 11 | 29.7% | |
| Lakeville | 1 | 0.8% | 10 | 8.3% | 21 | 17.4% | 89 | 73.6% | |
| Mendota Heights | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 5.9% | 16 | 94.1% | |
| Rosemount | 1 | 2.0% | 7 | 14.0% | 21 | 42.0% | 21 | 42.0% | |
| South St. Paul | 1 | 7.1% | 8 | 57.1% | 4 | 28.6% | 1 | 7.1% | |
| West St. Paul | 6 | 23.1% | 8 | 30.8% | 3 | 11.5% | 9 | 34.6% | |
| Balance of County | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 4.6% | 5 | 22.7% | 16 | 72.7% | |
| Dakota County | 51 | 8.8% | 110 | 19.0% | 140 | 24.2% | 278 | 48.0% | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

Nearly one-half (48.0%) of the available supply in the PSA (Dakota County) is priced \$400,000 or more. This pricing segment also represents the largest share of available homes by price point within eight of the 11 submarkets, as well as among homes outside of the submarkets in the balance of Dakota County. Homes priced between \$300,000 and \$399,999 represent the largest shares of available homes within the Farmington, Inver Grove Heights, and Rosemount submarkets. However, it is of note that more than half (57.1%) of available homes within the South St. Paul Submarket are priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999. While available for-sale housing units are offered among a variety of price points throughout the county and the individual submarkets, the majority (72.2%) of available homes within the PSA (Dakota County) are priced at or above \$300,000. This likely results in limited for-sale housing options for lower-income and/or first-time homebuyers within the Dakota County area.

The following graph illustrates available for-sale housing by price point for the PSA (Dakota County).



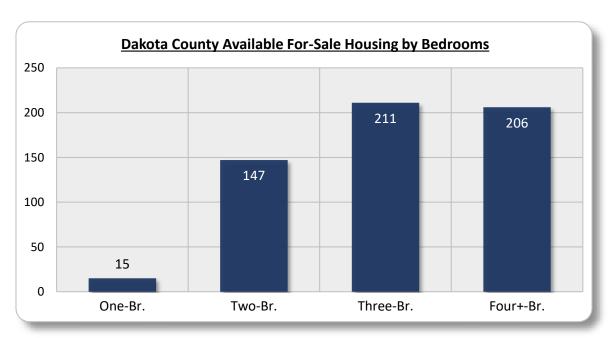
The following table summarizes the distribution of available for-sale units by study area and bedroom type (highest bedroom type share for each study area is shown in **red**).

| | | Available For-Sale Housing Units by Bedroom Type – Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|
| | | (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
| | One-Bo | edroom | Two-Be | Two-Bedroom | | edroom | Four-Bedroom+ | | | |
| | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | Number | Median | | |
| | (Share) | List Price | (Share) | List Price | (Share) | List Price | (Share) | List Price | | |
| Apple Valley | 5 (6.3%) | \$145,000 | 21 (26.3%) | \$265,000 | 35 (43.8%) | \$390,000 | 19 (23.8%) | \$450,000 | | |
| Burnsville | 5 (5.2%) | \$80,000 | 32 (33.0%) | \$222,450 | 28 (28.9%) | \$358,950 | 32 (33.0%) | \$449,500 | | |
| Eagan | 1 (1.6%) | \$104,900 | 27 (43.6%) | \$255,000 | 12 (19.4%) | \$364,500 | 22 (35.5%) | \$602,450 | | |
| Farmington | 0 (0.0%) | - | 9 (25.0%) | \$300,000 | 16 (44.4%) | \$360,000 | 11 (30.6%) | \$466,000 | | |
| Hastings | 0 (0.0%) | - | 2 (11.8%) | \$195,000 | 8 (47.1%) | \$334,950 | 7 (41.2%) | \$419,900 | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 0 (0.0%) | - | 16 (43.2%) | \$270,000 | 10 (27.0%) | \$387,233 | 11 (29.7%) | \$574,900 | | |
| Lakeville | 0 (0.0%) | - | 9 (7.4%) | \$305,000 | 55 (45.5%) | \$424,900 | 57 (47.1%) | \$599,999 | | |
| Mendota Heights | 0 (0.0%) | - | 1 (5.9%) | \$548,500 | 6 (35.3%) | \$609,900 | 10 (58.8%) | \$682,500 | | |
| Rosemount | 1 (2.0%) | \$139,900 | 11 (22.0%) | \$315,000 | 21 (42.0%) | \$369,850 | 17 (34.0%) | \$525,000 | | |
| South St. Paul | 1 (7.1%) | \$97,000 | 5 (35.7%) | \$217,000 | 3 (21.4%) | \$299,000 | 5 (35.7%) | \$315,000 | | |
| West St. Paul | 2 (7.7%) | \$132,500 | 7 (26.9%) | \$199,900 | 13 (50.0%) | \$399,000 | 4 (15.4%) | \$1,035,000 | | |
| Balance of County | 0 (0.0%) | - | 7 (31.8%) | \$369,000 | 4 (18.2%) | \$684,500 | 11 (50.0%) | \$845,000 | | |
| Dakota County | 15 (2.6%) | \$104,900 | 147 (25.4%) | \$259,000 | 211 (36.4%) | \$389,700 | 206 (35.6%) | \$525,000 | | |

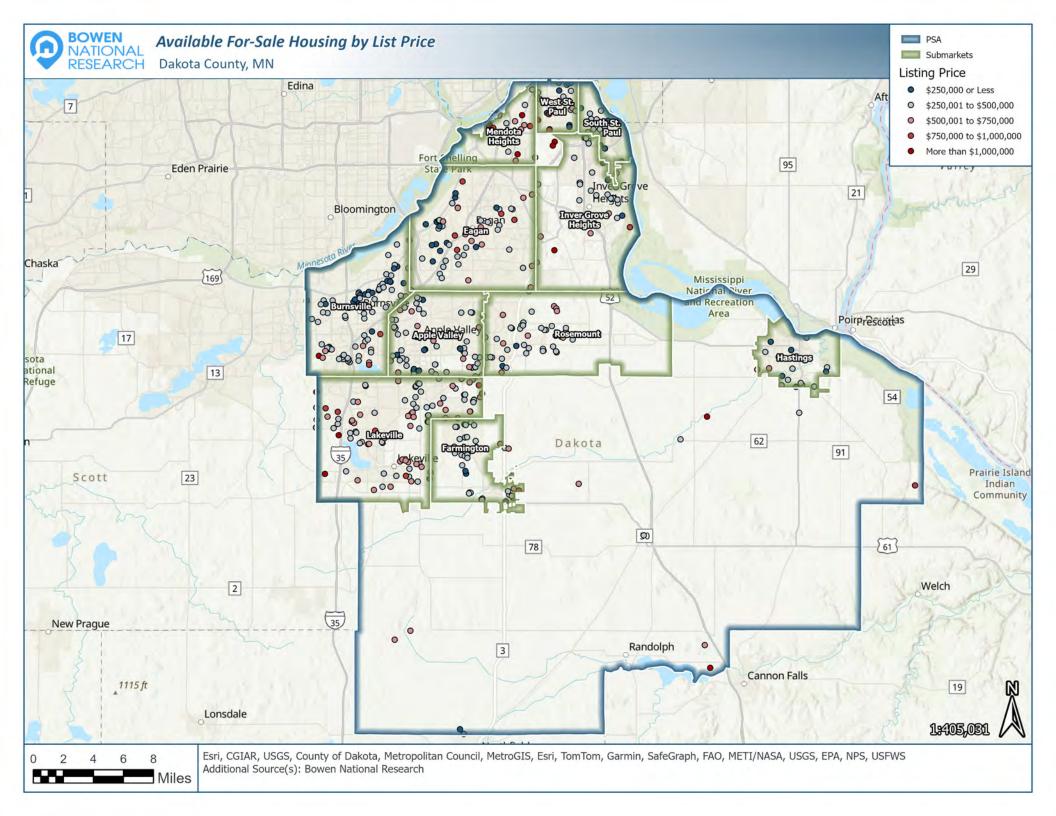
Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

Within the PSA (Dakota County), three-bedroom units (36.4%) comprise the largest share of available for-sale units though four-bedroom and larger units comprise a very similar share (35.6%). Similarly, one of these two aforementioned unit types also represent the largest shares of available forsale homes within eight of the 11 submarkets and among homes available for purchase outside of these areas but within the balance of Dakota County. Despite three- and four-bedroom and larger homes representing the majority of available for-sale product in the area, Dakota County and most of the individual submarkets offer a variety of unit types among the homes available for purchase, in terms of bedroom type. The most common unit type (three-bedroom) available for purchase in the PSA has a median list price of \$389,700, though the median list price for this bedroom type ranges from \$299,000 (South St. Paul) to \$609,900 (Mendota Heights) among the individual PSA submarkets (excludes balance of county). It will be important for a variety of for-sale housing product to be available, in terms of bedroom type, to potential buyers throughout Dakota County to ensure the for-sale housing stock in the area can accommodate households of various sizes.

The following graph illustrates available for-sale housing by bedroom type within the PSA (Dakota County).



A map illustrating the location of all available for-sale housing within the PSA (Dakota County) is included on the following page.



D. SENIOR CARE HOUSING

Dakota County, like areas throughout the country, has a large senior population that requires a variety of senior housing alternatives to meet its diverse needs. Seniors that are generally aged 65 or older may seek a more leisurely lifestyle or need assistance with Activities of Daily Living (ADLs). As part of this analysis, we evaluated three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. These housing types, from least assisted to most assisted, are summarized below.

Independent Living is a housing alternative that includes a residential unit, typically an apartment or cottage that offers an individual living area, kitchen, and sleeping room. The fees generally include the cost of the rental unit, some utilities, and services such as laundry, housekeeping, transportation, meals, etc. This housing type is also often referred to as congregate care. Physical assistance and medical treatment are not offered at such facilities.

Assisted Living Facilities are state licensed residences for aged and disabled adults who may require 24-hour supervision and assistance with personal care needs. People in adult care homes typically need a place to live, with some help with personal care (such as dressing, grooming and keeping up with medications), and some limited supervision. Medical care may be provided on occasion but is not routinely needed. Medication may be given by designated, trained staff. These facilities generally offer limited care that is designed for seniors who need some assistance with daily activities but do not require nursing care.

Nursing Homes provide nursing care and related services for people who need nursing, medical, rehabilitation or other special services. These facilities are licensed by the state and may be certified to participate in the Medicaid and/or Medicare programs. Certain nursing homes may also meet specific standards for sub-acute care or dementia care.

We referenced Medicare.com and the websites for each of the departments previously discussed to identify all licensed and certified senior care facilities and cross referenced this list with other senior care facility resources. As such, we identified and surveyed all licensed facilities in the county.

A total of 60 senior care facilities, containing a total of 3,946 marketed beds/units, were identified and surveyed within the PSA (Dakota County). The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Dakota County and the PSA submarkets individually. Note that no such facilities were surveyed within the Mendota Heights Submarket, thus this submarket is not included in the following table.

| | | Surv | eyed Seni | or Care Faciliti | es | |
|--------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| B 1 1 T | | Marketed | | Occupancy | National Median | Base Monthly |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate e Valley | Occupancy Rate* | Rates |
| Independent Living | 1 | 52 | (Appr | 100.0% | 86.8% | \$2,045-\$4,335 |
| Assisted Living | 3 | 221 | 12 | 94.6% | 85.4% | \$2,045-\$4,333 |
| Nursing Homes | 1 | 72 | 12 | 83.3% | 82.0% | \$13,688-\$21,292 |
| Total | 5 | 345 | 24 | 93.0% | - | \$2,045-\$21,292 |
| Total | J | 343 | | nsville | <u>-</u> | Ψ2,043-Ψ21,272 |
| Independent Living | 4 | 346 | 18 | 94.8% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,495 |
| Assisted Living | 9 | 527 | 19 | 96.4% | 85.4% | \$1,840-\$9,500 |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | - | 82.0% | - |
| Total | 13 | 873 | 37 | 95.8% | - | \$775-\$9,500 |
| | | | E | agan | | |
| Independent Living | 4 | 236 | 10 | 94.9% | 86.8% | \$2,105-\$4,245 |
| Assisted Living | 5 | 310 | 17 | 94.5% | 85.4% | \$2,000-\$6,857 |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | _ | 82.0% | - |
| Total | 9 | 546 | 27 | 95.1% | - | \$2,000-\$6,857 |
| | | | Farn | nington | | |
| Independent Living | 1 | 26 | 3 | 88.5% | 86.8% | \$1,745-\$2,670 |
| Assisted Living | 1 | 37 | 9 | 75.7% | 85.4% | \$2,395-\$2,940 |
| Nursing Homes | 1 | 70 | 5 | 92.9% | 82.0% | \$6,894 |
| Total | 3 | 133 | 17 | 87.2% | = | \$1,745-\$6,894 |
| | | | | stings | | |
| Independent Living | 1 | 47 | 0 | 100.0% | 86.8% | \$1,506-\$2,500 |
| Assisted Living | 2 | 99 | 0 | 100.0% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$3,735 |
| Nursing Homes | 2 | 129 | 9 | 93.0% | 82.0% | \$11,832-\$12,167 |
| Total | 5 | 275 | 9 | 96.7% | - | \$1,506-\$12,167 |
| | T - | T | | ove Heights | 1 | |
| Independent Living | 2 | 202 | 0 | 100.0% | 86.8% | \$2,089-\$3,830 |
| Assisted Living | 2 | 162 | 11 | 93.2% | 85.4% | \$3,515-\$6,300 |
| Nursing Homes | 2 | 125 | 10 | 92.0% | 82.0% | \$7,800-\$14,162 |
| Total | 6 | 489 | 21 | 95.7% | - | \$2,089-\$14,162 |
| T 1 1 .T' | 1 2 | 220 | | keville | 0.6.00/ | Φ1 555 Φ4 612 |
| Independent Living | 3 | 230 | 10 | 95.7% | 86.8% | \$1,557-\$4,613 |
| Assisted Living | 4 | 239 | 10 | 95.8% | 85.4% | \$2,250-\$12,100 |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | - 05.70/ | 82.0% | e1 557 e12 100 |
| Total | 7 | 469 | 20 | 95.7% | - | \$1,557-\$12,100 |
| Independent Living | 1 | 40 | 0 | 2 mount 100.0% | 86.8% | \$1,970-\$3,490 |
| Assisted Living | 1 | 52 | 6 | 88.5% | 85.4% | \$2,940-\$5,650 |
| Nursing Homes | 1 | 32 | U | 00.370 | 82.0% | \$4,740-\$3,030 |
| Total | 2 | 92 | 6 | 93.5% | - | \$1,970-\$5,650 |
| Total | |) / / | | St. Paul | | ψ1,770-Φ3,030 |
| Independent Living | _ | _ | - South | - | 86.8% | _ |
| Assisted Living | 1 | 33 | 5 | 84.8% | 85.4% | \$2,350-\$3,200 |
| Nursing Homes | _ | - | _ | - | 82.0% | |
| Total | 1 | 33 | 5 | 84.8% | - | \$2,350-\$3,200 |
| *Source: 2023 State of S | · 11 · | | | 01.070 | L | Ψ2,550 Ψ5,200 |

*Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | Marketed | | Occupancy | National Median | Base Monthly | | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate* | Rates | | |
| West St. Paul | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 2 | 111 | 11 | 90.1% | 86.8% | \$2,044-\$2,899 | | |
| Assisted Living | 2 | 105 | 15 | 85.7% | 85.4% | \$2,925-\$8,175 | | |
| Nursing Homes | 1 | 220 | 77 | 65.0% | 82.0% | \$7,604-\$18,250 | | |
| Total | 5 | 436 | 103 | 76.4% | - | \$2,044-\$18,250 | | |
| | | | Balance o | of County** | | | | |
| Independent Living | 2 | 65 | 4 | 93.8% | 86.8% | \$2,345-\$4,742 | | |
| Assisted Living | 2 | 190 | 11 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$3,545-\$6,570 | | |
| Nursing Homes | - | Ī | - | - | 82.0% | - | | |
| Total | 4 | 255 | 15 | 94.1% | - | \$2,345-\$6,570 | | |
| | | | Dakota Co | ounty (PSA) | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | |

^{*}Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing

The county is reporting an overall occupancy rate of 92.8% for the surveyed senior care facilities. Within individual project types, independent living facilities within the PSA have an overall occupancy rate of 95.9%, while the assisted living and nursing care facilities report overall occupancy rates of 94.2% and 81.7%, respectively. Notably, the occupancy rates reported for independent and assisted living facilities are well above the national median occupancy rates reported for such facility types. While the overall occupancy rate for the skilled nursing facilities (81.7%) surveyed is lower than those reported for independent and assisted living facilities, it is very similar to the national median occupancy rate (82.0%) for similar product. Lower than typical occupancy rates are not uncommon among skilled nursing care facilities due to the higher than typical turnover rates among such properties caused by resident deaths and residents needing to be moved to other facilities due to the level of care needed.

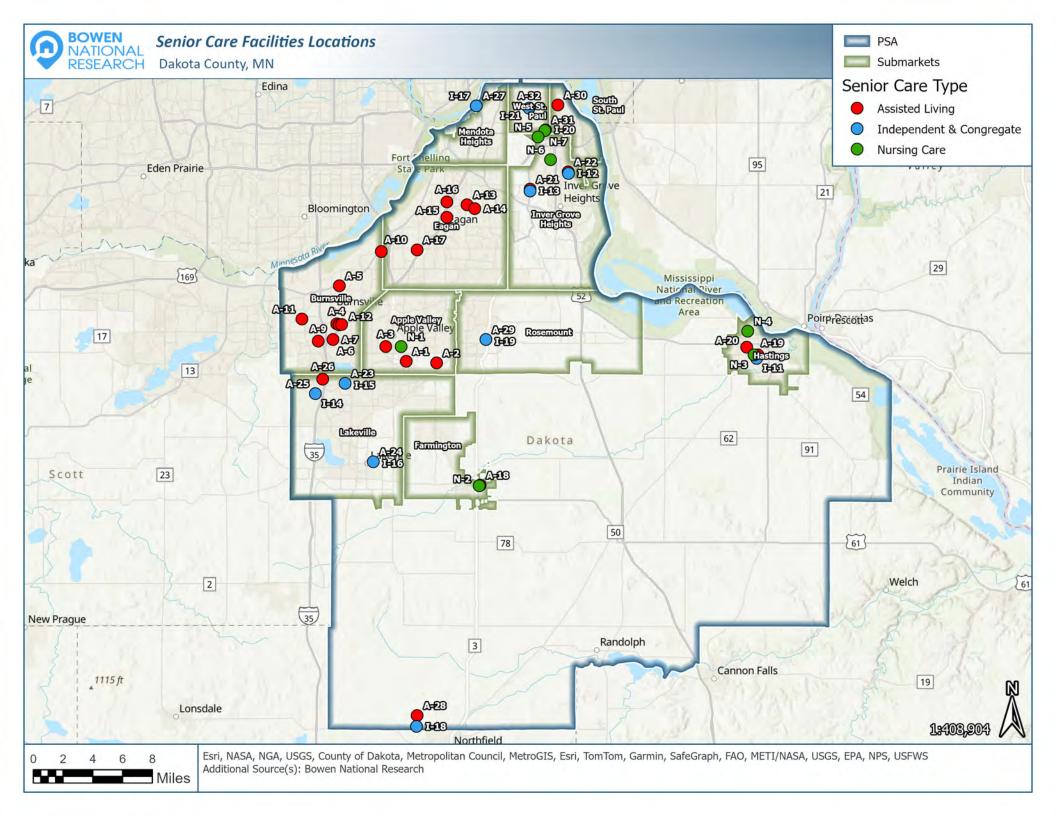
Within the individual PSA submarkets, occupancy rates among the senior care facilities surveyed are also generally similar to, if not higher than, national median occupancy rates for similar product. This indicates that demand is strong for various senior care housing types throughout the Dakota County area.

Demographic projections over the next five years indicate that senior households, age 65 and older, are expected to increase by 7,229 households (15.8% increase) in Dakota County. These demographic projections suggest that demand for senior-oriented housing alternatives, including senior care facilities could increase in the coming years. Nonetheless, the occupancy rates among existing senior care facilities should continue to be monitored to ensure adequate demand exists for such product when considering future senior care development within Dakota County.

^{**}Located in cities/towns outside of the designated submarkets Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

The monthly fees for senior care housing in the previous table should be considered as a base of comparison for the future projects considered in the county. It is important to note that some senior care facilities with services accept Medicaid payments from eligible residents, reducing their costs. A summary of the individual senior care facilities surveyed in Dakota County is included in Addendum C.

A map illustrating the location of surveyed senior care facilities in Dakota County is included on the following page.



E. PLANNED & PROPOSED

In order to assess housing development potential, we evaluated recent residential building permit activity and identified residential projects in the development pipeline within the PSA (Dakota County). Understanding the number of residential units and the type of housing being considered for development in the market can assist in determining how these projects are expected to meet the housing needs of the market.

The following table illustrates single-family and multifamily building permits issued within Dakota County for the most recent 10-year period available (2014-2023):

| Housing Unit Building Permits for Dakota County, MN: | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Permits 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Multifamily Permits | 472 | 366 | 212 | 977 | 1,005 | 1,132 | 953 | 2,066 | 1,139 | 1,551 |
| Single-Family Permits | 944 | 940 | 1,130 | 1,175 | 1,052 | 1,090 | 1,212 | 1,418 | 1,161 | 1,167 |
| Total Permits | 1,416 | 1,306 | 1,342 | 2,152 | 2,057 | 2,222 | 2,165 | 3,484 | 2,300 | 2,718 |

Source: SOCDS Building Permits Database at http://socds.huduser.org/permits/index.html

A total of 21,162 residential building permits were issued in the PSA (Dakota County) between 2014 and 2023. Of these, 53.3% (11,289 permits) were single-family building permits while the remaining 46.7% (9,873 permits) were for multifamily development. Thus, building permit distribution within the county has been relatively balanced between single-family and multifamily permits over the past decade. It is worth pointing out that residential building permit activity has exceeded 2,300 units over each of the past three years (2021 to 2023), higher than any other individual years since 2014. Despite this increase in new residential units in the county, housing availability remains low among both rental and for-sale housing.

Planned and Proposed Residential Housing Development

We conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within each submarket of the PSA (Dakota County). Note that additional projects may have been introduced into the pipeline and/or the status of existing projects may have changed since the time interviews and research were completed.

Multifamily Rental Housing

The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rental housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within the PSA, separated by individual PSA submarkets.

| Multifamily Rental Housing Development | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | | | |
| | | App | le Valley | | | | | |
| | |] | None | | | | | |
| | Burnsville | | | | | | | |
| Villas at Pleasant Ave. II 305 Concorde Pl. | Tax Credit Senior 55+ | 110 | MWF Properties | Under Construction: Allocated Tax Credits in 2022; 30%, 50%, 60%, & 70% AMHI; Scheduled to open fall 2024. | | | | |
| Pillsbury Flats 200 Burnsville Pkwy. | Subsidized Tax Credit | 48 | MWF Properties | Planned: Allocated Tax Credits in 2024; 50% & 60% AMHI; Five units with Housing Support Subsidy; ECD 2026. | | | | |
| Roers Parkway Plat Apts. 175 Burnsville Pkwy. W. | Market-Rate | 170 | Roers Companies Two | Planned: Mix of one-, two-, and three-bedroom units. ECD 2025 to 2026. | | | | |
| Vincent Development Apts. SW of 14501 Grand Ave. S. | Market-Rate | 130 | Vincent Development | Proposed: Plans submitted for a Planned Unit Development Amendment to construct a new fourstory building; ECD unknown. | | | | |
| | Eagan | | | | | | | |
| Haven at Eagandale 3040 Eagandale Pl. | Market-Rate | 71 | N/A | Under Construction: Conversion of former hotel into apartments. 49 units were complete at time of this analysis; 71 units remain under construction. Rents range from \$995 to \$1,599; ECD 2025. | | | | |
| Nichols Pointe 4225 Nichols Rd. | Income Restricted Senior 55+/ Veteran | 24 | Dakota Co. CDA | Under Construction: Received ARP funding; Income-restricted at 60% AMHI; Scheduled to open fall 2024. | | | | |
| Viking Lakes Residences Phase III 710 Vikings Pkwy. | Market-Rate | 327 | MV Ventures | Planned: Construction to begin in 2025; Development will have 814 units total once complete. | | | | |
| Enclave Apts. (Metcalf Park) Diffley Rd. & Hwy. 77 | Market-Rate | 318 | Enclave Companies | Proposed: Part of Metcalfe Park mixed-use project; Additional details not yet defined; Potential construction 2028-2029. | | | | |
| Lifestyle Senior Cooperative (Metcalfe Park) Diffley Rd. & Hwy. 77 | Market-Rate Senior 62+ | 66 | Lifestyle Communities | Proposed: Senior cooperative living; Part of Metcalfe Park mixed-use project; Additional details not yet defined. Potential construction 2028-2029. | | | | |

ECD – Estimated Completion Date

N/A - Not Available

| | Multifamily l | Rental Housing | Development (| CONTINUED) |
|---|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Project Name & Address | Туре | Units | Developer | Status/ Details |
| | | Farn | nington | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Studio, one- and two- |
| Emery | | | | bedroom units; Rents will range from \$1,400 to |
| 310 3 rd St. | Market-Rate | 74 | Ebert Co. | \$2,500; Scheduled to open fall 2024. |
| Farmington Apts./Yellow Tree | | | | |
| Apts. | Mahaba | 1.60 | N 11 T | Under Construction: Studio, one- and two- |
| 21401 Dushane Pkwy. | Market-Rate | 168 | Yellow Tree | bedroom units. ECD September 2025. Under Construction: Allocated Tax Credits in |
| | | | | 2024; one- through four-bedroom units at 60% |
| Denmark Trail Townhomes | | | Dakota Co. | AMHI; Workforce housing. Construction started |
| 22100 Denmark Ave. | Tax Credit | 60 | CDA | summer 2024. ECD unknown. |
| 22100 2011111111111 | 10.1 010011 | | stings | SWAMMER 202 IV DED WARMEN VAN |
| Tyler Street Landing | | | | Planned: Additional details unavailable at the time |
| 315 3 rd St. | Market-Rate | 32 | Star Realty | of this analysis. |
| | | Inver Gr | ove Heights | |
| Avalon Apts. and Townhomes | | | Vincent | Under Construction: 54 for-rent townhomes and |
| Diffley/S. Robert Trl. | Market-Rate | 244 | Companies | 190 apartments. |
| | | | Lupe | |
| TBD | | | Development | Proposed: Early proposal stages; has not been |
| 6050 Cahill Ave. | Tax Credit | 220 | Partners | allocated LIHTC; 60% AMHI if approved. |
| TDD | | 524 | NI_4:1 | |
| TBD 6570 & 6680 S. Robert Trl. & | | Apartments 145 | National Land | Proposed: Mix of one-, two-, and three-bedroom |
| 1401 70th St. E. | Market-Rate | Townhomes | Holdings | apartments and townhomes for rent. |
| TBD | Widther Pare | Townhomes | Holdings | aparements and townhomes for rent. |
| SW Corner of 70th St. W. & | | | Stuart | Proposed: Mix of one-, two-, and three-bedroom |
| Argenta Trl. | Market-Rate | 159 | Development | townhomes for rent. |
| Yellow Tree/Peltier Reserve | | | | |
| Apts. | | | | |
| 70 th St. W. and Agate/Argenta | | | | Proposed: Mix of studio through three-bedroom |
| Trl. | Market-Rate | 242 | Yellow Tree | units. ECD September 2026. |
| 1 TO th C | 1 | Lal | keville | |
| 179 th Street Apts. | | | TE M'II | Planned: Approved winter 2022; Received |
| SW of 179 th St. W. & Glacier | Montret Date | 242 | TE Miller | extension through December 2024; Studio-, one- |
| Way | Market-Rate | 243 | Development Ron Clark | and two-bedroom units. |
| Kenyon Green | | | Construction | Planned: Funded through Dakota County CDA; |
| 18430 Kenyon Ave. | Tax Credit | 49 | and Design | 60% AMHI; Construction to start 2025; ECD 2026. |
| 10 100 Helly off 7170. | Tun Orean | ., | una Design | Planned: Townhome units with rents ranging from |
| Sundance Lakeville | | | | \$1,421 for a one-bedroom to \$2,970 for three- |
| North of 162 nd St. between | | | Timberland | bedroom units; Development will include nine for- |
| Kendale Dr. & Buck Hill Rd. | Market-Rate | 167 | Partners | sale single-family homes; ECD unknown. |
| | | Mendo | ta Heights | |
| | | N | lone | |

TBD – To Be Determined ECD – Estimated Completion Date

| | Multifamily Rental Housing Development (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|-------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | | | | |
| | Rosemount | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Units to target households | | | | | |
| | | | | earning up to 50%, 60%, and 70% AMHI; Starting | | | | | |
| | | | | rents will range from \$1,343 for a one-bedroom to | | | | | |
| Landing at Amber Fields | | | Real Estate | \$1,855 for a three-bedroom; ECD December 2024. | | | | | |
| 14504 Abbeyfield Ave. | Tax Credit | 160 | Equities | Unit mix unknown. | | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Unit mix of one-, two-, and | | | | | |
| | | | | three-bedroom units; 25 units at 50% AMHI, with | | | | | |
| | | | | the remaining units at 60% AMHI; Funding source | | | | | |
| Croft at Rosecott | | | Schafer | is HOPE Funds; Construction started spring 2024. | | | | | |
| 14203 Adalyn Ave. | Affordable | 164 | Richardson | ECD summer 2025. | | | | | |
| | South St. Paul | | | | | | | | |
| | | N | lone | | | | | | |
| | | West | St. Paul | | | | | | |
| | | | | Planned: Plans include commercial space and | | | | | |
| TBD | | | Roers | one-, two-, and three-bedroom rental units; ECD | | | | | |
| 33 Wentworth Ave. E. | Tax Credit | 157 | Companies | 2026. | | | | | |
| | | | | Planned: Former YMCA site to become mixed-use | | | | | |
| | | | | development that will include apartments (441 | | | | | |
| | | | | units), rental townhomes (16), and commercial | | | | | |
| TBD | | | Greco | space; Phase I construction to start in 2026 and | | | | | |
| 150 Thompson Ave. E. | Market-Rate | 457 | Properties | Phase II in 2028; Unit mix and ECD unknown. | | | | | |
| | | | | Proposed: Applied for Tax Credits in 2024; No | | | | | |
| Thompson Apts. | | | Reuter | allocations at the time of this report; 60% AMHI; | | | | | |
| 212 Thompson Ave. E. | Tax Credit | 65 | Walton | one-, two-, and three-bedroom units; ECD 2026. | | | | | |

TBD – To Be Determined

ECD – Estimated Completion Date

For-Sale Housing

The following summarizes the known details for the for-sale housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within the PSA submarkets.

| For-Sale Housing Development | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Product | | | | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | | | | |
| Apple Valley | | | | | | | | |
| None | | | | | | | | |
| Burnsville | | | | | | | | |
| None | | | | | | | | |
| Eagan | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Planned: Large lots across from Lebanon Hills | | | | |
| | | | | Park Reserve. Home/lot packages start at \$800,000. | | | | |
| Parkside Circle | Single- | | Thorson | Construction is likely to start late 2024 or early | | | | |
| NE of 120 St. W. & Dodd Rd. | Family | 24 | Homes | 2025. | | | | |
| | | Farn | nington | | | | | |
| Meadowview Preserve | Single- | | Pulte | Under Construction: 60 of 63 lots still available | | | | |
| Everfield Ave. and 195 th St. W. | Family | 63 | Construction | at time of study; 2,390 to 3,290 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: 29 of 131 lots still available | | | | |
| Sapphire Lake | Single- | | Keyland | at time of study; \$469,000 to \$679,900 and 1,274 | | | | |
| 213th St. W. & Cambodia Ave. | Family | 131 | Homes | to 3,294 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: 54 of 246 lots still available | | | | |
| Fairhill Estate at North Creek | Single- | | | at time of study; \$435,750 to \$659,613 and 1,945 | | | | |
| of 190th St. W. & Trunk Hwy. 3 | Family | 246 | M/I Homes | to 2,874 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: 77 townhome lots and 67 | | | | |
| | T 1 | | | single-family lots still available at time of study; | | | | |
| M '11' C | Townhomes | | | Townhomes from \$328,990 to \$389,760 and 1,769 | | | | |
| Vermillion Commons | and Single- | 1.4.4 | T | to 1,906 sq. ft. Single-family details unavailable at | | | | |
| Denmark Ave. & 220th St. W. | Family | 144 | Lennar | the time of this analysis. | | | | |
| | Single- Family and | | | Under Construction: 34 single-family homes and eight (8) townhomes still available at time of study; | | | | |
| Vita Attiva at South Creek | Townhomes | | | \$593,420 for an 1,820 sq. ft. single-family and | | | | |
| Eaton Ave. & CSAH 50 | Age 55+ | 42 | N/A | \$365,000 for a 1,178 sq. ft. townhome. | | | | |
| Laton Ave. & CSAII 50 | Age 33 i | 72 | IV/A | Under Construction: 58 of 116 lots still available | | | | |
| Whispering Fields | Single- | | | at time of study; \$412,990 to \$530,990 and 1,485 | | | | |
| 209th St. W & Flagstaff Ave. | Family | 58 | D.R. Horton | to 2,449 sq. ft. | | | | |
| 200 M St. W Co I lagouil 1110. | 1 dillij | | stings | 1 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 -5 | | | | |
| | | IIa | - Ingo | Under Construction: Approximately one-quarter | | | | |
| Villas at Pleasant | | | | complete at time of study. Homes from \$494,900 to | | | | |
| Pleasant Dr. & Northridge Dr. | Villas | 32 | Epcon | \$640,990 and 1,418 sq. ft. to 2,832 sq. ft. | | | | |
| 5 | | - | 1 | Approved: Some lots still available from previous | | | | |
| Heritage Ridge 4 th Addition | | | | additions which will likely need sold before the 4 th | | | | |
| West of General Sieben Dr. & | Single- | | Creative | addition becomes available. Homes from \$391,900 | | | | |
| Northridge Dr. | Family | 36 | Homes | to \$584,900 and 1,296 sq. ft. to 3,354 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | | Inver Gr | ove Heights | | | | | |
| | | | lone | | | | | |
| None | | | | | | | | |

N/A – Not Available

| | For-Sale Housing Development (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Product | | | | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | | | | |
| | | Lal | keville | | | | | |
| | | | | Planned: Phase V (36 single-family lots and 34 | | | | |
| | | | | townhomes) and Phase VI (41 townhomes) | | | | |
| | | | | approved in the last two years and additional | | | | |
| C 1 IIII (5th cth 1 | G: 1 | | | approved preliminary platted phase (78 single- | | | | |
| Cedar Hills (5 th , 6 th , and | Single- | | | family lots and 142 townhomes). Homes to range | | | | |
| preliminary platted phases) NE corner of Cedar & 200th St. | Family & Townhome | 331 | Lannar | from \$431,990 to \$660,205 with 1,557 to 2,786 sq. | | | | |
| Berres Ridge (9 th and | Townhome | 331 | Lennar | ft. for single-family. Planned: Phase nine approved in 2023 (34 lots) | | | | |
| preliminary platted phases) | | | | and additional approved preliminary platted phase | | | | |
| N of 202 St. & W of Hamburg | Single- | | | (50 lots). Homes to range from \$579,900 to | | | | |
| Ave. | Family | 84 | OneTenTen | \$897,616 with 2,735 to 4,243 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | , | | | Planned: Phase II (81 lots) and Phase III (58 single | | | | |
| | | | | -family lots and 36 townhomes) approved in the | | | | |
| | | | | last two years and additional approved preliminary | | | | |
| | | | | platted phase (429 single-family lots and 126 | | | | |
| Brookshire (2 nd , 3 rd , and | ~ | | | townhomes). Homes to range from \$547,000 to | | | | |
| preliminary platted Phases) | Single- | | | \$663,000 with 1,721 to 3,448 sq. ft. for single- | | | | |
| S. of 170 St. & E. of Eagleview | Family & | 720 | D.R. Horton | family; \$389,990 to \$428,805 with 1,894 to 1,965 sq. ft. for townhomes. | | | | |
| Dr. | Townhome | 730 | D.K. Horion | Planned: Phase II (60 lots) approved in the last two | | | | |
| Caslano (2 nd Phase and | | | | years and additional approved preliminary platted | | | | |
| preliminary platted phases) | | | | phase (151 single-family lots). Homes to range | | | | |
| S of Dodd Blvd. & W of Hwy. | Single- | | | from \$583,990 to \$688,990 with 2,692 to 3,328 sq. | | | | |
| Ave. | Family | 211 | Lennar | ft. | | | | |
| Preserve of Lakeville (3 rd and | • | | | Planned: Phase III (20 lots) approved in the last | | | | |
| preliminary platted phases) | | | | two years and additional approved preliminary | | | | |
| NE of Kenwood Trl. & S. of | Single- | | Country Joe | platted phase (26 lots). Homes to range from | | | | |
| 185 St. | Family | 46 | Homes | \$774,994 to \$1,050,000 with 3,538 to 4,811 sq. ft. | | | | |
| C 1 C 1 Will (2nd 1 | | | | Planned: Phase II (29 townhomes) approved in the | | | | |
| Cedar Creek Villas (2 nd and preliminary platted phases) | | | Cymana anasta | last two years and additional approved preliminary platted phase (59 townhomes). Home size and price | | | | |
| NW of 202 nd St. & Cedar Ave. | Townhome | 88 | Summergate Companies | not found. | | | | |
| 1 W 01 202 St. & Cedai Ave. | Townhome | 00 | Companies | Planned: Phase II (91 townhomes) approved in the | | | | |
| | | | | last two years and additional approved preliminary | | | | |
| Cordelia (2 nd and preliminary | | | | platted phase (97 townhomes). Homes to range | | | | |
| platted phases) | | | | from \$364,990 to \$419,990 with 1,883 to 1,996 sq. | | | | |
| S. of 179 th & E. of Glacier | Townhome | 188 | Pulte Homes | ft. | | | | |
| | | | Twin Cities | | | | | |
| | ~ | | Land | | | | | |
| | Single- | | Development | Planned: Phase I (99 townhomes) approved in the | | | | |
| Ditton Mood (1st d | Family & | | and Robert | last two years and additional approved preliminary | | | | |
| Ritter Meadows (1 st and preliminary platted phases) | Detached Townhome | 354 | Thomas Homes | platted phase (29 single-family lots and 226 townhomes). | | | | |
| premimary planed phases) | TOWIHIUME | 334 | Homes | Planned: Phase II (31 townhomes) and Phase III | | | | |
| | | | | (90 townhomes) approved in the last two years and | | | | |
| Voyageur Farms (2 nd , 3 rd , and | | | U.S. Home, | additional approved preliminary platted phase (122) | | | | |
| preliminary platted phases) | Detached | | LLC and | townhomes). Homes to range from \$458,990 to | | | | |
| 7376 183 rd St. W. | Townhome | 243 | Lennar | \$520,990 with 1,830 to 2,553 sq. ft. | | | | |

| For-Sale Housing Development (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Product | | | | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | | | | |
| | , <u> </u> | | CONTINUED) | | | | | |
| | | | CNC | | | | | |
| | | | Development | Planned: In approved preliminary platted phase. | | | | |
| Glacier Creek | Single- | | V, LLC and | Homes start at approximately \$780,000 with 3,921 | | | | |
| E. of Cedar Ave. & S. of 179 St. | Family | 36 | OneTenTen | sq. ft. | | | | |
| Highview Ridge | | | | Planned: In approved preliminary platted phase. | | | | |
| S. of Dodd & E of Highview | Single- | | Youngfield | Homes to range from \$563,600 to \$717,300 with | | | | |
| Ave. | Family | 27 | Homes | 2,016 to 4,027 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | | | | Planned: Phase I (57 single-family) approved in | | | | |
| | | | | the last two years and additional approved | | | | |
| | Single- | | | preliminary townhome platted phase VIII (28 | | | | |
| Pheasant Run of Lakeville | Family & | | | townhomes). Homes to range from \$470,200 to | | | | |
| N. of 179 St. & E. of Pilot Knob | Detached | 0.7 | | \$612,100 with 1,385 to 3,559 sq. ft. for single- | | | | |
| Rd. | Townhome | 85 | KJ Walk | family; \$735,500 and 2,957 sq. ft. for townhomes. | | | | |
| Summers Creek | Single- | | | Planned: 43 single-family and 33 townhome lots | | | | |
| S. of Dodd Blvd., E of | Family & Detached | | C | in early approved preliminary phase. Homes to | | | | |
| Highview Ave. & W. of Cedar | Townhome | 76 | Summergate | range from \$470,900 to \$528,900 with 1,517 to 3,563 sq. ft. | | | | |
| Ave. | Townnome | 76 | Companies | 3,303 sq. 1t. | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | | | | | | | | |
| None | | | | | | | | |
| | I | Rose | emount | | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Development divided into | | | | |
| | | | | three collections known as Expressions and | | | | |
| | | | | Inspiration (265 single-family homes) and | | | | |
| | Single | | | Freedom (596 townhomes); Homes to range from \$413,900 to \$604,990 with 1,565 to 3,290 sq. ft.; | | | | |
| Amber Fields | Single- Family and | | | Townhomes to range from \$360,990 to \$364,990 | | | | |
| Artaine Trail & 150 th St. | Townhomes | 861 | Pulte Homes | with 1,883 to 2,020 sq. ft. | | | | |
| Artaine Train & 130 St. | Townhomes | 001 | Tutte Homes | Under Construction: 136 townhomes ranging | | | | |
| | Single- | | | from \$360,990 to \$394,990 with 1,894 to 1,965 sq. | | | | |
| Ardan Place | Family & | | | ft.; 79 homes ranging from \$504,990 to \$555,850 | | | | |
| 13872 Kaylemore Trl. | Townhomes | 215 | D.R. Horton | with 2,242 to 2,513 sq. ft. | | | | |
| Bray Hill | | | Distinctive | , , , , , | | | | |
| Akron Ave. & Bonaire Path | Single- | | Design | | | | | |
| East | Family | 49 | Build, LLC | Under Construction: From \$629,900. | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: 177 single-family homes | | | | |
| | | | | ranging from \$535,990 to \$699,990 with 1,721 to | | | | |
| Caramore Crossing | Single- | | | 3,003 sq. ft.; 82 detached townhomes sold out at | | | | |
| 1283 Bonaire Path West | Family | 177 | D.R. Horton | time of this analysis. | | | | |
| | | | Copper | Under Construction: Starting prices are | | | | |
| Dunmore of Rosemount Ph III | Single- | 0 | Creek | approximately \$549,000 for 2,500 sq. ft.; 19 | | | | |
| 132 St. W. & S. Robert Trail | Family | 32 | Development | available at time of study. | | | | |
| F | | | CNC | | | | | |
| Emerald Isle | G: 1 | | Development | H. I. C | | | | |
| SE corner of Aspen Ave. & | Single- | 1.5.1 | IV, LLC and | Under Construction: Prices range from \$579,900 | | | | |
| 143 rd St. | Family | 151 | OneTenTen | to \$799,900 for 2,700 to 3,953 sq. ft. | | | | |

| For-Sale Housing Development (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Product | | | | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | | | | |
| Rosemount (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | |
| | a: 1 | | | Under Construction: Development divided into three collections known as Discovery and Venture (101 single-family lots) and Liberty (70 multifamily lots). Homes to range from \$440,990 | | | | |
| T. 1 | Single- | | | to \$604,990 with 1,830 to 3,078 sq. ft.; Townhomes | | | | |
| Talamore | Family and | 171 | D-14 II | to range from \$369,990 to \$406,990 with 1,719 to | | | | |
| 14384 Allerton Way | Townhomes | 171 | Pulte Homes | 1,831 sq. ft. | | | | |
| Enclave Townhomes | | | Б 1 | Proposed: Submitted as an amendment to the | | | | |
| SW Corner of Abbeyfield Ave. | T 1 | 122 | Enclave | Amber Fields Planned Unit Development in spring | | | | |
| & 145 th St. W. | Townhomes | 132 | Companies | es 2024. | | | | |
| | South St. Paul | | | | | | | |
| | | N | lone | | | | | |
| | | West | St. Paul | | | | | |
| Thompson Square SW Corner of Oakdale Ave. & | | | | Under Construction : Three-bedroom homes ranging from \$408,000 to \$524,017 with 2,091 to | | | | |
| Schletty Ln. | Townhomes | 58 | M/I Homes | 2,268 sq. ft.; ECD end of 2024. | | | | |
| Thompson Square East | | | | | | | | |
| SE Corner of Oakdale Ave. & | | | | Under Construction: Two- and three-bedroom | | | | |
| Schletty Ln. | Townhomes | 44 | M/I Homes | townhomes with 1,667 to 1,898 sq. ft.; ECD 2026. | | | | |

ECD – Estimated Completion Date

Senior Care Housing

The following summarizes the known details for the senior care housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within the PSA submarkets. Note that the only senior care facilities identified within the development pipeline in Dakota County are within the Hastings Submarket. Thus, the remaining PSA submarkets are not illustrated in the following table.

| Senior Care Housing Development | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|---|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | | |
| Hastings | | | | | | | |
| | Assisted | | | Under Construction: This community will | | | |
| Vermillion Acres Senior Housing. | Living & | | Real Estate | include both assisted living and memory care. ECD | | | |
| 1190 County Rd. 47 | Memory Care | 75 | Equities | unknown. | | | |
| | Assisted | | | | | | |
| Suite Living, Memory Care Facility | Living & | | Suite Living | Planned: Construction to start spring 2025; Unit | | | |
| SE Corner 33rd St. & Vermillion St. | Memory Care | 32 | Senior Care | mix and ECD unknown. | | | |

ECD – Estimated Completion Date

Based on the preceding tables, there are nearly 60 housing projects (rental and for-sale) and two senior care facilities within some level of planning or development within the PSA (Dakota County). We have considered these projects in the housing gap estimates included in Section VII of this report.

VII. HOUSING GAP ESTIMATES

INTRODUCTION

This section of our report provides five- and 10-year housing gap estimates for both rental and for-sale housing within the PSA (Dakota County), as well as for each of the 11 submarkets. The assessment includes demand from a variety of sources and focuses on the housing demand potential of Dakota County, though consideration is given to potential support that may originate from outside the county. Note that the five-year housing gap projections align with the demographic estimates and projections provided in Section IV. As 10-year demographic projections are not available/provided in Section IV, the 10-year housing gap estimates provided in this section of the report are based on linear projections over the 10-year period, stemming from the five-year projections provided within our demographic analysis (Section IV). It is important to understand that changes to housing market conditions, economic development activity, or other unforeseen changes to the local, regional, or national economy could result in housing gap estimates which vary from those provided within this analysis.

Housing to meet the needs of both current and future households in the market will most likely involve multifamily, duplex, and single-family housing alternatives. There are a variety of financing mechanisms that can support the development of housing alternatives such as federal and state government programs, as well as conventional financing through private lending institutions. These different financing alternatives often have specific income and rent/price restrictions, which affect the market they target and serve.

We evaluated the market's ability to support rental and for-sale housing based on five levels of income/affordability. While there may be overlap among these levels due to program targeting and rent/price levels charged, we have established specific income stratifications that are exclusive of each other in order to eliminate double counting demand. We used HUD's published income limits for Dakota County at various levels of Area Median Household Income (AMHI).

The following table summarizes the income and housing affordability segments used in this analysis to estimate potential housing demand.

| Household Income/Wage & Affordability Levels | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Percent AMHI Income Range* Hourly Wage** Affordable Rents*** Affordable | | | | | | |
| ≤ 30% | ≤\$37,260 | ≤ \$17.91 | ≤\$931 | ≤ \$124,200 | | |
| 31%-60% | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$17.92-\$35.83 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | | |
| 61%-80% | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$35.84-\$47.77 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | | |
| 81%-115% | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$47.78-\$68.67 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | | |
| 116%+ | \$142,831+ | \$68.68+ | \$3,571+ | \$476,101+ | | |

AMHI – Area Median Household Income

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Dakota County, Minnesota (4-person limit)

^{**}Assumes full-time employment 2,080 hours/year (Assumes one wage earner household)

^{***}Based on assumption tenants pay up to 30% of income toward rent

[^]Based on assumption homebuyer can afford to purchase home priced three times annual income after 10% down payment

While different state and federal housing programs establish income and rent restrictions for their respective programs, in reality, there is potential overlap between windows of affordability between the programs. Further, those who respond to a certain product or program type vary. This is because housing markets are highly dynamic, with households entering and exiting by tenure and economic profile. Further, qualifying policies of property owners and management impact the households that may respond to specific project types. As such, while a household may prefer a certain product, ownership/management qualifying procedures (i.e., review of credit history, current income verification, criminal background checks, etc.) may affect housing choices that are available to households.

Regardless, we have used the preceding income segmentations as the ranges that a <u>typical</u> project or lending institution would use to qualify residents, based on their household income. Ultimately, any new product added to the market will be influenced by many decisions made by the developer and management. This includes eligibility requirements, design type, location, rents/prices, amenities, and other features. As such, our estimates assume that the rents/prices, quality, location, design, and features of new housing product are marketable and will appeal to most renters and homebuyers.

A. HOUSING GAP DEMAND COMPONENTS

The primary sources of demand for new housing (rental and for-sale) include the following:

- Household Growth
- Units Required for a Balanced Market
- Replacement of Substandard Housing
- External (Outside Dakota County) Commuter Support
- Severe Cost Burdened Households
- Step-Down Support

Since the focus of this report is on the specific housing needs of the PSA (Dakota County), we have focused the housing demand estimates on the metrics that only impact this area.

New Household Growth

In this report, household growth projections from 2024 to 2029 are based on ESRI estimates. This projected growth was evaluated for each of the targeted income segments. It should be noted that changes in the number of households within a specific income segment do not necessarily mean that households are coming to or leaving the market, but instead, many of these households are likely to experience income growth or loss that would move them into a higher or lower income segment. Furthermore, should additional housing become available, either through new construction or conversion of existing units, demand for new housing could increase.

Units Required for a Balanced Market

The second demand component considers the number of units a market requires to offer balanced market conditions, including some level of vacancies. A healthy *rental* market requires approximately 4% to 6% of the rental market to be vacant while a healthy for-sale housing market should have approximately 2% to 3% of its inventory available. Such vacancies allow for inner-market mobility, such as households upsizing or downsizing due to changes in family composition or income, and for people to move into the market. When markets have too few vacancies, rental rates and housing prices often escalate at an abnormal rate, homes can get neglected, and potential renters and/or homebuyers can leave the market. Conversely, an excess of rental units and/or for-sale homes can lead to stagnant or declining rental rates and home prices, property neglect, or existing properties being converted to rentals or for-sale housing. Generally, markets with low vacancy rates often require additional units, while markets with high vacancy rates often indicate a surplus of housing. For the purposes of this analysis, we have utilized a vacancy rate of 5% for rental product and 3% for for-sale product to establish balanced market conditions.

Replacement of Substandard Housing

Demand for new units as replacement housing takes into consideration that while some properties are adequately maintained and periodically updated, a portion of the existing stock reaches a point of functional obsolescence over time and needs to be replaced. This comes in the form of either units that are substandard (lacking complete plumbing and/or are overcrowded) or units expected to be removed from the housing stock through demolitions. Based on demographic data included in this report, approximately 4.6% of *renter* households and 0.9% of *owner* households in the PSA (Dakota County) are living in substandard housing (e.g., lacking complete plumbing or are overcrowded). Lower income households live in substandard housing conditions more often than higher income households, which we have accounted for in our gap estimates. While we recognize that households living in substandard housing units are housed, such households have been considered in our demand estimates as our estimates are reflective of all housing needs and deficiencies within the county.

External Commuter Support

Market support can originate from households not currently living in the market. This is particularly true for people who work in Dakota County but commute from outside of the county and would consider moving to Dakota County, if adequate and affordable housing that met residents' specific needs was offered. Currently, there are limited *available* housing options in the market. As such, external market support will likely be created if new housing product is developed in Dakota County.

Based on our experience in evaluating housing markets throughout the country, it is not uncommon for new product to attract as much as 50% of its support from outside of county limits. As a result, we have assumed that a portion of the demand for new housing will originate from the 99,002 commuters traveling into the PSA (Dakota County) from areas outside of county limits. For the purposes of this analysis, we have primarily used a conservative demand ratio of up to 20% for the PSA to estimate the demand that could originate from outside of Dakota County.

Severe Cost Burdened Households

HUD defines severe cost burdened households as those paying 50% or more of their household income toward housing costs. While such households are housed, the disproportionately high share of their income being utilized for housing costs is considered excessive and often leaves little money for impacted households to pay for other essentials such as healthy foods, transportation, healthcare, and education. Therefore, households meeting these criteria were included in our estimates.

Step-Down Support

It is not uncommon for households of a certain income level (typically higher income households) to rent or purchase a unit at a lower price point despite the fact they can afford a higher priced unit/home. Using housing cost and income data reported by American Community Survey (ACS), we have applied a portion of this step-down support to lower income demand estimates. In some instances, step-down support constitutes a large portion of potential/total demand as upwards of 90% of households with moderate and higher incomes within the county pay less than 30% of their income toward housing costs.

Note: In terms of the development pipeline, we only include residential units (rental and for-sale) currently in the development pipeline that are planned or under construction and do not have a confirmed buyer/lessee. Projects that have not secured financing, are under preliminary review, or have not established a specific project concept (e.g., number of units, pricing, target market, etc.) have been excluded. Likewise, single-family home <u>lots</u> that may have been platted or are being developed (e.g., adding infrastructure) have also been excluded as such lots do not represent actual housing units which are available for purchase. Any existing vacant units from our inventory of housing are accounted for in the "Balanced Market" portion of our demand estimates.

It is also important to understand that the housing gap estimates contained within this report are representative of the needs to cure all housing deficiencies within the county. Specifically, these estimates demonstrate the total number of new housing units needed over five- and 10-year projection

periods to meet the demands of the market based on the demand components detailed on the preceding pages. These estimates also assume that a wide variety of product (both rental and for-sale) is developed within each income segment, in terms of unit designs, bedroom type, amenities offered, etc. throughout all portions of the county. We recognize it is unlikely the number of units needed as calculated by our demand estimates will be developed during the projection period due to infrastructure limitations, regulatory/governmental policies, funding availability, etc. As such, the following housing gap estimates should be utilized as a guide for future development to determine the greatest need by affordability level within the rental and for-sale segments within the county's housing market.

B. RENTAL HOUSING GAP ESTIMATES

The following table summarizes the <u>rental</u> housing gaps for Dakota County by affordability level.

| | Dakota County, Minnesota | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|--|--|
| | Rental Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | |
| Percent of Median Income | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | |
| Household Income Range | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | | |
| Monthly Rent Range | ≤ \$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | | |
| Household Growth | -1,501 | -942 | 302 | 920 | 2,048 | | |
| Balanced Market* | 722 | 58 | -14 | 117 | 257 | | |
| Replacement Housing** | 1,328 | 999 | 319 | 135 | 0 | | |
| External Market Support^ | 1,231 | 1,235 | 789 | 167 | 151 | | |
| Severe Cost Burdened^^ | 1,073 | 805 | 536 | 268 | 0 | | |
| Step-Down Support | 431 | 149 | 224 | 670 | -1,473 | | |
| Less Pipeline Units | -8 | -679 | -599 | -1,192 | -187 | | |
| Overall Rental Units Needed (2024-2029) | 3,276 | 1,625 | 1,557 | 1,085 | 796 | | |
| Five-Year (2024-2029) Projection Total | | | | | | | |
| Overall Rental Units Needed (2024-2034) | 6,560 | 3,929 | 3,713 | 3,362 | 1,779 | | |
| 10-Year (2024-2034) Projection Total | | | | | 19,343 | | |

^{*}Based on Bowen National Research's survey of area rentals

Based on the preceding demand estimates, there is a significant level of rental housing demand among all household income levels within Dakota County over the *five-year* projection period. Overall, there is a housing need for 8,339 additional rental units in the county over the next five years. The housing gaps range from a low of 796 units needed that have rents of \$3,571 or higher to a high of 3,276 units needed with rents at or below \$931. Without the addition of new rental product similar to the numbers cited in the preceding table, the area will not meet the growing and changing housing needs of the market.

^{**}Based on ESRI/ACS estimates of units lacking complete indoor plumbing or are overcrowded

[^]Based on Bowen National Research proprietary research and ACS migration patterns for Dakota County

[^]Based on ESRI/ACS estimates of households paying 50% or more of income toward housing

Based on the demographics of the market, including projected household growth estimates and changes in household compositions (e.g., household size, ages, etc.), it appears that approximately 35.0% of the demand for new rental housing could be specifically targeted to meet the needs of area seniors, though a project could be built to meet the housing needs of both seniors and families concurrently. For general-occupancy projects, a unit mix of around 45% to 55% one-bedroom units, 30% to 40% two-bedroom units, and 10% to 20% three-bedroom units should be the general goal for future rental housing. Senior-oriented projects should consider unit mixes closer to 50% for both one- and two-bedroom units each. Additional details of the area's rental housing supply are included in Section VI and may serve as a guide for future rental housing development design decisions.

While available land, along with topographical challenges and access to infrastructure (e.g., water and sewer) may limit where and how much housing product can be added to the market, we believe high-density multifamily product would do well in many areas of the county, particularly on sites closer to some of the more walkable and/or densely populated areas of the county. However, such multifamily product would also likely do well in areas outside of such areas, provided the site(s) have convenient access to primary thoroughfares and community services. Some lower density, single-story duplexes, four-plexes, etc., could also be well received, particularly among seniors seeking to downsize from larger units, as well as homeowners seeking a more maintenance-free rental residence.

C. FOR-SALE HOUSING GAP ESTIMATES

The following table summarizes the <u>for-sale</u> housing gaps for Dakota County by affordability level.

| | Dakota County, Minnesota | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|--|--|
| | For-Sale Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | |
| Percent of Median Income | ≤ 30% 31%-60% 61%-80% 81%-115% | | | | | | |
| Household Income Range | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | | |
| Price Point | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | | |
| Household Growth | -2,259 | -3,207 | -1,003 | 865 | 10,493 | | |
| Balanced Market* | 296 | 544 | 401 | 568 | 1,418 | | |
| Replacement Housing** | 186 | 277 | 153 | 117 | 0 | | |
| External Market Support^ | 587 | 2,574 | 2,911 | 2,214 | 3,023 | | |
| Severe Cost Burdened^^ | 586 | 440 | 293 | 147 | 0 | | |
| Step-Down Support | 0 | 1,102 | 1,635 | 7,717 | -10,454 | | |
| Less Pipeline Units | 0 | 0 | -85 | -1,375 | -655 | | |
| Overall For-Sale Units Needed (2024-2029) | 0 | 1,730 | 4,305 | 10,253 | 3,825 | | |
| Five-Year (2024-2029) Projection Total | | | | | | | |
| Overall For-Sale Units Needed (2024-2034) | 0 | 3,460 | 8,695 | 21,881 | 8,305 | | |
| 10-Year (2024-2034) Projection Total | | | | | 42,341 | | |

^{*}Based on MLS inventory of available homes

The overall for-sale housing gap in the county is approximately 20,113 units over the *five-year* projection period. While most home price segments and affordability levels have some level of need, the greatest gap appears to be for housing priced between \$331,201 and \$476,100 (10,253 units) with the next greatest gap for housing priced between \$248,401 and \$331,200 (4,305 units). Thus, for-sale product is most in need among moderate to higher-income households, which is typical of most markets. The relatively limited supply of product at most price levels will increase demand for lower priced units, as many buyers may "step down" to a lower price point. This will place greater pressure on the market's lower priced product and create greater challenges for lower income households and first-time homebuyers who already have limited housing alternatives that are affordable to them.

In most markets, if there is support for new housing at a particular price point or concept and such product is not offered in a specific area, households may leave the area to seek this housing alternative elsewhere, defer their purchase decision, or seek another housing alternative. Additionally, households considering relocation to the PSA (Dakota County) may not move to the PSA if the housing product offered does not meet their needs in terms of pricing, quality, product design, and/or location. As such, the PSA housing stock may not be able to meet current or future demand, which may limit the market's ability to serve many of the households seeking to purchase a home in the

^{**}Based on ESRI/ACS estimates of units lacking complete indoor plumbing or are overcrowded

[^]Based on Bowen National Research proprietary research and ACS migration patterns for Dakota County

[^]Based on ESRI/ACS estimates of households paying 50% or more of income toward housing

PSA, particularly lower-income households. Regardless, we believe opportunities exist to develop a variety of product types at a variety of price points. The addition of such housing will better enable the PSA to attract and retain residents (including local employees), as well as seniors, families, and younger adults.

In terms of product design, we believe a variety of for-sale product could be successful in Dakota County. Based on current and projected demographics, as well as the available inventory of for-sale housing, we believe a combination of one- and two-bedroom condominium units could be successful, particularly if located in or near more walkable areas. Such product could be in the form of townhome or rowhouse product. Additionally, detached or attached single-story cottage-style condominium product, primarily consisting of two-bedroom units, could be successful in attracting/ serving area seniors, particularly those seeking to downsize from their singlefamily homes. Smaller detached units or duplexes may be a product to develop in some of the smaller infill lots within the various municipalities. Larger, traditional detached single-family homes catering to families could be successful in this market, particularly product serving moderate- and higherincome households, though affordable for-sale housing product for lower income and first-time homebuyer households would also do well in this market. Such product should primarily consist of three-bedroom units, with a smaller share of four-bedroom or larger units. The for-sale housing supply of Dakota County is summarized in Section VI and can provide additional details of project concept considerations for future for-sale product in the county.

Overall, there is potential support for a variety of residential development alternatives in the PSA (Dakota County). It is important to understand that the housing demand estimates shown in this report assume no major changes occur in the local economy and that the demographic trends and projections provided in this report materialize. As such, our demand estimates should be considered conservative and serve as a baseline for development potential. Should new product be developed, it is reasonable to believe that people will consider moving to Dakota County, assuming the housing product is aggressively marketed throughout the region.

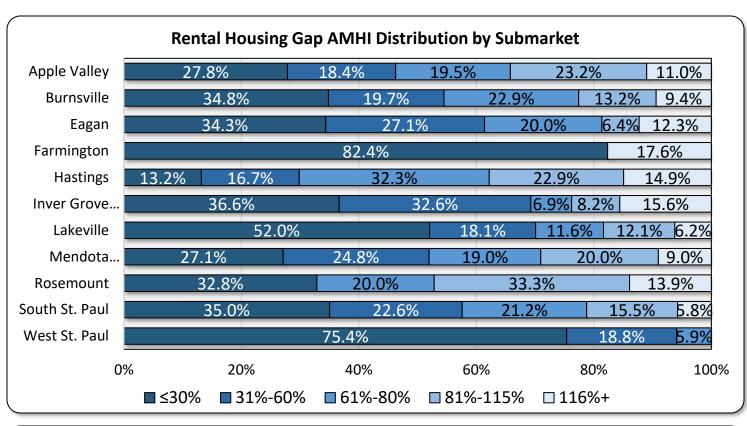
It is critical to understand that the estimates provided in this report (both rental and for-sale) represent <u>potential</u> units of demand by targeted income level. The actual number of units that can be supported will ultimately be contingent upon a variety of factors including the location of a project, proposed features (i.e., pricing, amenities/features, bedroom type, unit mix, square footage, etc.), product quality, design (i.e., townhouse, single-family homes, or traditional rental units), management and marketing efforts. As such, each targeted segment outlined in the tables included in this section may be able to support more or less than the number of units shown in the table. The potential number of supportable units should be considered a general guideline to residential development planning.

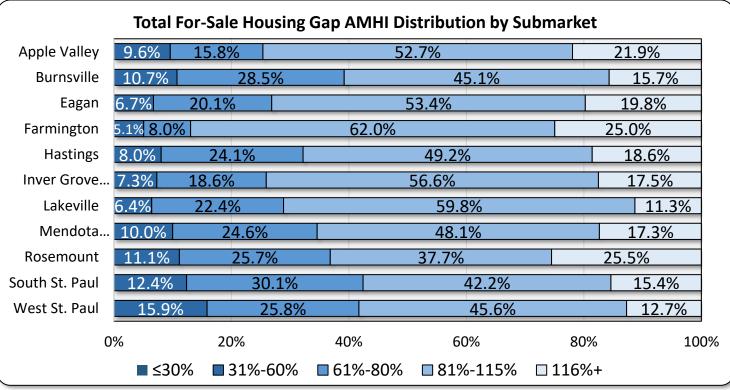
D. <u>INDIVIDUAL SUBMARKET HOUSING GAP ESTIMATES</u>

The following table summarizes the five-year (2024-2029) housing gap estimates for each of the 11 submarkets within the PSA (Dakota County). The gap estimates are illustrated for both rental and for-sale housing gaps (number of units needed) by the various household income segments.

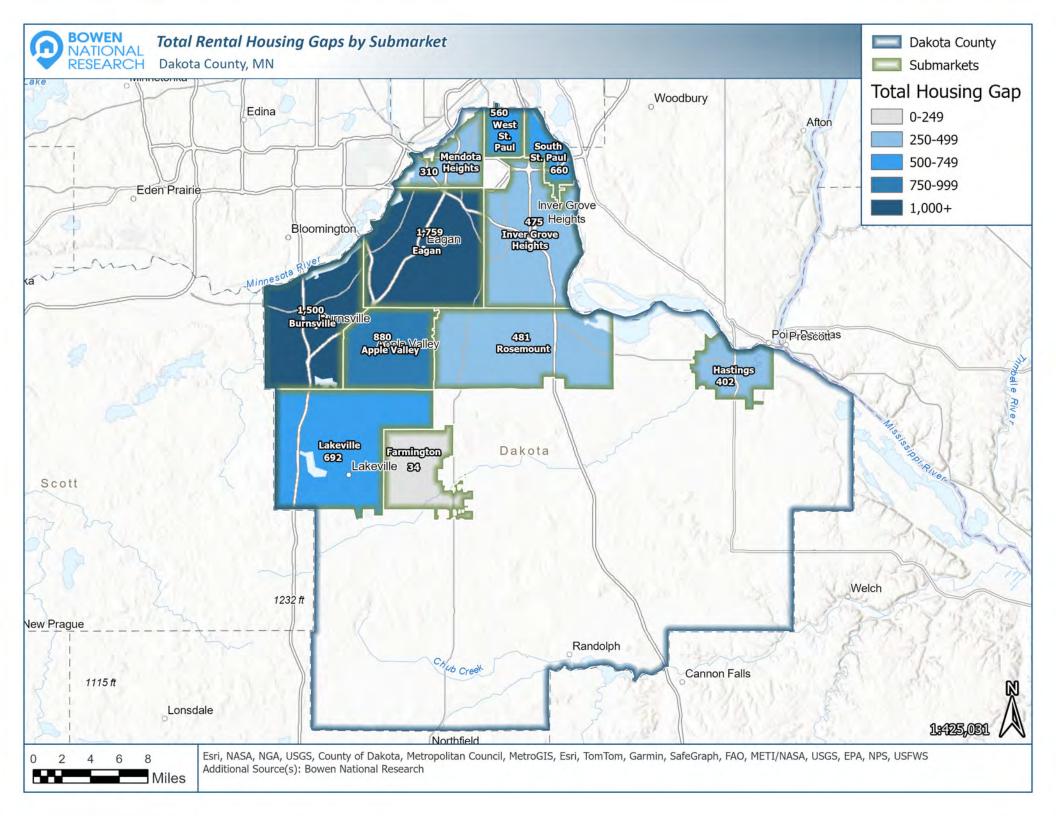
| | Dakota County Submarket Housing Gap Estimates (2024-2029) | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | |
| Household Income | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | |
| | | Rental I | Housing Gap Estima | tes | | | |
| Apple Valley | 245 | 162 | 172 | 204 | 97 | 880 | |
| Burnsville | 522 | 295 | 344 | 198 | 141 | 1,500 | |
| Eagan | 604 | 476 | 351 | 112 | 216 | 1,759 | |
| Farmington | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 34 | |
| Hastings | 53 | 67 | 130 | 92 | 60 | 402 | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 174 | 155 | 33 | 39 | 74 | 475 | |
| Lakeville | 360 | 125 | 80 | 84 | 43 | 692 | |
| Mendota Heights | 84 | 77 | 59 | 62 | 28 | 310 | |
| Rosemount | 158 | 0 | 96 | 160 | 67 | 481 | |
| South St. Paul | 231 | 149 | 140 | 102 | 38 | 660 | |
| West St. Paul | 422 | 105 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 560 | |
| Dakota County | 3,276 | 1,625 | 1,557 | 1,085 | 796 | 8,339 | |
| | | | Housing Gap Estim | ates | | | |
| Apple Valley | 0 | 176 | 290 | 968 | 403 | 1,837 | |
| Burnsville | 0 | 317 | 840 | 1,331 | 463 | 2,951 | |
| Eagan | 0 | 219 | 655 | 1,738 | 643 | 3,255 | |
| Farmington | 0 | 52 | 82 | 636 | 256 | 1,026 | |
| Hastings | 0 | 87 | 261 | 532 | 201 | 1,081 | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 0 | 98 | 250 | 759 | 235 | 1,342 | |
| Lakeville | 0 | 200 | 696 | 1,857 | 351 | 3,104 | |
| Mendota Heights | 0 | 98 | 241 | 471 | 170 | 980 | |
| Rosemount | 0 | 121 | 279 | 409 | 277 | 1,086 | |
| South St. Paul | 0 | 102 | 248 | 348 | 127 | 825 | |
| West St. Paul | 0 | 127 | 207 | 365 | 102 | 801 | |
| Dakota County | 0 | 1,730 | 4,305 | 10,253 | 3,825 | 20,113 | |

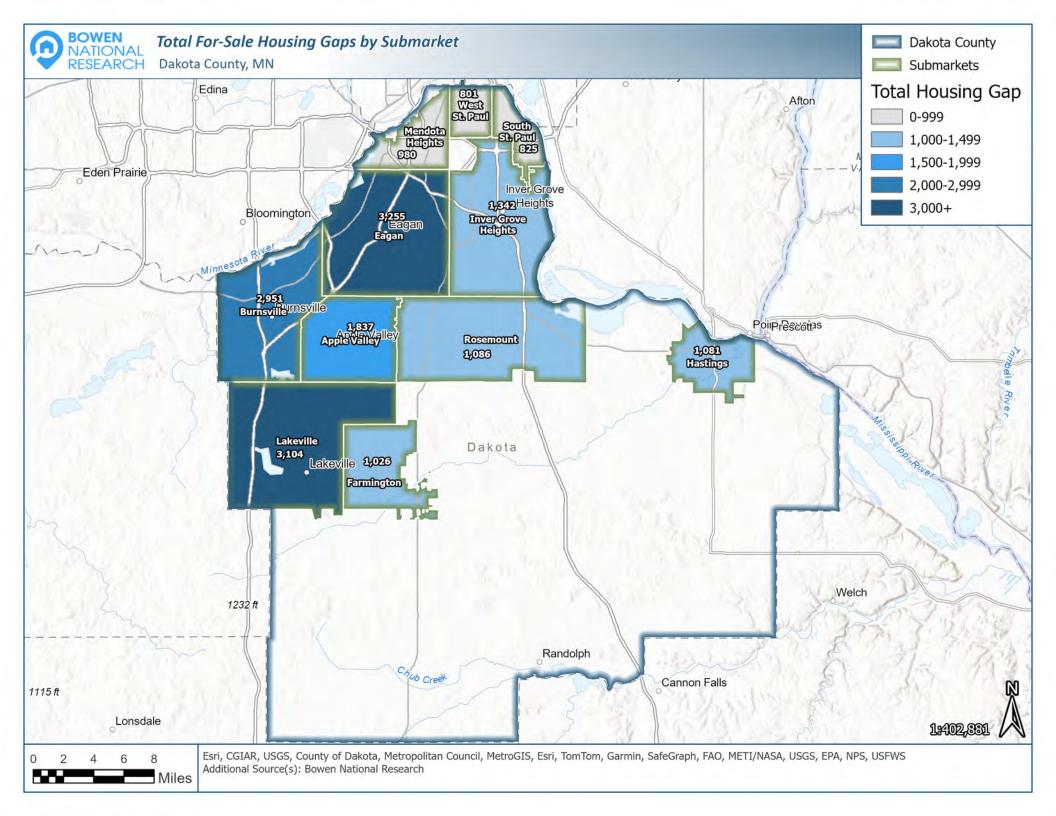
As the preceding table illustrates, the largest *rental* housing gaps for most counties are for the lowest income households (earning at or below \$37,260 that can afford rents no higher than \$931/month), while the largest *for-sale* housing gaps for all counties are for households earning between \$99,361 and \$142,830 (that can afford housing priced between \$331,201 and \$476,100.

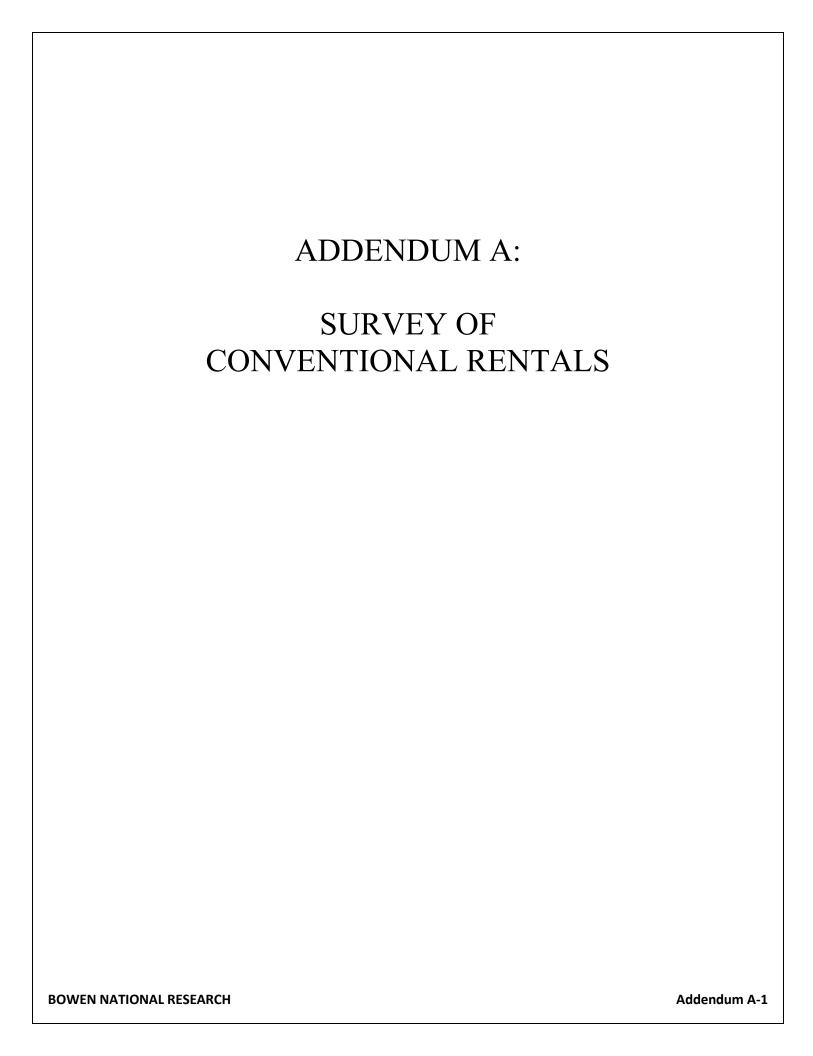


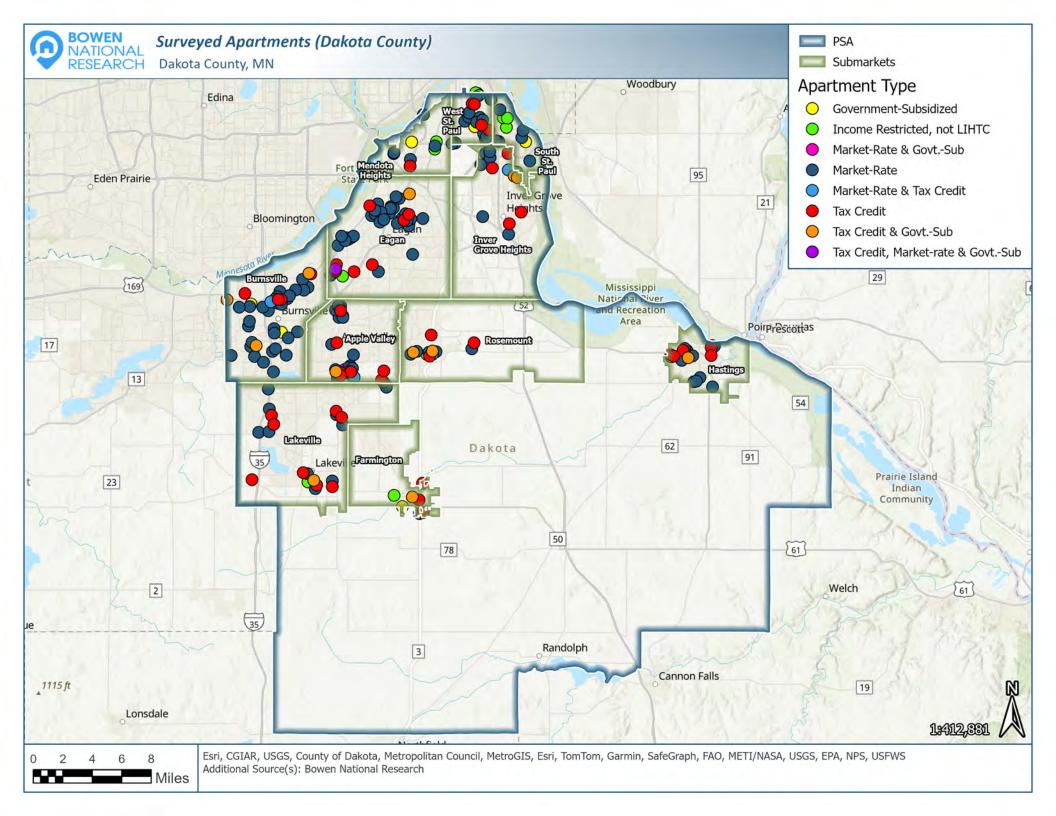


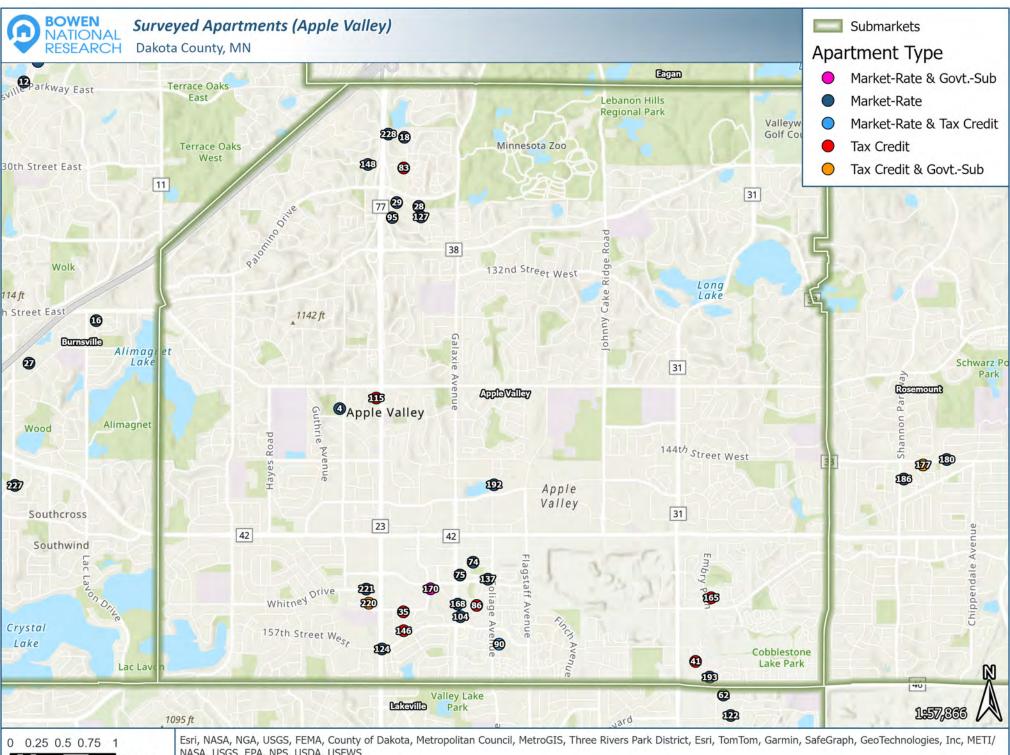
The following maps illustrate the overall rental and for-sale housing gaps for each submarket within the PSA (Dakota County).





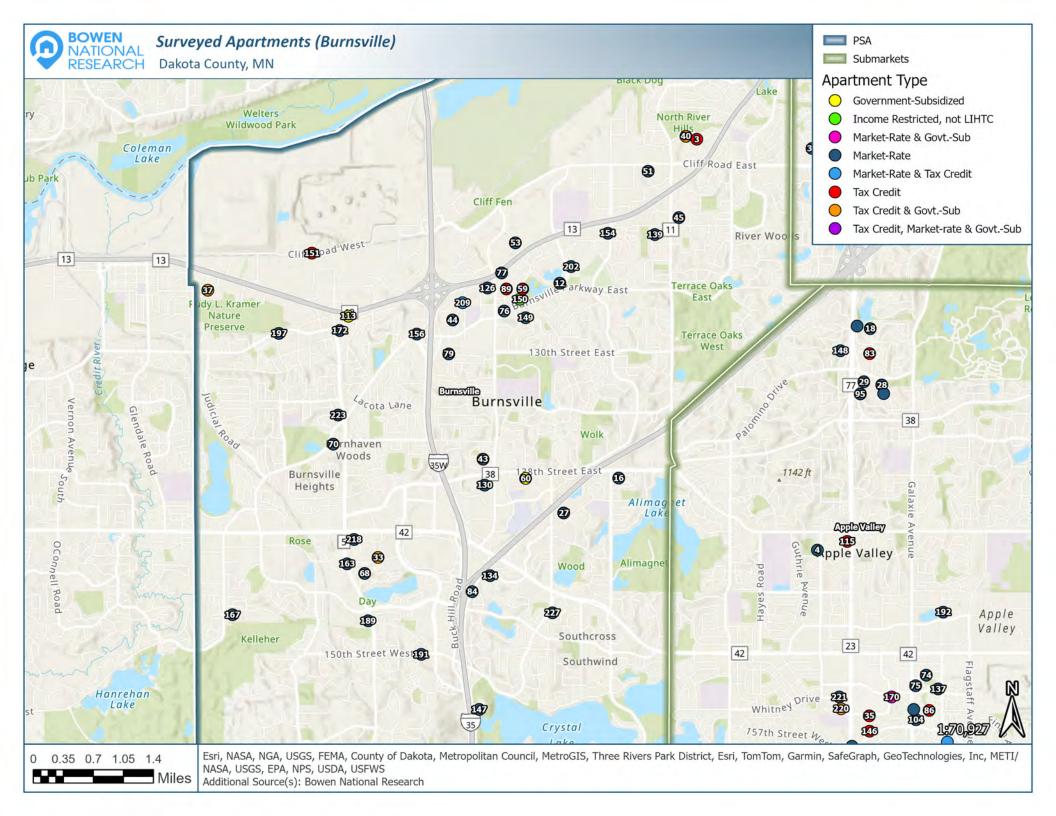


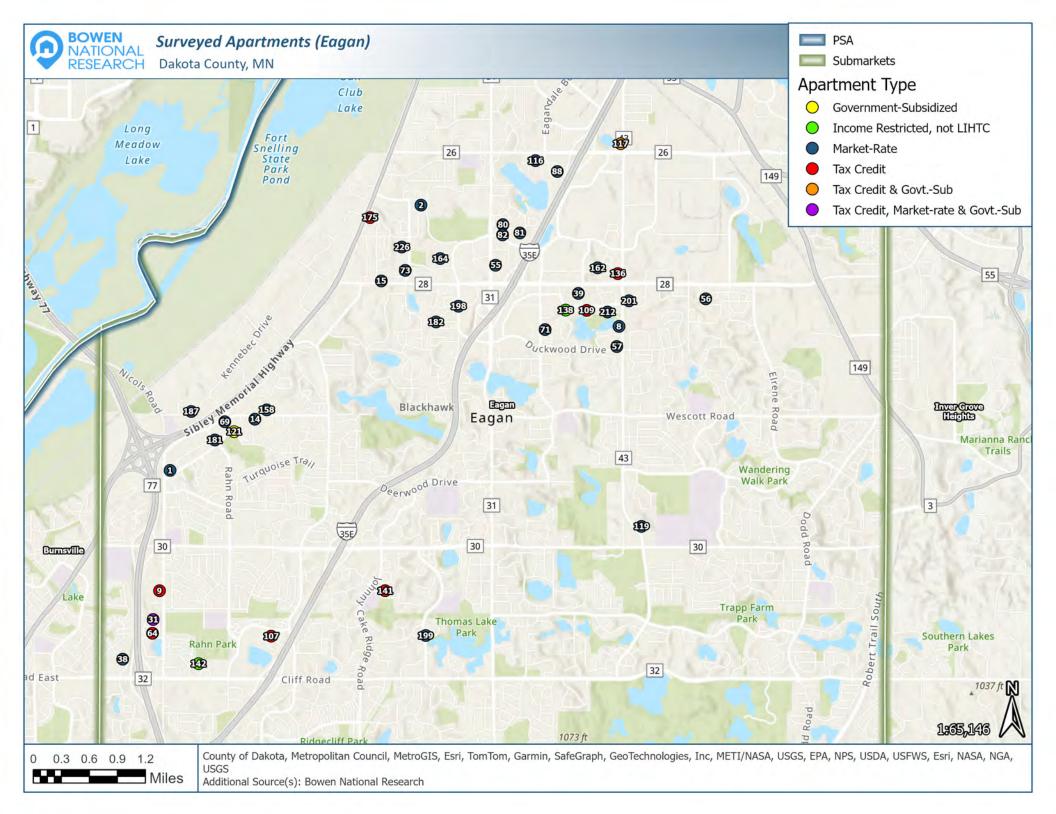


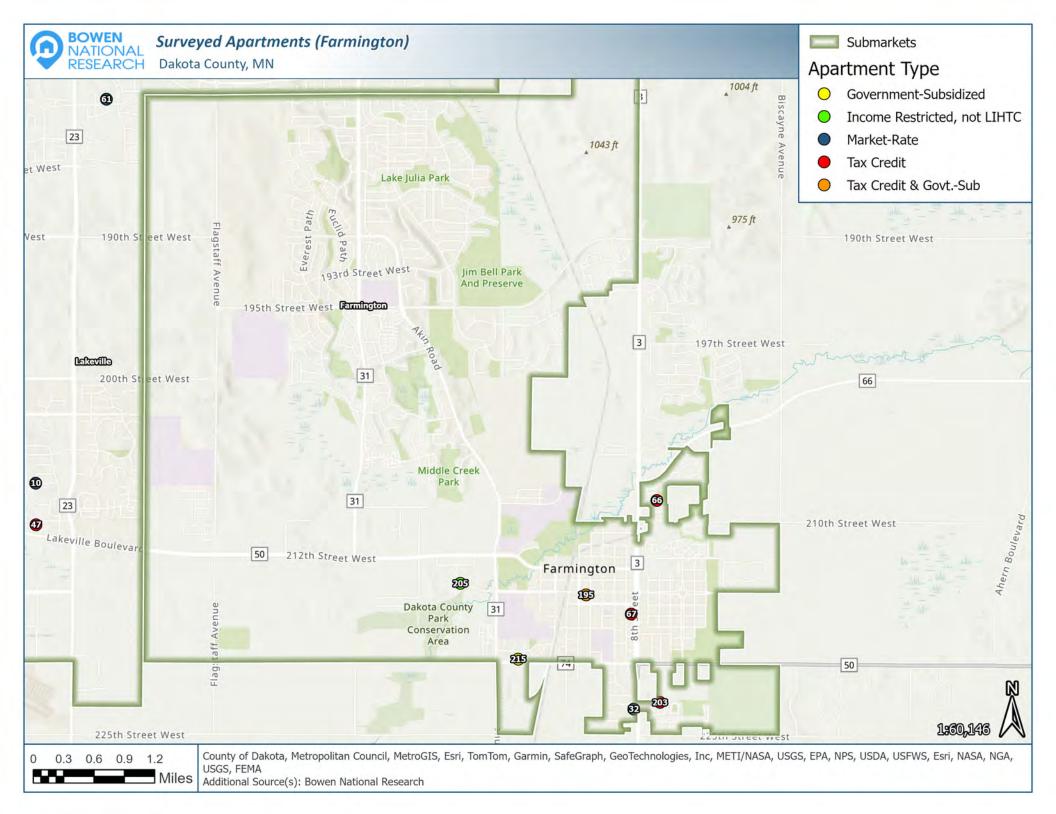


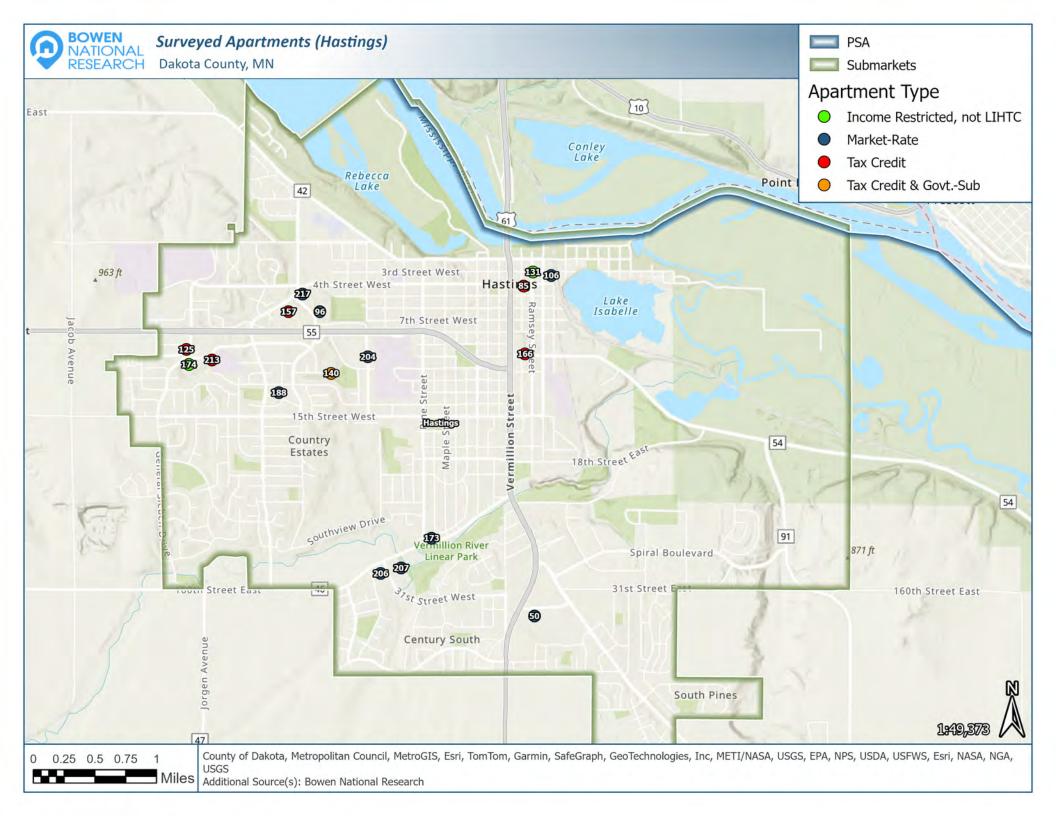
Miles

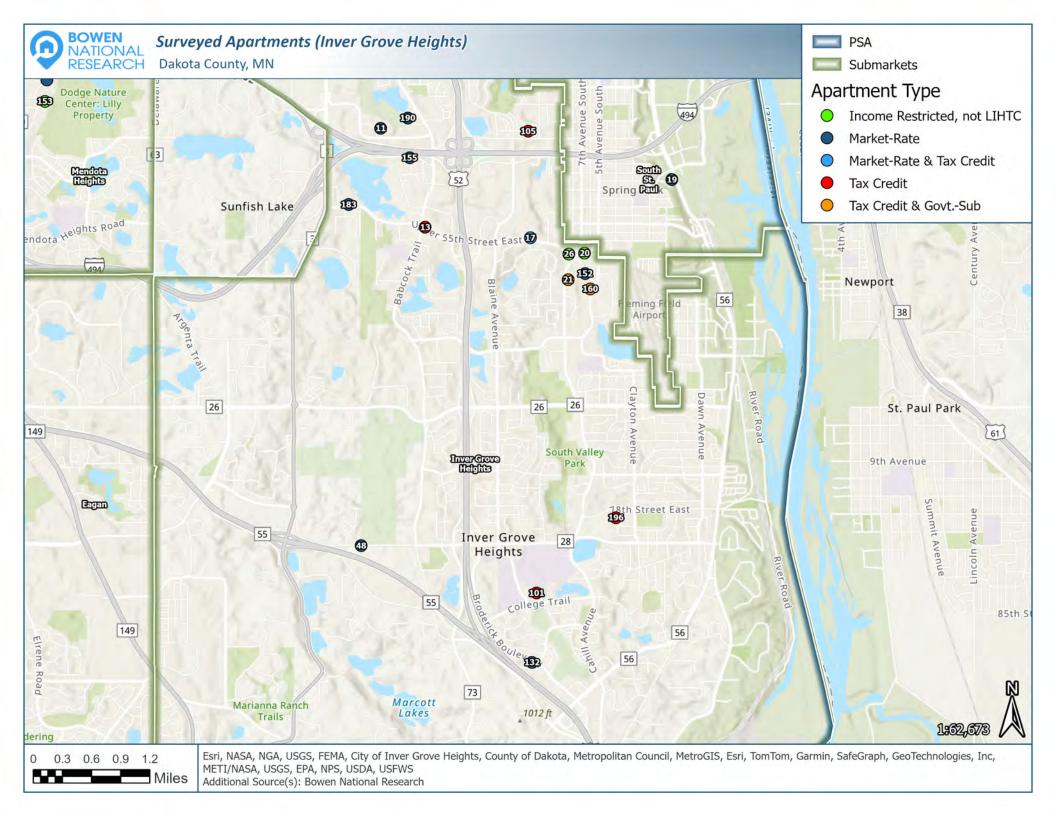
NASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS Additional Source(s): Bowen National Research

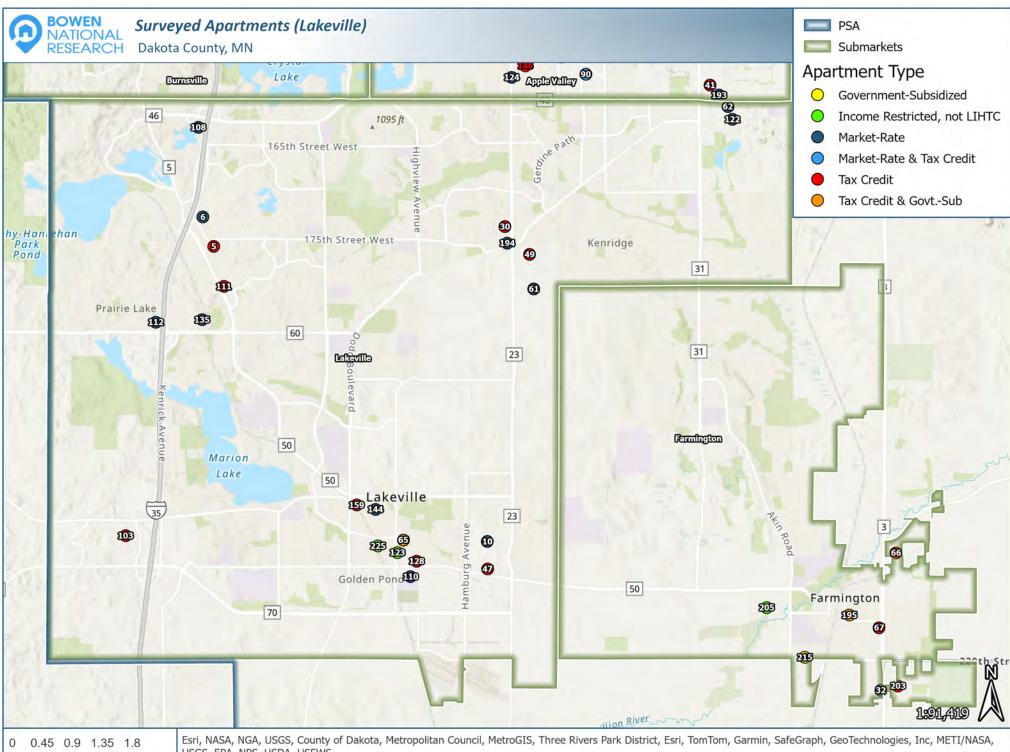






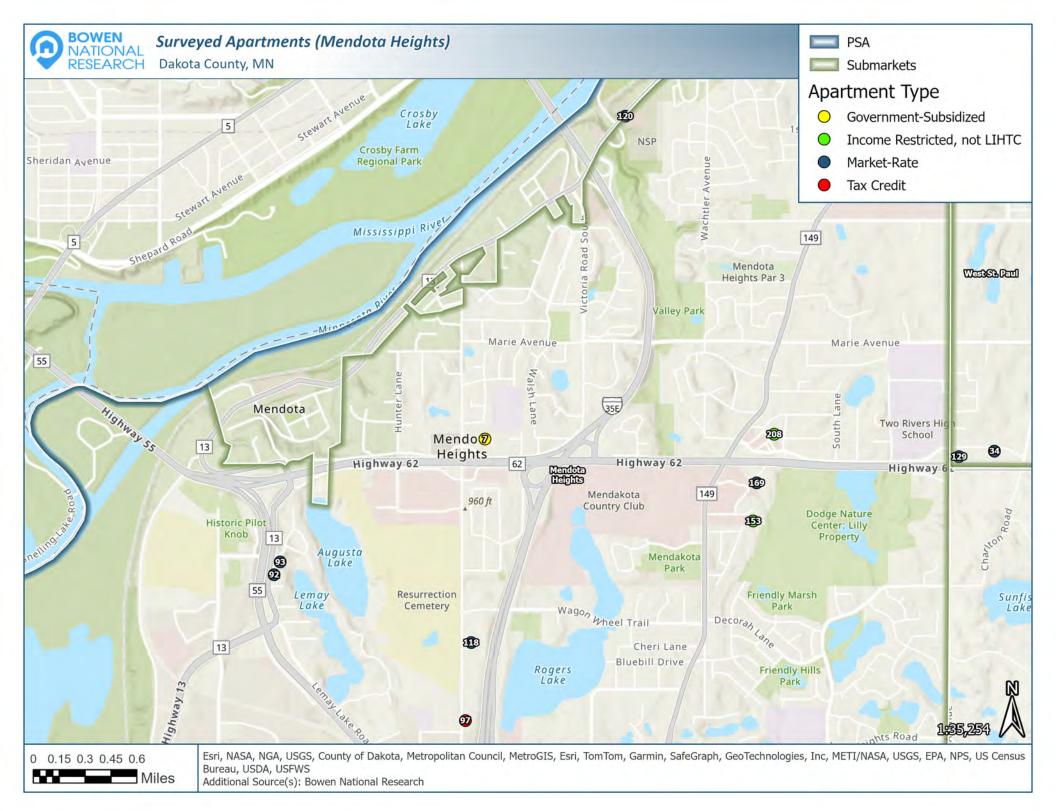


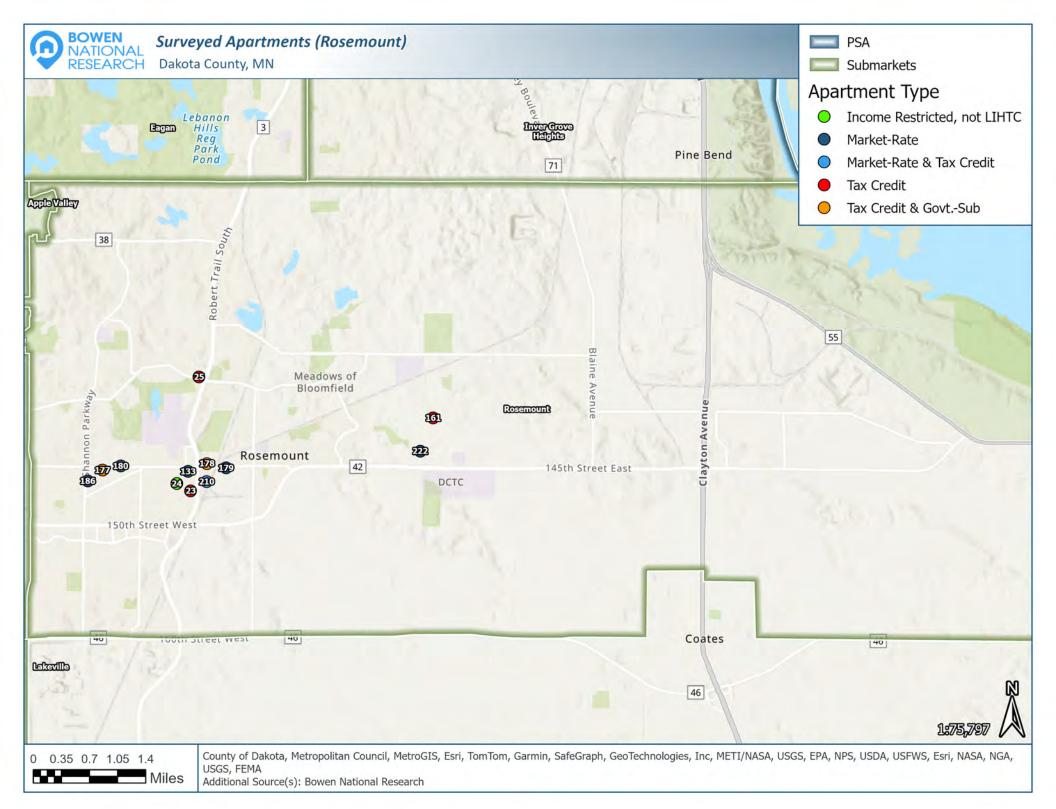


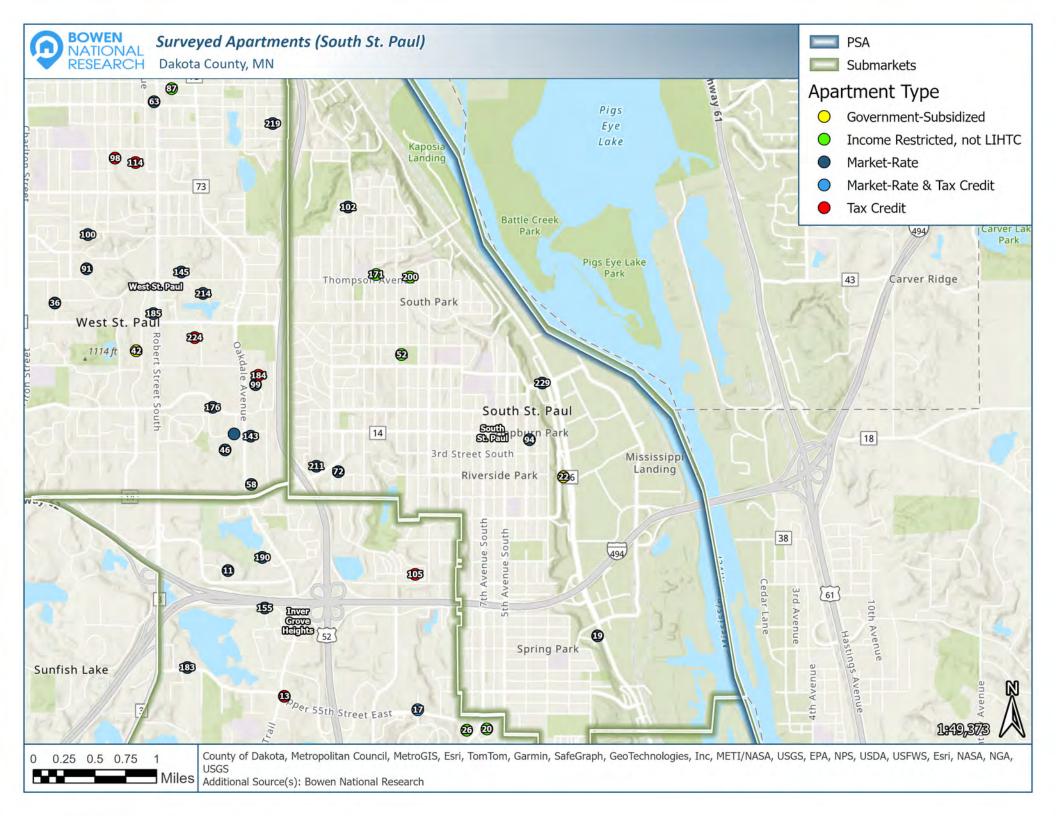


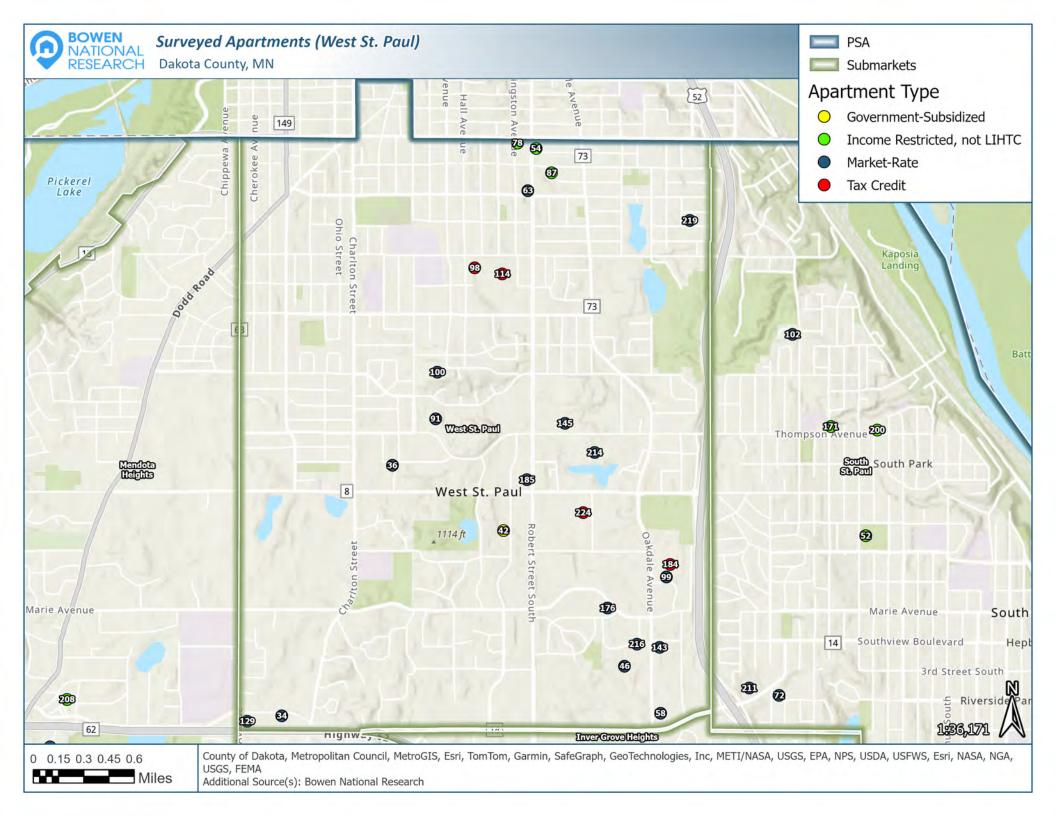
USGS, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS

Additional Source(s): Bowen National Research

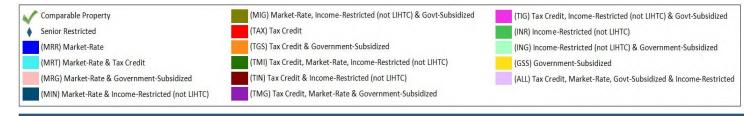




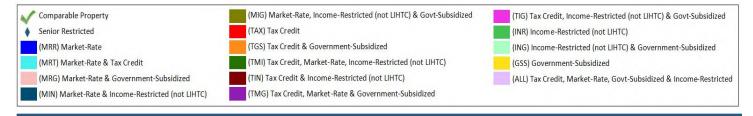




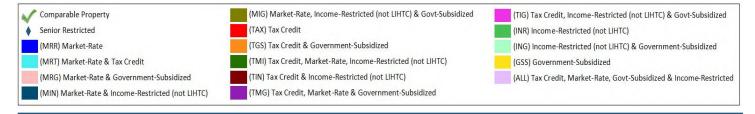
| Map ID | Property | Prop Type | Quality Rating | Year Built | Total Units | Vacant | Occ. Rate | Distance To Site* |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Affinity at Eagan Senior Apts. | MRR | Α | 2018 | 174 | 31 | 82.2% | N/A |
| 2 | Alden Ponds Townhomes | MRR | | 1989 | 213 | 3 | 98.6% | N/A |
| 3 | Andrew's Pointe I & II | TAX | В | 1993 | 57 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 4 | Applewoods Apts. | MRR | В | 1986 | 51 | 3 | 94.1% | N/A |
| 5 | Argonne Hills | TAX | | 2017 | 62 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 6 | Arris Apts. | MRR | | 2022 | 197 | 11 | 94.4% | N/A |
| 7 | Aspen House | GSS | | 2000 | 3 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 8 | Aspenwood Apts. | MRR | | 1987 | 162 | 15 | 90.7% | N/A |
| 9 | Aster House Apts. | TAX | B+ | 2022 | 204 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 10 | Authentix Lakeville | MRR | | 2023 | 252 | 141 | 44.0% | N/A |
| 11 | Avana Southview | MRR | В | 1987 | 424 | 26 | 93.9% | N/A |
| 12 | Avana West Park | MRR | В | 1988 | 240 | 5 | 97.9% | N/A |
| 13 | Babcock Crossing | TAX | B- | 2022 | 49 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 14 | Ballantrae | MRR | B+ | 1973 | 314 | 19 | 93.9% | N/A |
| 15 | Bayberry Place | MRR | | 1969 | 120 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 16 | Berkshire of Burnsville | MRR | | 1987 | 206 | 2 | 99.0% | N/A |
| 17 | Blackberry Pointe Apts. | MRT | B+ | 2004 | 218 | 4 | 98.2% | N/A |
| 18 | Briar Oak | MRR | | 1970 | 36 | 2 | 94.4% | N/A |
| 19 | Buron Lane Apts. | MRR | C+ | 1964 | 43 | 1 | 97.7% | N/A |
| 20 | Cahill Commons | INR | B+ | 2002 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 21 | Cahill Place | TGS | B+ | 2020 | 40 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 22 | Camber Hills Townhomes | GSS | C- | 1978 | 44 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 23 | Cambrian Commons | TAX | | 2016 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 24 | Cameo Place | INR | | 1997 | 44 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 25 | Carbury Hills Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2008 | 32 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 26 | Carmen Court | INR | B+ | 1994 | 51 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 27 | Carrington Court | MRR | | 1993 | 192 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 28 | Cedar Ridge Apts. | MRR | | 1972 | 73 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 29 | Cedar Valley Apts. | MRR | | 1975 | 119 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 30 | Cedar Valley Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 1998 | 30 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 31 | Cedar Villas Townhomes | TMG | B+ | 2004 | 104 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 32 | Centennial & Heritage Apts. | MRR | | 1971 | 36 | 1 | 97.2% | N/A |
| 33 | Chancellor Manor | TGS | B+ | 1972 | 200 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 34 | Charlton West | MRR | | 1972 | 77 | 9 | 88.3% | N/A |
| 35 | Chasewood Family Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 1999 | 27 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 36 | Chateau Carmel | MRR | | 1970 | 38 | 1 | 97.4% | N/A |



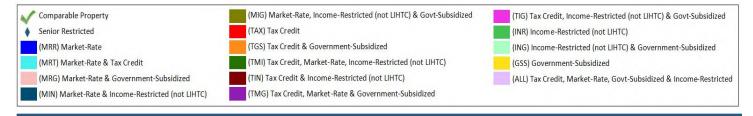
| Map ID | Property | Prop | Quality | Year Built | Total Units | Vacant | Occ. Rate | Distance To Site* |
|-----------|--|------------|---------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| | | Type | Rating | | | 0 | | |
| 37 | Chowen Bend Townhomes | TGS | В | 1981 | 32 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 38 | City Arts 19 H | MRR | В | 1985 | 264 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 39 | CityVue Apts. I & II | MRR | B+ | 2015 | 232 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 40 | Cliff Hill Townhomes | TGS TAX | В | 1981 | 32 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 41 | College Lagray Manage | | | 2010 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 42 | Colleen Looney Manor | GSS | | 1981 | 80 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 43 | Colonial Terrace | MRR | | 1969 | 58 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 44 | Concorde Flats | MRR | А | 2023 | 162 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 45 | Connelly On Eleven | MRR | | 1973 | 240 | 9 | 96.3% | N/A |
| 46 | Country Club Manor Apts. | MRR | | 1970 | 105 | 1 | 99.0% | N/A |
| 47 | Country Lane Townhomes | TAX | В | 2001 | 29 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 48 | Crossings at Inver Woods Apts. & Townhomes | MRR | A- | 2022 | 176 | 1 | 99.4% | N/A |
| 49 | Crossroads Commons | TAX | | 2009 | 87 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 50 | Current33 I | MRR | | 2024 | 106 | 52 | 50.9% | N/A |
| 51 | Dahcotah View Apts. | MRR | | 1979 | 168 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 52 | Dakota Heights | INR | А | 2007 | 56 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 53 | Dakota Station | | | 2000 | 150 | 1 | 99.3% | N/A |
| 54 | Dakotah | INR | | 2004 | 59 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 55 | Eagan Heights | MRR | | 2022 | 162 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 56 | Eagan Hills | MRR | C+ | 1984 | 120 | 3 | 97.5% | N/A |
| 57 | Eagan Place | MRR | | 1981 | 162 | 10 | 93.8% | N/A |
| 58 | Eagle Pointe | MRR | | 1972 | 216 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 59 | Eagle Ridge Place | TAX | | 1991 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 60 | Ebenezer Ridge Pointe | GSS | | 1995 | 42 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 61 | Edison at Avonlea | MRR | А | 2018 | 146 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 62 | Edison at Spirit | MRR | А | 2020 | 160 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 63 | Emerson Hills Apts. | MRR | B+ | 2006 | 36 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 64 | Erin Place Townhomes | TAX | В | 2004 | 34 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 65 | Fairfield Terrace | TGS | B- | 1980 | 24 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 66 | Farmington Family Townhomes | TAX | | 2001 | 32 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 67 | Farmington Townhomes | TAX | | 2000 | 16 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 68 | Felix Apartment Homes | MRR | B+ | 1985 | 347 | 36 | 89.6% | N/A |
| 69 | Flats at Cedar Grove | MRR | Α | 2015 | 192 | 5 | 97.4% | N/A |
| 70 | Flats at Neill Park | MRR | Α | 2022 | 120 | 3 | 97.5% | N/A |
| 71 | Forest Ridge Apts. | MRR | | 1986 | 252 | 5 | 98.0% | N/A |
| 72 | Fourth Street Apts. | MRR | | 1976 | 24 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |



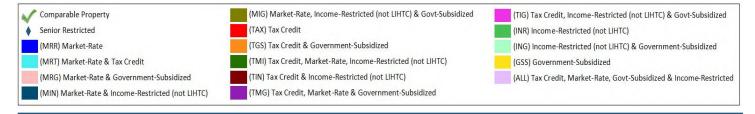
| Map ID | Property | Prop Type | Quality Rating | Year Built | Total Units | Vacant | Occ. Rate | Distance To Site* |
|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| 73 | Foxridge Estates | MRR | i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | 1972 | 144 | 3 | 97.9% | N/A |
| 74 | Gabella at Parkside | MRR | | 2015 | 196 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 75 | Galante at Parkside | MRR | А | 2018 | 134 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 76 | Gallery Apts | MRR | А | 2020 | 110 | 7 | 93.6% | N/A |
| 77 | Gallery on Nicollet | MRR | А | 2022 | 171 | 6 | 96.5% | N/A |
| 78 | Gateway Place | INR | | 2021 | 54 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 79 | Glen at Burnsville | MRR | В | 1972 | 304 | 29 | 90.5% | N/A |
| 80 | Glen Pond Apts. I | MRR | | 1971 | 300 | 4 | 98.7% | N/A |
| 81 | Glen Pond Apts. II | MRR | | 2003 | 114 | 2 | 98.2% | N/A |
| 82 | Glen Pond Apts. III | MRR | | 2020 | 114 | 9 | 92.1% | N/A |
| 83 | Glenbrook Townhomes | TAX | | 1994 | 39 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 84 | Grand35 Apts. | MRR | А | 2024 | 130 | 122 | 6.2% | N/A |
| 85 | Guardian Angels Apts. & THs | TAX | | 1950 | 33 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 86 | Haralson Apts. | TAX | | 2009 | 36 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 87 | Haskell Court | INR | | 1991 | 42 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 88 | Haven at Eagandale | MRR | | 1987 | 49 | 29 | 40.8% | N/A |
| 89 | Heart of the City Townhomes | TAX | В | 2004 | 34 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 90 | Hearthstone Apts. & Townhomes | MRT | B+ | 2004 | 229 | 8 | 96.5% | N/A |
| 91 | Heatherwood Apts. | MRR | | 1970 | 108 | 6 | 94.4% | N/A |
| 92 | Heights of Mendota (Family) | MRR | А | 2019 | 70 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 93 | Heights of Mendota - 55+ | MRR | | 2020 | 62 | 1 | 98.4% | N/A |
| 94 | Heritage Crest | MRR | | 1916 | 53 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 95 | Hidden Ponds | MRR | | 2002 | 84 | 4 | 95.2% | N/A |
| 96 | Hidden Valley Apts. | MRR | | 1978 | 137 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 97 | Hillside Gables Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2001 | 24 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 98 | Hilltop at Signal Hills | TAX | A- | 2022 | 96 | 3 | 96.9% | N/A |
| 99 | Holiday Acres | MRR | | 1968 | 188 | 3 | 98.4% | N/A |
| 100 | Imperial Heights | MRR | | 1963 | 43 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 101 | Inver Hills Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2014 | 24 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 102 | Kaposia Valley Apts. | MRR | В | 1988 | 33 | 1 | 97.0% | N/A |
| 103 | Keystone Crossings Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2017 | 36 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 104 | Kingston Green Apts. | MRR | В | 2000 | 343 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 105 | Lafayette East | TAX | B+ | 2006 | 30 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 106 | Lake Isabel Flats | MRR | | 2024 | 89 | 68 | 23.6% | N/A |
| 107 | Lakeshore Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2015 | 50 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 108 | Lakeside Flats | MRR | А | 2018 | 120 | 20 | 83.3% | N/A |



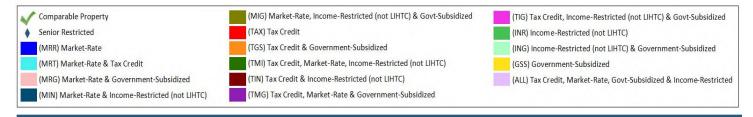
| Map ID | Property | Prop Type | Quality Rating | Year Built | Total Units | Vacant | Occ. Rate | Distance To Site* |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| 109 | Lakeside Pointe | TAX | | 2004 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 110 | Lakevillage Apts. | MRR | | 1991 | 70 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 111 | Lakeville Pointe | TAX | B+ | 2017 | 49 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 112 | Lakeville Woods | MRR | | 2008 | 77 | 1 | 98.7% | N/A |
| 113 | Leah's Apts. | GSS | В | 2000 | 17 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 114 | Legacy Commons at Signal Hills | TAX | A- | 2022 | 96 | 4 | 95.8% | N/A |
| 115 | Legends of Apple Valley | TAX | Α | 2018 | 163 | 6 | 96.3% | N/A |
| 116 | Lemay Lake Apts. | MRR | В | 1986 | 285 | 4 | 98.6% | N/A |
| 117 | Lexington Flats | TGS | | 2021 | 50 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 118 | Lexington Heights | MRR | | 1985 | 225 | 2 | 99.1% | N/A |
| 119 | Lexington Hills | MRR | В | 1988 | 156 | 3 | 98.1% | N/A |
| 120 | Lilia | MRR | А | 2024 | 126 | 10 | 92.1% | N/A |
| 121 | Lincoln Place | GSS | | 2010 | 25 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 122 | Livery Modern Apts. | MRR | | 2022 | 204 | 15 | 92.6% | N/A |
| 123 | Main Street Manor | INR | | 2001 | 51 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 124 | Majestic Cove Apts. | MRR | В | 1994 | 192 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 125 | Marketplace Townhomes | TAX | | 2002 | 28 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 126 | Maven Apts. | MRR | А | 2020 | 137 | 2 | 98.5% | N/A |
| 127 | Mayfield Place I | MRR | | 1974 | 90 | 1 | 98.9% | N/A |
| 128 | Meadowlark Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2010 | 40 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 129 | Mendota | MRR | | 1970 | 55 | 4 | 92.7% | N/A |
| 130 | Meridian Pointe | MRR | | 1988 | 339 | 8 | 97.6% | N/A |
| 131 | Mississippi Terrace | INR | | 1993 | 40 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 132 | Monument Ridge Apts. | MRR | В | 2004 | 136 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 133 | Morrison | MRR | | 2021 | 124 | 4 | 96.8% | N/A |
| 134 | NEON Burnsville | MRR | А | 2021 | 275 | 10 | 96.4% | N/A |
| 135 | Northlake Lofts | MRR | | 2021 | 208 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 136 | Northwood Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2013 | 47 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 137 | Nuvelo at Parkside | MRR | | 2020 | 175 | 6 | 96.6% | N/A |
| 138 | O'Leary Manor | INR | | 1998 | 65 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 139 | Oak Leaf | MRR | | 1987 | 150 | 8 | 94.7% | N/A |
| 140 | Oak Ridge Manor Apts. | TGS | | 1989 | 109 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 141 | Oak Ridge Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 1996 | 42 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 142 | Oak Woods of Eagan | INR | | 1991 | 65 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 143 | Oakdale Apts. | MRR | | 1970 | 170 | 4 | 97.6% | N/A |
| 144 | Oaks of Lakeville Apts. | MRR | | 1971 | 103 | 1 | 99.0% | N/A |



| Map ID | Property | Prop Type | Quality Rating | Year Built | Total Units | Vacant | Occ. Rate | Distance To Site* |
|-----------|---|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| 145 | Oaks of West St. Paul | MRR | C+ | 1966 | 131 | 6 | 95.4% | N/A |
| 146 | Orchard Square | TAX | | 1995 | 50 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 147 | Overlook at Crystal Lake | MRR | Α | 2022 | 110 | 5 | 95.5% | N/A |
| 148 | Palomino East Apts. | | | 2004 | 72 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 149 | | | | 1987 | 169 | 5 | 97.0% | N/A |
| 150 | Park Ridge Place | INR | В | 1999 | 66 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 151 | Parkside Townhomes | TAX | | 1992 | 22 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 152 | Parkview Manor Townhomes | MRR | C+ | 1993 | 108 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 153 | Parkview Plaza Apts | INR | А | 1997 | 65 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 154 | Parkwood Pointe | MRR | | 1968 | 127 | 4 | 96.9% | N/A |
| 155 | Pearlwood Estates | MRR | В | 1991 | 240 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 156 | Pines of Burnsville | MRR | В | 1969 | 216 | 7 | 96.8% | N/A |
| 157 | Pleasant Ridge Townhomes | TAX | | 1997 | 31 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 158 | Pointe at Cedar Grove | MRR | | 1972 | 188 | 1 | 99.5% | N/A |
| 159 | Prairie Crossing Family Townhomes | TAX | В | 2004 | 40 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 160 | Prairie Estates Townhomes | TGS | B- | 1980 | 40 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 161 | Prestwick Place | TAX | | 2019 | 40 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 162 | Promenade Oaks | MRR | | 1997 | 282 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 163 | Provence Luxury Apts. | MRR | B+ | 2001 | 151 | 3 | 98.0% | N/A |
| 164 | Quarry at Central Park | MRR | Α | 2019 | 183 | 2 | 98.9% | N/A |
| 165 | Quarry View Townhomes | TAX | B+ | 2011 | 45 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 166 | Quill | TAX | | 2022 | 90 | 2 | 97.8% | N/A |
| 167 | Rambush Estates | MRR | C+ | 2000 | 55 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 168 | Remington Cove Apts. I & II | MRR | Α | 2015 | 196 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 169 | Reserve at Mendota Village - Phase I & II | MRR | А | 2018 | 197 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 170 | Risor of Apple Valley | MRG | | 2021 | 172 | 4 | 97.7% | N/A |
| 171 | River Heights Terrace | INR | B+ | 1997 | 54 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 172 | River Ridge Apts. (Burnsville) | MRR | | 1969 | 119 | 5 | 95.8% | N/A |
| 173 | River Ridge Apts. (Hastings) | MRR | | 1964 | 18 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 174 | Rivertown Court | INR | | 2005 | 63 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 175 | Riverview Ridge Townhomes | TAX | | 2014 | 27 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 176 | Rooftop 252 | MRR | A- | 2019 | 56 | 1 | 98.2% | N/A |
| 177 | Rosemount Greens | TGS | | 1979 | 28 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 178 | Rosemount Plaza | TGS | | 1982 | 39 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 179 | Rosewood Crossing | MRR | | 2019 | 96 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 180 | Rosewood Manor Apts. | MRR | | 1966 | 23 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |



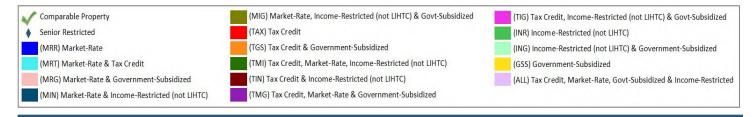
| Map ID | Property | Prop Type | Quality Rating | Year Built | Total Units | Vacant | Occ. Rate | Distance To Site* |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| 181 | Rowan Apts. | MRR | A | 2022 | 172 | 5 | 97.1% | N/A |
| 182 | Royal Oaks of Eagan | MRR | | 1987 | 229 | 9 | 96.1% | N/A |
| 183 | Salem Green Apts. | MRR | В | 1972 | 320 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 184 | Sanctuary at West St Paul (AL) | TAX | | 2017 | 164 | 3 | 98.2% | N/A |
| 185 | Savor Apts. | MRR | A- | 2022 | 200 | 6 | 97.0% | N/A |
| 186 | Shannon Glen Townhomes | MRR | | 1989 | 98 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 187 | Silver Bell Apts. | MRR | | 1973 | 96 | 2 | 97.9% | N/A |
| 188 | Soulard Market Loft Apts. | MRR | | 1889 | 132 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 189 | Southcross Village Townhomes | MRR | | 1986 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 190 | Southview Green | MRR | В | 1988 | 54 | 2 | 96.3% | N/A |
| 191 | Southwind Village Apts. | MRR | В | 1989 | 320 | 40 | 87.5% | N/A |
| 192 | Springs at Apple Valley | MRR | B+ | 2017 | 280 | 18 | 93.6% | N/A |
| 193 | Springs at Cobblestone Lake | MRR | Α | 2019 | 198 | 12 | 93.9% | N/A |
| 194 | Springs at Lakeville | MRR | Α | 2020 | 260 | 20 | 92.3% | N/A |
| 195 | Spruce Place | TGS | | 1985 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 196 | Spruce Pointe | TAX | Α | 1995 | 24 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 197 | Stone Grove Apts. | MRR | B+ | 1973 | 228 | 8 | 96.5% | N/A |
| 198 | Surrey Gardens Apts. | MRR | | 1985 | 88 | 1 | 98.9% | N/A |
| 199 | Thomas Lake Pointe | MRR | | 1987 | 216 | 14 | 93.5% | N/A |
| 200 | Thompson Heights | INR | Α | 2011 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 201 | Town Centre Apartment Homes | MRR | В | 1987 | 248 | 8 | 96.8% | N/A |
| 202 | Twelve 501 | MRR | | 1986 | 336 | 21 | 93.8% | N/A |
| 203 | Twin Ponds Townhomes | TAX | | 2009 | 51 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 204 | Valley Manor Apts. | MRR | | 1969 | 171 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 205 | Vermillion River Crossing | INR | | 2011 | 66 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 206 | Vermillion Shores I | MRR | | 2008 | 36 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 207 | Vermillion Shores II | MRR | | 2020 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 208 | Village Commons | INR | | 2003 | 60 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 209 | Villas at Pleasant Avenue I | MRT | А | 2023 | 149 | 59 | 60.4% | N/A |
| 210 | Waterford Commons | MRT | B+ | 2009 | 108 | 3 | 97.2% | N/A |
| 211 | Waterford Green | MRR | В | 1990 | 154 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 212 | Waterford Place | MRR | | 1991 | 122 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 213 | West Village Townhomes | TAX | | 2007 | 18 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 214 | Westlyn | MRR | А | 2021 | 153 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 215 | Westview Apts. | GSS | | 1983 | 24 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 216 | Westview Park Community | MRR | | 1965 | 298 | 21 | 93.0% | N/A |



| Map ID | Property | Prop Type | Quality Rating | Year Built | Total Units | Vacant | Occ. Rate | Distance To Site* |
|-----------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| 217 | Westview Village Apts. | MRR | | 1974 | 108 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 218 | Whispering Oaks Apts. | MRR | | 1981 | 72 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 219 | White Oaks Apts. | MRR | | 1972 | 80 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 220 | Whitney Grove Townhomes | TGS | В | 1981 | 55 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 221 | Whitney Pines | MRR | | 1986 | 72 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 222 | Wicklowe Apts. | MRR | | 2024 | 214 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 223 | Willoway | MRR | | 1972 | 108 | 6 | 94.4% | N/A |
| 224 | Winslow | TAX | | 2019 | 172 | 15 | 91.3% | N/A |
| 225 | Winsor Plaza | INR | | 1990 | 64 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 226 | Woodridge Apts. | MRR | | 1986 | 200 | 4 | 98.0% | N/A |
| 227 | Woods of Burnsville | MRR | | 1984 | 400 | 21 | 94.8% | N/A |
| 228 | WW Apts. | MRR | | 1971 | 30 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |
| 229 | Yards & Back Yards | MRR | A- | 2022 | 154 | 0 | 100.0% | N/A |

Survey Date: August 2024

N/A - Not Applicable



Affinity at Eagan Senior Apts. 4000 Eagan Outlets Pkwy, Eagan, MN 55122

Total Units: 174

BR: 0, 1, 2

Occupancy: 82.2% Vacant Units:

31

Stories: 5 Waitlist: None w/Elevator

Contact: Jonathan

Phone: (651) 413-9196

Year Built: 2018

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Survey Date: August 2024

Target Population: Senior 55+

Rent Special: None

Notes: Opened 1/2018; Does not keep a WL;

Alden Ponds Townhomes

3100 Alden Pond Ln, Eagan, MN 55121

98.6% Occupancy:

Stories: 2

Phone: (651) 452-6804

Contact: Melanie

Year Built: 1989

Picture Not **Available** Total Units: 213 BR: 2.3

Vacant Units:

Waitlist: None

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Rent Special: None

Target Population: Family

Notes: Rent range due to renovations; Does not keep a WL;

Andrew's Pointe I & II 3

2136 E 117th St, Burnsville, MN 55337

BR: 2,3

Contact: Nygia

Phone: (952) 890-6292

Total Units: 57

UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 2 Waitlist: None Year Built: 1993

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Rent Special: None

Target Population: Family

Notes: Tax Credit; 25 HOME units; Does not keep a WL;

Applewoods Apts.

14191 Pennock Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124

Contact: Anne

Phone: (651) 455-1188

BR: 1, 2

Rent Special: None

Total Units: 51

Target Population: Family

Notes: Does not keep a WL;

Vacant Units: 3

Occupancy: 94.1%

Stories: 3 Waitlist: None w/Elevator

Year Built: 1986

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Argonne Hills 5

17600 Junelle Path, Lakeville, MN 55044

Contact:

Phone:

w/Elevator

Picture Not

Total Units: 62

UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Waitlist: Shared: 1032 HH

Stories: 3

Year Built: 2017

Available

BR: 1, 2

Target Population: Senior 62+

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Rent Special: None

Notes:

Comparable Property

Senior Restricted

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(TAX) Tax Credit

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

| operties surveyed i | Jakota Courty, Willines | <u> </u> | | Jul Vey Date. August 202 |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|
| 6 Arris Apts. | desville MAN FFOAA | | Contact | <u> </u> |
| 10805 173rd St W, La | 1 | | | (952) 444-6055 |
| | Total Units: 197 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 94.4% | Stories: 4 | w/Elevator Year Built: 202 |
| Picture | BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 | Vacant Units: 11 | Waitlist: None | AR Year: |
| | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | |
| Available | Notes: Does not keep a WL; | | | |
| | | | | |
| Aspen House | | | Contact: | Lamari |
| 2031 Victoria Rd S, M | lendota Heights, MN 55118 | | Phone: | |
| | Total Units: 3 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% | Stories: 1 | Year Built: 200 |
| Diatura | BR: 4 | Vacant Units: 0 | Waitlist: 4 HH | AR Year: |
| Picture | Target Population: Other | | | Yr Renovated: |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | |
| Available | Notes: | | | |
| 7. (Valiable | | | | |
| Aspapusad Apts | | | Contact: | · Fmma |
| Aspenwood Apts 1105 Duckwood Trail | | | | (763) 452-3489 |
| 1100 Businioca Iran | Total Units: 162 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 90.7% | Stories: 3 | w/Elevator Year Built: 198 |
| | BR: 1, 2 | Vacant Units: 15 | Waitlist: None | AR Year: |
| Picture | Target Population: Family | vacant omits. 10 | waitiist. World | Yr Renovated: |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | Ti Kenovateu. |
| | ' | | h | |
| Available | Notes: Rent range due to floor pl | an and now long a unit has | been vacam | |
| | | | 0 1 1 | All' I |
| Aster House Apts | | | Contact: | |
| 4265 Nicols Rd, Eagar | 1 | | | (651) 964-3441 |
| | Total Units: 204 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% | Stories: 4 | w/Elevator Year Built: 202 |
| B. A. | BR: 1, 2, 3 | Vacant Units: 0 | Waitlist: None | AR Year: |
| | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: |
| | Rent Special: None | | | |
| THE RESERVE TO THE PERSON OF T | Notes: 41 1-br HOME Units; Does | s not keep a WL; | | |
| AMERICAN. | | | | |
| Authentix Lakevil | le | | Contact: | Vanessa |
| 0 11540 207th St W, La | keville, MN 55044 | | Phone: (| (952) 900-7727 |
| | Total Units: 252 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 44.0% | Stories: 2,3 | Year Built: 202 |
| D' I | BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 | Vacant Units: 141 | Waitlist: None | AR Year: |
| Picture | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | |
| Available | Notes: Does not keep a WL; | | | |
| Available | , , | | | |
| | | | | |
| Comparable Property | | ne-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Sub | | Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized |
| Senior Restricted | (TAX) Tax Credit | | (IMP) Incomo Po | estricted (not LIHTC) |
| _ | | P. 11. 2.16 (28) 14 | | |
| (MRR) Market-Rate (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit | (TGS) Tax Credit & Govern | nment-Subsidized Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) | | estricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized |

Survey Date: August 2024

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Bowen National Research A-23

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Diane Avana Southview 11 4930 Ashley Ln, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55077 Phone: Total Units: 424 93.9% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1987 Occupancy: Waitlist: None BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 26 AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: 1/2 off rent after 30 days of occupancy Notes: Contact: Heidi Avana West Park 429 E. Travelers Trail, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (952) 521-0021 Total Units: 240 Occupancy: 97.9% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1988 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 5 Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: 2023 Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL; Contact: John Babcock Crossing 2021 Upper 55th St East, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55077 Phone: (651) 356-7300 w/Elevator Total Units: 49 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 2022 Vacant Units: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit Contact: Kalyna Ballantrae 3800 Ballantrae Rd, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: (651) 454-1612 Total Units: 314 Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1973 UC: 0 Occupancy: 93.9% BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 19 Waitlist: None AR Year:

Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: 2020 Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range due to renovations, floorplan & view; Does not keep a WL;

Contact: Angela **Bayberry Place** 15 3395 Yankee Doodle Ln, Eagan, MN 55121 Phone: (651) 204-3290 Total Units: 120 UC: 0 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1969 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Does not keep a WL;



Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Sydney Berkshire of Burnsville 16 13901 Echo Park Cir, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (952) 431-2499 Total Units: 206 UC: 0 Occupancy: 99.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1987 Waitlist: None BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 2 AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL; Contact: Angie Blackberry Pointe Apts. 17 5470 Blackberry Trail E, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: (651) 554-8080 Total Units: 218 98.2% Stories: 3,4 w/Elevator Year Built: 2004 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Market-rate (125 units); Tax Credit (93 units) Contact: Melanie Briar Oak 18 7405 123rd St W, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone: (952) 926-1541 Total Units: 36 UC: 0 Occupancy: 94.4% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1970 Vacant Units: 2 BR: 1, 2, 3 Waitlist: Yes AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Anne Buron Lane Apts. 221 Buron Ln., South St. Paul, MN 55075 Phone: (651) 455-1188 Total Units: 43 Stories: 2.5 Year Built: 1964 UC: 0 Occupancy: 97.7% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 1 Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL; Contact: **Cahill Commons** 5840 Cahill Ave., Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: (651) 675-4440 Total Units: 60 Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2002 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 1032 HH AR Year: Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes:

Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (GSS) Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Available

Notes:

Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Kyra Cahill Place 21 6020 Cahill Ave, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: (651) 756-7222 Total Units: 40 Occupancy: 100.0% Year Built: 2020 Stories: 4 BR: 2.3 Waitlist: None AR Year: Vacant Units: 0 Target Population: Homeless Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: 4 HOME Fund units; Does not keep a WL Contact: Ashley Camber Hills Townhomes

404 Camber Ave., South St. Paul, MN 55075 Phone: (651) 451-1487 Total Units: 44 100.0% Stories: 2 Year Built: 1978 Occupancy: Vacant Units: Waitlist: 138 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: HUD Section 8

Contact: Cambrian Commons 14736 Cambrian Ave, Rosemount, MN 55068 Phone: Total Units: 60 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2016 Vacant Units: 0 BR: 1, 2 Waitlist: Shared; 1032 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None

Contact: Cameo Place

24 3101 Lower 147th St W, Rosemount, MN 55068 Phone: Total Units: 44 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1997 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 BR: 1, 2 Waitlist: 1032 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated:

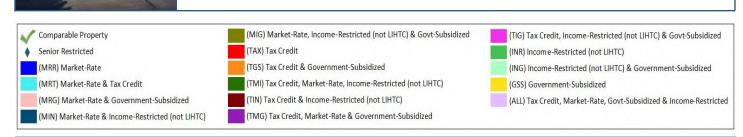
Not Rent Special: None Available Notes:

Contact: Doug Carbury Hills Townhomes 25 13560 Carbury Way, Rosemount, MN 55068 Phone: (651) 675-4504 Total Units: 32 Stories: 2 Year Built: 2008 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared: 4245 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated:

Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit; Does not accept HCV

Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (GSS) Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

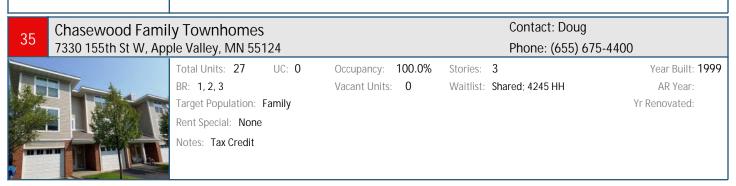
Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Carmen Court 26 5825 Carmen Ave., Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: (651) 675-4504 Total Units: 51 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 2 w/Elevator Year Built: 1994 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 1032 HH AR Year: Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Danielle Carrington Court 27 720 Evergreen Dr, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (952) 208-4502 Total Units: 192 100.0% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1993 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: 3-br: 5 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Rent range due to floor level and location on property; Contact: Louise Cedar Ridge Apts. 28 12790 Germane Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone: (952) 890-7071 Total Units: 73 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1972 Vacant Units: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL; Available Contact: Peri Cedar Valley Apts. 29 7430 128th St W, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone: (952) 431-5838 Total Units: 119 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1975 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: None AR Year **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL; Contact: Amy Cedar Valley Townhomes 30 17326 Glacier Way, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (651) 675-4400 Total Units: 30 Stories: 1,2 Year Built: 1998 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared: 4245 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None



Notes: Tax Credit

Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Scott Cedar Villas Townhomes 31 4542 Villa Pkwy, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: (651) 365-1291 Total Units: 104 UC: 0 Stories: 1,2,3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2004 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Yes AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Market-rate (83 units); Tax Credit & HUD Section 8 (21 units) Contact: Charity Centennial & Heritage Apts. 32 1321 Centennial Dr, Farmington, MN 55024 Phone: (763) 363-7345 Total Units: 36 Occupancy: 97.2% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1971 BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 1 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL; Contact: Beth **Chancellor Manor** 33 14250 Irving Ave. S, Burnsville, MN 55306 Phone: (952) 435-7111 Total Units: 200 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1972 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Yes AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: 2000 Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit; HUD Section 8 Contact: Chris Charlton West 34 430 W Mendota Rd, Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (763) 363-7119 w/Elevator

Total Units: 77 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1972 Occupancy: 88.3% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Yr Renovated: Target Population: Family Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL;





Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Ryan Chateau Carmel 36 1555 Bellows St, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (651) 455-3571 Total Units: 38 Occupancy: 97.4% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1970 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 1 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL; **Chowen Bend Townhomes** Contact: Shannon 37 12641 Chowen Bend, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (952) 882-8619 Total Units: 32 100.0% Stories: 2 Year Built: 1981 Occupancy: BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 2br 80, 3br 60: 140 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: 2007 Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit; HUD Section 8 Contact: Christina Cinnamon Ridge Apts. 38 4598 Slater Rd, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: (763) 445-2256 Total Units: 264 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1985 Vacant Units: 0 BR: 1, 2 Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: No WL; Contact: Margot CityVue Apts. I & II 39 3435 Promenade Ave, Eagan, MN 55123 Phone: (651) 564-9727 Total Units: 232 Stories: 11 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: BR: 1, 2 0 Waitlist: None AR Year Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Does not accept HCV; Rent range based on floor plan, floor level & view; Ph II opened 2018 (120 units); Does not keep Contact: Scott Cliff Hill Townhomes 2064 E 117th St, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (952) 890-0212 Total Units: 32 UC: 0 Stories: 1,2 Year Built: 1981 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Yes AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: 2007

Rent Special: None

Notes: Tax Credit; HUD Section 8

Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (GSS) Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

| Properties Surveyed — D | Dakota County, Minnesc | ota | | Survey Date: August 2024 |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| Cobblestone Squa | are Apple Valley, MN 55124 | | Contact: Phone: | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 60 UC: 0 BR: 1,2 Target Population: Senior 62+ Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 3 Waitlist: Shared; 1032 Hi | w/Elevator Year Built: 2010 H AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Colleen Looney N | | | Contact: | |
| Picture Not Available | Saint Paul, MN 55118 Total Units: 80 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Senior 62+ Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Phone: (6 Stories: 4 Waitlist: 2726 HH | w/Elevator Year Built: 198: AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| 43 Colonial Terrace | ve, Burnsville, MN 55337 | | Contact: | Kelly 952) 894-7242 |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 58 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL; | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 196 ' AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Concorde Flats 501 Gateway Blvd, Bu | urnevillo MM 55227 | | Contact: A | Angela 952) 649-5204 |
| SOT Gateway blvd, Bu | Total Units: 162 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Pre-leasing April 2023, Firs | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 4 Waitlist: None | w/Elevator Year Built: 202; AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Connelly On Eleve | | | Contact: | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 240 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 96.3% Vacant Units: 9 | Phone: (6 Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | 551) 204-0881 Year Built: 1973 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Comparable Property Senior Restricted (MRR) Market-Rate (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit | (TAX) Tax Credit (TGS) Tax Credit & Govern | e-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Sub ment-Subsidized Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) | (INR) Income-Rest | ncome-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized tricted (not LIHTC) tricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized t-Subsidized |

Bowen National Research A-30

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Contact: Margie Country Club Manor Apts. 1955 Oakdale Ave, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (651) 451-2633 Total Units: 105 Occupancy: 99.0% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1970 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: Yes AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 55+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Angela **Country Lane Townhomes** 7754 210th St W, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (651) 675-4504 Total Units: 29 UC: 0 100.0% Stories: 2 Year Built: 2001 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: 4245 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit Contact: Camille Crossings at Inver Woods Apts. & Townhomes 48 1462 80th St E, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55077 Phone: (651) 455-1234 Total Units: 176 UC: O Occupancy: 99.4% Stories: 3,4 w/Elevator Year Built: 2022 Vacant Units: 1 BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Crossroads Commons 49 17725 Glasgow Ave, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: Total Units: 87 Stories: 3 Year Built: 2009 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% w/Elevator Vacant Units: 0 BR: 1, 2 Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Ty Current33 I 50 325 33rd St W, Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: Total Units: 106 UC: 0 50.9% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2024 Occupancy: BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Unit mix estimated; Does not keep a wl Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (GSS) Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Survey Date: August 2024

Bowen National Research A-31

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

| perties Surveyed — [| Dakota County, Minnes | ota | | | Survey D | ate: August 2024 |
|--|---|---|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| Dahcotah View A | | | | Contac | | |
| 1605 Cliff Rd E, Burns | sville, MN 55337 | | | Phone: | (952) 890-7120 |) |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 168 UC: 0 BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL | Occupancy: 100 Vacant Units: 0 | .0% Stories: Waitlist: | | w/Elevator | Year Built: 197 4 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Dakota Heights | | | | Contac | t: | |
| 337 15th Ave. N, Sou | th St. Paul, MN 55075 | | | Phone: | (651) 675-4440 |) |
| | Total Units: 56 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Senior 62+ Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100 Vacant Units: 0 | | 3 4245 HH | w/Elevator | Year Built: 2007 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Dakota Station | | | | Contac | t: Mary | |
| 124 State Hwy 13, Bu | ırnsville, MN 55337 | | | Phone: | (952) 846-0450 |) |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 150 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl; Unit | Occupancy: 99.3 Vacant Units: 1 mix estimated | 3% Stories: Waitlist: | | w/Elevator | Year Built: 2000 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Dakotah | <u> </u> | | | Contac | t: | |
| 900 S Robert St, Wes | t Saint Paul, MN 55118 | | | Phone: | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 59 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Senior 62+ Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100 Vacant Units: 0 | | 3 1032 HH | | Year Built: 200 -AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Eagan Heights | Sagan MN 55121 | | | | t: Alisha | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 162 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100 Vacant Units: 0 | .0% Stories: Waitlist: | | | Year Built: 2022 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Comparable Property Senior Restricted (MRR) Market-Rate (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsid (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (n | (TAX) Tax Credit (TGS) Tax Credit & Gove (TMI) Tax Credit, Market (TIN) Tax Credit & Incom | -Rate, Income-Restricted (not | ынтс) | (INR) Income- (ING) Income- (GSS) Governn | Restricted (not LIHTC) Restricted (not LIHTC) & G nent-Subsidized | ELIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Government-Subsidized Insidized & Income-Restricte |

A-32 Bowen National Research

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Survey Date: August 2024

Bowen National Research A-33

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

Edison at Avonlea 61 7255 181st St W, Lakeville, MN 55044

Total Units: 146 UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0%

0

100.0%

Vacant Units:

Occupancy:

Vacant Units:

Occupancy: 100.0%

Vacant Units: 0

Vacant Units: 0

BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family

Rent Special: None

Notes:

Contact: Mike

Stories: 3

Stories: 4

Stories: 4

Waitlist: None

Waitlist: Yes; 13 HH

Phone: (952) 683-9700

w/Elevator Year Built: 2018 AR Year:

Survey Date: August 2024

Yr Renovated:

Edison at Spirit 62 5181 W 161st St, Brook Park, OH 44142

Total Units: 160

BR: 1, 2, 3

Target Population: Family Rent Special: None

Notes:

Contact: Maddie

Waitlist: Yes: 29 HH: 1-12 mos

Phone: (952) 693-0035

w/Elevator Year Built: 2020

Yr Renovated:

AR Year:

Emerson Hills Apts. 63

993 S Robert St, West Saint Paul, MN 55118

Total Units: 36

BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Family

Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL Contact: Garrett

Phone: (763) 280-6307

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2006 AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Erin Place Townhomes 2180 Cedar Ln, Eagan, MN 55122



64

Total Units: 34

UC: 0

UC: 0

BR: 2.3

Target Population: Family Rent Special: None

Notes: Tax Credit

Contact: Angela Neilsen

Phone: (651) 675-4520

Contact: Mackenzie

Phone: (952) 469-1414

Stories: 2 Year Built: 2004 Occupancy: 100.0%

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Fairfield Terrace 65 20720 Holt Ave, Lakeville, MN 55044



Comparable Property

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Senior Restricted

Total Units: 24 BR: 1, 2

UC: 0

Vacant Units: 0

Occupancy: 100.0%

Stories: 3 Waitlist: Yes: 99 HH

Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH

w/Elevator

Year Built: 1980

AR Year:

Yr Renovated: 2006

Rent Special: None

Target Population: Senior 62+

Notes:

(MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(TAX) Tax Credit

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Michelle **Farmington Family Townhomes** 66 959 Catalina Way, Farmington, MN 55024 Phone: (651) 460-3686 Total Units: 32 UC: 0 Stories: 2 Year Built: 2001 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 2.3 Waitlist: None Vacant Units: 0 AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL Contact: Robin **Farmington Townhomes** 67 700 8th St, Farmington, MN 55024 Phone: (952) 592-9383 Total Units: 16 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 2 Year Built: 2000 BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL Contact: Amanda Felix Apartment Homes 68 1311 W. 143rd St., Burnsville, MN 55306 Phone: (952) 679-7173 Total Units: 347 UC: 1 Occupancy: 89.6% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1985 BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 36 Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: 2014 Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Shay Flats at Cedar Grove 3825 Cedar Grove Pkwy, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: (651) 300-4085 Total Units: 192 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 UC: 0 Occupancy: 97.4% Stories: 4 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 5 Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Rents change daily; Does not keep a wl Contact: Nicole Flats at Neill Park 70 1995 W 136th St, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (651) 760-7368 Total Units: 120 UC: 0 Occupancy: 97.5% Stories: 4 w/Elevator Year Built: 2022 BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 3 Waitlist: Yes AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (GSS) Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

| Properties surveyed — t | | | | Survey Date. August 2024 | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 71 Forest Ridge Apts | | | Contact: Jessica | | | | | |
| 1272 Birch Point, Eag | an, MN 55123 | | Phone: (| 651) 454-3352 | | | | |
| | Total Units: 252 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 98.0% | Stories: 3 | Year Built: 1986 | | | | |
| Picture | BR: 1, 2 | Vacant Units: 5 | Waitlist: None | AR Year: | | | | |
| | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | | | | | |
| Available | Notes: RR due to some bedrooms | have dens; Does not keep | a wl | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Fourth Street Apt | · c | | Contact: | Colette | | | | |
| | Saint Paul, MN 55075 | | | 612) 298-6519 | | | | |
| 2000 1111010/0001111 | Total Units: 24 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% | Stories: 2 | Year Built: 1976 | | | | |
| | BR: 0, 1, 2 | Vacant Units: 0 | Waitlist: None | AR Year: | | | | |
| Picture | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | | | | | |
| Available | Notes: Does not keep a WL | | | | | | | |
| - Transition | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 2 | | | | | |
| 73 Foxridge Estates | | | Contact: | • | | | | |
| 3367 Coachman Rd, S | l e | | | 651) 454-5765 | | | | |
| | Total Units: 144 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 97.9% | Stories: 3 | Year Built: 1972 | | | | |
| Picture | BR: 1, 2 | Vacant Units: 3 | Waitlist: yes | AR Year: | | | | |
| Not | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| | Rent Special: None | | | | | | | |
| Λ . 'Ι . Ι . Ι . | | | | | | | | |
| Available | Notes: Keeps a WL- 0 HH | | | | | | | |
| Available | Notes: Keeps a WL- 0 HH | | | | | | | |
| Caballa at Darksi | · | | Contact: | Kurt | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksio | · | | | Kurt 952) 923-7120 | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksio | de | Occupancy: 100.0% | | | | | | |
| 74 Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, Ap | de ple Valley, MN 55124 | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Phone: (| 952) 923-7120 | | | | |
| 74 Gabella at Parksid 6859 152nd St W, Ap | de ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 | | Phone: (| 952) 923-7120 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 | | | | |
| 74 Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, Ap | de ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 | | Phone: (| 952) 923-7120 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: | | | | |
| 74 Gabella at Parksid 6859 152nd St W, Ap | de ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family | | Phone: (| 952) 923-7120 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: | | | | |
| 74 Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1,2,3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None | | Phone: (| 952) 923-7120 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: | | | | |
| 74 Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl | | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None | 952) 923-7120 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl | | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: | w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl de pple Valley, MN 55124 | Vacant Units: 0 | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (| 952) 923-7120 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 134 UC: 0 | Vacant Units: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: | w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl de pple Valley, MN 55124 | Vacant Units: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 | 952) 923-7120 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | de ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl de ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 134 UC: 0 BR: 0, 1, 2 | Vacant Units: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 | Maya 952) 777-3550 w/Elevator year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1,2,3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl Description of the ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 134 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family | Vacant Units: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 | Maya 952) 777-3550 w/Elevator year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl Dele Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 134 UC: 0 BR: 0, 1, 2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None | Vacant Units: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 | Maya 952) 777-3550 w/Elevator year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl Dele Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 134 UC: 0 BR: 0, 1, 2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None | Vacant Units: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 | Maya 952) 777-3550 w/Elevator year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, April Picture Not Available Galante at Parksi | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1,2,3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl Description of the ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 134 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not provide WL info | Vacant Units: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None | Maya 952) 777-3550 w/Elevator year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| 74 Gabella at Parksion 6859 152nd St W, Apper Picture Not Available 75 Galante at Parksion 15283 Galante Ln, Apper 15283 Gala | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1,2,3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl Description of the ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 134 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not provide WL info | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None | w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: Maya 952) 777-3550 w/Elevator Year Built: 2018 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |
| Gabella at Parksid 6859 152nd St W, Ap Picture Not Available 75 Galante at Parksid 15283 Galante Ln, Ap Comparable Property | De ple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a wl Description: Tamily Rent Special: None Notes: Does not provide WL info (MIG) Market-Rate, Income (TAX) Tax Credit & Governments | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None Contact: Phone: (Stories: 4 Waitlist: None (TIG) Tax Credit, (INR) Income-Re | w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 AR Year: Yr Renovated: Maya 952) 777-3550 w/Elevator Year Built: 2018 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | | | |

Survey Date: August 2024

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Bowen National Research A-36

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

76

Gallery Apts 200 E Burnsville Pkwy, Burnsville, MN 55337

Total Units: 110

Occupancy: 93.6%

Stories: 4

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2020

BR: 1, 2

Vacant Units: 7

Waitlist: None

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Survey Date: August 2024

Gallery on Nicollet

Target Population: Family

Rent Special: None

Notes: Preleasing 4/2020; Opened 7/2020

Contact: Tonnie

Contact:

Phone:

Contact: Tonnie

Phone: (952) 800-2010

Phone: (952) 800-2010

12301 Nicollet Ave, Burnsville, MN 55337 Total Units: 171

BR: 1, 2, 3

Occupancy:

96.5%

Stories: 4

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2022

Vacant Units:

Waitlist: None

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Target Population: Family

Rent Special: None

Notes: Pre-leasing 3/2022, opened 7/2022, 93% occupancy 3/2023

Gateway Place 78

895 S Robert St, West Saint Paul, MN 55118

UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0%

Stories: 4

Yr Renovated:

Picture Not Available Total Units: 54

Vacant Units: 0

Waitlist: Shared; 2169 HH

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2021 AR Year:

BR: 0, 1

Target Population: Family Rent Special: None

Notes:

13000 Harriet Ave S, Burnsville, MN 55337

Contact: Roxanne

Phone: (952) 890-9123

Glen at Burnsville

Total Units: 304

BR: 0, 1, 2

Occupancy: Vacant Units:

90.5% 29

Stories: 3

w/Elevator

Year Built: 1972 AR Year

Target Population: Family

Waitlist: None

Yr Renovated:

Rent Special: None

Notes: Rent range based on amenities, floor level & unit location; Does not keep a wl

80

Glen Pond Apts. I 1364 High Site Dr, Eagan, MN 55121

Total Units: 300

UC: 0

Occupancy: 98.7%

Phone: (651) 615-9128 Stories: 3

w/Elevator

Picture Not

BR: 0, 1, 2

Vacant Units:

Waitlist: None

Contact: Camille

Year Built: 1971

Target Population: Family

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Available

Rent Special: None

Notes: Rent range due to floorplan, upgrades, lease length; Does not keep a WL

Comparable Property

Senior Restricted

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(TAX) Tax Credit

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

| Properties Surveyed — [| Dakota County, | Minneso | ta | | | | Survey D | ate: August 2024 |
|---|--|--------------|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Glen Pond Apts. I | | | | | | Contact: C | | 1 |
| Picture Not Available | gan, IVIN 55121 Total Units: 114 BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Fa Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range du | - | Occupancy: Vacant Units: | 2 | Stories: Waitlist: | | 51) 615-9128 w/Elevator | Year Built: 2003 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Glen Pond Apts. I | II | | | | | Contact: C | amille | |
| 1320 High Site Dr, Ea | gan, MN 55121 | | | | | | 51) 615-9128 | 3 |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 114 BR: 0, 1, 2 Target Population: Fa Rent Special: None Notes: Preleasing & c keep a WL | - | Occupancy: Vacant Units: D; Rent range de | 9 | Stories: Waitlist: olan, unit k | None | w/Elevator he market & lei | Year Built: 2020 AR Year: Yr Renovated: ngth of lease; Does no |
| | ' | | | | | | | |
| 83 Glenbrook Townl 12525 Glenbrook Wa | | 512 <i>1</i> | | | | Contact: Phone: | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 39 BR: 2, 3 Target Population: Fa Rent Special: None Notes: | UC: 0 | Occupancy: Vacant Units: | 100.0% 0 | Stories: Waitlist: | 2 Shared; 4245 HH | | Year Built: 1994 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Grand35 Apts. | | | | | | Contact: T | • | 7 |
| 14545 Grand Ave, Bu | Total Units: 130 BR: 1,2 Target Population: Se Rent Special: None Notes: | UC: 0 | Occupancy: Vacant Units: | | Stories: Waitlist: | 4 | 12) 584-373 w/Elevator | Year Built: 2024 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Guardian Angels | Apts. & THs | | | | | Contact: S | cott | |
| 208 4th St E, Hastings | s, MN 55033 | | | | | • | 51) 438-3740 | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 33 BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Fa Rent Special: None Notes: | UC: 0 | Occupancy: Vacant Units: | 100.0% 0 | Stories: Waitlist: | | | Year Built: 1950 AR Year: 2002 Yr Renovated: |
| Comparable Property Senior Restricted (MRR) Market-Rate | (TAX) Tax | | Restricted (not LIHT(| C) & Govt-Subs | sidized | (INR) Income-Restr | icted (not LIHTC) | : LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized |

A-38 Bowen National Research

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

| Properties Surveyed — I | Dakota County, Minnes | ota | 9 | Survey Date: August 2024 | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Haralson Apts. 15420 Founders Ln, Apple Valley, MN 55124 | | | Contact: Beth, Carla Phone: (952) 431-5216 | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 36 UC: 0 BR: 1 Target Population: Family, Speci. Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 al Needs, Disabled | Stories: 4 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 2009 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| 87 Haskell Court 140 Haskell St E, Sair | nt Paul, MN 55118 | | Contact: Phone: | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 42 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Senior 62+ Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 2 Waitlist: 1032 HH | Year Built: 1991 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| Haven at Eagandale 3040 Eagandale PI, Eagan, MN 55121 | | | Contact: Patricia Phone: (651) 968-8337 | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 49 UC: 71 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 40.8% Vacant Units: 29 | Stories: 2 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 1987 AR Year: Yr Renovated: 2024 | |
| Heart of the City Townhomes Contact: Angela Nielsen | | | | | |
| 129 E Travelers Trail, | Burnsville, MN 55337 Total Units: 34 UC: 0 BR: 1,2,3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Phone: (651) Stories: 2.5 Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH | Year Built: 2004 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| Hearthstone Apts. & Townhomes 15734 Foliage Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124 | | | Contact: Lindsey, Sidney Phone: (952) 891-4300 | | |
| 13734 FOIIage Ave, A | Total Units: 229 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3, 4 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Market-rate (173 units); | Occupancy: 96.5% Vacant Units: 8 Fax Credit (56 units); Does n | Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 2004 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| Comparable Property Senior Restricted | (MIG) Market-Rate, Incor | ne-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Sub | sidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income- | Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized | |

Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (GSS) Government-Subsidized (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

| Heatherwood Ap | ots. | | Contact: | Brendon | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|--|
| 96 Emerson Ave W, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 | | | Phone: (651) 457-3524 | | | |
| Picture Not Available | 1 | | es: 3 list: None | w/Elevator | Year Built: 197 AR Year: Yr Renovated: 202 | |
| Heights of Mendota (Family) | | | Contact: Julianna | | | |
| 2180 State Hwy 13, Mendota Heights, MN 55120 | | Phone: (651) 452-1390 | | | | |
| | Total Units: 70 UC: 0 Occupancy: BR: 1,2 Vacant Units: Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range due to floorplan & 1-br units w | 0 Wait | es: 3 list: 22 HH | w/Elevator | Year Built: 20 1 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| Heights of Mendota - 55+ | | | Contact: Julianna | | | |
| 2160 State Hwy 13, | Mendota Heights, MN 55120 | | | 51) 452-1390 | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 62 UC: 0 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: Target Population: Senior 55+ Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range due to floorplan & floor level | | es: 3 list: Yes | w/Elevator | Year Built: 20 3 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| Heritage Crest | | | Contact: Kari | | | |
| <u> </u> | th Saint Paul, MN 55075 | | Phone: (612) 778-4814 | | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 53 UC: 0 Occupancy: BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range depends on unit size and renov | 0 Wait | es: 3 list: 2 HH | | Year Built: 19 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| Hidden Ponds | Apple Velley MN FF124 | | Contact: | | | |
| Picture Not Available | Apple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 84 UC: 0 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Does not keep a WL | | Phone: (9 es: 2 list: None | 952) 953-6347 | Year Built: 20 0 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | |
| Comparable Property Senior Restricted (MRR) Market-Rate (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subs | (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHT (TAX) Tax Credit (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricte (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) | | (INR) Income-Res (ING) Income-Res (GSS) Governmen | tricted (not LIHTC) tricted (not LIHTC) & Gr t-Subsidized | LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidize overnment-Subsidized sidized & Income-Restric | |

A-40 Bowen National Research

Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Angel Hidden Valley Apts. 96 561 Westview Dr, Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: (651) 437-6565 Total Units: 137 UC: 1 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1978 Occupancy: 100.0% Waitlist: None BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Sara Hillside Gables Townhomes 2400 Lexington Ave S, Mendota Heights, MN 55120 Phone: (651) 675-4433 Total Units: 24 100.0% Stories: 2 Year Built: 2001 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: 3000 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit Contact: Hilltop at Signal Hills 98 15 Butler Ave E, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (844) 617-5666 w/Elevator Total Units: 96 UC: 0 Occupancy: 96.9% Stories: 4 Year Built: 2022 Vacant Units: BR: 1, 2, 3 3 Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit Contact: Kimberly Holiday Acres 99 1762 Oakdale Ave, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (612) 778-3873 Total Units: 188 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1968 UC: 0 Occupancy: 98.4% BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 3 Waitlist: Yes AR Year **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Yasmine Imperial Heights 100 90 Imperial Dr W, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (651) 770-6029 Total Units: 43 UC: 0 Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1963 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: Yes: 2 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Bowen National Research A-41

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

101

Inver Hills Townhomes

8350 Bravo Way, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076

BR: 2.3



Total Units: 24

Occupancy: Vacant Units:

100.0%

0

Stories: 2 Waitlist: 4245 HH AR Year:

Year Built: 2014

Yr Renovated:

Survey Date: August 2024

Rent Special: None

Target Population: Family

Notes: Tax Credit; HCV (2 unit); Workforce Housing; COVID-19 impact N/A

Kaposia Valley Apts. 102

1905 Parkwood Dr., South Saint Paul, MN 55075

Contact: Ryan

Contact: Angie

Phone: (651) 675-4520

Phone: (763) 710-1365

Total Units: 33

Rent Special: None

Target Population: Family

BR: 1, 2, 3

Occupancy: 97.0% Vacant Units: 1

Stories: 2 Waitlist: None

Year Built: 1988

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Notes:

Keystone Crossings Townhomes 20696 Keystone Ave, Lakeville, MN 55044

Total Units: 36

UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 2

Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH

Waitlist: Yes; 7 HH; 4 mos

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2017

BR: 2,3

Target Population: Family

Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit

Phone: (651) 675-4400

Contact: Kallie

Contact: Angie

Contact: Angela

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Kingston Green Apts. 104

15600 Galaxie Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124

Total Units: 343

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 4

Phone: (952) 891-5700 w/Elevator

Year Built: 2000

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Target Population: Family Rent Special: None

BR: 1, 2, 3

Notes: Rent range due to unit location & amenities

105

Lafayette East 4889 Bongard Way, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076

Total Units: 30

BR: 2.3

UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0%

Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 2

Waitlist: 12-36 mos

Phone: (651) 675-4520

Year Built: 2006

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit

Comparable Property

Senior Restricted

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(TAX) Tax Credit

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Contact: Katie Lake Isabel Flats 106 412 3rd St E, Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: (866) 621-2732 Total Units: 89 UC: 0 Occupancy: 23.6% Stories: 5 w/Elevator Year Built: 2024 BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 68 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Does not keep a WL **Lakeshore Townhomes** Contact: Angela Nielsen 107 4491 Lakeshore Terr, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: (651) 675-4520 Total Units: 50 100.0% Stories: 1,2 Year Built: 2015 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: Shared: 4245 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit Contact: Carrie Lakeside Flats 108 16255 Kenyon Ave, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (651) 400-7608 Total Units: 120 UC: 0 Occupancy: 83.3% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2018 20 BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Lakeside Pointe 109 1200 Town Centre Dr, Eagan, MN 55123 Phone: (651) 452-0751 Total Units: 60 Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2004 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared; 1032 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Contact: Sarah Lakevillage Apts. 110 8510 210th St W, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (952) 234-7896 Total Units: 70 UC: 0 Stories: 2 Year Built: 1991 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Does not keep a WL Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

Survey Date: August 2024

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(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

112

113

Lakeville Pointe 18010 Kenwood Trl, Lakeville, MN 55044 Contact: Charrell

Phone: (952) 923-5847



Lakeville Woods

Total Units: 49

BR: 1, 2, 3

UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 3 Waitlist: Keeps WL w/Elevator

Year Built: 2017 AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Survey Date: August 2024

Rent Special: None

Target Population: Family

Notes: Tax Credit; Preleasing 6/2017, opened 8/2017, stabilized occupancy 9/2017

Contact: Barb

Phone: (952) 892-5500

Picture Not

Total Units: 77

UC: 0

98.7% Occupancy:

Stories: 3

Year Built: 2008

Available

BR: 0, 1, 2, 3

Rent Special: None

Target Population: Family

Vacant Units: 1

Waitlist: Does not keep WL

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Notes:

18351 Kenyon Ave, Lakeville, MN 55044

Leah's Apts.

12721 Greenwood Dr., Burnsville, MN 55337

Contact: Casey

Phone: (651) 645-7271

Waitlist: Keeps WL; 500 HH; 12 mos

Total Units: 17

BR: 1, 2

UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 2

Year Built: 2000 AR Year:

Target Population: Disabled

Rent Special: None

Notes: HUD Section 8; 100% disabled persons

UC: 0

Yr Renovated:

Legacy Commons at Signal Hills

45 Butler Ave E, West Saint Paul, MN 55118

Contact:

Phone: (833) 517-2484

Total Units: 96 BR: 1, 2, 3

Target Population: Senior 55+

Occupancy: 95.8% Vacant Units:

Stories: 4 Waitlist: None w/Elevator

Year Built: 2022

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Rent Special: None

Notes: Tax Credit

Contact: John

Phone: (833) 380-8647

Legends of Apple Valley

14050 Granite Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124

Total Units: 163

UC: 0 Vacant Units:

Occupancy: 96.3%

Stories: 4.5

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2018

BR: 1, 2, 3

Waitlist: Keeps WL; 64 HH

AR Year:

Target Population: Senior 55+

Yr Renovated:

Rent Special: None

Notes: Tax Credit @ 60% AMHI, Keeps WL (64HH), Accepts HCV (22)

Comparable Property

Senior Restricted

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(TAX) Tax Credit

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

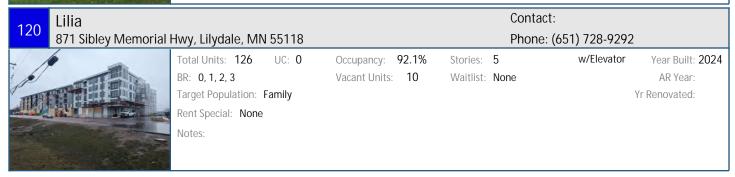
(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

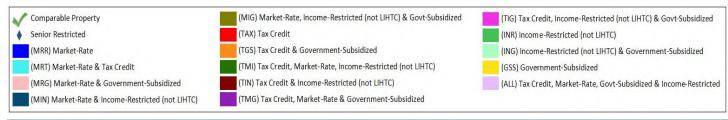
(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Kim Lemay Lake Apts. 116 3015 Eagandale PI, Eagan, MN 55121 Phone: (651) 454-5383 Total Units: 285 UC: 0 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1986 Occupancy: 98.6% Waitlist: Does not keep WL BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Does not accept HCV; Rents change daily Contact: Mike Lexington Flats 117 2985 Lexington Ave S, Eagan, MN 55121 Phone: (651) 867-4700 Total Units: 50 UC: 0 100.0% w/Elevator Year Built: 2021 Occupancy: Stories: 4 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Keeps WL; 5 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family, Homeless Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Jannell Lexington Heights 118 2300 Lexington Ave S, Mendota Heights, MN 55120 Phone: (651) 452-8826 Total Units: 225 UC: 0 Occupancy: 99.1% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1985 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 2 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Victoria Lexington Hills 119 4130 Lexington Ave S, Eagan, MN 55123 Phone: (651) 452-0313 Total Units: 156 Stories: 2 Year Built: 1988 UC: 12 Occupancy: 98.1% BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 3 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None

Notes: Does not accept HCV





(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Lincoln Place 121 1997 Gold Trail, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: (651) 209-1681 Total Units: 25 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2010 BR: 0, 1 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Permanent Supportive Housing Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Notes: Available Contact: Ethan Livery Modern Apts. 5076 161st St W, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (612) 284-0479 Total Units: 204 UC: 0 Stories: 2 Year Built: 2022 Occupancy: 92.6% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 15 Waitlist: Keeps WL AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Main Street Manor 123 8725 209th St W, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: Total Units: 51 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 2001 Vacant Units: 0 BR: 1, 2 Waitlist: 1032 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Jocelynn Majestic Cove Apts. 124 7472 157th St W, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone: (952) 953-0100 Total Units: 192 Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1994 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range based on unit location Contact: Marketplace Townhomes 125 1602 S Frontage Rd, Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: Total Units: 28 UC: 0 Stories: 2 Year Built: 2002 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 4245 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Comparable Property (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

Bowen National Research A-46

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Contact: Tina Maven Apts. 126 7 W Travelers Trail, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (952) 649-6543 Total Units: 137 UC: 0 Occupancy: 98.5% Year Built: 2020 Stories: 4 Waitlist: Does not keep WL BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 2 AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Jackie Mayfield Place I 127 12800 Germane Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone: (952) 997-3794 Total Units: 90 98.9% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1974 Occupancy: Waitlist: Does not keep WL BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 1 AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Contact: Angela Meadowlark Townhomes 128 20904 Holiday Ave, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (651) 675-4504 Stories: 1,2 Total Units: 40 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Year Built: 2010 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit Contact: Marsha Mendota 129 2050 Delaware Ave, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (651) 600-5680 Total Units: 55 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1970 UC: 0 Occupancy: 92.7% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 4 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Sandy Meridian Pointe 130 51 McAndrews Rd W, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (877) 558-1320 Total Units: 339 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1988 UC: 0 Occupancy: 97.6% BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 8 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

Survey Date: August 2024

Bowen National Research A-47

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Contact: Mississippi Terrace 131 301 Ramsey St., Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: (651) 437-3181 Total Units: 40 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1993 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 1032 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Benjamin Monument Ridge Apts. 132 8851 Broderick Blvd, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: (651) 356-6424 Total Units: 136 100.0% Stories: 3,4 w/Elevator Year Built: 2004 Occupancy: Waitlist: Does not keep WL; 6 HH BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Crystal Morrison 133 14589 S Robert Trail, Rosemount, MN 55068 Phone: (651) 461-3400 Total Units: 124 UC: 0 Occupancy: 96.8% Stories: 4 Year Built: 2021 Waitlist: Keeps WL if needed BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 4 AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Sidney **NEON Burnsville** 134 14501 Grand Ave, Burnsville, MN 55306 Phone: (952) 649-6370 Total Units: 275 Stories: 5 w/Elevator Year Built: 2021 UC: 0 Occupancy: 96.4% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 10 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Ashley Northlake Lofts 135 18400 Orchard Trail, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (952) 395-1360 Total Units: 208 Stories: 4 w/Elevator Year Built: 2021 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Keeps WL - 3Br (7) AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes: Comparable Property (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Survey Date: August 2024

(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

Bowen National Research A-48

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

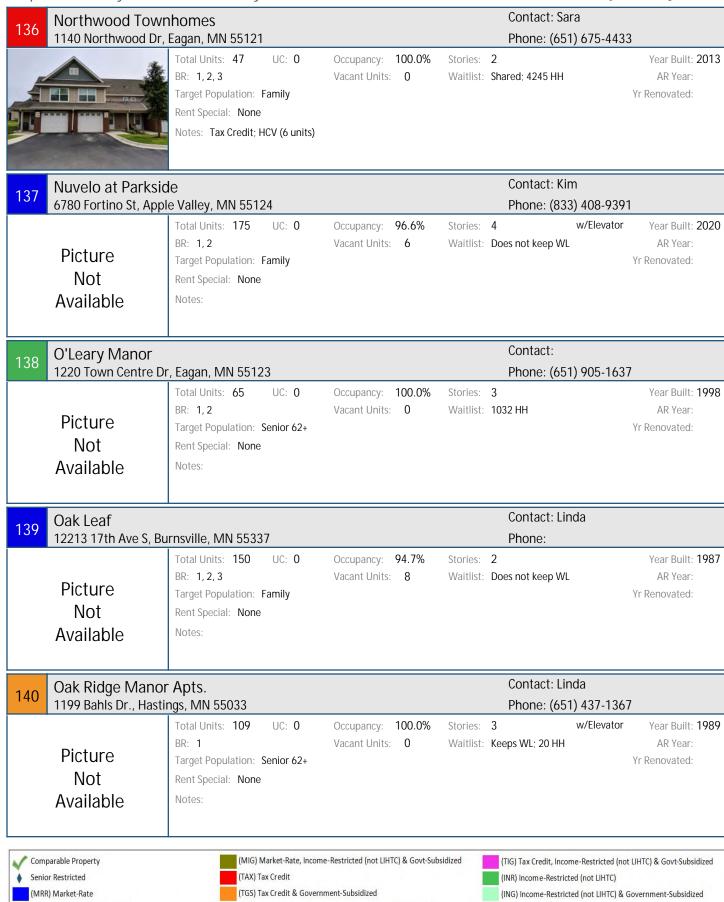
(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)



Survey Date: August 2024

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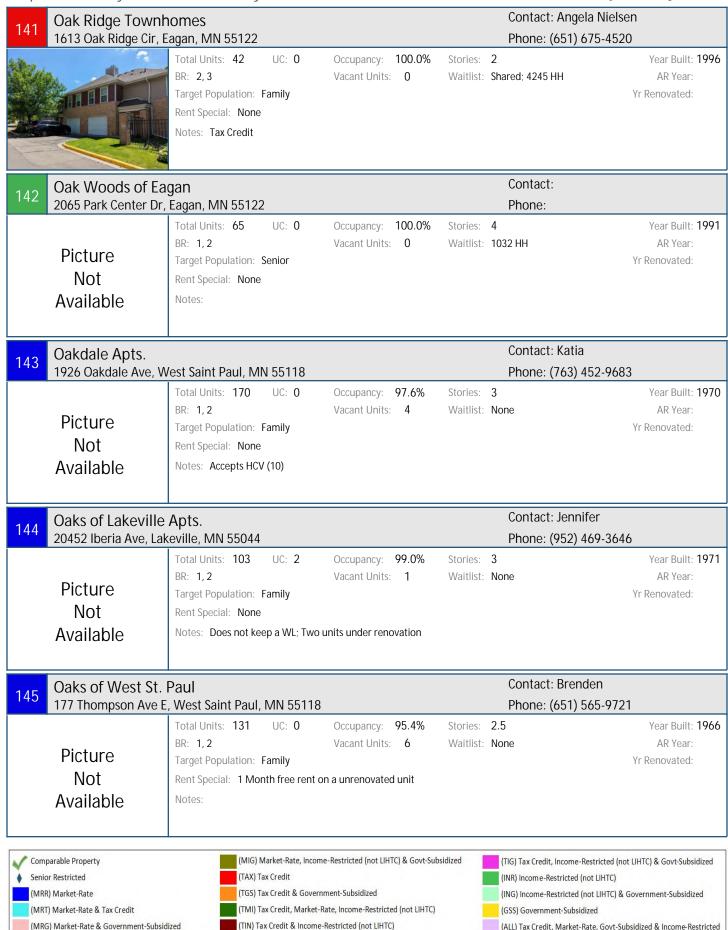
(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)



Survey Date: August 2024

Bowen National Research A-50

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Bowen National Research A-51

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Parkside Townhomes 151 1401 W 122nd St, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: Total Units: 22 UC: 0 Stories: 2 Year Built: 1992 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Parkview Manor Townhomes Contact: Leslie 152 6043 Candace Ave., Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: (651) 457-6233 Total Units: 108 100.0% Stories: 2 Year Built: 1993 Occupancy: Vacant Units: Waitlist: Keeps WL - 6 HH; 6 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range based on floorplan & location Contact: Carla Parkview Plaza Apts 730 S Plaza Dr, Mendota Heights, MN 55120 Phone: (651) 675-4504 Total Units: 65 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1997 BR: 1.2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 1032 HH AR Year: Target Population: Senior 62+ Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Denise Parkwood Pointe 154 12312 Parkwood Dr, Burnsville, MN 55337 Phone: (952) 890-2629 Total Units: 127 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1968 Occupancy: 96.9% BR: 0, 1, 2 Vacant Units: 4 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Cheryl **Pearlwood Estates** 155 1860 52nd St. E, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55077 Phone: (651) 457-2023 Total Units: 240 UC: 0 Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1991 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 4 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Rent range based on amenities & floor level

(MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Comparable Property (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (GSS) Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Veronica Pines of Burnsville 1024 W. Burnsville Pkwy., Burnsville, MN 55306 Phone: (612) 395-5874 Total Units: 216 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1969 Occupancy: 96.8% BR: 1, 2, 3 Waitlist: Does not keep WL Vacant Units: 7 AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Accepts HCV; Rent range based on floor level & view; 21 units UC due to fire, completion date 9/2017 Contact: Pleasant Ridge Townhomes 157 1324 N Frontage Rd, Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: Total Units: 31 100.0% Stories: 2 Year Built: 1997 Occupancy: BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared: 4245 HH AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Justin Pointe at Cedar Grove 158 1919 Silver Bell Rd, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: (651) 454-7036 Total Units: 188 UC: 0 Occupancy: 99.5% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1972 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 1 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: **Prairie Crossing Family Townhomes** Contact: Angela 159 20464 Icefall Trl, Lakeville, MN 55044 Phone: (651) 675-4400 Total Units: 40 Stories: 2 Year Built: 2004 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 2.3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit Contact: Shawna **Prairie Estates Townhomes** 6153 1/2 Carmen Ave. E, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: (651) 451-2662 Total Units: 40 Stories: 2 Year Built: 1980 Occupancy: 100.0% Waitlist: Keeps WL - Length Unknown AR Year:





Yr Renovated: 2022

| Properties Surveyed — I | Dakota County, Minnes | ota | Surv | ey Date: August 2024 |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Prestwick Place | | | Contact: | |
| 14101 Addison Way, | Rosemount, MN 55068 | 0 | Phone: | Veen Built 2010 |
| | Total Units: 40 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 2 Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH | Year Built: 2019 AR Year: |
| Picture | Target Population: Family | vacant onits. 0 | Waithst. Shared, 4245 fill | Yr Renovated: |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | Tr Nonovatod. |
| | Notes: | | | |
| Available | Wotes. | | | |
| Promenade Oaks | | | Contact: Megan (| PM) |
| 162 Promenade Oaks | | | Phone: (651) 686 | -8600 |
| | Total Units: 282 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% | Stories: 2 | Year Built: 1997 |
| D' I | BR: 1, 2, 3 | Vacant Units: 0 | Waitlist: Keeps WL - 10 HH; 10 HH | AR Year: |
| Picture | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: |
| Not | Rent Special: None | | | |
| Available | Notes: | | | |
| | | | | |
| Provence Luxury | Apts. | | Contact: Shannor | 1 |
| 163 Provence Luxury 1711 W. 143rd St., B | | | Phone: (952) 892 | -6100 |
| | Total Units: 151 UC: 6 | Occupancy: 98.0% | Stories: 4 w/Ele | vator Year Built: 2001 |
| | BR: 0, 1, 2 | Vacant Units: 3 | Waitlist: Does not keep WL | AR Year: |
| THE PLANE I | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: |
| | Rent Special: None | | | |
| | Notes: | | | |
| | | | | |
| Quarry at Centra | l Park | | Contact: Kelly | |
| 164 1555 Quarry Rd, Eag | | | Phone: (651) 424 | -4757 |
| 1898// | Total Units: 183 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 98.9% | Stories: 4,5 w/Ele | vator Year Built: 2019 |
| | BR: 0, 1, 2 | Vacant Units: 2 | Waitlist: Does not keep WL | AR Year: |
| THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: |
| | Rent Special: None | | | |
| | Notes: Does not accept HCV; Beg | gan preleasing 2/2019, oper | ned 4/2019, still in lease-up | |
| | | | | |
| Quarry View Tow | ınhomes | | Contact: Doug | |
| 165 2 Emblem Way, | Apple Valley, MN 55124 | | Phone: (651) 675 | -4400 |
| | Total Units: 45 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% | Stories: 1,2 | Year Built: 2011 |
| | BR: 1, 2, 3 | Vacant Units: 0 | Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH | AR Year: |
| | Target Population: Family | | | Yr Renovated: |
| | Rent Special: None | | | |
| 1 | Notes: Tax Credit; Does not acce | pt HCV | | |
| | | | | |
| A Court of the Court of the | | | | |
| Comparable Property | (MIG) Market-Rate, Incon | ne-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Sub | osidized (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not 1) | cted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized |

Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized (TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (GSS) Government-Subsidized (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

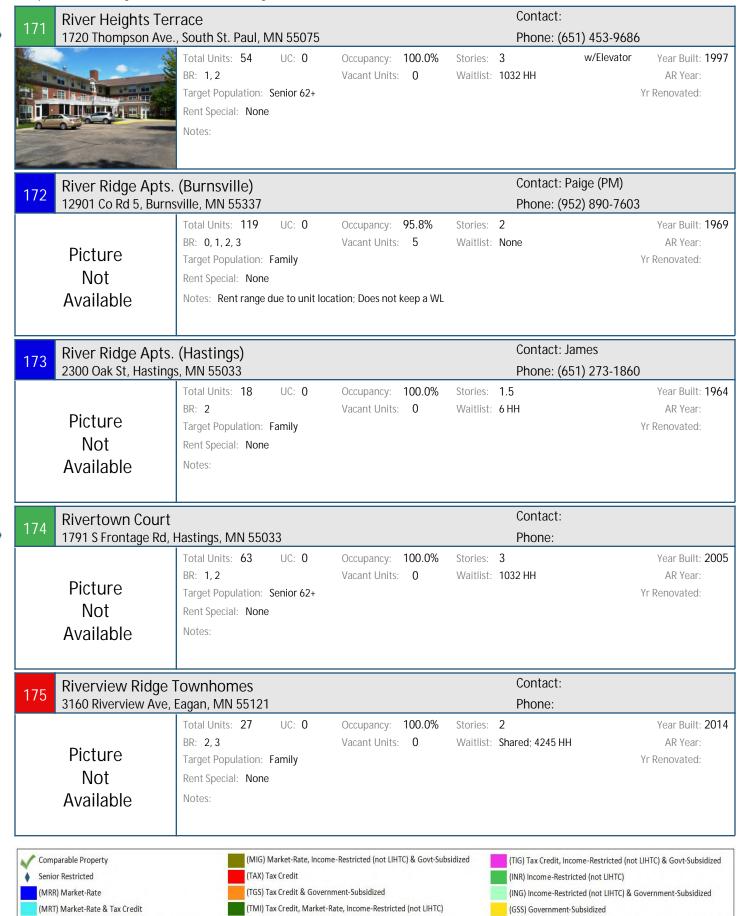
Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Jamie Quill 166 211 10th St E, Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: (651) 564-9908 Total Units: 90 UC: 0 Occupancy: 97.8% w/Elevator Year Built: 2022 Stories: 4 BR: 1, 2 Waitlist: Does not keep WL Vacant Units: 2 AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 55+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Donna Rambush Estates 167 14709 W. Burnsville Pkwy., Burnsville, MN 55306 Phone: (952) 890-8440 Total Units: 55 100.0% Year Built: 2000 Occupancy: Stories: 1 Waitlist: Keeps WL - 10 HH; 10 HH BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Alley (Mgmt) Remington Cove Apts. I & II 168 15464 Galaxie Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone: (612) 504-6635 Total Units: 196 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 2015 BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Keeps WL - Studios (8); 3Br (8); AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Sara Reserve at Mendota Village - Phase I & II 169 720 & 725 S Plaza Dr, Mendota Heights, MN 55120 Phone: (651) 412-3529 Total Units: 197 Occupancy: 100.0% w/Elevator Year Built: 2018 UC: 0 Stories: 4 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 15 HH AR Year: Yr Renovated: Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: Contact: Deana Risor of Apple Valley 170 15380 Garrett Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone:

Total Units: 172 Occupancy: 97.7% Stories: 4 w/Elevator Year Built: 2021 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 4 Waitlist: Does not keep WL AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Senior 55+ Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None **Available** Notes:



(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)



Survey Date: August 2024

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

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(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)
(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

Survey Date: August 2024

181

Rowan Apts. 3925 Rahn Rd, Eagan, MN 55122

Total Units: 172

Occupancy: 97.1%

Stories: 5

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2022

BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Vacant Units: 5

Waitlist: Does not keep WL

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Survey Date: August 2024

Rent Special: None

Notes: Preleaisng 1/2022, opened 5/2022, 93% occupancy 1/2023

182

Royal Oaks of Eagan 3515 Federal Dr, Eagan, MN 55122

Total Units: 229

UC: 0

UC: 0

Occupancy: 96.1%

Phone: (612) 778-4676 Stories: 3

Contact: Carly

Contact: Devon

Phone: (651) 460-9066

Year Built: 1987

Picture Not

BR: 1, 2

Target Population: Family Rent Special: None

Vacant Units:

Waitlist: Does not keep WL

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Available

Notes:

Salem Green Apts.

1455 Upper 55th St. E, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55077

Contact: Val

Contact: Teresa

Contact: Amber

Phone: (612) 915-0553

Phone: (651) 455-2277

Total Units: 320 UC: 0

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 3,5 Waitlist: Does not keep WL

w/Elevator

Year Built: 1972

Target Population: Family

Rent Special: None

BR: 1, 2, 3

Notes: Does not accept HCV

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

184

183

Sanctuary at West St Paul (AL) 1746 Oakdale Ave, Saint Paul, MN 55118

Total Units: 164

UC: 0

Occupancy: 98.2%

Stories: 4

w/Elevator

Picture Not

BR: 0, 1

Target Population: Senior 55+

Vacant Units: 3

Waitlist: None

Year Built: 2017 AR Year:

Available

Rent Special: None

Notes:

Yr Renovated:

185

Savor Apts. 1571 S Robert St, Saint Paul, MN 55118

UC: 0

Occupancy: 97.0% Vacant Units: 6

Phone: (952) 334-7972 Stories: 5

Waitlist: None

w/Elevator

Year Built: 2022

AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Total Units: 200

BR: 1, 2

Target Population: Family

Rent Special: No

Notes:

Comparable Property

Senior Restricted

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized (MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(TAX) Tax Credit

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

(TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

| Shannon Glen To | wyphomos | | Contact: Ashley | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 186 | y, Rosemount, MN 55068 | | Phone: (651) | • | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 98 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 2 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 198 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | |
| Silver Bell Apts. | ļ. | | Contact: Sid | | | |
| 2091 Silver Bell Rd, E | agan, MN 55122 | | Phone: (651) | 505-5403 | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 96 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: 1/2 OFF 1ST MON' Notes: | Occupancy: 97.9% Vacant Units: 2 TH'S RENT | Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 197 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | |
| 88 Soulard Market L | • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Contact: Deb | | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 132 UC: 0 BR: 0, 2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Phone: (314) Stories: 5 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 188' AR Year: Yr Renovated: 200 | | |
| Southcross Villag | | | Contact: Kevi Phone: (952) | | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 60 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 2 Waitlist: 8 HH | Year Built: 198 6 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | |
| Southview Green | | | Contact: Shar | ntel | | |
| 4835 Babcock Trail, I | nver Grove Heights, MN 550 | | Phone: (950) | | | |
| | Total Units: 54 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 96.3% Vacant Units: 2 | Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | v/Elevator Year Built: 1988 AR Year: Yr Renovated: | | |
| Comparable Property Senior Restricted (MRR) Market-Rate (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit | (TAX) Tax Credit (TGS) Tax Credit & Gove | me-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Sub rnment-Subsidized t-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) | (INR) Income-Restricted | (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized | | |

Survey Date: August 2024

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Bowen National Research A-59

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

192

193

Southwind Village Apts.

Springs at Apple Valley

15025 Greenhaven Dr., Burnsville, MN 55306



Total Units: 320

BR: 0, 1, 2, 3

UC: 0

Occupancy: 87.5% Vacant Units:

40

Stories: 3 Waitlist: None

Phone: (952) 892-1500

Year Built: 1989

w/Elevator AR Year:

Yr Renovated:

Survey Date: August 2024

Target Population: Family

Rent Special: Refer someone get \$500

Notes:

Contact: Jen

Contact: Lisa

Phone: (952) 234-6756

14650 Foliage Ave, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Total Units: 280

Occupancy: 93.6%

18

Vacant Units:

Stories: 2

Waitlist: None

Year Built: 2017

AR Year: Yr Renovated:

Target Population: Family

Rent Special: No

BR: 0, 1, 2, 3

Notes: Rent range based on floorplan & location; Rents change daily

Contact: Chasity

Phone: (952) 234-9821

15899 Elmhurst Ln, Apple Valley, MN 55124

Total Units: 198

Target Population: Family

UC: 0 Occupancy: 93.9%

Stories: 2

Year Built: 2019

Yr Renovated:

Vacant Units: 12 Waitlist: None AR Year:

Rent Special: No

BR: 0, 1, 2, 3

Notes: Rent range based on floorplan & location

Springs at Lakeville

Springs at Cobblestone Lake

17400 Glacier Way, Lakeville, MN 55044

Contact: Jess

Phone: (952) 800-1536

Total Units: 260

BR: 0, 1, 2, 3

UC: 0

Occupancy: Vacant Units:

92.3%

Stories: 2 Waitlist: None Year Built: 2020

Yr Renovated:

AR Year

Target Population: Family Rent Special: No

Notes: Preleasing 5/2020, opened 7/2020, still in lease-up; Rent range based on floorplan, floor level & location

20

195

Spruce Place

300 Spruce St, FarmingtonCommon Bond, MN 55024

BR: 1, 2

Contact: Kensie

Phone: (651) 463-2511

w/Elevator Year Built: 1985

Picture Not **Available** Total Units: 60

Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0

Stories: 3

Waitlist: 26 HH

AR Year:

Yr Renovated: 2007

Target Population: Senior 62+

Rent Special: None

Notes:

Comparable Property

Senior Restricted

(MRR) Market-Rate

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(TAX) Tax Credit

(TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized

(INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

Properties Surveyed — Dakota County, Minnesota Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Spruce Pointe 196 801 Chandler Ln, Inver Grove Heights, MN 55076 Phone: Total Units: 24 UC: 0 Stories: 2 Year Built: 1995 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: Shared; 4245 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit; HCV (6 units); Waitlist shared with sister properties Contact: Mary Stone Grove Apts. 2525 Williams Dr., Burnsville, MN 55306 Phone: (763) 703-7160 Total Units: 228 96.5% Stories: 2,3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1973 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: 1-Month free rent on 3 beds Notes: Does not accept HCV; 2 & 3-br has den; Rent range on 1-br based on floor level, 2-br based on den; Unit mix estimated Contact: Dawn Surrey Gardens Apts. 198 3415 Federal Dr, Eagan, MN 55122 Phone: Total Units: 88 UC: 0 Occupancy: 98.9% Stories: 2 Year Built: 1985 BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: 1--3bed unit look n lease get \$500 the 1 months rent Available Notes: Contact: Haley **Thomas Lake Pointe** 199 1500 Thomas Lake Pointe Rd, Saint Paul, MN 55122 Phone: Total Units: 216 Stories: 3 UC: 0 Occupancy: 93.5% Year Built: 1987 14 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: Waitlist: None AR Year **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated:

Not Rent Special: None Available Notes:

Contact: **Thompson Heights** 200

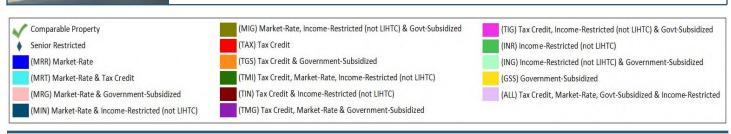


Total Units: 60 UC: 0 Stories: 2,3 Year Built: 2011 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 1032 HH AR Year: Target Population: Senior 55+ Yr Renovated:

Phone: (651) 675-4400

Rent Special: None

1350 Thompson Ave., South St. Paul, MN 55075



| Vermillion Shores | :1 | | | | Conta | ct: Sue | |
|--|--|---------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------|---|---|
| 955 31st St W, Hastin | | | | | Phone |) : | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 36 BR: 1,2 Target Population: F Rent Special: None Notes: | UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: Waitlist: | | w/Elevator | Year Built: 200 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Vermillion Shores 950 31St W, Hastings | | | | | | ct: Sue e: (651) 437-533 | 5 |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 60 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: F Rent Special: None Notes: Preleasing & | | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: Waitlist: | | w/Elevator | Year Built: 202 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Village Commons 720 Linden St, Mendo | | 5118 | | | Conta Phone | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 60 BR: 1, 2 Target Population: S Rent Special: None Notes: | UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: Waitlist: | 3 1032 HH | | Year Built: 200 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| 209 Villas at Pleasant | | | | | | ct: Teddy | |
| 12650 Pleasant Avenu | Total Units: 149 BR: 0,1,2 Target Population: S Rent Special: None | UC: 0 Senior 55+ | Occupancy: 60.4% Vacant Units: 59 x Credit (135 units); HOME | Stories: Waitlist: | 4 None | e: (952) 988-2499 w/Elevator ing 7/2023, opened | Year Built: 202 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| 210 Waterford Comm 2930 146th St W, Ros | | 58 | | | | ct: Kim e: (651) 322-1117 | 7 |
| 2750 Hotal St W, Nos | Total Units: 108 BR: 1,2,3 Target Population: F Rent Special: None | UC: 0 | Occupancy: 97.2% Vacant Units: 3 x Credit (24 units); HCV (24 | Stories: Waitlist: | 3 | w/Elevator | Year Built: 200 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Comparable Property | (MIG) M | arket-Rate, Incom | e-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Su | bsidized | (TIG) Tax Cre | edit, Income-Restricted (not | t LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized |

Bowen National Research A-63

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

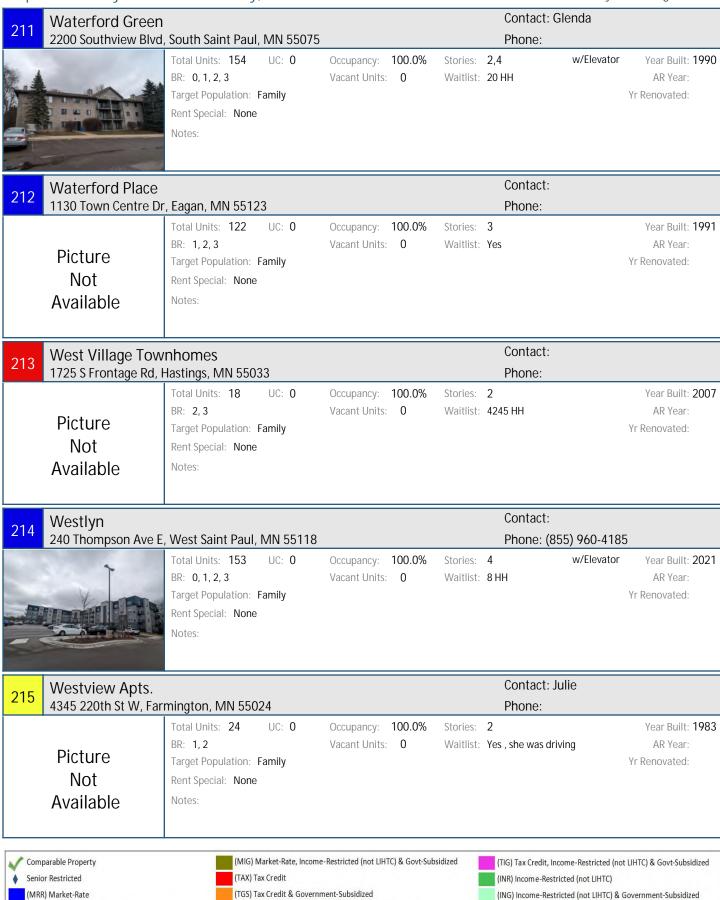
(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)



Survey Date: August 2024

Bowen National Research A-64

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

(MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit

(MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(MIN) Market-Rate & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

Survey Date: August 2024 Contact: Leia Westview Park Community 216 285 Westview Dr, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (651) 451-2998 Total Units: 298 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1965 Occupancy: 93.0% BR: 1, 2 Waitlist: None Vacant Units: 21 AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: No Available Notes: Contact: Acacia Westview Village Apts. 501 Westview Dr, Hastings, MN 55033 Phone: (651) 437-7805 Total Units: 108 UC: 0 100.0% Stories: 3 Year Built: 1974 Occupancy: BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 2 AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Rent Special: None Notes: HCV (2 units); Rent range based on floor level, floor plan; Square footage estimated Contact: Nancy Whispering Oaks Apts. 218 1600 143rd St W, Burnsville, MN 55306 Phone: (952) 892-0075 Total Units: 72 UC: 0 Occupancy: 100.0% Stories: 3 w/Elevator Year Built: 1981 BR: 1, 2, 3 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: None AR Year: **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Lovette White Oaks Apts. 219 425 Arion St E, West Saint Paul, MN 55118 Phone: (651) 292-3872 Total Units: 80 Stories: 3 Year Built: 1972 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: None AR Year **Picture** Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: Not Rent Special: None Available Notes: Contact: Brandon Whitney Grove Townhomes 220 7710 Whitney Dr, Apple Valley, MN 55124 Phone: (952) 432-4644 Total Units: 55 UC: 0 Stories: 2 Year Built: 1981 Occupancy: 100.0% BR: 1, 2, 3, 4 Vacant Units: 0 Waitlist: 56 HH AR Year: Target Population: Family Yr Renovated: 2017 Rent Special: None Notes: Tax Credit; HUD Section 8 (MIG) Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Comparable Property (TIG) Tax Credit, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Senior Restricted (TAX) Tax Credit (INR) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) (MRR) Market-Rate (TGS) Tax Credit & Government-Subsidized (ING) Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Government-Subsidized

Bowen National Research A-65

(GSS) Government-Subsidized

(ALL) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Govt-Subsidized & Income-Restricted

(TMI) Tax Credit, Market-Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

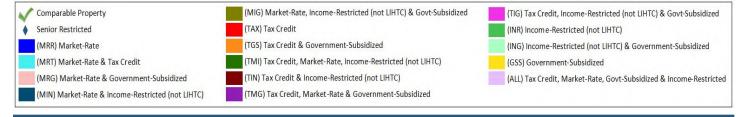
(TMG) Tax Credit, Market-Rate & Government-Subsidized

(TIN) Tax Credit & Income-Restricted (not LIHTC)

| Whitney Pines | | | Contact | : Hedi | |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | ople Valley, MN 55124 | | Phone: | | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 72 UC: 0 BR: 1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | w/Elevator | Year Built: 198 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Wicklowe Apts. | | | Contact | :: Daniel | |
| 14211 Akron Ave, Ro | osemount, MN 55068 | | Phone: | (651) 565-6386 | b |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 214 UC: 0 BR: 0,1,2,3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 4 Waitlist: None | w/Elevator | Year Built: 202 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| 3 Willoway | <u> </u> | | Contact | | |
| 13401 Morgan Ave S | S, Burnsville, MN 55337 | | | (952) 894-5982 | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 108 UC: 0 BR: 1,2 Target Population: Family Rent Special: 1st month free ren Notes: | Occupancy: 94.4% Vacant Units: 6 | Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | w/Elevator | Year Built: 197 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| 4 Winslow | | | Contact | :: Lisa | |
| 1635 Marthaler Ln, V | West Saint Paul, MN 55118 | | Phone: | (651) 360-2262 | 2 |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 172 UC: 0 BR: 1,2 Target Population: Senior 62+ Rent Special: No Notes: | Occupancy: 91.3% Vacant Units: 15 | Stories: 4 Waitlist: None | w/Elevator | Year Built: 201 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| 5 Winsor Plaza | W, Lakeville, MN 55044 | | Contact Phone: | : | |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 64 UC: 0 BR: 1,2 Target Population: Senior 62+ Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 100.0% Vacant Units: 0 | Stories: 3 Waitlist: 1032 HH | | Year Built: 199 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Comparable Property Senior Restricted (MRR) Market-Rate (MRT) Market-Rate & Tax Credit (MRG) Market-Rate & Government-Subs | (TAX) Tax Credit (TGS) Tax Credit & Gover (TMI) Tax Credit, Market- | me-Restricted (not LIHTC) & Govt-Sub nment-Subsidized -Rate, Income-Restricted (not LIHTC) e-Restricted (not LIHTC) | (INR) Income-R (ING) Income-F (GSS) Governm | lestricted (not LIHTC) Restricted (not LIHTC) & G nent-Subsidized | LIHTC) & Govt-Subsidized Sovernment-Subsidized sidized & Income-Restrict |

A-66 Bowen National Research

| - | Dakota County, Minnes | oua | | Survey Date: August 2024 |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Woodridge Apts. | | | Contact: J | osh |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 200 UC: 0 BR: 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Occupancy: 98.0% Vacant Units: 4 | Stories: 3.5 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 1986 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Woods of Burnsv 14701 Portland Ave, | ville Burnsville, MN 55306 | | Contact: L Phone: | eAnn |
| Picture Not Available | Total Units: 400 UC: 0 BR: 0, 1, 2, 3 Target Population: Family Rent Special: No Notes: | Occupancy: 94.8% Vacant Units: 21 | Stories: 3 Waitlist: None | Year Built: 1984 AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| 228 WW Apts. | ple Valley, MN 55124 | | Contact: (Phone: | Chelsea |
| | Total Units: 30 UC: 0 | Occupancy: 100.0% | Stories: 3 | Year Built: 1971 |
| Picture Not Available | Target Population: Family Rent Special: None Notes: | Vacant Units: 0 | Waitlist: None | AR Year: Yr Renovated: |
| Not Available Yards & Back Yar | Rent Special: None Notes: | | Contact: [| Yr Renovated: |



ADDENDUM B:

SURVEY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL RENTALS FOR 11 CITIES & BALANCE OF COUNTY IN DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA

- Apple Valley
- Burnsville
- Eagan
- Farmington
- Hastings
- Inver Grove Heights

- Lakeville
- Mendota Heights
- Rosemount
- South St. Paul
- West St. Paul
- *Balance of County*

| Address | Туре | Price | Square Feet | Price Per Square Foot | Bed | Bath |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------|-----|------|
| | Apple | Valley | | | | |
| 14819 Haven Drive | Single-family | \$2,695 | 1,858 | \$1.45 | 3 | 2 |
| 7033 130th Street West | Single-family | \$2,815 | 1,805 | \$1.56 | 4 | 2 |
| 15951 Hyland Pointe Court | Single-family | \$2,525 | 1,850 | \$1.36 | 4 | 2 |
| 15550 Foghorn Lane | Condominium | \$1,825 | 1,228 | \$1.49 | 3 | 1 |
| 15924 Fjord Avenue | Townhome | \$1,949 | 1,519 | \$1.28 | 2 | 1.5 |
| 15739 France Way | Townhome | \$2,300 | 1,671 | \$1.38 | 3 | 2 |
| 15628 Eagle Bay Drive | Townhome | \$2,650 | 1,920 | \$1.38 | 3 | 2.5 |
| 15583 Early Bird Circle | Townhome | \$2,510 | 1,794 | \$1.40 | 3 | 1.5 |
| 158th Street West | Townhome | \$1,950 | 1,398 | \$1.39 | 3 | 1.5 |
| 7415 143rd Street West | Townhome | \$1,490 | 1,300 | \$1.15 | 2 | 1 |
| | Burns | sville | | | | |
| 13428 Morgan Avenue South | Single-family | \$3,000 | 2,038 | \$1.47 | 4 | 3 |
| 13318 Court Place | Townhome | \$2,095 | 1,748 | \$1.19 | 3 | 2 |
| 659 East 143rd Street | Townhome | \$1,595 | 1,450 | \$1.10 | 2 | 1 |
| | Eag | an | | | | |
| 979 Pointe Way | Single-family | \$2,640 | 1,579 | \$1.67 | 3 | 2 |
| 2151 Cedar Grove Trail | Townhome | \$2,300 | 1,763 | \$1.30 | 3 | 3 |
| 3623 Saint Francis Way | Townhome | \$2,100 | 1,256 | \$1.67 | 2 | 3 |
| 4265 Rahn Road | Single-family | \$2,600 | 1,816 | \$1.43 | 3 | 2 |
| 14XX Kings Crest | Single-family | \$3,750 | 2,478 | \$1.51 | 3 | 3 |
| 1317 Easter Lane | Single-family | \$2,200 | 1,800 | \$1.22 | 3 | 2 |
| 1471 Kings Crest | Single-family | \$3,750 | 2,478 | \$1.51 | 3 | 3 |
| 4280 Trenton Trail | Single-family | \$2,645 | 1,948 | \$1.36 | 3 | 2 |
| 3440 Golfview Drive | Condominium | \$1,750 | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| 4518 Cinnamon Ridge Trail | Townhome | \$1,595 | 1,200 | \$1.33 | 2 | 1 |
| 3563 Blue Jay Way | Condominium | \$1,750 | 1,160 | \$1.51 | 2 | 2 |
| 2197 Rocky Rapids Way | Townhome | \$2,100 | 1,265 | \$1.66 | 2 | 1.5 |

| Address | Туре | Price | Square Feet | Price Per Square Foot | Bed | Bath |
|--------------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------|-----|------|
| | Farmi | ngton | | | | |
| 1131 Pine Street | Townhome | \$1,750 | 1,376 | \$1.27 | 2 | 2 |
| 1001 7th Street | Single-family | \$2,000 | 1,600 | \$1.25 | 4 | 2 |
| 1293 Prairie View Trail | Single-family | \$2,050 | 1,701 | \$1.21 | 3 | 3 |
| 5849 193rd Street West | Single-family | \$2,450 | 2,168 | \$1.13 | 4 | 2 |
| 3768 Golden Hill Terrace | Single-family | \$2,300 | 1,675 | \$1.37 | 3 | 2 |
| 19385 Elkridge Trail | Single-family | \$2,895 | 2,500 | \$1.16 | 4 | 3 |
| 18468 Eldorado Way | Single-family | \$3,240 | 1,670 | \$1.94 | 3 | 2 |
| 1100 Larch Street | Single-family | \$2,300 | 1,877 | \$1.23 | 4 | 2 |
| 1201 Aspen Court | Single-family | \$2,195 | 1,408 | \$1.56 | 3 | 2 |
| 20573 Erin Court | Townhome | \$1,725 | 1,164 | \$1.48 | 2 | 1.5 |
| 709 Spruce Street | Condominium | \$1,050 | 600 | \$1.75 | 1 | 1 |
| | Hast | ings | | | | |
| 599 Kendall Drive | Single-family | \$2,075 | 1,750 | \$1.19 | 3 | 2 |
| 1170 15th Street West | Single-family | \$2,400 | 2,676 | \$0.90 | 4 | 3 |
| 3111 Riverwood Drive | Single-family | \$2,950 | 1,462 | \$2.02 | 3 | 1 |
| 2300 Oak Street | Condominium | \$910 | 900 | \$1.01 | 2 | 1 |
| | Inver Grov | e Height | S | | | |
| 7842X Adler Trail | Single-family | \$2,995 | 1,593 | \$1.88 | 3 | 2 |
| 7426 Carmen Avenue | Single-family | \$2,500 | 1,732 | \$1.44 | 4 | 2 |
| 8190 Casper Way | Single-family | \$2,149 | 2,100 | \$1.02 | 3 | 1 |
| 6897 Angela Trail | Single-family | \$3,030 | 1,617 | \$1.87 | 3 | 2.5 |
| 6989 Angela Trail | Single-family | \$2,585 | 842 | \$3.07 | 2 | 2 |
| 6839 Aqua Trail | Single-family | \$3,695 | 1,981 | \$1.87 | 4 | 2.5 |

| Address | Туре | Price | Square Feet | Price Per Square Foot | Bed | Bath |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------|----------------|--------------------------|-----|-------|
| . radi ess | Lake | | 1000 | Square 1 oot | Dea | Dutii |
| 16336 Jatos Circle | Single-family | \$2,250 | 1,656 | \$1.36 | 3 | 3.0 |
| 7345 183rd Street West | Single-family | \$3,400 | 2,000 | \$1.70 | 3 | 3.0 |
| 16356 Jamison Path | Single-family | \$2,595 | 1,705 | \$1.52 | 3 | 3.0 |
| 16468 Fishing Avenue West | Single-family | \$2,495 | 2,130 | \$1.17 | 4 | 3.0 |
| 17753 Everest Avenue | Single-family | \$2,995 | 1,722 | \$1.74 | 3 | 2.0 |
| 17162 Eastwood Avenue | Townhome | \$2,000 | 1,518 | \$1.32 | 2 | 2.0 |
| 20612 Dodd Boulevard | Single-family | \$2,395 | 1,956 | \$1.22 | 4 | 2.0 |
| 9740 170th Street West | Single-family | \$3,070 | 2,556 | \$1.20 | 4 | 3.0 |
| 11187 204th Street West | Single-family | \$2,200 | 1,698 | \$1.30 | 3 | 3.0 |
| 7280 183rd Street West | Single-family | \$3,200 | 2,049 | \$1.56 | 4 | 3.0 |
| 17574 Hyde Park Avenue | Single-family | \$2,995 | - | _ | 3 | 3.0 |
| 17425 Fontana Path | Single-family | \$2,599 | 2,028 | \$1.28 | 4 | 2.0 |
| 20623 Hampshire Way | Townhome | \$2,495 | 2,600 | \$0.96 | 3 | 4.0 |
| 17562 Gillette Way | Townhome | \$1,900 | 1,409 | \$1.35 | 2 | 1.5 |
| 16420 Elm Creek Lane | Townhome | \$2,000 | 1,420 | \$1.41 | 3 | 2.5 |
| 20637 Kensfield Trail | Townhome | \$2,500 | 1,380 | \$1.81 | 3 | 1.5 |
| | Mendota | Heights | | | | |
| 2266 Copperfield Drive | Single-family | \$3,945 | 3,215 | \$1.23 | 4 | 4 |
| 1441 Dodd Road | Single-family | \$2,375 | 1,776 | \$1.34 | 3 | 2 |
| | Rosem | ount | | | | |
| 13641 Brick Path | Townhome | \$1,900 | 1,330 | \$1.43 | 2 | 2 |
| 13775 Atwood Avenue | Single-family | \$2,245 | 1,703 | \$1.32 | 3 | 3 |
| 4317 158th Court West | Single-family | \$2,500 | 2,000 | \$1.25 | 3 | 2 |
| 14894 Artaine Trail | Single-family | \$3,800 | 3,140 | \$1.21 | 4 | 3 |
| 15199 Danville Avenue West | Single-family | \$2,500 | 2,000 | \$1.25 | 3 | 3 |
| 15055 December Way | Townhome | \$2,150 | 1,701 | \$1.26 | 3 | 2 |
| 3540 156th Street West | Townhome | \$1,995 | 1,248 | \$1.60 | 3 | 2 |
| | South S | t. Paul | | | | |
| 428 7th Avenue South | Single-family | \$1,895 | 1,035 | \$1.83 | 3 | 1 |
| 443 16th Avenue North | Single-family | \$2,600 | 1,912 | \$1.36 | 4 | 2 |
| 520 15th Avenue North | Single-family | \$2,500 | 1,910 | \$1.31 | 3 | 2 |

| Address | Туре | Price | Square Feet | Price Per Square Foot | Bed | Bath |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------|-----|------|
| | West St | t. Paul | | | | |
| 1140 Ottawa Avenue | Single-family | \$2,175 | 1,813 | \$1.20 | 3 | 2.0 |
| 1518 Timberwood Lane | Townhome | \$2,700 | 1,900 | \$1.42 | 3 | 3.0 |
| 242 Butler Avenue West | Single-family | \$2,600 | 1,896 | \$1.37 | 4 | 2.0 |
| 85 Orme Street East | Townhome | \$1,499 | 1,000 | \$1.50 | 2 | 1.0 |
| 1808 Humboldt Avenue | Townhome | \$1,545 | 1,200 | \$1.29 | 2 | 1.0 |
| 233 Bernard Street West | Townhome | \$1,300 | 900 | \$1.44 | 1 | 1.0 |
| 963 Gorman Avenue | Townhome | \$1,550 | 1,040 | \$1.49 | 2 | 1.0 |
| | Balance o | f County |) | | | |
| 2132 Westpointe Drive | Single-family | \$3,600 | 1,535 | \$2.35 | 3 | 2.5 |
| 20735 Chippendale Avenue West | Condominium | \$2,250 | 1,400 | \$1.61 | 3 | 2 |

ADDENDUM C: SENIOR CARE HOUSING SURVEY **BOWEN NATIONAL RESEARCH** Addendum C-1

| | | Indepe | ndent Living | | | | |
|-----------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Map ID | Facility Name | City | Year Built/ Renovated | Total Units | Occupied Beds | Occ. Rate | Base Monthly Rates |
| I-1 | Ecumen Seasons at Apple Valley | Apple Valley | 2011 | 52 | 51 | 98.1% | \$2,045-\$4,335 |
| I-2 | Regent At Burnsville | Burnsville | 2005 | 80 | 75 | 93.8% | \$2,395-\$4,200 |
| I-3 | Rivers | Burnsville | 2000 | 106 | 101 | 95.3% | \$1,675-\$3,900 |
| I-4 | Valley Ridge | Burnsville | 2012 | 80 | 74 | 92.5% | \$775-\$1,194 |
| I-5 | Havenwood Of Burnsville | Burnsville | 2020 | 80 | 78 | 97.5% | \$2,185-\$4,495 |
| I-6 | Lexington Pointe Senior Living | Eagan | 2020 | 86 | 82 | 95.3% | \$2,313-\$3,780 |
| I-7 | Stonehaven Of Eagan Senior Living | Eagan | 2018 | 45 | 45 | 100.0% | \$2,300-\$4,000 |
| I-8 | Commons On Marice | Eagan | 1999 | 45 | 39 | 86.7% | \$2,105-\$4,245 |
| I-9 | Eagan Pointe Senior Living | Eagan | 2015 | 60 | 58 | 96.7% | \$2,399-\$3,940 |
| I-10 | Trinty Terrace | Farmington | 2014 | 26 | 23 | 88.5% | \$1,745-\$2,670 |
| I-11 | Hastings Senior Health & Living | Hastings | 2002 | 47 | 47 | 100.0% | \$1,506-\$2,500 |
| I-12 | Timber Hills | Inver Grove Heights | 2002 | 157 | 157 | 100.0% | \$2,089-\$3,830 |
| I-13 | Inver Glen Senior Living | Inver Grove Heights | 2009 | 45 | 45 | 100.0% | \$2,230-\$3,200 |
| I-14 | Kinglsey Shores | Lakeville | 2021 | 89 | 83 | 93.3% | \$1,557-\$4,613 |
| I-15 | Fountains At Hosanna | Lakeville | 2012 | 34 | 30 | 88.2% | \$2,300-\$4,300 |
| I-16 | Highview Hills | Lakeville | 2009 | 107 | 107 | 100.0% | \$2,250-\$2,295 |
| I-17 | Lilydale Senior Living | Lilydale | 2012 | 28 | 28 | 100.0% | \$2,476-\$4,742 |
| I-18 | Benedictine Living Community Northfield | Northfield | 2019 | 37 | 33 | 89.2% | \$2,345-\$4,235 |
| I-19 | Rosemount | Rosemount | 2016 | 40 | 40 | 100.0% | \$1,970-\$3,490 |
| I-20 | Southview Senior Living | West St. Paul | 2005 | 48 | 39 | 81.3% | \$2,044-\$2,899 |
| I-21 | Walker Westwood Ridge | West St. Paul | 1985 | 63 | 61 | 96.8% | \$2,357-\$2,875 |

BOWEN NATIONAL RESEARCH Addendum C-2

| | | As | ssisted Livin | U . | | | | |
|-----------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Map ID | Facility Name | City | Year Built/ Renovated | Lic. Beds | Marketed Beds | Occupied Beds | Occ. Rate | Base Monthly Rates |
| A-1 | Ecumen Seasons at Apple Valley | Apple Valley | 2011 | 160 | 80 | 78 | 97.5% | \$2,045-\$4,335 |
| A-2 | Boden Senior Living | Apple Valley | 2022 | 64 | 62 | 58 | 93.5% | \$3,600-\$5,100 |
| A-3 | Centennial House of Apple | Apple Valley | 1997 | 80 | 79 | 69 | 87.3% | \$3,610-\$4,255 |
| A-4 | Arbor Lane | Burnsville | 2009 | 50 | 44 | 44 | 100.0% | \$1,860-\$2,740 |
| A-5 | Emerald Crest of Burnsville | Burnsville | 1998 | 70 | 68 | 65 | 95.6% | \$8,500-\$9,500 |
| A-6 | Havenwood of Burnsville | Burnsville | 2020 | 160 | 38 | 38 | 100.0% | \$2,735-\$5,050 |
| A-7 | Havenwood of Burnsville | Burnsville | 2020 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 100.0% | \$2,185-\$4,450 |
| A-8 | Arbors At Ridges Assisted Living | Burnsville | 2009 | 70 | 59 | 59 | 100.0% | \$2,365-\$4,500 |
| A-9 | Regent At Burnsville | Burnsville | 2005 | 170 | 80 | 75 | 93.8% | \$3,500-\$5,300 |
| A-10 | Rivers | Burnsville | 2000 | 182 | 76 | 73 | 96.1% | \$1,840-\$3,820 |
| A-11 | Valley Ridge | Burnsville | 2012 | 67 | 60 | 56 | 93.3% | \$2,575-\$3,170 |
| A-12 | Burnsville Carefree Living | Burnsville | 1982 | 94 | 85 | 81 | 95.3% | \$2,123-\$2,578 |
| A-13 | Lexington Pointe Senior Living | Eagan | 2020 | 195 | 86 | 83 | 96.5% | \$4,291-\$6,857 |
| A-14 | Stonehaven of Eagan Senior Living | Eagan | 2018 | 125 | 60 | 60 | 100.0% | \$2,000 - \$4,000 |
| A-15 | Brookdale Eagan | Eagan | 1999 | 52 | 52 | 50 | 96.2% | \$6,500 |
| A-16 | Commons On Marice | Eagan | 1999 | 160 | 70 | 64 | 91.4% | \$2,645-\$4,245 |
| A-17 | Eagan Pointe Senior Living | Eagan | 2015 | 170 | 42 | 37 | 88.1% | \$4,289-\$6,632 |
| A-18 | Trinty Terrace | Farmington | 2014 | 55 | 37 | 28 | 75.7% | \$2,395-\$2,940 |
| A-19 | Hastings Senior Health & Living | Hastings | 2014 | 90 | 32 | 32 | 100.0% | \$1,506-\$2,500 |
| A-20 | Oak Ridge Assisted Living of Hastings | Hastings | 2002 | 70 | 67 | 67 | 100.0% | \$3,375-\$3,735 |
| A-21 | Inver Glen Senior Living | Inver Grove Heights | 2009 | 120 | 78 | 67 | 85.9% | \$4,367-\$6,300 |
| A-22 | Timber Hills | Inver Grove Heights | 2002 | 91 | 84 | 84 | 100.0% | \$3,515-\$5,755 |
| A-23 | Fountains At Hosanna | Lakeville | 2012 | 108 | 58 | 55 | 94.8% | \$2,300-\$4,300 |
| A-24 | Highview Hills | Lakeville | 2009 | 175 | 22 | 22 | 100.0% | \$2,250-\$4,150 |
| A-25 | Kinglsey Shores | Lakeville | 2014 | 116 | 67 | 61 | 91.0% | \$2,515-\$5,164 |
| A-26 | Moments of Lakeville | Lakeville | 2015 | 101 | 92 | 91 | 98.9% | \$8,100-\$12,100 |
| A-27 | Lilydale Senior Living | Lilydale | 2012 | 137 | 92 | 92 | 100.0% | \$4,343-\$6,570 |
| A-28 | Benedictine Living Community Northfield | Northfield | 2019 | 135 | 98 | 89 | 90.8% | \$3,545-\$4,665 |
| A-29 | Rosemount | Rosemount | 2016 | 115 | 52 | 46 | 88.5% | \$2,940-\$5,650 |
| A-30 | Walker Methodist River Heights | South St. Paul | 1985 | 66 | 33 | 28 | 84.8% | \$2,350-\$3,200 |
| A-31 | Southview Senior Living | West St. Paul | 2005 | 100 | 42 | 29 | 69.0% | \$4,214-\$5,469 |
| A-32 | Walker Westwood Ridge | West St. Paul | 1985 | 140 | 63 | 61 | 96.8% | \$2,925-\$8,175 |

BOWEN NATIONAL RESEARCH Addendum C-3

| | Nursing Homes | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Map ID | Facility Name | City | Year Built/ Renovated | Lic. Beds | Marketed Beds | Occupied Beds | Occ. Rate | Base Monthly Rates | | |
| N-1 | Apple Valley Village Health Care Center | Apple Valley | 1980 Est. | 162 | 72 | 60 | 83.3% | \$13,688-\$21,292 | | |
| N-2 | Trinity Care Center | Farmington | 1967 | 70 | 70 | 65 | 92.9% | \$6,894 | | |
| N-3 | Hastings Senior Health & Living | Hastings | 2002 | 72 | 72 | 63 | 87.5% | \$12,167 | | |
| N-4 | Regina Senior Living | Hastings | 1975 Est. | 57 | 57 | 57 | 100.0% | \$11,832 | | |
| N-5 | Good Sam Inver Grove Heights | Inver Grove Heights | 2000 Est. | 46 | 46 | 44 | 95.7% | \$12,684-\$14,162 | | |
| N-6 | Woodlyn Heights Healthcare Center | Inver Grove Heights | 1990 Est. | 79 | 79 | 71 | 89.9% | \$7,800 | | |
| N-7 | Southview Acres Healthcare Center | West St. Paul | 1975 Est. | 220 | 220 | 143 | 65.0% | \$7,604-\$18,250 | | |

BOWEN NATIONAL RESEARCH Addendum C-4

ADDENDUM D: CITY OF APPLE VALLEY OVERVIEW

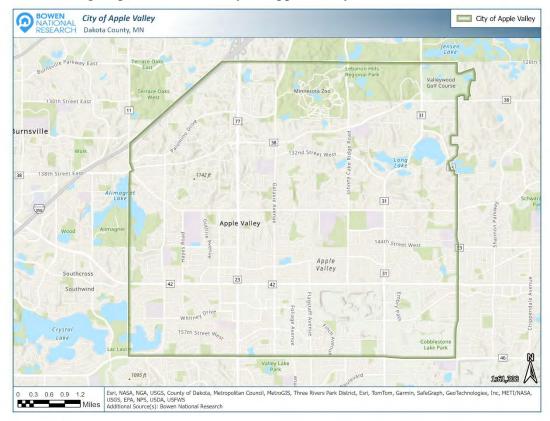
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Apple Valley. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Apple Valley were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Apple Valley is located in the northwestern portion of Dakota County, approximately 25 miles south of Minneapolis. Apple Valley contains approximately 17 square miles and has an estimated population of 57,219 in 2024. Interstate 35 runs directly along the northwest border of the city and provides access to nearby metropolitan centers.

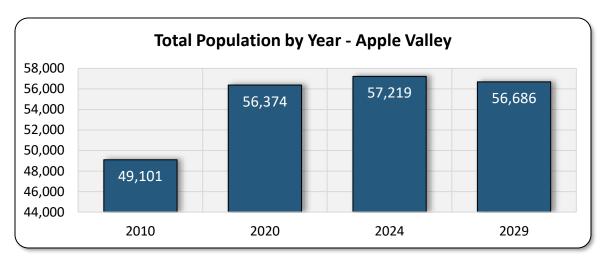
The following map illustrates the city of Apple Valley.



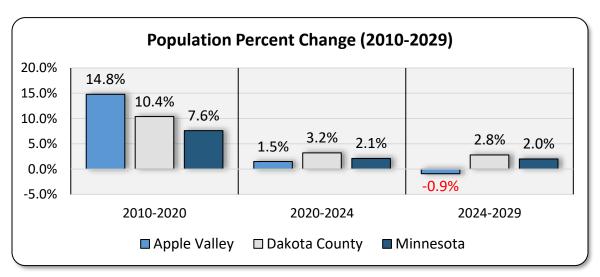
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Apple Valley. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Apple Valley and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



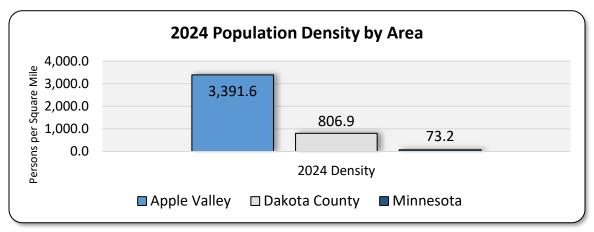
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in Apple Valley increased by 7,273 (14.8%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a larger percent increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Apple Valley increased by 1.5%; however, the population within the area is projected to decline by 0.9% over the next five years. This contrasts with the 2.8% increase for the county and 2.0% increase for the state during this time period.

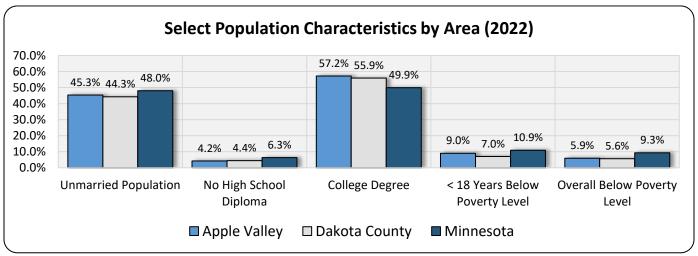
The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 3,391.6 persons per square mile, Apple Valley is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

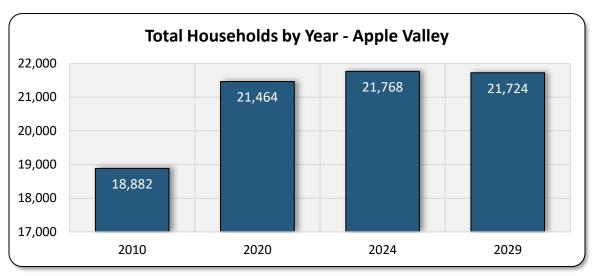
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



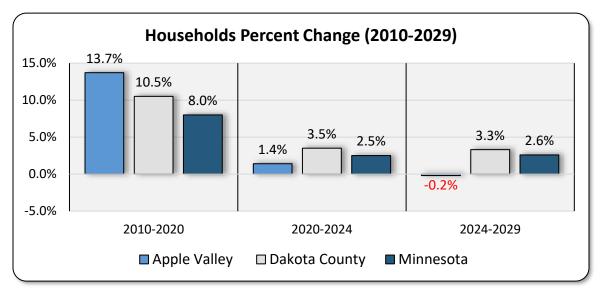
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Apple Valley has a comparable share of unmarried population (45.3%), a lower share of the population without a high school diploma (4.2%), and a higher share of individuals with a college degree (57.2%). The two educational attainment factors likely have a positive influence on housing affordability in the city. Overall, Apple Valley has slightly higher poverty rates for children less than 18 years of age (9.0%) and the overall population (5.9%) when compared to the county.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Apple Valley by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



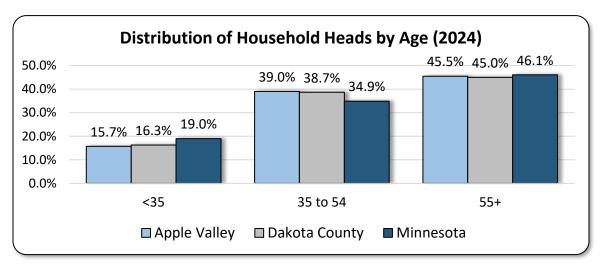
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



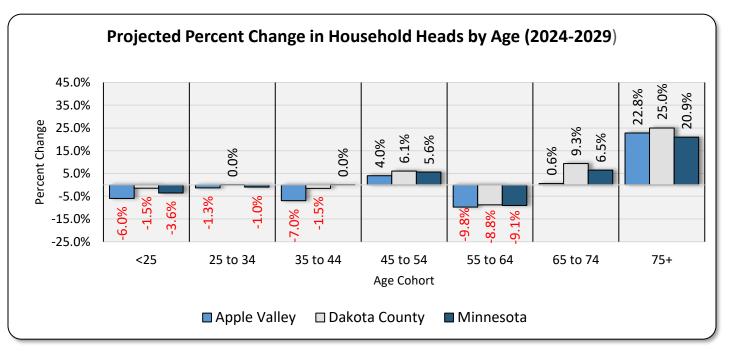
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Apple Valley increased by 2,582 (13.7%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a larger percent increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Apple Valley increased by 1.4%; however, it is projected that the number of households in the area will decline slightly (0.2%) over the next five years. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected *percent* change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



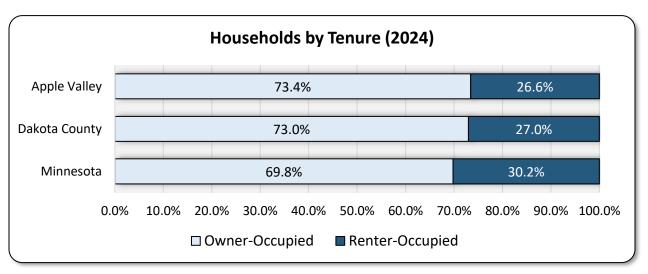
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



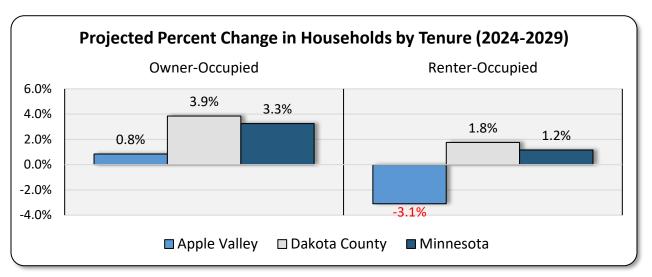
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that Apple Valley and Dakota County households in 2024 are more heavily concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to the state. While households aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 22.8% in Apple Valley over the next five years, households between the ages of 45 and 54 (4.0%) and 65 and 74 (0.6%) are also expected to increase. The overall projected changes in households by age in Apple Valley are broadly consistent with the projections for Dakota County and the state during this time.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



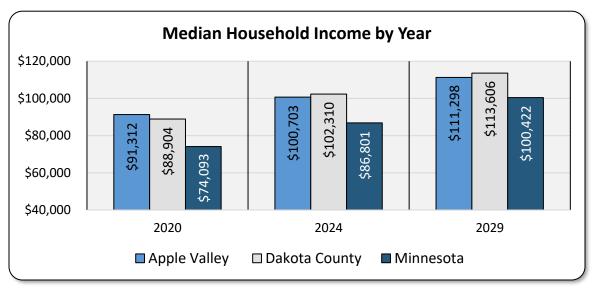
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Apple Valley (73.4% owners and 26.6% renters) is very comparable to the shares for the county, but more heavily weighted toward owners when compared to the state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Apple Valley will increase by 0.8%, while the number of renter households will decline by 3.1%. This is a smaller increase in owner households and a contrasting projection for renter households when compared to the county and state. However, it is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors. The *increase* among owner households in Apple Valley will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the for-sale housing market over the next five years.

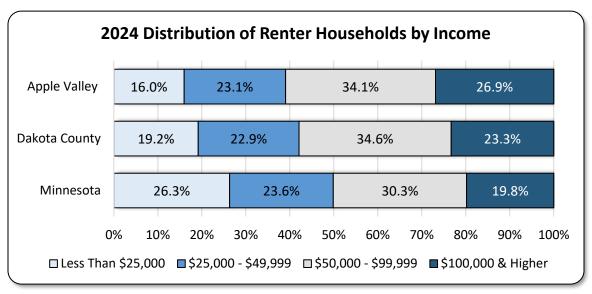
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

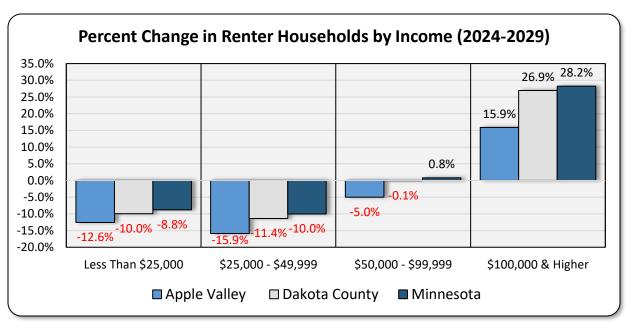


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Apple Valley (\$100,703) is 16.0% higher than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Apple Valley will increase to \$111,298, or an increase of 10.5%. As such, the median household income in Apple Valley will remain well above that of the state (\$100,422), but slightly lower than the county (\$113,606).

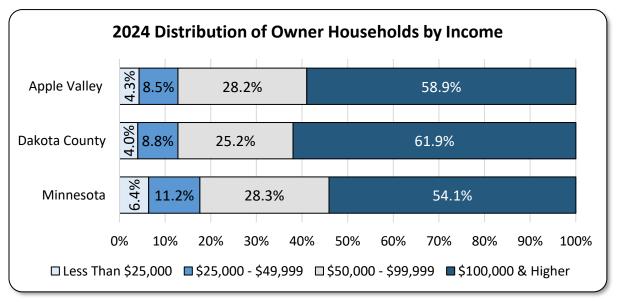
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

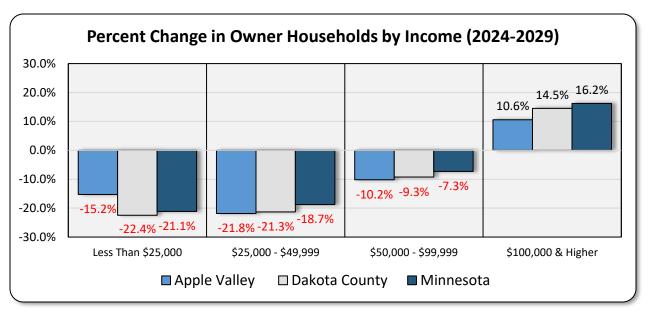




In 2024, Apple Valley has a larger share of renter households with incomes of \$100,000 or higher when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in Apple Valley is projected to be among households earning \$100,000 or higher (15.9%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decline in number. Despite these changes, a substantial share of renter households in Apple Valley will continue to earn less than \$100,000.

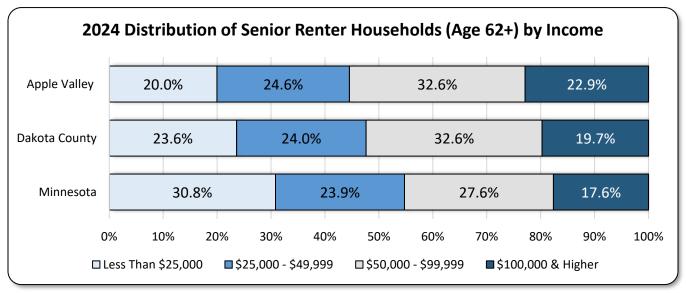
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

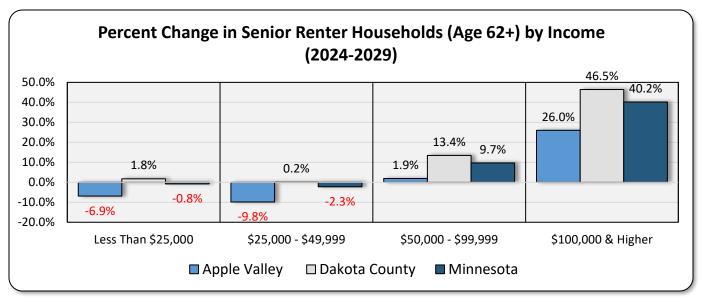




In 2024, the majority (58.9%) of Apple Valley owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a higher share compared to the state (54.1%), but lower than the county share (61.9%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected to be confined to households earning \$100,000 or higher (10.6%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is broadly consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

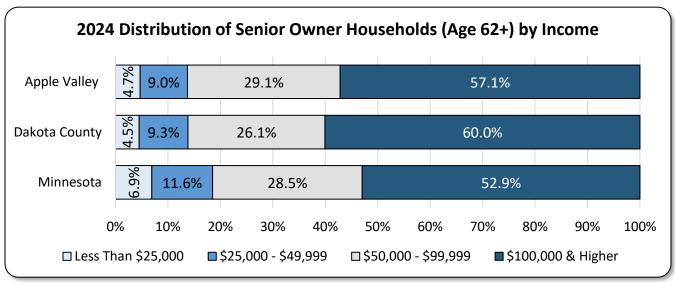
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

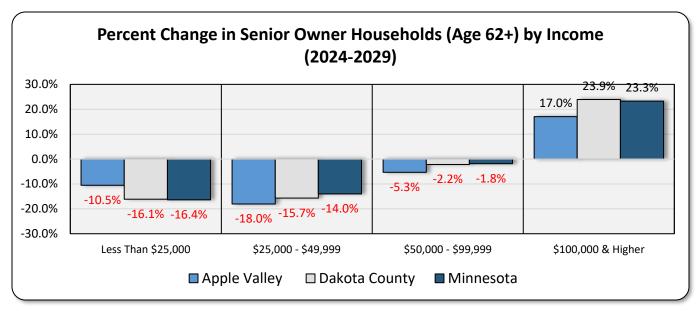




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Apple Valley earn between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (32.6%), followed by those earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (24.6%). Over the next five years, growth among senior households in Apple Valley is primarily projected to occur among households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 26.0% during the time period. While senior households earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decline in Apple Valley between 2024 and 2029, marginal growth is projected for the two lowest income cohorts in Dakota County.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Apple Valley earn \$100,000 or more (57.1%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (29.1%). Over the next five years, projected growth among senior owner households in Apple Valley is confined to households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 17.0% during the time period. The projected growth among the highest income cohort and decline among the lower income cohorts in Apple Valley is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

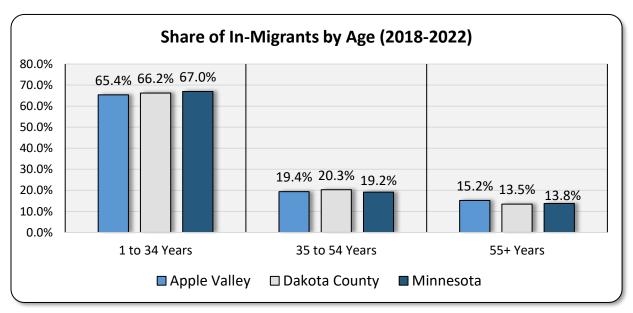
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | Years | Population Change* | Percent Change | Natural Change | Net Domestic Migration | Net International Migration | Total Net Migration | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 | 33,225 | 8.3% | 27,991 | -1,115 | 6,511 | 5,396 | |
| Dakota County | 2020-2023 | 7,562 | 1.7% | 5,686 | -928 | 2,430 | 1,502 | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

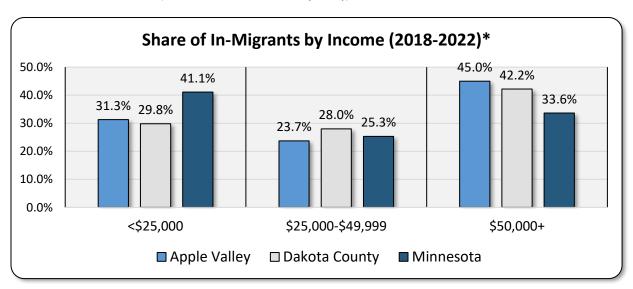
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Apple Valley, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for Apple Valley is very similar to the distributions within the county and state, although there is a slightly higher share of in-migrants age 55 or older (15.2%) in Apple Valley. While the distribution of in-migrants by income in Apple Valley is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more, the data illustrates that notable shares of in-migrants earn less than \$25,000 (31.3%) and between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (23.7%).

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Apple Valley, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

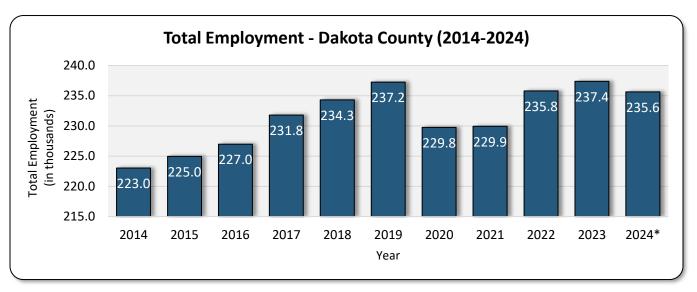
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | Apple | Valley | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 7 | 0.0% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 0 | 0.0% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 462 | 2.3% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 308 | 1.6% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 288 | 1.5% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 4,507 | 22.7% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 285 | 1.4% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 301 | 1.5% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 834 | 4.2% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 624 | 3.1% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 1,221 | 6.2% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 0 | 0.0% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 432 | 2.2% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 2,475 | 12.5% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 2,190 | 11.1% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 780 | 3.9% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 2,053 | 10.4% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 1,005 | 5.1% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 1,984 | 10.0% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 58 | 0.3% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 19,814 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Apple Valley has an employment base of nearly 20,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Retail Trade (22.7%), Educational Services (12.5%), Health Care and Social Assistance (11.1%), Accommodation and Food Services (10.4%), and Public Administration (10.0%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 66.7% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for <u>Dakota County</u> between 2014 and 2024.

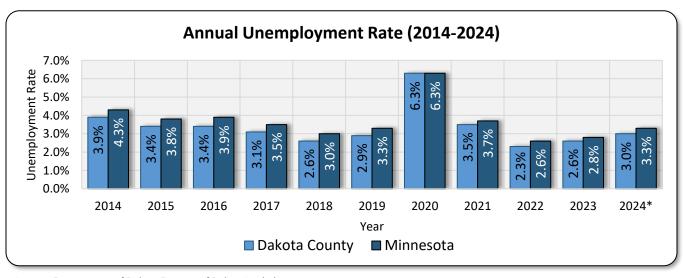


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment has decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

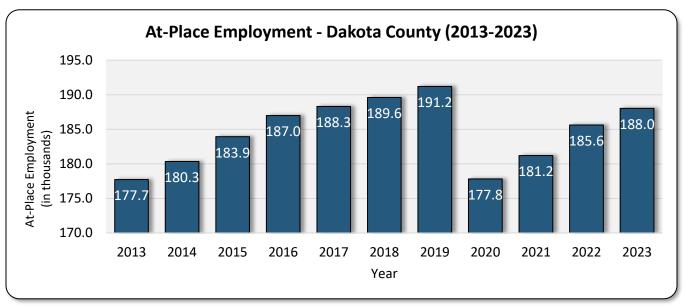


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment has increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which none are located within Apple Valley. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

The following table summarizes recent and/or ongoing economic development projects identified within Apple Valley:

| | Economic Development Activity – Apple Valley | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name | Investment | Job Creation | Scope of Work/Details | | | | | |
| HealthPartners | \$29 million | N/A | Completed: A 56,776 square-foot facility that includes family medicine, pediatrics, radiology, cardiology, lab, urgent care and other services. | | | | | |
| Fischer Mining and Apple Valley Redi-mix Site | N/A | N/A | Proposed: Rockport, LLC proposed a development at the former mining and redi-mix site. Plans include a technology campus, retail, residential, medical, hotel and greenspace. | | | | | |

N/A – Not Available

As the preceding illustrates, economic development projects have been proposed and recently completed within Apple Valley. While job creation estimates were not provided for these projects, the significant investment in the area will likely have a positive impact on the community and labor market in the future.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

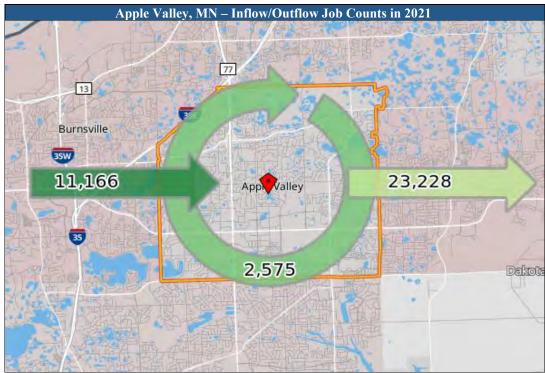
The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Apple Valley.

| | Commuting Attributes - Apple Valley, Minnesota | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|-----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|--|--|
| | Mode | | | | | | | | |
| | Drove | | Public | | Other | Worked | | | |
| | Alone | Carpooled | Transit | Walked | Means | at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 20,274 | 2,206 | 834 | 301 | 370 | 4,770 | 28,755 | | |
| Percent | 70.5% | 7.7% | 2.9% | 1.0% | 1.3% | 16.6% | 100.0% | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | |
| | Less | | | | 60 or | | | | |
| | Than 15 | 15 to 29 | 30 to 44 | 45 to 59 | More | Worked | | | |
| | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 5,209 | 9,747 | 5,849 | 2,083 | 1,097 | 4,770 | 28,755 | | |
| Percent | 18.1% | 33.9% | 20.3% | 7.2% | 3.8% | 16.6% | 100.0% | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 78.2% of individuals in Apple Valley utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 52.0% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 16.6% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, a noteworthy share (2.9%) of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

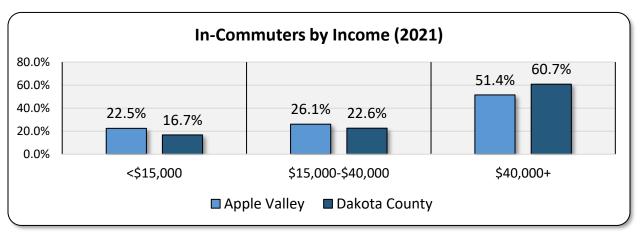
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Apple Valley based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 13,741 persons *employed* in Apple Valley, 81.3% (11,166) originate from outside the city, while 18.7% (2,575) live within the city. Over 23,000 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 11,166 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Apple Valley.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Apple Valley and Dakota County.

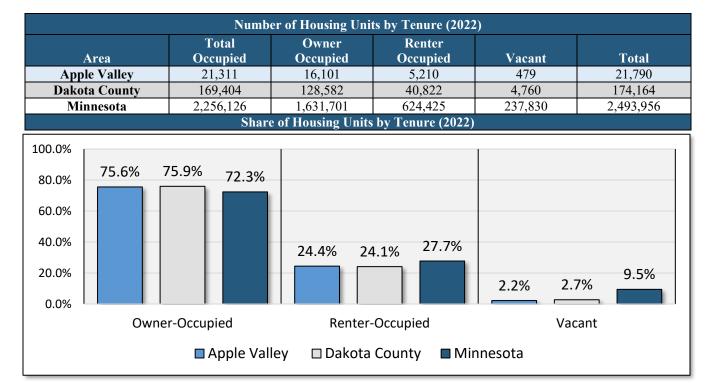


Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (51.4%) of in-commuters to Apple Valley earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 26.1% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 22.5% earn less than \$15,000 annually. While the majority of in-commuters earn \$40,000 or more, the data indicates there is a slightly higher proportion of low- and middle-income in-commuters within Apple Valley when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 11,166 in-commuters to live within Apple Valley.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 21,311 total *occupied* housing units in Apple Valley, 75.6% are owner occupied and 24.4% are renter occupied. This is a similar distribution of occupied units by tenure compared to the county, but slightly more weighted toward owner-occupied housing when compared to the state. Among the 21,790 total housing units in Apple Valley, only 2.2% (479 units) are classified as vacant. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units. As such, the respective shares of vacant units in Apple Valley and Dakota County are significantly lower than the share (9.5%) for the state.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Pre-1970 Product | | | Overcrowded | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | | | |
| | Rer | iter | Ow | ner | Ren | iter | Ow | ner | Rer | ıter | Ow | ner |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Apple Valley | 482 | 9.3% | 2,064 | 12.8% | 242 | 4.6% | 247 | 1.5% | 129 | 2.5% | 58 | 0.4% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Apple Valley, 9.3% of the renter-occupied housing units and 12.8% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are substantially lower than the county and statewide shares and represent an inventory of relatively modern housing units. While the share of overcrowded renter housing units (4.6%) is comparable to the county and statewide shares, the share of owner housing units with this issue (1.5%) is marginally higher than the comparison areas. The shares of renter-occupied (2.5%) and owner-occupied (0.4%) housing units with incomplete plumbing and/or kitchens are slightly higher than the county shares, but the share of owner-occupied housing is lower than the statewide share. Overall, there are approximately 371 renter households and 305 owner households in Apple Valley living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------|--|-------|
| | 2024 | 2024 Median HH | 2024 Median | 2022 Median | 2022 Share of Cost Burdened HH* | | 2022 Share of Severe Cost Burdened HH** | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner |
| Apple Valley | 21,768 | \$100,703 | \$406,938 | \$1,607 | 49.2% | 17.2% | 24.4% | 5.7% |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Apple Valley of \$406,938 is 13.0% higher than the median home value for the state, while the median gross rent of \$1,607 in the area is 36.4% higher than the state. With a median household income of \$100,703 in Apple Valley, approximately 49.2% of renter households and 17.2% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are roughly 2,563 renter households and 2,769 owner households in Apple Valley that are housing cost burdened, of which nearly 2,200 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

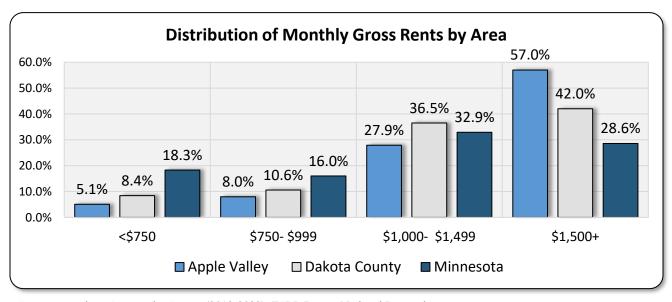
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | cupied Hous | ing by Units in | Structure | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | |
|-----------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total |
| Apple | Number | 2,019 | 3,062 | 129 | 5,210 | 15,306 | 468 | 327 | 16,101 |
| Valley | Percent | 38.8% | 58.8% | 2.5% | 100.0% | 95.1% | 2.9% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% |
| Minnosoto | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 |
| Minnesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 41.3% of the *rental* units in Apple Valley are within structures of four units or less or mobile homes. Overall, Apple Valley has a lower share (58.8%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Despite this, the majority of renter-occupied housing units in the area are comprised of multifamily rentals. Among *owner*-occupied units in Apple Valley, 97.1% are within structures of four units or less and mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 41.3% of all rental units in Apple Valley classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure and mobile homes), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (57.0%) of Apple Valley rental units have rents of \$1,500 or more, followed by units with rents between \$1,000 and \$1,500 (27.9%). Although considerably less in share, 13.1% of rentals in the area have rents below \$1,000. Compared to the county and state, the distribution of gross rental rates in Apple Valley is much more heavily weighted toward the higher priced product.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Apple Valley and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are illustrated in red text.

| | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | |
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | Market- Rate | Tax Credit | Government Subsidized | |
| Apple Valley | 27 | 3,217 | 64 | 2.0% | 2.2% | 1.3% | 0.0% | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Apple Valley, a total of 27 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 3,217 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 98.0% occupied, with a total of 64 vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Apple Valley is considered high. The occupancy rates among the various program types are high, and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Apple Valley. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the area.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Apple Valley and Dakota County.

| Median Rent | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | |
| Apple Valley | \$1,361 | \$1,550 | \$1,785 | \$2,019 | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | |
| Apple Valley | \$858 | \$920 | \$1,596 | \$1,815 | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Apple Valley (\$1,361) is approximately 58.6% higher than the comparable Tax Credit unit (\$858) in the area. While the median rent for most market-rate units in Apple Valley is equal to or less than the corresponding rents in Dakota County, many of the median rents for the Tax Credit units in Apple Valley are higher than the Tax Credit units in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents steadily increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Apple Valley and Dakota County, many low-income households are likely to seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 41.3% of the total rental units in Apple Valley.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified 10 non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Apple Valley. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|----|------|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | |
| Apple Valley | 2,148 | 10 | 0.5% | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of 10 available units identified, Apple Valley has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.5% for non-conventional rentals, which is slightly lower than the vacancy rate of Dakota County. This is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Apple Valley and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Bedroom | Vacant Units | Rent Range | Median Rent | Median Rent Per Square Foot | | | |
| Apple Valley | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,490 - \$1,949 | \$1,720 | \$1.21 | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 6 | \$1,825 - \$2,695 | \$2,405 | \$1.40 | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 2 | \$2,525 - \$2,815 | \$2,670 | \$1.46 | | | |
| Total | 10 | | | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | |
| Total | 83 | · | | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

Among the available non-conventional rentals in Apple Valley, the largest share (60.0%) by bedroom type consists of three-bedroom units. The three-bedroom units have a median rent of \$2,405 (\$1.40 per square foot) and an overall rent range of \$1,825 to \$2,695. When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical three-bedroom non-conventional rental in Apple Valley has a gross rent of roughly \$2,705. This is a substantially higher rent as compared to the rent for the comparable multifamily market-rate unit in the city, which has a median collected rent of \$2,019. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Apple Valley and Dakota County.

| Apple Valley - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Homes | Median Price | | | | | |
| Apple Valley | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 80 | \$367,500 | | | | | |
| Sold** | 2,586 | \$372,500 | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in Apple Valley as of July 31, 2024 consists of 80 total units with a median list price of \$367,500. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Apple Valley consisted of 2,586 homes with a median sales price of \$372,500.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

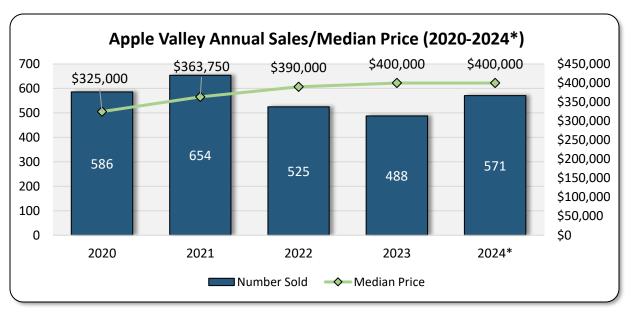
| Sale | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Apple Valley (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | |
|-------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Year | Number Sold | Percent Change | Median Sales Price | Percent Change | | |
| 2020 | 586 | - | \$325,000 | - | | |
| 2021 | 654 | 11.6% | \$363,750 | 11.9% | | |
| 2022 | 525 | -19.7% | \$390,000 | 7.2% | | |
| 2023 | 488 | -7.0% | \$400,000 | 2.6% | | |
| 2024* | 333 (571) | (17.0%) | \$400,000 | 0.0% | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Apple Valley increased by 11.6% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year; however, projections indicate that sales volume will increase 17.0% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city increased substantially. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Apple Valley increased by 23.1% between January 2020 and July 2024. It is also noteworthy that the median sales price through July 2024 is the same as for full-year 2023. This suggests that home prices in the area are likely stabilizing.

The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Apple Valley and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

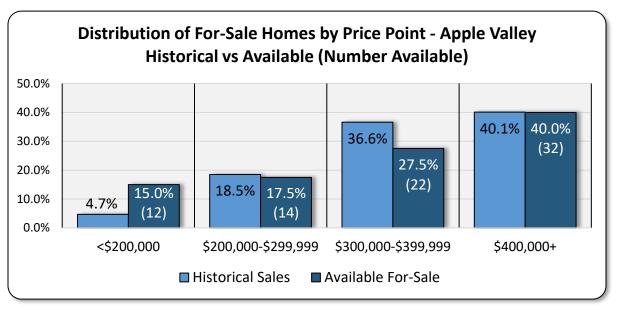
| Available For-Sale Housing | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--------|------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
| | Total | | | Months | | | Average | |
| | Available Share of Availability Supply of Average Median Days Average | | | | | | | |
| Area | Units | County | Rate | Inventory | List Price | List Price | on Market | Year Built |
| Apple Valley | 80 | 13.8% | 0.5% | 1.7 | \$372,169 | \$367,500 | 42 | 1991 |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 80 available for-sale homes in Apple Valley represent 13.8% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.5% when compared to the 16,101 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.7 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-

sale homes have an average number of days on market of 42 days and an average year built of 1991. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Apple Valley:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the share of available for-sale homes priced under \$200,000 is higher than the corresponding share of recent historical sales (4.7%). However, there are only 12 available for-sale homes in Apple Valley priced below \$200,000 compared to 32 homes priced at \$400,000 or higher. While the share of the available homes priced below \$200,000 is higher than historical sales, there is a very limited inventory of available homes within this price point. This likely creates affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Apple Valley and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| | | Marketed | | Occupancy | National Median | Base Monthly | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | |
| Apple Valley | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 1 | 52 | 0 | 100.0% | 86.8% | \$2,045-\$4,335 | |
| Assisted Living | 3 | 221 | 12 | 94.6% | 85.4% | \$2,045-\$5,100 | |
| Nursing Homes | 1 | 72 | 12 | 83.3% | 82.0% | \$13,688-\$21,292 | |
| Total | 5 | 345 | 24 | 93.0% | - | \$2,045-\$21,292 | |
| Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of five senior care projects were surveyed within Apple Valley. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 93.0%. The occupancy rates in Apple Valley for the independent living (100.0%) and assisted living (94.6%) facilities are well above the national medians (86.8% and 85.4%, respectively), while the occupancy rate for the nursing facility (83.3%) in Apple Valley is only slightly above the national median (82.0%). Regardless, the high occupancy rates and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area suggest that there could be an increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. During this process there were no multifamily rental, for-sale housing, or senior care housing developments identified within Apple Valley. However, it should be noted additional projects may have been introduced into the pipeline since the time interviews and research were completed.

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-todate version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Apple Valley. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates. We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Apple Valley has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 2,717 units, with a gap of 880 rental units and a gap of 1,837 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Apple Valley.

| | Apple Valley Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | |
| Household Income | ≤\$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | |
| Five-Year Estimates (2024-2029) | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 245 | 162 | 172 | 204 | 97 | 880 | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 176 | 290 | 968 | 403 | 1,837 | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 490 | 324 | 344 | 408 | 194 | 1,760 | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 352 | 580 | 1,936 | 806 | 3,674 | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears the greatest rental housing gaps in the city are for the lowest housing affordability segment (rents below \$931 that are affordable to households earning up to 30% of AMHI) and for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. The greatest for-sale housing gap in the city is for product priced between \$331,201 and \$476,100, which is affordable to households earning between \$99,361 and \$142,830. Although development within Apple Valley should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Apple Valley (4-person limit)

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Apple Valley.

| SWOT Analysis | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | | | |
| Household growth of 15.3% (2010-2024) High area median household income (\$100,703) and high educational attainment level Low poverty rate (5.9% overall) compared to the state Projected increase in higher income renter and owner households and senior households aged 62 and older | 0.2% overall projected decrease in households and 3.1% projected decrease in <i>renter</i> households over the next five years. Very low vacancy/availability rates among both rental and for-sale housing alternatives Low availability of independent and assisted living units among the area's senior care facilities | | | | |
| Strong rental and for-sale demand | | | | | |
| Opportunities | Threats | | | | |
| Housing need of 880 rental units (2024-2029) Housing need of 1,837 for-sale units (2024-2029) Attract some of the 11,166 commuters coming into the city for work to live in the city With notable job growth projected through 2032 in the immediate region, opportunities will likely exist to attract additional households to the city | Lack of housing availability may result in households seeking options outside the city The low availability of senior care units and projected 22.8% increase in seniors aged 75 and older over the next five years may create additional housing issues for area seniors County risks losing some of the 23,228 residents that commute out of the city for employment | | | | |

Apple Valley experienced notable positive household growth since 2010. The median household income in the city is relatively high, and residents typically have a high level of educational attainment. Both factors contribute to a low poverty rate among the overall population and children less than 18 years of age. There is strong demand in the city for a variety of housing alternatives, and household incomes are projected to increase over the next five years. Despite these strengths, there is a marginal projected decrease (0.2%) in the overall number of households between 2024 and 2029, with renter households projected to decline by 3.1% during the time period. Overall, there is currently limited housing availability among the multifamily apartments, non-conventional rentals, and for-sale housing supply. Additionally, there is very low availability of independent and assisted living units within the senior care facilities in the city. As such, the city risks losing residents to nearby areas that may have a more adequate supply of housing options. However, the city's housing gap of 880 rental units and 1,837 for-sale units, and the projected increase in senior households aged 75 and older likely represent significant development opportunities. In addition, there is a notable commuter base and projected job growth in the region which will contribute to housing demand for the foreseeable future.

ADDENDUM E: CITY OF BURNSVILLE OVERVIEW

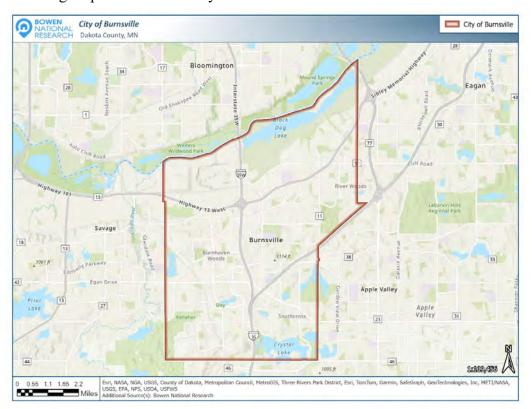
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Burnsville. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Burnsville were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Burnsville is located in the northwestern portion of Dakota County, approximately 17 miles south of Minneapolis. Burnsville contains approximately 25 square miles of land area and has an estimated population of 65,211 in 2024. Interstate 35W runs north/south through the center of the city while Interstate 35E runs northeast/southwest in the eastern portion of the city and connects with Interstate 35W. These interstates provide access to nearby metropolitan centers.

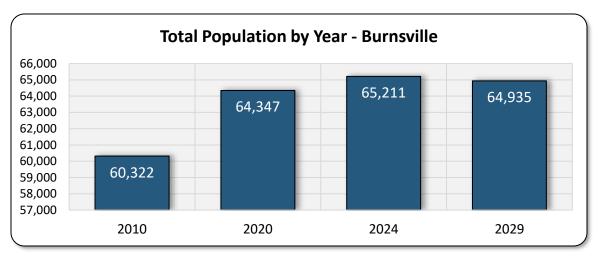
The following map illustrates the city of Burnsville.



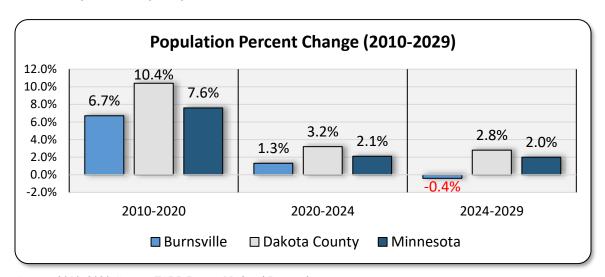
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Burnsville. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Burnsville and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



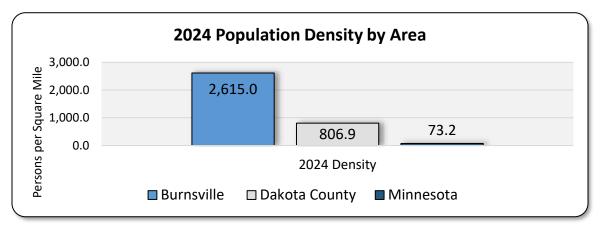
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in Burnsville increased by 4,025 (6.7%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percent increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Burnsville increased by 1.3%; however, the population within the area is projected to decline by 0.4% over the next five years. This contrasts with the 2.8% increase for the county and 2.0% increase for the state during this time period.

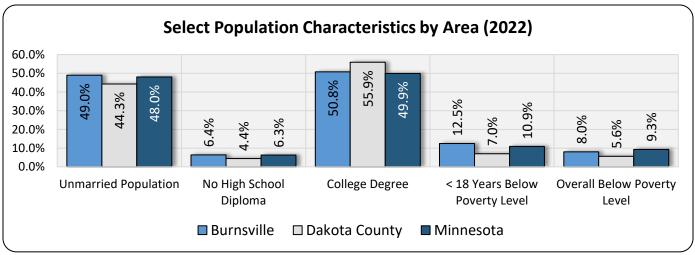
The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 2,615 persons per square mile, Burnsville is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

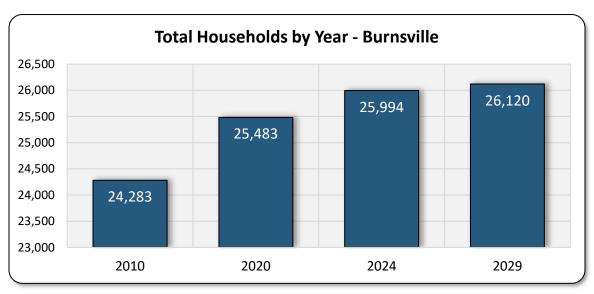
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



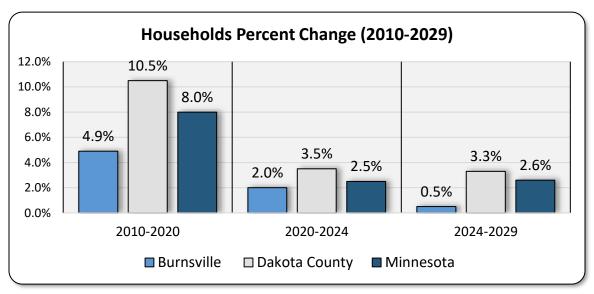
Source: U.S. Census Bureau; 2020 Census; 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Burnsville has a relatively comparable share of unmarried population (49.0%), population without a high school diploma (6.4%), and individuals with a college degree (50.8%) as compared to the state. The two educational attainment factors likely have a similar influence on income potential and housing affordability in the city when compared to the state. Overall, Burnsville has slightly higher poverty rates for children less than 18 years of age (12.5%) and the overall population (8.0%) when compared to the county.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Burnsville by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



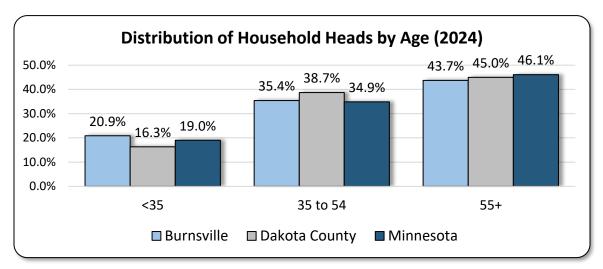
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



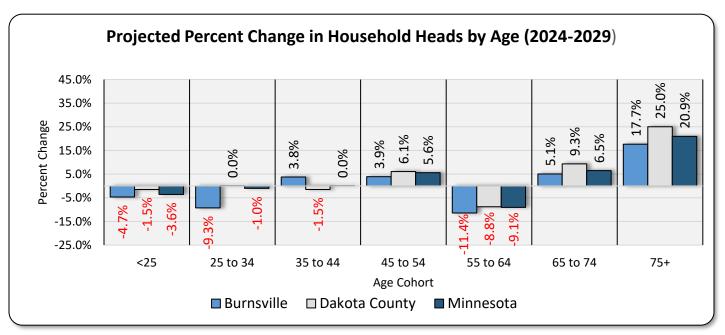
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Burnsville increased by 1,200 (4.9%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a lower percent increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Burnsville increased by 2.0%, and households are projected to increase by 0.5% over the next five years. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected *percent* change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



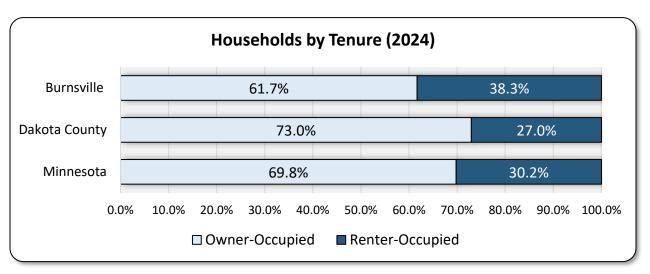
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



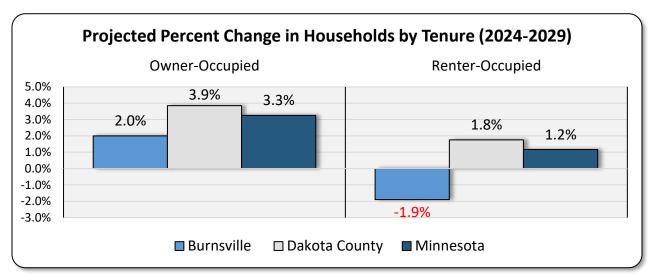
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that Burnsville and Dakota County households in 2024 are slightly more concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to the state, and Burnsville has a notable share (20.9%) of households under the age of 35. While households aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 17.7% in Burnsville over the next five years, households between the ages of 35 and 44 (3.8%), 45 and 54 (3.9%) and 65 and 74 (5.1%) are also expected to increase. The overall projected changes in households by age in Burnsville are broadly consistent with the projections for Dakota County and the state during this time.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



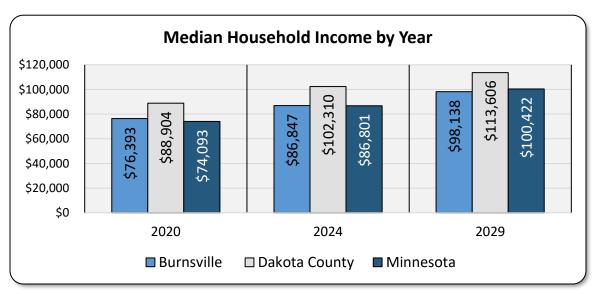
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Burnsville (61.7% owners and 38.3% renters) is more heavily weighted toward renters as compared to both the county and state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Burnsville will increase by 2.0%, while the number of renter households will decline by 1.9%. This is a smaller increase in owner households and a contrasting projection for renter households when compared to the county and state. However, it is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors. The *increase* among owner households in Burnsville will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the for-sale housing market over the next five years.

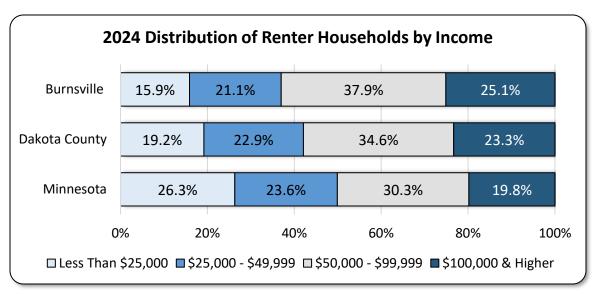
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.



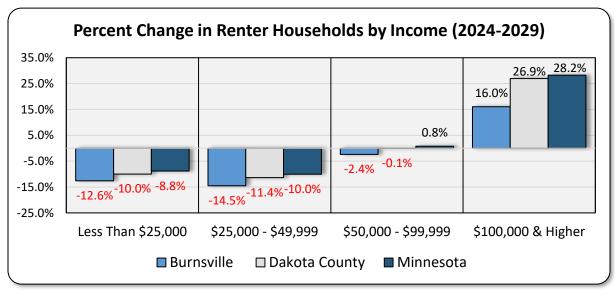
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Burnsville (\$86,847) is virtually identical to the statewide median household income (\$86,801) but 15.1% lower than that reported for Dakota County (\$102,310). Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Burnsville will increase to \$98,138, or an increase of 13.0%. Despite this increase, the median household income in Burnsville is projected to be 13.6% below the median household income for Dakota County (\$113,606) and 2.3% lower than the statewide median household income (\$100,422).

The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



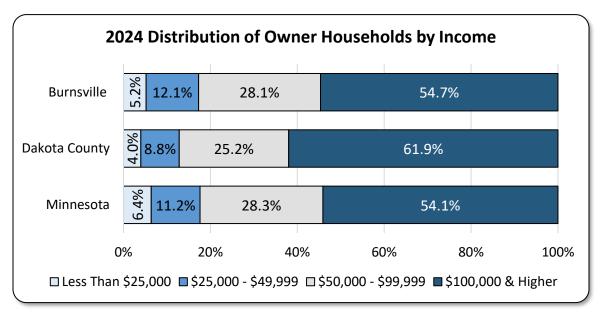
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



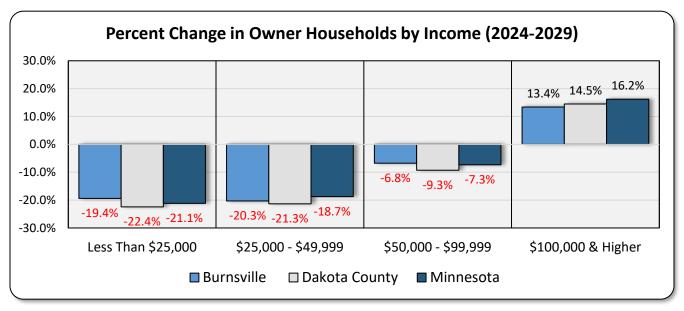
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, Burnsville has a larger share of renter households with incomes between \$50,000 and \$99,999, as well as those with incomes of \$100,000 or higher when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Subsequently, the share of renter households earning less than \$50,000 within Burnsville is lower than those reported for the county and state. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in Burnsville is projected to be among households earning \$100,000 or higher (16.0%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decline in number. Despite these changes, a substantial share of renter households in Burnsville will continue to earn less than \$100,000.

The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



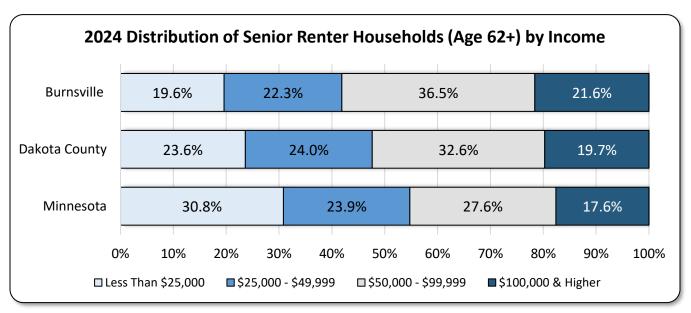
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



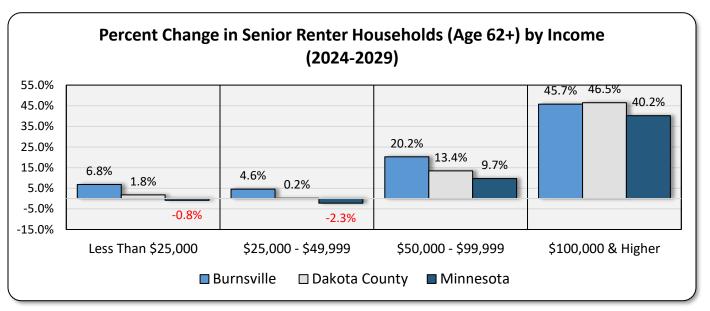
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the majority (54.7%) of Burnsville owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a slightly higher share compared to the state (54.1%), but lower than the county share (61.9%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected to be confined to households earning \$100,000 or higher (13.4%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



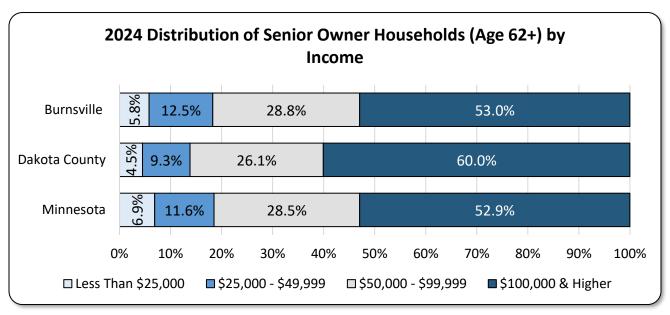
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



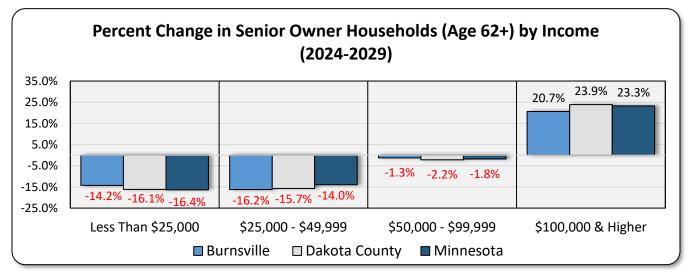
Source: 2020 Census: ESRI: Bowen National Research

In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Burnsville earns between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (36.5%), followed by those earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (22.3%). Over the next five years, growth among senior renter households in Burnsville is projected to occur within each of the income segments illustrated, though the greatest growth (45.7%) will occur among seniors earning \$100,000 or more. This is broadly consistent with projections for Dakota County.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Burnsville earn \$100,000 or more (53.0%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (28.8%). Over the next five years, projected growth among senior owner households in Burnsville is confined to households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 20.7% during this time period. The projected growth among the highest income cohort and decline among the lower income cohorts in Burnsville is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

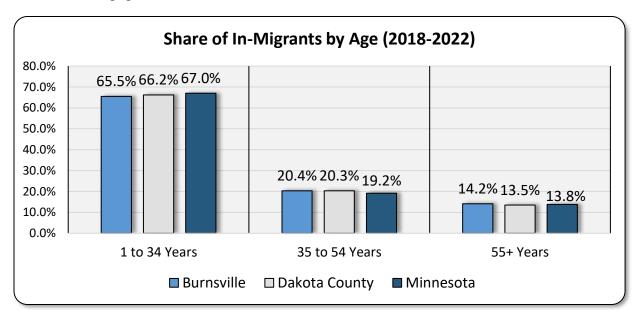
The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration Migration | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 2020-2023 | 33,225 7,562 | 8.3% 1.7% | 27,991 5,686 | -1,115 -928 | 6,511 2,430 | 5,396 1,502 | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

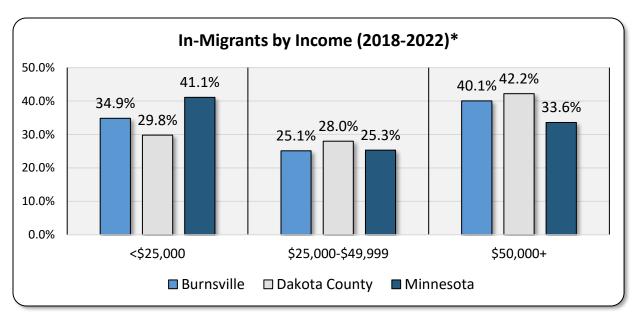
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Burnsville, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for Burnsville is very similar to the distributions within the county and state, although there is a slightly higher share of in-migrants age 55 or older (14.2%) in Burnsville. While the distribution of in-migrants by income in Burnsville is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more, the data illustrates that notable shares of in-migrants earn less than \$25,000 (34.9%) and between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (25.1%).

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Burnsville, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

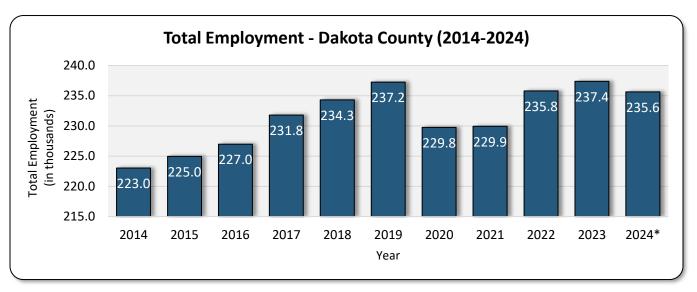
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| | Burn | sville | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 35 | 0.1% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 56 | 0.1% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 0 | 0.0% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 2,292 | 6.0% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 5,311 | 13.9% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 1,947 | 5.1% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 5,150 | 13.5% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 1,059 | 2.8% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 624 | 1.6% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 1,388 | 3.6% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 1,391 | 3.6% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 2,134 | 5.6% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 6 | 0.0% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 1,416 | 3.7% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 1,987 | 5.2% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 5,475 | 14.3% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 668 | 1.7% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 3,494 | 9.2% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 2,403 | 6.3% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 947 | 2.5% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 396 | 1.0% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 38,179 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Burnsville has an employment base of more than 38,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in four sectors: Health Care & Social Assistance (14.3%), Manufacturing (13.9%), Retail Trade (13.5%), and Accommodation & Food Services (9.2%). Combined, these four job sectors represent 50.9% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

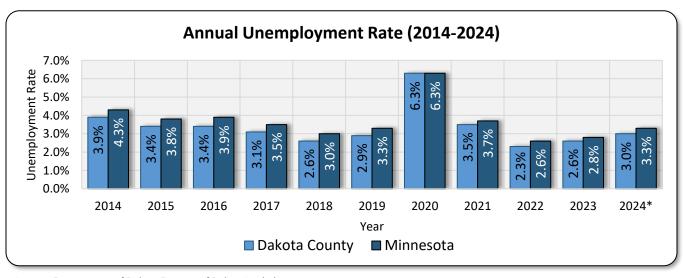


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

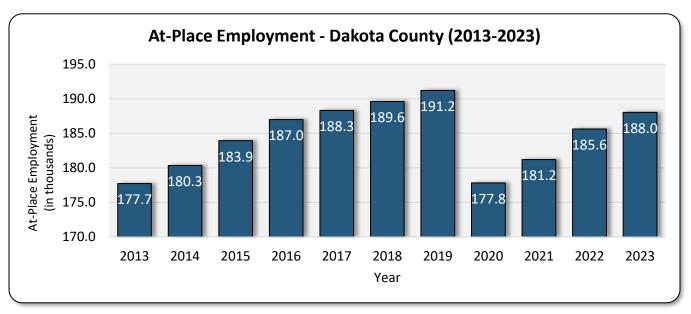


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, when both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which none are located within Burnsville. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

While no major economic development projects were identified within Burnsville at the time of research, it should be noted that over \$800 million in economic development projects has either been recently completed or is currently under construction in Dakota County. Overall, these projects have an estimated initial job creation impact of at least 250 new jobs within county; however, it should be noted that a number of the projects did not disclose job creation estimates. Regardless, economic and infrastructure investments within the county will likely have a positive influence on the local economy.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Burnsville.

| | Commuting Attributes Burnsville, Minnesota Mode | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------|--|--|
| | Drove Alone | Carpooled | Public Transit | Walked | Other Means | Worked at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 24,469 | 3,910 | 1,030 | 275 | 282 | 4,432 | 34,398 | | |
| Percent | 71.1% | 11.4% | 3.0% | 0.8% | 0.8% | 12.9% | 100.0% | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | |
| | Less Than 15 Minutes | 15 to 29 Minutes | 30 to 44 Minutes | 45 to 59 Minutes | 60 or More Minutes | Worked at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 7,487 | 12,853 | 6,557 | 2,102 | 966 | 4,432 | 34,397 | | |
| Percent | 21.8% | 37.4% | 19.1% | 6.1% | 2.8% | 12.9% | 100.0% | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 82.5% of individuals in Burnsville utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 59.2% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 12.9% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, a noteworthy share (3.0%) of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

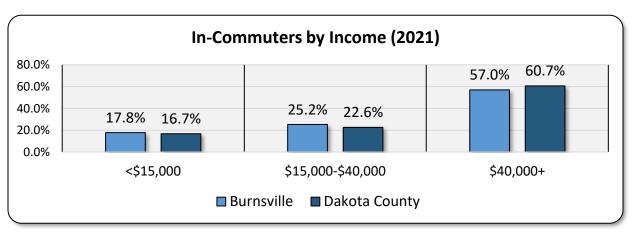
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Burnsville based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 35,021 persons *employed* in Burnsville, 88.3% (30,932) originate from outside the city, while 11.7% (4,089) live within the city. Over 25,000 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 30,932 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Burnsville.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Burnsville and Dakota County.



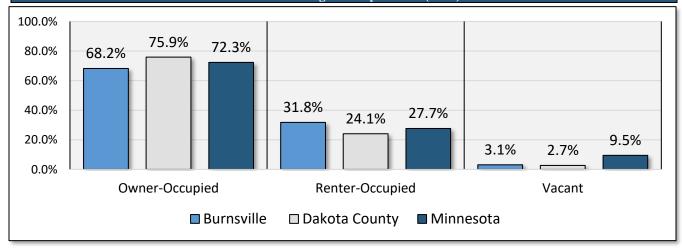
Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (57.0%) of in-commuters to Burnsville earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 25.2% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 17.8% earn less than \$15,000 annually. While the majority of in-commuters earn \$40,000 or more, the data indicates there is a slightly higher proportion of low- and middle-income in-commuters within Burnsville when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 30,932 in-commuters to live within Burnsville.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* (renter-occupied, owner-occupied, or vacant) for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:

| | Number of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-----------|-------------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Area | Total Owner Renter Area Occupied Occupied Vacant Total | | | | | | | | |
| Burnsville | 25,362 | 17,307 | 8,055 | 805 | 26,167 | | | | |
| Dakota County | 169,404 | 128,582 | 40,822 | 4,760 | 174,164 | | | | |
| Minnesota | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 | | | | |
| | Cl | CII II | L. T (2022) | | | | | | |



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 25,362 total *occupied* housing units in Burnsville, 68.2% are owner occupied and 31.8% are renter occupied. As such, the overall distribution of occupied units by tenure in Burnsville is moderately more concentrated among renter-occupied housing than the county and state despite owner-occupied units comprising over two-thirds of the total occupied housing stock. Among the 26,167 total housing units in Burnsville, only 3.1% (805 units) are classified as vacant. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units. As such, the respective shares of vacant units in Burnsville and Dakota County are significantly lower than the state share (9.5%).

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | | Pre-1970 Product | | | Overcrowded | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | | |
| | Ren | ıter | Ow | ner | Ren | iter | Ow | ner | Ren | iter | Ow | ner |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Burnsville | 1,301 | 16.2% | 3,965 | 22.9% | 408 | 5.1% | 259 | 1.5% | 266 | 3.3% | 9 | 0.1% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Burnsville, 16.2% of the renter-occupied housing units and 22.9% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are relatively similar to countywide shares but substantially lower than the statewide shares, representing an inventory of relatively modern housing units as compared to the state. The shares of both overcrowded renter (5.1%) and owner (1.5%) housing units are marginally higher than the comparison areas. The shares of renter-occupied (3.3%) housing units with incomplete plumbing and/or kitchens is slightly higher than the county and statewide shares, but the share of owner-occupied housing (0.1%) with this issue is lower than both countywide and statewide shares. Overall, there are approximately 674 renter households and 268 owner households in Burnsville living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------------|--|------------|--|-------|--------|-------|
| | 2024 | 2024 Median HH | 2024 2022 2022 Share of Cost 2022 Share of S Median Median Burdened HH* Cost Burdened | | 2022 2022 Share of Cost Median Burdened HH* | | | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner |
| Burnsville | 25,994 | \$86,847 | \$363,527 | \$1,443 | 50.6% | 20.7% | 20.6% | 8.0% |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Burnsville of \$363,527 is 1.0% higher than the median home value for the state, while the median gross rent of \$1,443 in the area is 22.5% higher than the state. With a median household income of \$86,847 in Burnsville, more than half (50.6%) of renter households and nearly 21.0% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are roughly 4,076 renter households and 3,583 owner households in Burnsville that are housing cost burdened, of which, more than 3,000 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

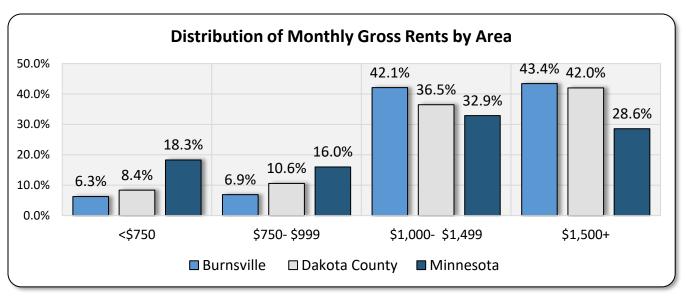
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | Renter-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | |
|------------|---------|-----------|---|------------|---------|-----------|--|------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile | | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile | | | |
| | | or Less | or More | Home/Other | Total | or Less | or More | Home/Other | Total | | |
| Burnsville | Number | 1,784 | 6,174 | 97 | 8,055 | 15,669 | 1,212 | 426 | 17,307 | | |
| Burnsvine | Percent | 22.1% | 76.6% | 1.2% | 100.0% | 90.5% | 7.0% | 2.5% | 100.0% | | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | | |
| Minnesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 23.3% of the *rental* units in Burnsville are within structures of four units or less or mobile homes. Overall, Burnsville has a higher share (76.6%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Among *owner*-occupied units in Burnsville, 93.0% are within structures of four units or less and mobile homes, a lower share than both Dakota County (96.5%) and the state of Minnesota (97.4%).

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 23.3% of all rental units in Burnsville classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure and mobile homes), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (43.4%) of Burnsville rental units have rents of \$1,500 or more, followed by units with rents between \$1,000 and \$1,500 (42.1%). Although considerably less in share, 13.2% of rentals in the area have rents below \$1,000. Compared to the county and state, the distribution of gross rental rates in Burnsville is more heavily weighted toward the higher priced product.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Burnsville and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|---|--------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|--|--|
| | | | | | Vacancy I | Rate by Pr | ogram Type | | |
| | Projects | Total | Vacant | Overall | Market- | Tax | Government | | |
| | Surveyed | Units | Units | Vacancy Rate | Rate | Credit | Subsidized | | |
| Burnsville | 43 | 6,681 | 432 | 6.5% | 6.2% | 15.8% | 0.0% | | |
| Dakota | | | | | | | | | |
| County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

In Burnsville, a total of 43 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 6,681 units. Overall, multifamily units are 93.5% occupied, with a total of 432 vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Burnsville is considered somewhat low. It is important to point out, however, that nearly 42.0% of the 432 total vacant units reported in the preceding table are concentrated among two properties which are still in their initial lease-up periods. When excluding these properties, the 41 established properties surveyed in Burnsville report an overall occupancy rate of 96.1%. Notably, all 59 vacant units reported in the Tax Credit rental housing segment are concentrated within one of the aforementioned properties still within its initial lease-up period. Thus, all established affordable (i.e., Tax Credit and government-subsidized) units in Burnsville are occupied. Considering the preceding factors and the waiting lists maintained among existing multifamily properties, particularly the affordable properties, there appears to be strong demand for multifamily rental product in Burnsville. These factors are also good indications that future development opportunities exist within the area.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Burnsville and Dakota County.

| Median Rents | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|---------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | One-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Three-Br/ | | | | | |
| Area | 1.0-Ba | 1.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba | | | | | |
| Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| Burnsville | \$1,307 | \$1,585 | \$1,786 | \$1,950 | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | |
| Burnsville | \$903 | \$1,143 | \$1,555 | \$1,500 | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Burnsville (\$1,307) is approximately 44.7% higher than the comparable Tax Credit unit (\$903) in the area. While the median rents for most market-rate units in Burnsville are very similar to or less than the corresponding rents in Dakota County, the median rents for the one- and two-bedroom Tax Credit units in Burnsville are higher than the Tax Credit units in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents steadily increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas, with the exception of three-bedroom Tax Credit units in Burnsville. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Burnsville and Dakota County, many low-income households likely seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 23.3% of the total rental units in Burnsville.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified three non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Burnsville. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Su | Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy | | | | | | | | | |
| Area | Rentals* | Vacant Units | Rate | | | | | | |
| Burnsville | 1,881 | 3 | 0.2% | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of three available units identified, Burnsville has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.2% for non-conventional rentals, which is lower than the vacancy rate reported for Dakota County (0.6%). This is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Burnsville and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| | Available Su | rveyed Non-Conventional | Rental Supply | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Bedroom | Vacant Units | Rent Range | Median Rent | Median Rent Per Square Foot | | | | |
| Burnsville | | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 | \$1,595 | \$1,595 | \$1.10 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,095 | \$2,095 | \$1.20 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$1.47 | | | | |
| Total | 3 | | | | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | |
| Total | 83 | | | | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

The available non-conventional rentals in Burnsville are evenly distributed by bedroom type, as indicated by the preceding table. Rents reported for the two- and three-bedroom non-conventional rentals within Burnsville are lower than the median rent levels reported for similar unit types within Dakota County, while the four-bedroom unit in Burnsville has a higher rent. When considering the rental rates reported, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Burnsville and Dakota County.

| Burnsville | Burnsville - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Type Homes | | | | | | | | |
| Burnsville | | | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 97 | \$340,000 | | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 2,946 | \$355,000 | | | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

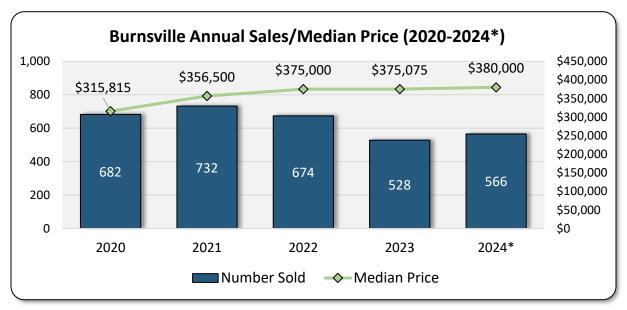
The available for-sale housing stock in Burnsville as of July 31, 2024 consists of 97 total units with a median list price of \$340,000. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Burnsville consisted of 2,946 homes with a median sales price of \$355,000, approximately 6.6% lower than that reported (\$380,000) for homes sold throughout Dakota County during this same time period.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

| Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Burnsville (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Number Percent Median Percent Year Sold Change Sales Price Change | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 682 | - | \$315,815 | - | | | | | |
| 2021 | 732 | 7.3% | \$356,500 | 12.9% | | | | | |
| 2022 | 674 | -7.9% | \$375,000 | 5.2% | | | | | |
| 2023 | 528 | -21.7% | \$375,075 | 0.0% | | | | | |
| 2024* | 330 (566) | (7.1%) | \$380,000 | 1.3% | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



^{*2024} full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Burnsville increased by 7.3% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year; however, projections indicate that sales volume will increase 7.1% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city increased. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Burnsville increased substantially by 20.3% between January 2020 and July 2024. However, it should be noted that home prices appear to have stabilized over the last couple years.

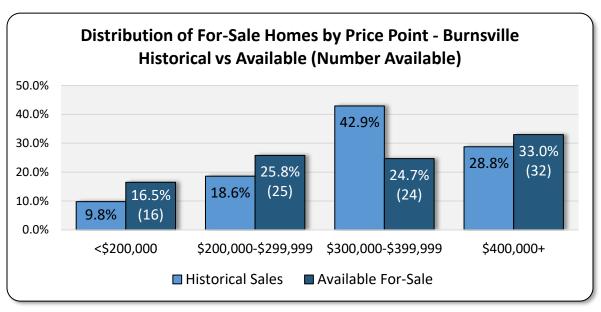
The following table provides various housing market metrics for the *available* for-sale homes in Burnsville and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------|------|-----|-----------|-----------|----|------|--|
| | Total Months Average | | | | | | | | |
| | Available Share of Availability Supply of Average Median Days Average | | | | | | | | |
| Area | Area Units County Rate Inventory List Price List Price on Market Year Built | | | | | | | | |
| Burnsville | 97 | 16.8% | 0.6% | 1.8 | \$344,839 | \$340,000 | 34 | 1983 | |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 97 available for-sale homes in Burnsville represent 16.8% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.6% when compared to the 17,307 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.8 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of 34 days and an average year built of 1983. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Burnsville:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the share of *available* for-sale homes priced under \$200,000 (16.5%) is higher than the corresponding share of recent *historical* sales (9.8%). However, there are only 16 *available* for-sale homes in Burnsville priced below \$200,000 compared to 32 homes priced at \$400,000 or higher. While the share of the available homes priced below \$200,000 is higher than historical sales, there is a very limited inventory of available homes within this price point. This likely creates affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Burnsville and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Marketed | | Occupancy | National Median | Base Monthly | | | | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | | | | |
| | Burnsville | | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 4 | 346 | 18 | 94.8% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,495 | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 9 | 527 | 19 | 96.4% | 85.4% | \$1,840-\$9,500 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | - | 82.0% | - | | | | |
| Total | 13 | 873 | 37 | 95.8% | - | \$775-\$9,500 | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | | | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of 13 senior care projects were surveyed within Burnsville. As no skilled nursing facilities were surveyed in Burnsville, the inventory of senior care facilities in the city is comprised solely of independent living and assisted living facilities. The surveyed senior care projects have an overall occupancy rate of 95.8%. The occupancy rates in Burnsville for both the independent living (94.8%) and assisted living (96.4%) facilities are well above the national medians. The high occupancy rates and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area suggest that there could be an increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rental housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within Burnsville. Note that at the time of research, no for-sale or senior care housing projects were identified within the city.

| Multifamily Rental Housing Development – Burnsville, MN | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Under Construction: Allocated Tax Credits in | | | | |
| Villas at Pleasant Ave. II | Tax Credit | | MWF | 2022; 30%, 50%, 60%, & 70% AMHI; Scheduled | | | | |
| 305 Concorde Pl. | Senior 55+ | 110 | Properties | to open fall 2024. | | | | |
| | | | | Planned: Allocated Tax Credits in 2024; 50% & | | | | |
| Pillsbury Flats | Subsidized | | MWF | 60% AMHI; Five units with Housing Support | | | | |
| 200 Burnsville Pkwy. | Tax Credit | 48 | Properties | Subsidy; ECD 2026. | | | | |
| | | | Roers | | | | | |
| Roers Parkway Plat Apts. | | | Companies | Planned: Mix of one-, two-, and three-bedroom | | | | |
| 175 Burnsville Pkwy. W. | Market-Rate | 170 | Two | units. ECD 2025 to 2026. | | | | |
| | | | | Proposed: Plans submitted for a Planned Unit | | | | |
| Vincent Development Apts. | | | Vincent | Development Amendment to construct a new four- | | | | |
| SW of 14501 Grand Ave. S. | Market-Rate | 130 | Development | story building; ECD unknown. | | | | |

ECD - Estimated Completion Date

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-todate version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Burnsville. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Burnsville has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 4,451 units, with a gap of 1,500 rental units and a gap of 2,951 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Burnsville.

| | Burnsville Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | | | | |
| Household Income | ≤\$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | | | | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | | | | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | | | | |
| | Five-Year Estimates (2024-2029) | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 522 | 295 | 344 | 198 | 141 | 1,500 | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 317 | 840 | 1,331 | 463 | 2,951 | | | | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 1,052 | 717 | 711 | 566 | 282 | 3,328 | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 634 | 1,680 | 2,662 | 926 | 5,902 | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Burnsville (4-person limit)

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears the greatest *rental* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning up to 30% of AMHI, with rents of \$931 or lower. However, notable housing gaps also exist for the segments serving households earning between 31% and 80% of AMHI. The greatest *for-sale* housing gap in the city is for product priced between \$331,201 and \$476,100, which is affordable to households earning between \$99,361 and \$142,830. Although development within Burnsville should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Burnsville.

| SWOT Analysis | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | | | | | |
| Household growth of 7.0% (2010-2024) Positive household income growth projections Good base of households by tenure (owner and renter) Positive total employment and at-place employment trends with low unemployment rates | Lack of availability among established affordable (Tax Credit and subsidized) multifamily apartments Low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing Projected 1.9% decline in renter households (2024-2029) Generally higher rate of housing condition issues compared to state | | | | | | |
| Opportunities | Threats | | | | | | |
| Housing need of 1,500 rental units (2024-2029) Housing need of 2,951 for-sale units (2024-2029) Attract some of the 30,000+ commuters coming into the city for work to live in the city Relatively young base of in-migrants with a variety of income levels | Rising cost of for-sale housing Higher shares of cost burdened households as compared to county and state Risk losing some of the 25,000+ residents that commute out of the city for employment | | | | | | |

Burnsville experienced notable positive household growth since 2010, and household growth is projected to continue over the next five years. Total employment, at-place employment, and the unemployment rate for Dakota County are all indicative of a thriving local economy. Despite these positive attributes, Burnsville has very low vacancy rates among the established affordable multifamily apartments and non-conventional rentals and a low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. In addition, renter households within the city are projected to decline by 1.9% over the next five years. The moderate presence of housing condition issues, low availability, and the rising cost of for-sale housing in the area can increase the likelihood that households will seek housing options outside the city, particularly the residents with lengthy commutes to their place of employment. However, Burnsville has a total housing gap of 4,451 units and over 30,000 commuters coming into the city daily for employment. These factors, along with positive projected job creation through 2032 and an increase in senior households aged 65 and older, indicates there are likely a variety of development opportunities present within Burnsville.

ADDENDUM F: CITY OF EAGAN OVERVIEW

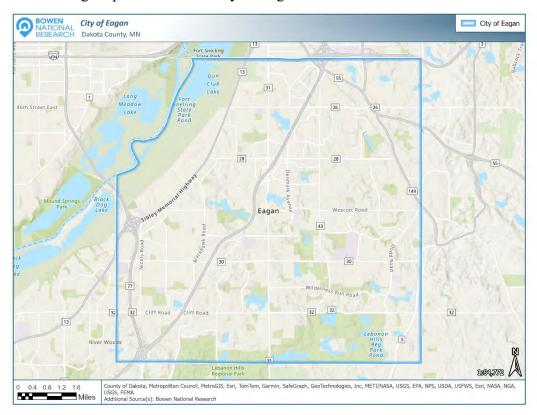
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Eagan. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Eagan were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Eagan is located in the northwestern portion of Dakota County, approximately 16 miles south of downtown St. Paul and approximately 18 miles south of downtown Minneapolis. Eagan contains approximately 31.2 square miles and has an estimated population of 69,269 in 2024. Major thoroughfares in Eagan include Interstates 35E and 144 and State Routes 55 and 77, which all provide access to nearby metropolitan centers.

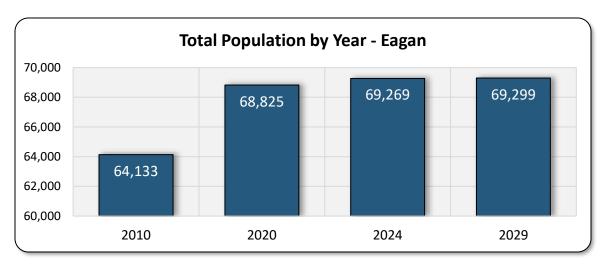




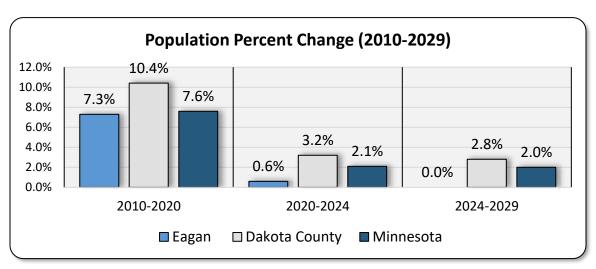
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Eagan. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Eagan and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



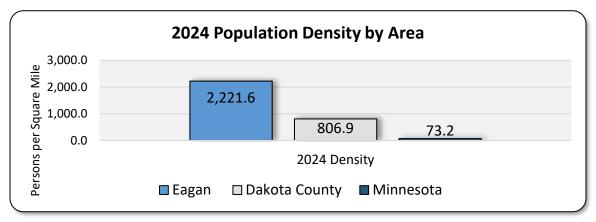
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

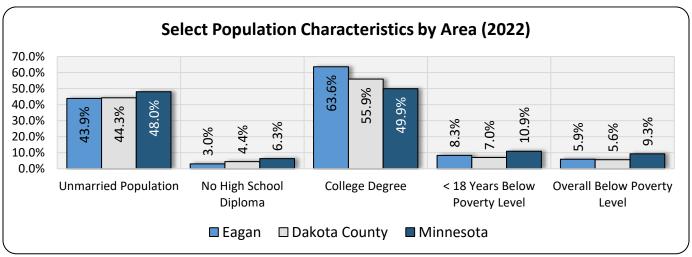
The population in Eagan increased by 4,692 (7.3%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percentage increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Eagan increased by 0.6%. A minimal population increase of less than 0.1% is projected in the city between 2024 and 2029, which is less than the 2.8% increase for the county and 2.0% increase for the state projected during this time period.





With a population density of 2,221.6 persons per square mile, Eagan is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

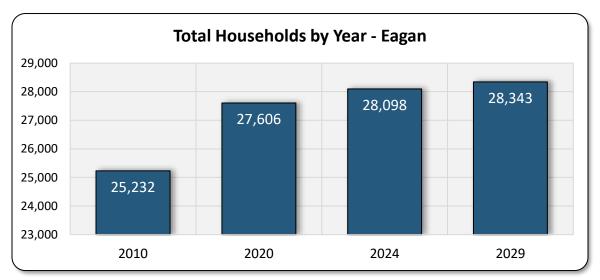
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



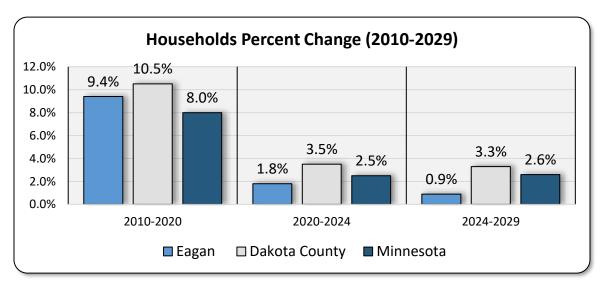
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Eagan has a lower share of the unmarried population (43.9%), a lower share of the population without a high school diploma (3.0%), and a higher share of individuals with a college degree (63.6%) compared to the county and state. Each factor likely has a positive influence on housing affordability in the city. Overall, Eagan has a slightly higher poverty rate for children less than 18 years of age (8.3%) compared to the county but a lower share of children living in poverty compared to the state. The overall poverty rate of 5.9% in Eagan is marginally higher than the county, but notably lower than the state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Eagan by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



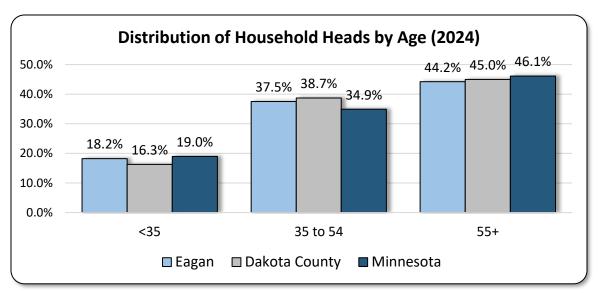
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



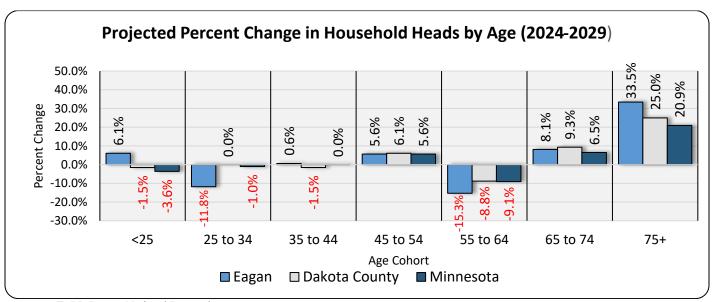
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Eagan increased by 2,374 (9.4%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percentage increase as compared to the county (10.5%), but a larger percentage increase compared to the state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Eagan increased by 1.8%. It is projected that the number of households in the city will increase by an additional 0.9% over the next five years. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pentup demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected percent changes in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



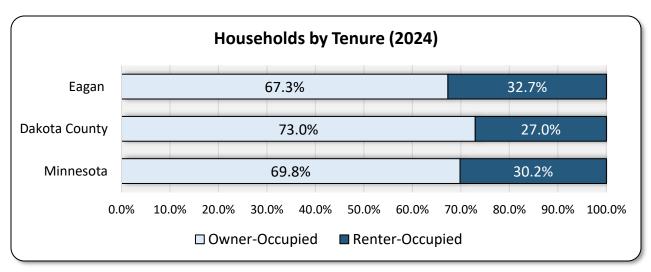
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



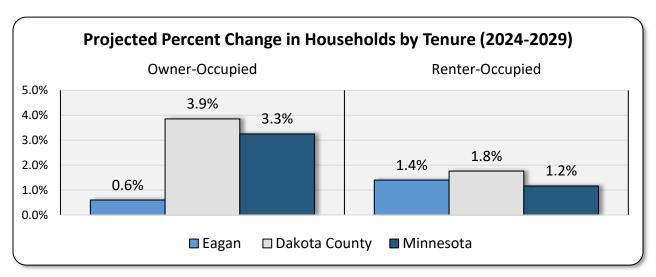
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that Eagan and Dakota County households in 2024 are more concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to the state. However, the most significant household growth in the city is projected among households aged 75 and above. While households aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 33.5% in Eagan over the next five years, households under the age of 25 (6.1%), as well as those between the ages of 45 and 54 (5.6%) and 65 and 74 (8.1%) are also projected to increase during this period. The overall projected changes in households by age in Eagan are broadly consistent with the projections for Dakota County and the state during this time.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



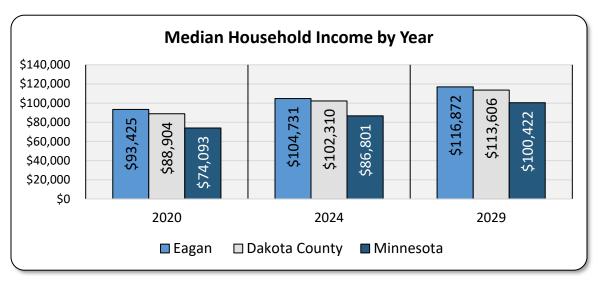
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Eagan (67.3% owners and 32.7% renters) is slightly more weighted toward renters when compared to the county and state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of renter households in Eagan will increase by 1.4%, while the number of owner households will increase by 0.6%. This is a smaller increase in owner households and a similar increase for renter households when compared to the county and state. The *increase* among renter and owner households in Eagan will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the rental and for-sale housing markets over the next five years. However, it is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors.

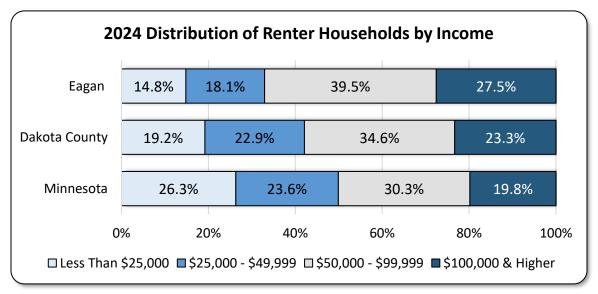
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

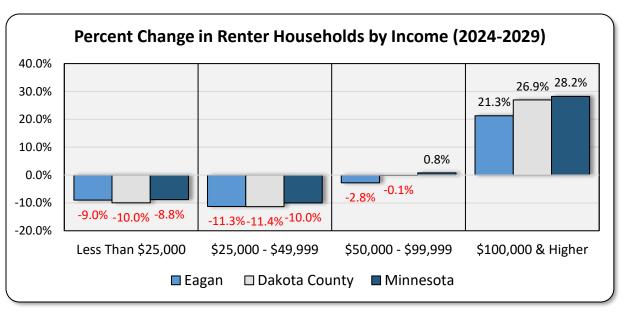


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Eagan (\$104,731) is 2.4% higher than the countywide median household income and 20.7% higher than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Eagan will increase to \$116,872, or an increase of 11.6%. The median household income in Eagan will remain well above that of the state (\$100,422) and slightly above the county's median household income (\$113,606) through 2029.

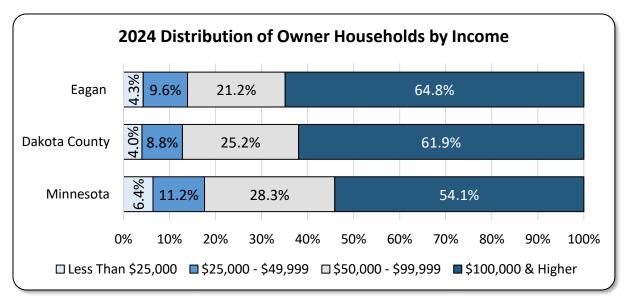
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

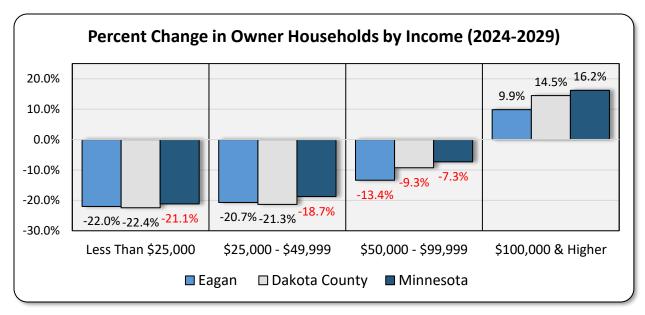




In 2024, Eagan has larger shares of renter households with incomes between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (39.5%) and \$100,000 or higher (27.5%) when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Between 2024 and 2029, significant renter household growth in Eagan is projected for households earning \$100,000 or higher (21.3%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decline. Despite these changes, a substantial share of renter households in Eagan will continue to earn less than \$100,000.

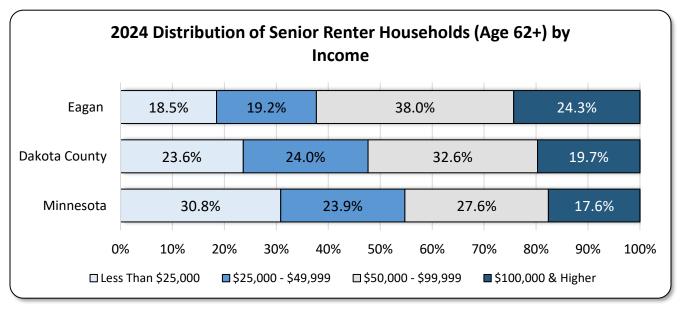
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

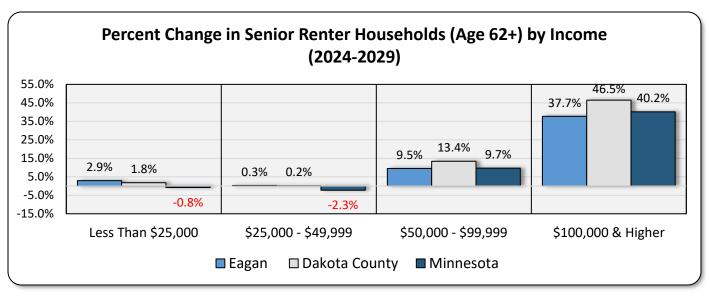




In 2024, the majority (64.8%) of Eagan owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a higher share compared to the county (61.9%) and state (54.1%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected among households earning \$100,000 or higher (9.9%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

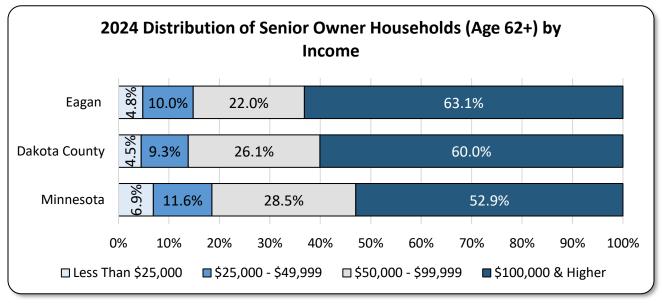
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

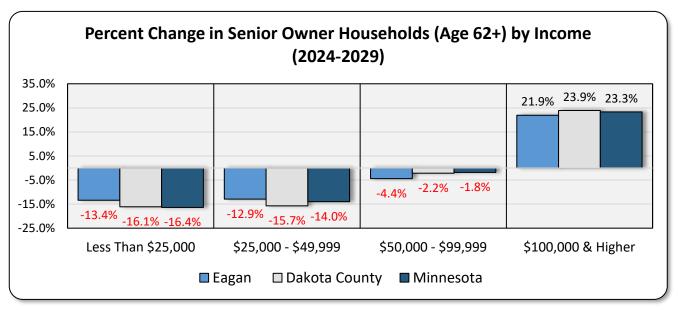




In 2024, the largest share (38.0%) of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Eagan earn between \$50,000 and \$99,999, followed by those earning \$100,000 and higher (24.3%). Over the next five years, growth among senior renter households in Eagan is primarily projected to occur among households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 37.7% during this period. Note that senior renter households earning less than \$100,000 are also projected to increase in Eagan between 2024 and 2029, albeit at much lower rates compared to those earning over \$100,000.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share (63.1%) of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Eagan earn \$100,000 or more, followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (22.0%). Over the next five years, significant growth of senior owner households in Eagan is projected among households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 21.9% during the time period. The projected growth of senior owner households among the highest income cohort and decline among the lower income cohorts in Eagan is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

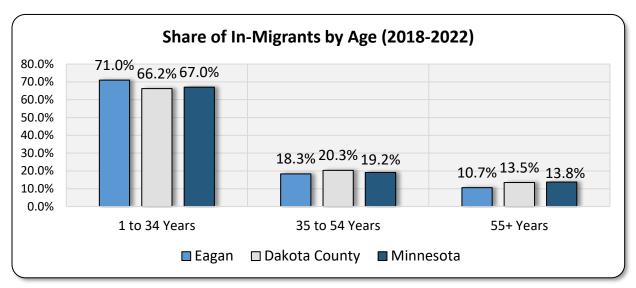
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--|--|
| | Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 | 33,225 | 8.3% | 27,991 | -1,115 | 6,511 | 5,396 | | |
| Dunota County | 2020-2023 | 7,562 | 1.7% | 5,686 | -928 | 2,430 | 1,502 | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

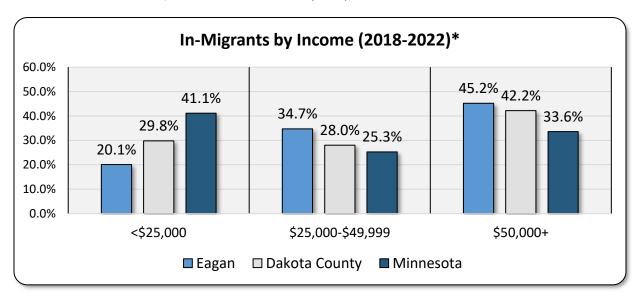
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Eagan, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for Eagan is similar to the distributions within the county and state, although there is a slightly higher share of in-migrants under the age of 35. Eagan has higher shares of in-migrants earning \$50,000 and higher (45.2%) and those earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (34.7%) compared to the county and state. By comparison, Eagan has a much lower share (20.1%) of in-migrants earning less than \$25,000. While the distribution of in-migrants by income in Eagan is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more, the data illustrates that the majority of in-migrants earn less than \$50,000.

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Eagan, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

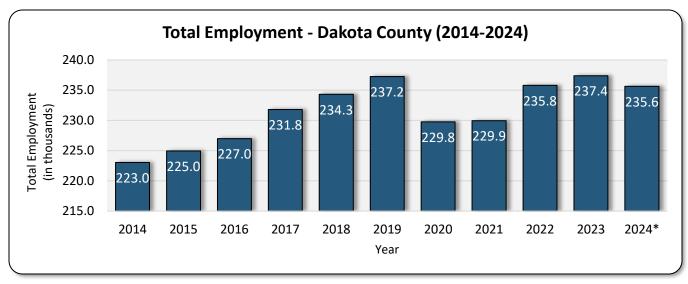
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | Eag | gan | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 59 | 0.1% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 2 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 118 | 0.2% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 2,189 | 4.1% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 4,860 | 9.0% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 1,881 | 3.5% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 6,492 | 12.1% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 4,213 | 7.8% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 7,913 | 14.7% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 4,474 | 8.3% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 1,095 | 2.0% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 4,456 | 8.3% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 18 | 0.0% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 948 | 1.8% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 1,997 | 3.7% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 3,977 | 7.4% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 580 | 1.1% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 3,875 | 7.2% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 2,820 | 5.2% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 1,645 | 3.1% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 147 | 0.3% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 53,759 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Eagan has an employment base of over 53,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Information (14.7%), Retail Trade (12.1%), Manufacturing (9.0%), Finance & Insurance (8.3%), and Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services (8.3%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 52.4% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following graph illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

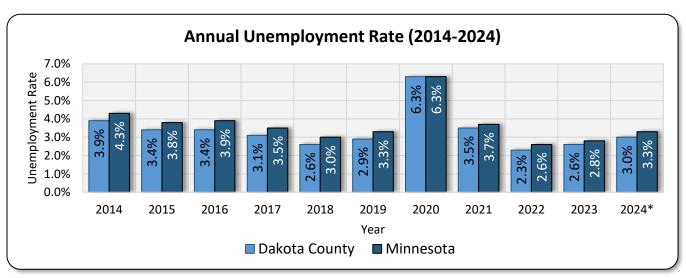


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

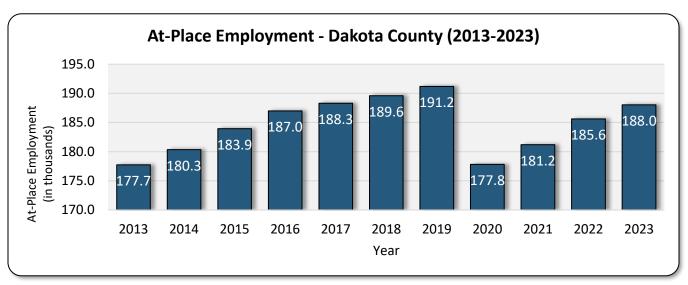


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county. Although three notices were located within Eagan, a total of only four jobs were affected. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment.

| WARN Notices | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|---|--------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Company Location Jobs Notice Date Effective D | | | | | | | | |
| Eagan Submarket | | | | | | | | |
| Starbucks Eagan Outlet | Eagan | 1 | 7/2024 | N/A | | | | |
| Noodles & Company | Eagan | 1 | 7/2024 | N/A | | | | |
| Masu Sushi and Robata | Eagan | 2 | 7/2024 | N/A | | | | |

Source: Minnesota Employment and Economic Development

N/A – Not Available

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

The following table summarizes recent and/or ongoing economic development projects identified within Eagan:

| | | Eco | nomic Development Activity - Eagan |
|--|---------------|--------------|---|
| Project Name | Investment | Job Creation | Scope of Work/Details |
| Viking Lakes | N/A | N/A | Under Construction: Portions of the 200-acre mixed-use development are complete. In 2018, the Minnesota Vikings headquarters was completed. In 2023, the Vikings Training Camp generated \$5.6 million in economic activity for Eagan. Other completed portions include a hotel, apartments, retail, and more. The third phase of the development is expected to begin in 2025 and add residential units. CliftonLarsonAllen, an accounting firm, has signed a \$10 million 16-year lease that will be used to train their employees. ECD in 2025. |
| Lebanon Hills Maintenance Facility | \$27 million | N/A | Under Construction: A new facility is being constructed and will include a maintenance shop and greenhouse. ECD in spring 2025. |
| Thomas Reuters Campus Site | N/A | N/A | Planned: In November 2024, Eagan City Council approved Ryan Cos. proposal to redevelop 179 acres at 610 Opperman Drive (former Thomas Reuters campus). The development will include townhomes, single-family homes and 3.6 million square feet of industrial space. Ryan Cos. purchased the campus for \$41 million. |
| Former Blue Cross Blue Shield Site | \$209 million | 1,000 | Planned: Solventum plans to purchase the former Blue Cross Blue Shield campus. Approximately 1,100 workers will relocate from the Maplewood location (Ramsey County) and jobs will be high paying. |

N/A – Not available

ECD - Estimated Completion Date

As the preceding illustrates, several notable economic development projects are either under construction or planned within the city of Eagan. While job creation estimates were not provided for all projects, the significant investment in the area will likely have a positive impact on the community and labor market in the future. It is also noteworthy that economic development activity totaling over \$800 million has either been recently completed or is currently under construction within Dakota County.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Eagan.

| | Commuting Attributes Eagan, Minnesota | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------|--|--|
| | | | | ode | 0.4 | *** | | | |
| | Drove Alone | Carpooled | Public Transit | Walked | Other Means | Worked at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 27,217 | 2,884 | 1,016 | 555 | 251 | 6,699 | 38,622 | | |
| Percent | 70.5% | 7.5% | 2.6% | 1.4% | 0.6% | 17.3% | 100.0% | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | |
| | Less Than 15 Minutes | 15 to 29 Minutes | 30 to 44 Minutes | 45 to 59 Minutes | 60 or More Minutes | Worked at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 8,581 | 13,249 | 7,360 | 1,588 | 1,146 | 6,699 | 38,623 | | |
| Percent | 22.2% | 34.3% | 19.1% | 4.1% | 3.0% | 17.3% | 100.0% | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 78.0% of individuals in Eagan utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 56.5% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 17.3% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, a noteworthy share (2.6%) of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

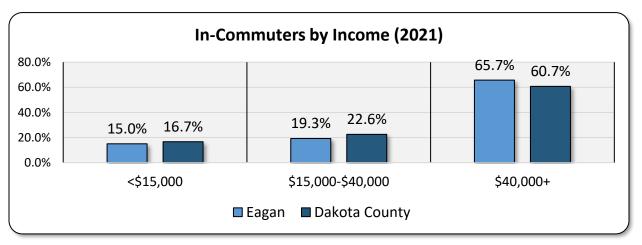
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Eagan based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 46,271 persons *employed* in Eagan, 88.7% (41,058) originate from outside the city, while 11.3% (5,213) live within the city. Over 29,000 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 41,058 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Eagan.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Eagan and Dakota County.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (65.7%) of in-commuters to Eagan earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 19.3% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000. The remaining share (15.0%) of in-commuters earn less than \$15,000 annually. Due to the range of incomes, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 41,058 in-commuters to live within Eagan.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:

| Number of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Total Owner Renter Area Occupied Occupied Vacant Total | | | | | | | | |
| Eagan | 27,625 | 19,414 | 8,211 | 630 | 28,255 | | | |
| Dakota County | 169,404 | 128,582 | 40,822 | 4,760 | 174,164 | | | |
| Minnesota | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 | | | |

Share of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) 100.0% 75.9% 72.3% 70.3% 80.0% 60.0% 29.7% 27.7% 40.0% 24.1% 9.5% 20.0% 2.2% 2.7% 0.0% Owner-Occupied Renter-Occupied Vacant Eagan ☐ Dakota County ☐ Minnesota

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 27,625 total *occupied* housing units in Eagan, 70.3% are owner occupied and 29.7% are renter occupied. This distribution of occupied units by tenure is slightly more weighted toward renter-occupied housing compared to the county and state. Among the 28,255 total housing units in Eagan, only 2.2% (630 units) are classified as vacant. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units. Regardless, the respective shares of vacant units in Eagan and Dakota County are significantly lower than the share (9.5%) for the state.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|------------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| | | Pre-1970 | Product | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Renter Owner | | Ren | iter | Ow | ner | ier Renter | | Ow | ner | | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Eagan | 568 | 6.9% | 1,991 | 10.3% | 493 | 6.0% | 96 | 0.5% | 22 | 0.3% | 43 | 0.2% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Eagan, 6.9% of the renter-occupied housing units and 10.3% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are substantially lower than the county and statewide shares and represent an inventory of relatively modern housing units. While the share of overcrowded renter housing units (6.0%) is slightly higher than the county and statewide shares, the share of owner housing units with this issue (0.5%) is slightly lower than the comparison areas. The shares of renter-occupied (0.3%) and owner-occupied (0.2%) housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchens are also lower than county and statewide shares. Overall, there are approximately 515 renter households and 139 owner households in Eagan living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-------|--|-------|--|
| | 2024 | 2024 Median HH | 2024 Median | 2022 Median | 2022 Share of Cost Burdened HH* | | 2022 Share of Severe Cost Burdened HH** | | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner | |
| Eagan | 28,098 | \$104,731 | \$433,589 | \$1,490 | 41.7% | 16.0% | 18.1% | 5.2% | |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% | |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Eagan of \$433,589 is 20.4% higher than the median home value for the state, while the median gross rent of \$1,490 in the city is 26.5% higher than the state. With a median household income of \$104,731 in Eagan, approximately 41.7% of renter households and 16.0% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are roughly 3,423 renter households and 3,106 owner households in Eagan that are housing cost burdened, of which nearly 2,500 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

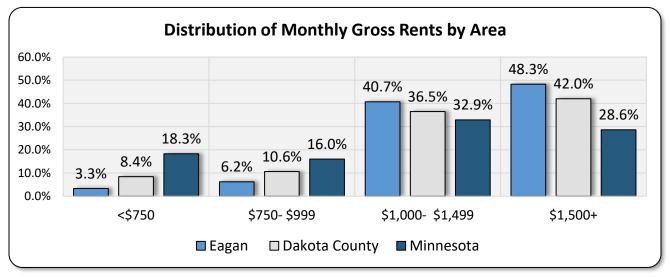
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | cupied Housi | ing by Units in | Structure | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | |
|------------|---------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|--|---------|------------|-----------|--|
| | | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile | | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile | | |
| | | or Less | or More | Home/Other | Total | or Less | or More | Home/Other | Total | |
| Fagan | Number | 2,250 | 5,923 | 38 | 8,211 | 18,450 | 964 | 0 | 19,414 | |
| Eagan | Percent | 27.4% | 72.1% | 0.5% | 100.0% | 95.0% | 5.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | |
| Milliesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Most *rental* units in Eagan (72.1%) are within larger structures containing five or more units, while the remaining share (27.9%) of the rental units are within structures of four units or less or mobile homes. Overall, Eagan has a higher share of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Among *owner*-occupied units in Eagan, 95.0% are within structures of four units or less.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 27.9% of all rental units in Eagan classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure and mobile homes), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (48.3%) of Eagan rental units have gross rents of \$1,500 or more, followed by units with gross rents between \$1,000 and \$1,500 (40.7%). Note that less than 10% of rental units in the city have gross rents below \$1,000. Compared to the county and state, the distribution of gross rental rates in Eagan is more heavily weighted toward higher priced product.

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Eagan and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------|---|--------|---------|------------------------------|--------|------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | | | |
| | Projects | Total | Vacant | Vacancy | Market- | Tax | Government | | | |
| | Surveyed | Units | Units | Rate | Rate | Credit | Subsidized | | | |
| Fagan | 42 | 6 226 | 191 | 3.0% | 3.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% | | | |
| Eagan | 42 | 6,326 | 191 | 3.0% | (191) | (0) | (0) | | | |
| Dakota | 220 | 27 211 | 1 161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | | |
| County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | (1,069) | (92) | (0) | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Eagan, a total of 42 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 6,326 units. Overall, multifamily rental units are 97.0% occupied, with a total of 191 vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Eagan is higher than the 94% to 96% range. Note that all vacant units are within the market-rate supply, and that there are no vacancies among Tax Credit and government-subsidized (affordable) properties in the city. The occupancy rates among the various program types are high, and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Eagan. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the city.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Eagan and Dakota County.

| Median Rent | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| Eagan | \$1,470 | \$1,565 | \$1,690 | \$2,177 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | | |
| Eagan | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,578 | \$1,820 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Eagan (\$1,470) is nearly twice as high as the median rent for the typical one-bedroom Tax Credit unit (\$765) in the city. While the median rents for many of the market-rate and Tax Credit configurations in Eagan are similar to the corresponding rents in Dakota County, the one-bedroom market-rate units and three-bedroom Tax Credit units in Eagan have notably higher rents compared to the overall county. Regardless of program type, the median rents steadily increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Eagan and Dakota County, many low-income households likely seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 27.9% of the total rental units in Eagan.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified 12 non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Eagan. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | | |
| Eagan | 2,288 | 12 | 0.5% | | | | | | |
| Dakota County 14,142 83 0.6% | | | | | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of 12 available units identified, Eagan has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.5% for non-conventional rentals, which is slightly lower than the vacancy rate for Dakota County. This is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the city.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Eagan and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Vacant Rent Median | | | | | | | | |
| Bedroom | Units | Range | Rent | Per Square Foot | | | | | |
| Eagan | | | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 5 | \$1,595 - \$2,100 | \$1,750 | \$1.58 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 7 | \$2,200 - \$3,750 | \$2,640 | \$1.43 | | | | | |
| Total | 12 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | | |
| Total | 83 | | | | | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

The available non-conventional rentals in Eagan consist of two-bedroom and three-bedroom units. The two-bedroom units have a median rent of \$1,750 (\$1.58 per square foot) and the three-bedroom units have a median rent of \$2,640 (\$1.43 per square foot). When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical two-bedroom non-conventional rental in Eagan has a gross rent of approximately \$2,050 while the three-bedroom non-conventional rental in the city has a gross rent of approximately \$2,940. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Eagan and Dakota County.

| Eagan - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Type Homes Median Price | | | | | | | | |
| | Eagan | | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 62 | \$339,839 | | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 2,902 | \$385,000 | | | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

The available for-sale housing stock in Eagan as of July 31, 2024 consists of 62 total units with a median list price of \$339,839. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Eagan consisted of 2,902 homes with a median sales price of \$385,000, slightly higher than the median sales price of \$380,000 reported for the county.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

| | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Eagan (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|---------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Number Percent Median Percent ear Sold Change Sales Price Change | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 621 | - | \$340,000 | - | | | | | |
| 2021 | 772 | 24.3% | \$379,000 | 11.5% | | | | | |
| 2022 | 615 | -20.3% | \$415,000 | 9.5% | | | | | |
| 2023 | 513 | -16.6% | \$400,000 | -3.6% | | | | | |
| 2024* | 381 (653) | (27.3%) | \$411,000 | 2.8% | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



^{*2024} full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Eagan increased by 24.3% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year. Projections indicate that sales volume will increase by 27.3% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city generally increased during the sales period. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Eagan increased by 20.9% between January 2020 and July 2024. It is

note that much of this increase occurred in 2021 and 2022. Since 2022, home prices in Eagan have been relatively stable and have actually decreased by 1.0% in the last two years.

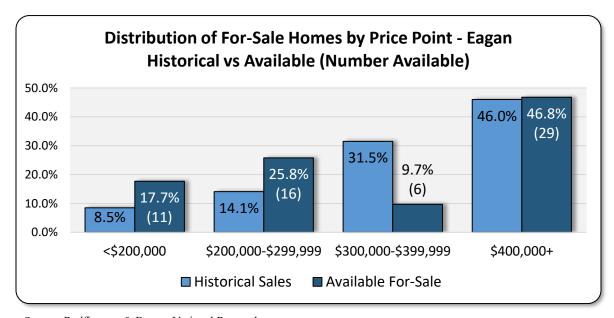
The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Eagan and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------|------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Total Months Average Available Share of Availability Supply of Average Median Days Average | | | | | | | 9 |
| Area | Units | County | Rate | Inventory | List Price | List Price | on Market | Year Built |
| Eagan | 62 | 10.7% | 0.3% | 1.3 | \$402,942 | \$339,839 | 34 | 1988 |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 62 available for-sale homes in Eagan represent 10.7% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.3% when compared to the 19,414 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.3 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of 34 days and an average year built of 1988. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Eagan:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the share of *available* for-sale homes priced under \$200,000 (17.7%) is higher than the corresponding share of recent *historical* sales (8.5%). However, there are only 11 *available* for-sale homes in Eagan priced below \$200,000 compared to 29 homes priced at \$400,000 or higher. While the share of the available homes priced below \$200,000 is higher than historical sales, there is a very limited inventory of available homes within this price point. This likely creates affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Eagan and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------|----------|----------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Marketed Occupancy National Median | | | | | Base Monthly | | | | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | | | | |
| | Eagan | | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 4 | 236 | 10 | 94.9% | 86.8% | \$2,105-\$4,245 | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 5 | 310 | 17 | 94.5% | 85.4% | \$2,000-\$6,857 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | - | 82.0% | - | | | | |
| Total | 9 | 546 | 27 | 95.1% | - | \$2,000-\$6,857 | | | | |
| | | | Dakota | a County | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | | | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of nine senior care projects were surveyed within Eagan. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 95.1%. The occupancy rates in Eagan for independent living (94.9%) and assisted living (94.5%) facilities are well above the national median occupancy rates for each respective type of senior housing. The high occupancy rates and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the city suggest that there could be a significant increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following table summarizes the identified multifamily rental and for-sale housing projects that are planned and/or under construction within Eagan. Note that no planned senior care housing projects were identified in Eagan.

| Multifamily Rental Housing Development - Eagan | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Conversion of former hotel into | | | |
| | | | | apartments. 49 units were complete at time of this | | | |
| Haven at Eagandale | | | | analysis; 71 units remain under construction. Rents | | | |
| 3040 Eagandale Pl. | Market-Rate | 71 | N/A | range from \$995 to \$1,599; ECD 2025 | | | |
| | Income Restricted | | | Under Construction: Received ARP funding; | | | |
| Nichols Pointe | Senior 55+/ | | Dakota Co. | Income-restricted at 60% AMHI; Scheduled to open | | | |
| 4225 Nichols Rd. | Veteran | 24 | CDA | fall 2024. | | | |
| Viking Lakes Residences Phase | | | | | | | |
| III | | | MV | Planned: Construction to begin in 2025; Development | | | |
| 710 Vikings Pkwy. | Market-Rate | 327 | Ventures | will have 814 units total once complete. | | | |
| | | | | Proposed: Part of Metcalfe Park mixed-use project; | | | |
| Enclave Apts. (Metcalf Park) | | | Enclave | Additional details not yet defined; Potential | | | |
| Diffley Rd. & Hwy. 77 | Market-Rate | 318 | Companies | construction 2028-2029. | | | |
| Lifestyle Senior Cooperative | | | | Proposed: Senior cooperative living; Part of Metcalfe | | | |
| (Metcalfe Park) | Market-Rate | | Lifestyle | Park mixed-use project; Additional details not yet | | | |
| Diffley Rd. & Hwy. 77 | Senior 62+ | 66 | Communities | defined. Potential construction 2028-2029. | | | |
| | For-Sa | le Housir | ng Developmen | t - Eagan | | | |
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | | |
| | | | | Planned: Large lots across from Lebanon Hills Park | | | |
| Parkside Circle | | | Thorson | Reserve. Home/lot packages start at \$800,000. | | | |
| NE of 120 St. W. & Dodd Rd. | Single-Family | 24 | Homes | Construction is likely to start late 2024 or early 2025. | | | |

ECD – Estimated Completion Date; N/A – Not Available

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-todate version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Eagan. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Eagan has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 5,014 units, with a gap of 1,759 rental units and a gap of 3,255 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Eagan.

| | Eagan Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | | |
| Household Income | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | | |
| | | Five-Year | Estimates (2024-202 | 29) | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 604 | 476 | 351 | 112 | 216 | 1,759 | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 219 | 655 | 1,738 | 643 | 3,255 | | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 1,208 | 976 | 773 | 551 | 432 | 3,940 | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 438 | 1,310 | 3,476 | 1,286 | 6,510 | | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears the greatest *rental* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning up to 30% of AMHI. However, notable housing gaps also exist for the segments serving households earning between 31% and 80% of AMHI. The greatest *for-sale* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within Eagan should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Eagan (4-person limit)

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Eagan.

| SWOT Analysis | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | | | | | | | |
| Household growth of 11.4% (2010-2024) Median household income (\$104,731) is above that of the county and state Positive household income growth projections A significant share of jobs based in the city are within higher paying industries | Low vacancy rates and availability rates non-conventional rentals and for-sale house. | | | | | | | | |
| Opportunities | Threats | | | | | | | | |
| Housing need of 1,759 rental units (2024-2029) Housing need of 3,255 for-sale units (2024-2029) Attract some of the 41,058 commuters coming into Eagan for work to live in the city | Rising cost of for-sale housing Very limited availability of for-sale housing priced between \$300,000 and \$399,999 Eagan risks losing some of the 29,463 residents that commute out of the city for employment | | | | | | | | |

Eagan experienced notable positive household growth since 2010, and household growth is projected to continue over the next five years. However, household growth in the city is projected to lag behind that of the county and state during this period. A significant share of employment in the city is primarily based within higher paying industries, which may help attract additional households to the city. Despite these positive attributes, Eagan has very low vacancy rates among multifamily and nonconventional rentals and a low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs and a significant number of residents commuting outside the city for employment may increase the likelihood of households relocating outside the city to find suitable housing. However, the city has a total housing gap of 5,014 units and over 40,000 non-residents commuting into the city daily for employment. This represents a significant development opportunity, which will contribute to positive household growth in Eagan and support a growing local economy.

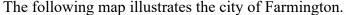
ADDENDUM G: CITY OF FARMINGTON OVERVIEW

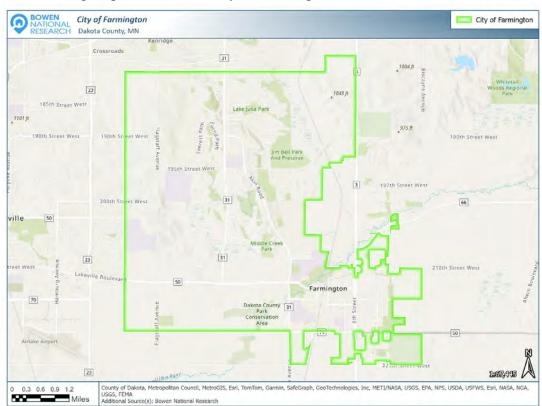
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Farmington. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Farmington were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Farmington is located in the central portion of Dakota County, approximately 30 miles south of Minneapolis. Farmington contains approximately 15 square miles and has an estimated population of 24,315 in 2024. State Route 3 is the primary thoroughfare within the city providing north/south access in the eastern portion of Farmington and convenient access to nearby metropolitan centers such as St. Paul, which is north of Farmington.

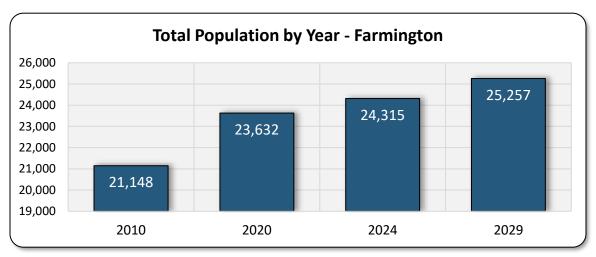




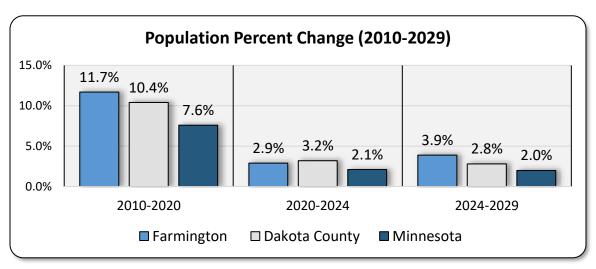
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Farmington. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Farmington and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



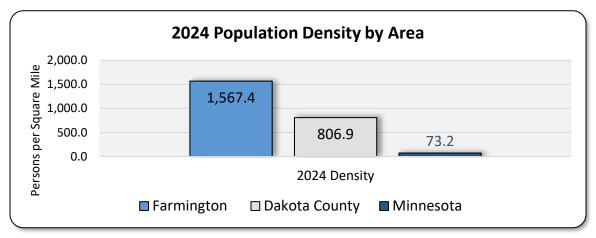
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in Farmington increased by 2,484 (11.7%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a larger percent increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Farmington increased by 2.9%. This growth is projected to continue through 2029 as the Farmington population is projected to increase by 3.9% between 2024 and 2029. This outpaces the 2.8% increase for the county and 2.0% increase for the state during this time period.

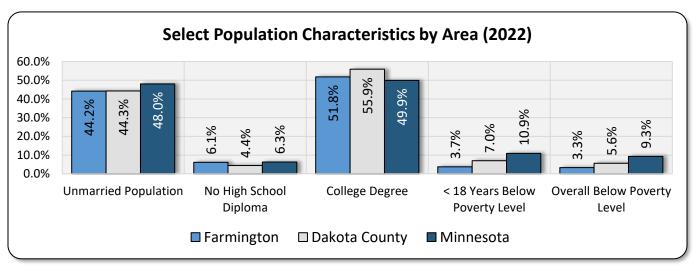
The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 1,567.4 persons per square mile, Farmington is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

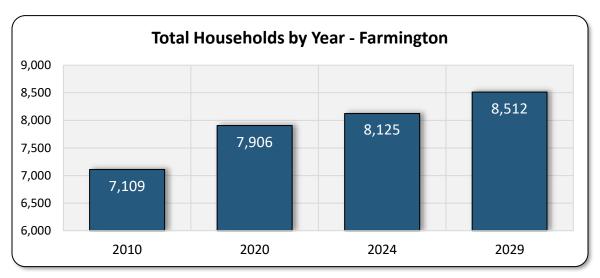
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



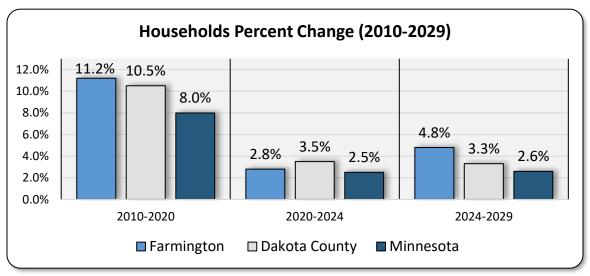
Source: U.S. Census Bureau; 2020 Census; 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Farmington has a relatively comparable share of unmarried population (44.2%), population without a high school diploma (6.1%), and individuals with a college degree (51.8%) as compared to the county and state. The two educational attainment factors likely have a similar influence on income potential and housing affordability in the city when compared to the state. Overall, Farmington has lower poverty rates for children less than 18 years of age (3.7%) and the overall population (3.3%) when compared to the county and state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Farmington by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



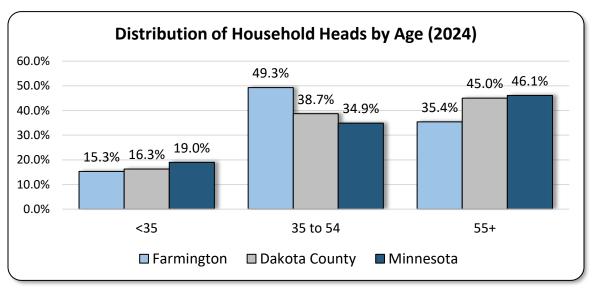
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



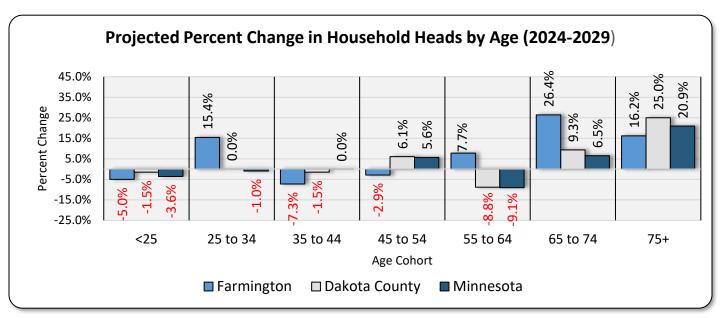
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Farmington increased by 797 (11.2%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a larger percent increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Farmington increased by 2.8%. Household growth is projected to continue over the next five years, increasing by 4.8% between 2024 and 2029. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected *percent* change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



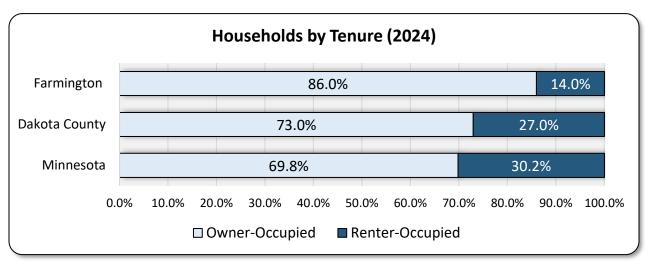
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



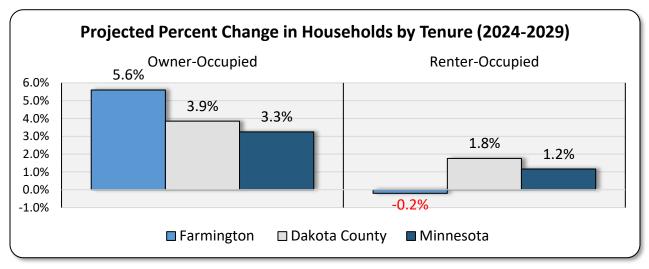
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that Farmington and Dakota County households in 2024 are more heavily concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to the state. While household growth in Farmington is projected to be greatest among seniors aged 65 to 74 (26.4%) and those aged 75 and older (16.2%), households between the ages of 25 and 34 (15.4%) and 55 to 64 (7.7%) are also expected to increase over the next five years.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



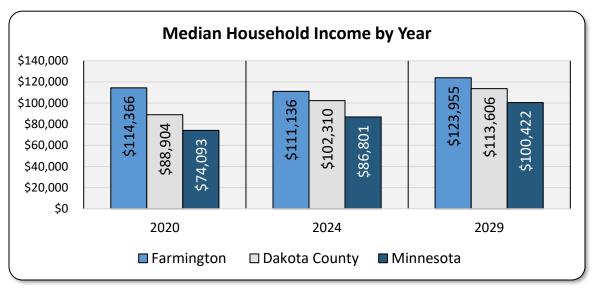
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Farmington (86.0% owners and 14.0% renters) is much more heavily weighted toward owner households as compared to the county and state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Farmington will increase by 5.6%, while the number of renter households will decline slightly. While growth among renter households within the county and state contrasts the projected decline for the city of Farmington, owner household growth within the city will outpace that projected for both the county and state between 2024 and 2029. However, it is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors.

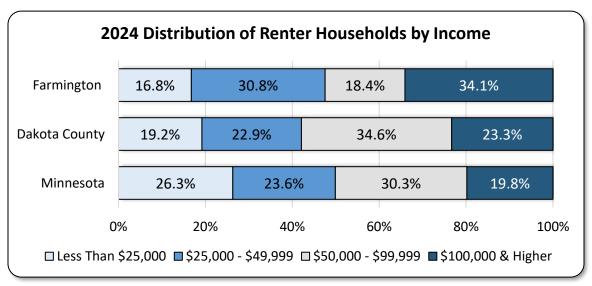
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

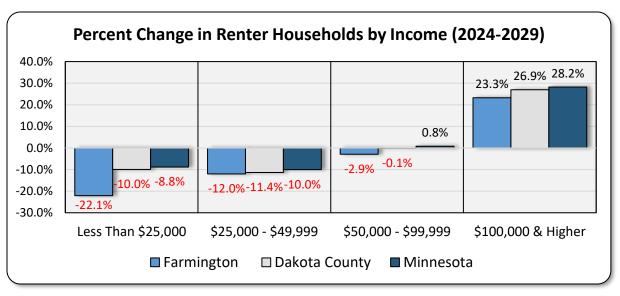


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Farmington (\$111,136) is 8.6% higher than the countywide median household income and 28.0% higher than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Farmington will increase to \$123,955, or an increase of 11.5%. As such, the median household income in Farmington will remain well above that of the county (\$113,606) and the state (\$100,422).

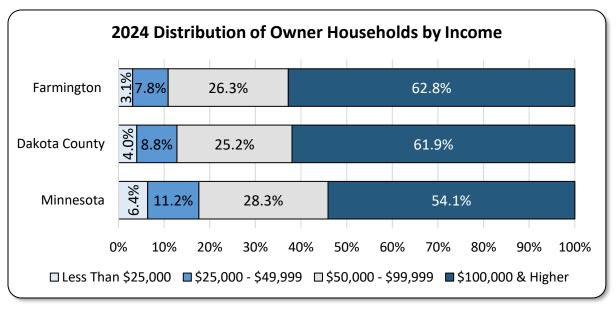
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

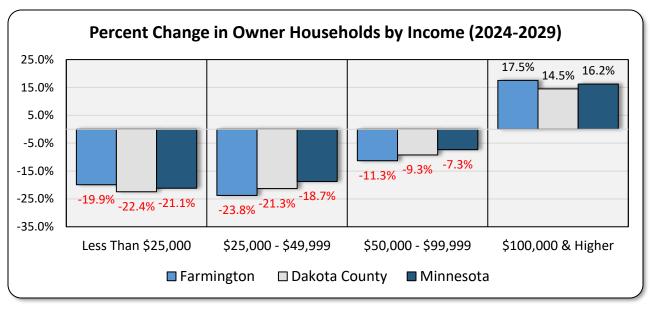




In 2024, Farmington has larger shares of renter households with incomes between \$25,000 and \$49,999 and those earning \$100,000 or higher when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in Farmington is projected to be among households earning \$100,000 or higher (23.3%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decline in number. Despite these changes, a substantial share of renter households in Farmington will continue to earn less than \$100,000.

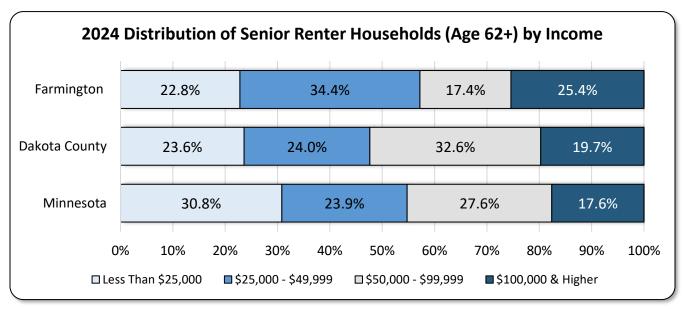
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

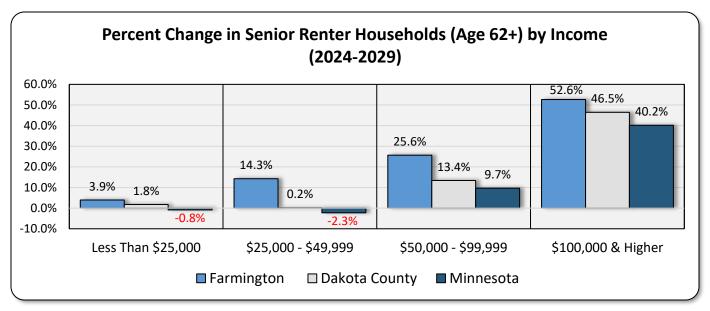




In 2024, the majority (62.8%) of Farmington owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a higher share compared to the county (61.9%) and state (54.1%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected to be confined to households earning \$100,000 or higher (17.5%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is generally consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

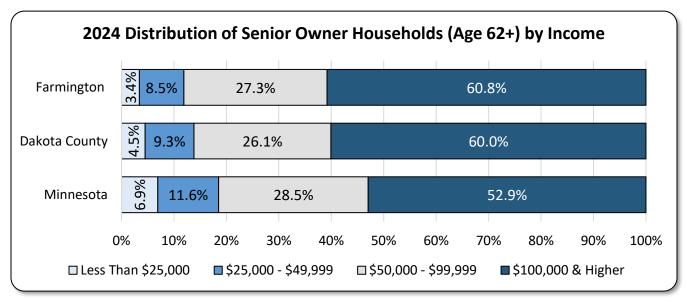
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

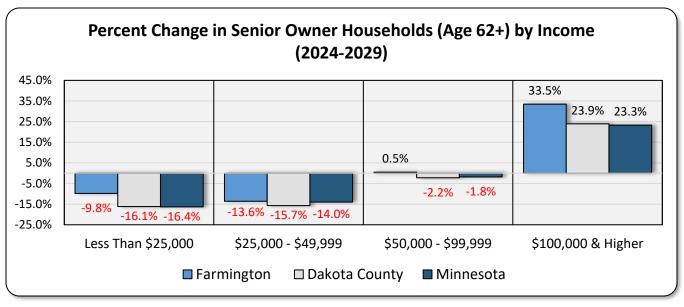




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Farmington earn between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (34.4%), followed by those earning \$100,000 or more (25.4%). Over the next five years, senior renter growth is projected to occur among all income segments evaluated, though the greatest growth (52.6%) is projected for the income segment earning \$100,000 and higher.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Farmington earn \$100,000 or more (60.8%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (27.3%). Over the next five years, projected growth among senior owner households in Farmington is projected to be primarily among households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 33.5% during this time period. The projected growth among the higher income cohorts and decline among the lower income cohorts in Farmington is broadly consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

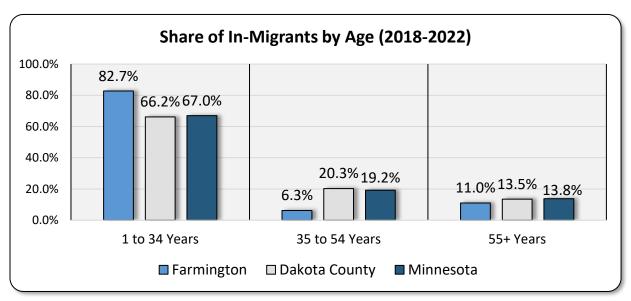
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net | | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 | 33,225 | 8.3% | 27,991 | -1,115 | 6,511 | 5,396 | | |
| Dakota County | 2020-2023 | 7,562 | 1.7% | 5,686 | -928 | 2,430 | 1,502 | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

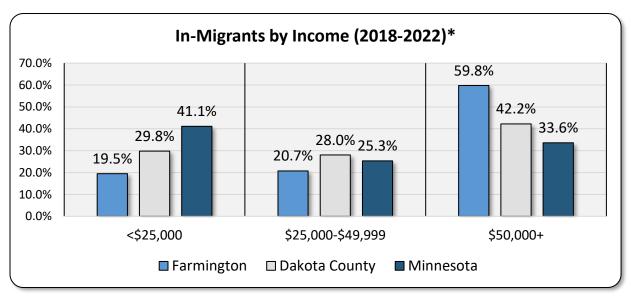
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Farmington, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for Farmington is more heavily weighted toward the younger age cohort (less than 35 years) as compared to the county and state. While the distribution of in-migrants by income in Farmington is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more, the data illustrates that around 20% of in-migrants earn \$25,000 to \$49,999 and nearly 20% earn less than \$25,000 annually.

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Farmington, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

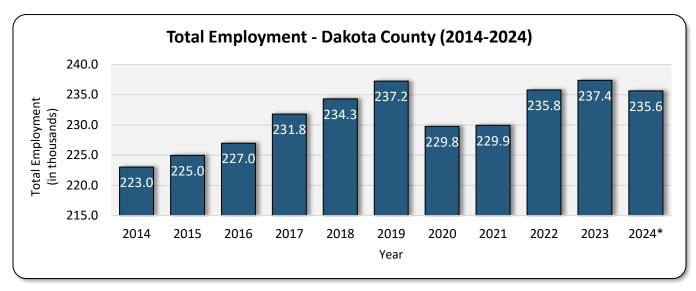
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|--|
| | Farmi | ngton | Dakota | County | Minnesota | | |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 0 | 0.0% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% | |
| Mining | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% | |
| Utilities | 104 | 2.0% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% | |
| Construction | 197 | 3.7% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% | |
| Manufacturing | 494 | 9.3% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% | |
| Wholesale Trade | 80 | 1.5% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% | |
| Retail Trade | 303 | 5.7% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% | |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 289 | 5.4% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% | |
| Information | 31 | 0.6% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% | |
| Finance & Insurance | 73 | 1.4% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% | |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 22 | 0.4% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% | |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 118 | 2.2% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% | |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 2 | 0.0% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% | |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 63 | 1.2% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% | |
| Educational Services | 1,886 | 35.5% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% | |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 552 | 10.4% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% | |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 45 | 0.8% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% | |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 520 | 9.8% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% | |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 340 | 6.4% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% | |
| Public Administration | 182 | 3.4% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% | |
| Non-classifiable | 7 | 0.1% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% | |
| Total | 5,308 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% | |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Farmington has an employment base of more than 5,300 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in four sectors: Educational Services (35.5%), Health Care & Social Assistance (10.4%), Accommodation & Food Services (9.8%), and Manufacturing (9.3%). Combined, these four job sectors represent 65.0% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

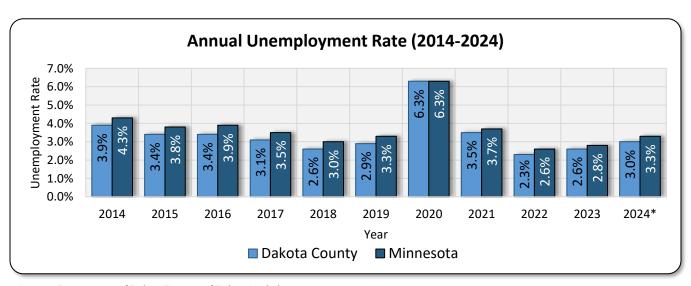


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

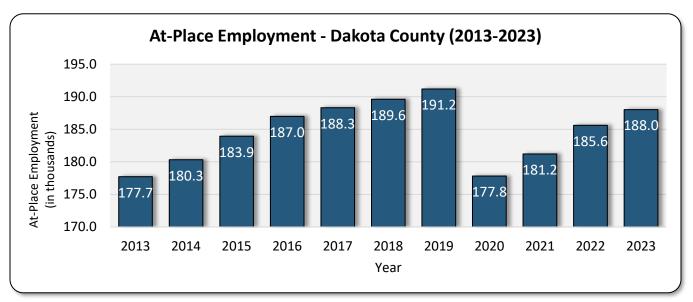


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, when both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which none are located within Farmington. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

The following table summarizes recent and/or ongoing economic development projects identified within Farmington:

| Economic Development Activity - Farmington | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name Investment Job Creation Scope of Work/Details | | | | | | | |
| Data Center | N/A | N/A | Planned: In December 2024, Farmington City Council approved a contract for a new 2.5 million square-foot data center; If built, the center could potentially generate billions in investments. | | | | |

N/A - Not available

In addition to the project identified in the preceding table, it should be noted that over \$800 million in economic development projects has either been recently completed or is currently under construction in Dakota County. Overall, these projects have an estimated initial job creation of at least 250 new jobs within county; however, it should be noted that a number of the projects did not disclose job creation estimates. Regardless, economic and infrastructure investments within the county will likely have a positive influence on the local economy.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

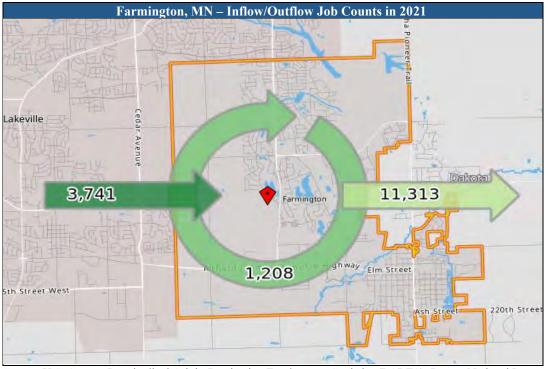
The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Farmington.

| | Commuting Attributes - Farmington, Minnesota | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|-----------|-------------------|----------|----------------|-------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | Mode | | | | | | | | | |
| | Drove Alone | Carpooled | Public Transit | Walked | Other Means | Worked at Home | Total | | | |
| Number | 10,162 | 596 | 66 | 107 | 114 | 1,774 | 12,819 | | | |
| Percent | 79.3% | 4.6% | 0.5% | 0.8% | 0.9% | 13.8% | 100.0% | | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | | |
| | Less Than 15 | 15 to 29 | 30 to 44 | 45 to 59 | 60 or More | Worked | | | | |
| | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | at Home | Total | | | |
| Number | 2,607 | 3,667 | 3,010 | 1,135 | 626 | 1,774 | 12,819 | | | |
| Percent | 20.3% | 28.6% | 23.5% | 8.9% | 4.9% | 13.8% | 100.0% | | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

A total of 83.9% of individuals in Farmington utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 48.9% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 13.8% working from home. As the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, just 0.5% of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

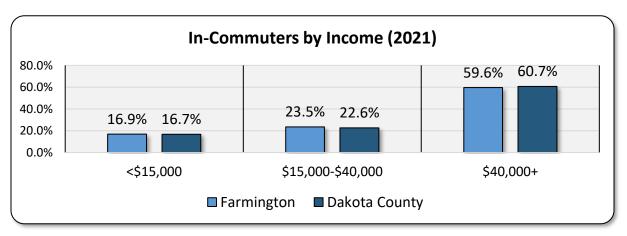
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Farmington based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 4,949 persons *employed* in Farmington, 75.6% (3,741) originate from outside the city, while 24.4% (1,208) live within the city. Over 11,000 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 3,741 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Farmington.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Farmington and Dakota County.

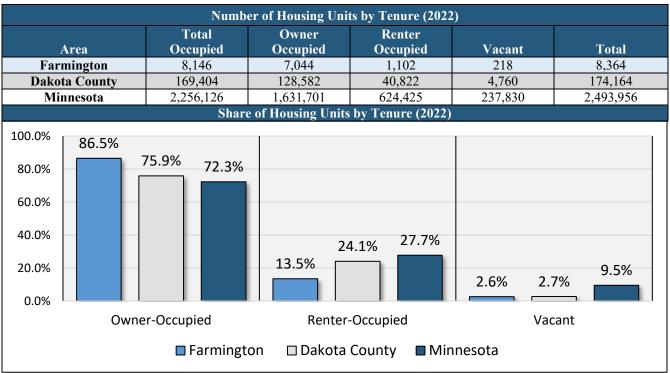


Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (59.6%) of in-commuters to Farmington earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 23.5% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 16.9% earn less than \$15,000 annually. While the majority of in-commuters earn \$40,000 or more, the data indicates there is a slightly higher proportion of low- and middle-income in-commuters within Farmington when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 3,741 in-commuters to live within Farmington.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 8,146 total *occupied* housing units in Farmington, 86.5% are owner occupied and 13.5% are renter occupied. This distribution of occupied units by tenure is more heavily weighted toward owner households as compared to the county and state. Among the 8,364 total housing units in Farmington, only 2.6% (218 units) are classified as vacant. This is a similar share of vacant units as compared to the county (2.7%) but is notably lower than the statewide share of 9.5%. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|--------------|-------------|--------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|
| | | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | |
| | Rer | Renter Owner | | Ren | Renter Owner | | Renter | | Owner | | | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Farmington | 60 | 17.0% | 122 | 2.4% | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 1.5% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Farmington, 17.0% of the renter-occupied housing units and 2.4% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are lower than the county and statewide shares and represent an inventory of relatively modern housing units. While overcrowding among renter housing units in Farmington is essentially non-existent, the share of owner housing units with this issue (1.5%) is marginally higher than the comparison areas. Incomplete plumbing and/or kitchens are also not issues for either renters or owners within Farmington. Overall, there are just 73 owner households in Farmington living in substandard housing conditions. This is likely due, at least in large part, to the relatively modern inventory of housing in the city.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-----------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------|
| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2022 | 2022 Share of Cost | | 2022 Share of Severe | |
| | 2024 | Median HH | Median | Median | Burden | ed HH* | Cost Burde | ened HH** |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner |
| Farmington | 8,125 | \$111,136 | \$390,820 | \$1,214 | 40.6% | 16.0% | 23.3% | 4.2% |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH – Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Farmington of \$390,820 is 8.5% higher than the median home value for the state, while the median gross rent of \$1,214 in the area is 3.1% higher than the state. With a median household income of \$111,136 in Farmington, approximately 40.6% of renter households and 16.0% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are roughly 447 renter households and 1,127 owner households in Farmington that are housing cost burdened, of which more than 550 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

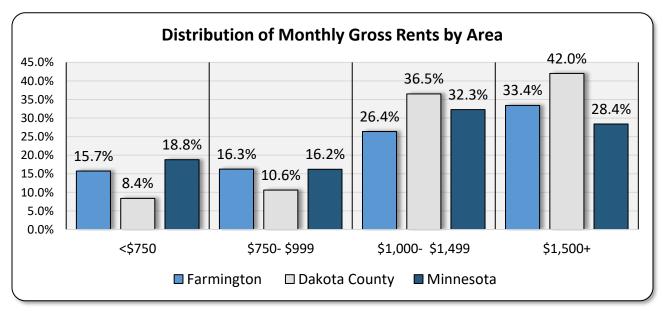
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | cupied Hous | ing by Units in | Structure | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | |
|------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | |
| Farmington | Number | 920 | 182 | 0 | 1,102 | 6,972 | 71 | 0 | 7,044 | |
| Farmington | Percent | 83.5% | 16.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 99.0% | 1.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | |
| winnesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 83.5% of the *rental* units in Farmington are within structures of four units or less. Subsequently, Farmington has a considerably lower share (16.5%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Among *owner*-occupied units in Farmington, 99.0% are within structures of four units or less. It is noteworthy that none of the housing units (renter or owner) in Farmington are mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 83.5% of all rental units in Farmington classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (33.4%) of Farmington rental units have rents of \$1,500 or more, followed by units with rents between \$1,000 and \$1,500 (26.4%). Collectively, units with rents below \$1,000 comprise 32.0% of all rental units within the area. While this distribution is generally similar to that of the state, Farmington has a notably larger share of rental units with rents below \$1,000 compared to the overall county.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Farmington and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | Overall | b | Vacancy R y Program | | |
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | Market- Rate | Tax Credit | Government Subsidized | |
| Farmington | 7 | 285 | 1 | 0.4% | 2.8% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Farmington, a total of seven apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 285 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 99.6% occupied, with just one vacancy within a market-rate property. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Farmington is considered very high. The occupancy rates among the various program types are high, and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Farmington. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the area.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Farmington and Dakota County.

| Median Rents | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | | |
| Farmington | \$1,150 | \$1,250 | - | - | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | |
| Farmington | \$765 | \$937 | - | - | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Farmington (\$1,150) is approximately 50.3% higher than the comparable Tax Credit unit (\$765) in the area. While the median rents for market-rate units in Farmington are less than the corresponding rents in Dakota County, the median rents for the Tax Credit units in Farmington are equal to or higher than the Tax Credit rents in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents steadily increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Farmington and Dakota County, many low-income households are likely to seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices. It is also of note that the market-rate and Tax Credit units offered in Farmington are limited to one- and two-bedroom units, as indicated by the preceding table. This further demonstrates the limited multifamily rental options within Farmington.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 83.5% of the total rental units in Farmington.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified 11 non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Farmington. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | |
| Farmington | 1,840 | 11 | 0.6% | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of 11 available units identified, Farmington has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.6% for non-conventional rentals, which is identical to the vacancy rate reported for Dakota County. This is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Farmington and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Bedroom | Vacant Units | Rent Range | Median Rent | Median Rent Per Square Foot | | | | |
| Farmington | | | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 1 | \$1,050 | \$1,050 | \$1.75 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,725 - \$1,750 | \$1,738 | \$1.38 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 4 | \$2,050 - \$3,240 | \$2,248 | \$1.47 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 4 | \$2,000 - \$2,895 | \$2,375 | \$1.19 | | | | |
| Total | 11 | | | • | | | | |
| <u>.</u> | | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | |
| Total | 83 | | | - | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

Among the available non-conventional rentals in Farmington, three- and four-bedroom units comprise nearly three-quarters (72.7%) of the 11 non-conventional rentals available. The three- and four-bedroom units have median rents of \$2,248 (\$1.47 per square foot) and \$2,375 (\$1.19 per square foot), respectively. When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical three- and four-bedroom non-conventional rentals in Farmington have gross rents of roughly \$2,548 and \$2,675, respectively. While there are no three- or four-bedroom market-rate *multifamily* units within the city to use as a basis of comparison, the two-bedroom non-conventional units have a much higher median rent than the comparable multifamily units. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available. It is also of note that market-rate renters seeking a three-bedroom or larger unit likely have to rely on non-conventional rentals as no such units were identified within the traditional multifamily market-rate properties in Farmington.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Farmington and Dakota County.

| Farmington | Farmington - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Homes | Median Price | | | | | | |
| | Farmington | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 36 | \$378,530 | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 1,696 | \$369,445 | | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in Farmington as of July 31, 2024 consists of 36 total units with a median list price of \$378,530. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Farmington consisted of 1,696 homes with a median sales price of \$369,445, approximately 2.8% lower than that reported (\$380,000) for homes sold throughout Dakota County during this same time period.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

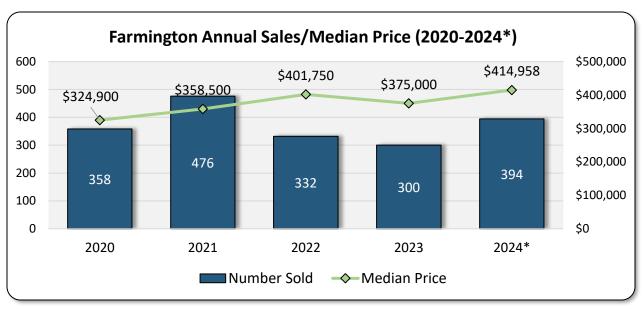
| Sal | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Farmington (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Number Sold | Percent Change | Median Sales Price | Percent Change | | | | |
| 2020 | 358 | - | \$324,900 | - | | | | |
| 2021 | 476 | 33.0% | \$358,500 | 10.3% | | | | |
| 2022 | 332 | -30.3% | \$401,750 | 12.1% | | | | |
| 2023 | 300 | -9.6% | \$375,000 | -6.7% | | | | |
| 2024* | 230 (394) | (31.4%) | \$414,958 | 10.7% | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Farmington increased by 33.0% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year; however, projections indicate that sales volume will increase to 31.4% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city increased substantially. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Farmington increased by 27.7% between January 2020 and July 2024. It is also noteworthy that the median sales price through July 2024 is 10.7% higher than that reported in 2023, indicating that home sale prices are again increasing following the decline in 2023.

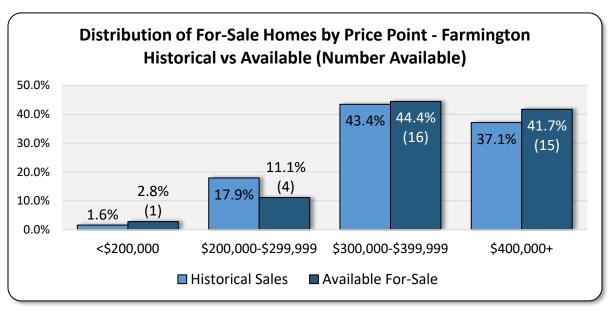
The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Farmington and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------|------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Total | | | Months | | | Average | |
| | Available Share of Availability Supply of Average Median Days Average | | | | | | | |
| Area | Units | County | Rate | Inventory | List Price | List Price | on Market | Year Built |
| Farmington | 36 | 6.2% | 0.5% | 1.2 | \$397,881 | \$378,530 | 63 | 2005 |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 36 available for-sale homes in Farmington represent 6.2% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.5% when compared to the 7,044 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.2 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of 63 days and an average year built of 2005. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a relatively short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Farmington:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, there is only one *available* for-sale home in Farmington priced below \$200,000 compared to 31 homes priced at \$300,000 or higher. Data for both recent historical sales and currently available for-sale homes illustrates that homes priced below \$200,000 are very rarely available in the market. The data also illustrates that the share of homes priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999 has decreased compared to historical sales. As such, both availability and affordability appear to be challenges in Farmington. This likely creates issues in locating suitable housing for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Farmington and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Marketed | | Occupancy | National Median | Base Monthly | | | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | | | |
| Farmington | | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 1 | 26 | 3 | 88.5% | 86.8% | \$1,745-\$2,670 | | | |
| Assisted Living | 1 | 37 | 9 | 75.7% | 85.4% | \$2,395-\$2,940 | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 1 | 70 | 5 | 92.9% | 82.0% | \$6,894 | | | |
| Total | 3 | 133 | 17 | 87.2% | - | \$1,745-\$6,894 | | | |
| | | | Dakot | a County | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of three senior care projects were surveyed within Farmington. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 87.2%. The occupancy rates in Farmington for independent living (88.5%) and nursing homes (92.9%) are well above the national medians, while the occupancy rate for the assisted living facility (75.7%) in Farmington is below the national median (85.4%). Given the overall high occupancy rate and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area, this indicates there could be an increase in demand and potential development opportunities for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned and Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rental and for-sale housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within Farmington. Note that at the time of research, no senior care housing projects were identified within the city.

| | Multifamily F | Rental Housir | ıg Develop <u>men</u> | t – Farmington, MN |
|---|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details |
| | | | | Under Construction: Studio, one- and two-bedroom |
| Emery | | | | units; Rents will range from \$1,400 to \$2,500; |
| 310 3 rd St. | Market-Rate | 74 | Ebert Co. | Scheduled to open fall 2024. |
| Farmington Apts./Yellow Tree | | | | |
| Apts. | | | | Under Construction: Studio, one- and two-bedroom |
| 21401 Dushane Pkwy. | Market-Rate | 168 | Yellow Tree | units. ECD September 2025. |
| | | | | Under Construction: Allocated Tax Credits in 2024; |
| | | | | one- through four-bedroom units at 60% AMHI; |
| Denmark Trail Townhomes | | | Dakota Co. | Workforce housing. Construction started summer 2024. |
| 22100 Denmark Ave. | Tax Credit | 60 | CDA | ECD unknown. |
| | For-Sale | Housing De | velopment – Fa | armington, MN |
| | Product | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details |
| Meadowview Preserve | Single- | | Pulte | Under Construction: 60 of 63 lots still available at time |
| Everfield Ave. and 195 th St. W. | Family | 63 | Construction | of study; 2,390 to 3,290 sq. ft. |
| | | | | Under Construction: 29 of 131 lots still available at |
| Sapphire Lake | Single- | | Keyland | time of study; \$469,000 to \$679,900 and 1,274 to 3,294 |
| 213th St. W. & Cambodia Ave. | Family | 131 | Homes | sq. ft. |
| | | | | Under Construction: 54 of 246 lots still available at |
| Fairhill Estate at North Creek | Single- | | | time of study; \$435,750 to \$659,613 and 1,945 to 2,874 |
| of 190th St. W. & Trunk Hwy. 3 | Family | 246 | M/I Homes | sq. ft. |
| | | | | Under Construction: 77 townhome lots and 67 single- |
| | | | | family lots still available at time of study; Townhomes |
| | Townhomes | | | from \$328,990 to \$389,760 and 1,769 to 1,906 sq. ft. |
| Vermillion Commons | and Single- | | | Single-family details unavailable at the time of this |
| Denmark Ave. & 220th St. W. | Family | 144 | Lennar | analysis. |
| | Single- | | | Under Construction: 34 single-family homes and eight |
| | Family and | | | (8) townhomes still available at time of study; \$593,420 |
| Vita Attiva at South Creek | Townhomes | | | for an 1,820 sq. ft. single-family and \$365,000 for a |
| Eaton Ave. & CSAH 50 | Age 55+ | 42 | N/A | 1,178 sq. ft. townhome. |
| | | | | Under Construction: 58 of 116 lots still available at |
| Whispering Fields | Single- | | | time of study; \$412,990 to \$530,990 and 1,485 to 2,449 |
| 209th St. W & Flagstaff Ave. | Family | 58 | D.R. Horton | sq. ft. |

ECD – Estimated Completion Date

N/A – Not Available

As the preceding illustrates, there are three multifamily rental projects and six for-sale housing projects currently under construction within Farmington. Overall, these projects will comprise 302 multifamily units and 684 for-sale homes once completed.

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-to-date version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Farmington. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Farmington has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 1,060 units, with a gap of 34 rental units and a gap of 1,026 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Farmington.

| | Farmington Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | | | | |
| Household Income | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | | | | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | | | | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | | | | |
| | Five-Year Estimates (2024-2029) | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 34 | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 52 | 82 | 636 | 256 | 1,026 | | | | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 56 | 0 | 75 | 48 | 12 | 191 | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 104 | 249 | 1,272 | 512 | 2,137 | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product, though housing gaps for rental product are limited. Note that while these estimates indicate there are no rental housing gaps for product serving households earning between 31% and 115% of AMHI over the next five years, this is due to two projects currently in the development pipeline within the city of Farmington which are anticipated to meet the need for such product in this market during this projection period. This is not to say, however, that there is not potential to develop rental product within these segments, rather that the need/demand for such product is lower than that for other segments of the market. The greatest need for for-sale product appears to be for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within Farmington should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider various rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Farmington (4-person limit)

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Farmington.

| SWOT A | nalysis |
|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses |
| Household growth of 14.3% (2010-2024) Positive household income growth projections Positive total employment and at-place employment trends with low unemployment rates within the county Generally newer overall housing stock as compared to the county and state | Limited supply and very low vacancy rates among multifamily apartments Low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing Lack of larger (three-bedroom+) multifamily rental units Lower occupancy rate for assisted living product |
| Opportunities | Threats |
| Housing need of 34 rental units (2024-2029) Housing need of 1,026 for-sale units (2024-2029) Household growth projections for various age groups Attract some of the 3,700+ commuters coming into the city for work to live in the city Relatively young base of in-migrants with a variety of income levels | Rising cost of for-sale housing Higher share of severe cost burdened renter households as compared to county and state City risks losing some of the 11,000+ residents that commute out of the city for employment |

Farmington has experienced notable positive household growth since 2010, and 4.8% household growth is projected over the next five years. Total employment, at-place employment, and the unemployment rate are all indicative of a thriving local economy in the entirety of Dakota County. Overall, the housing inventory in Farmington is, on average, newer than housing within the county and state. However, Farmington has very low vacancy rates among multifamily and non-conventional rentals and a low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs and a notable number of residents commuting outside the city for employment increase the likelihood of households seeking housing options in other communities within the region. Despite some of these threats, the city has a total housing gap of 1,060 units and over 3,700 non-residents commuting into Farmington daily for employment. These factors and the projected increase in households over the next five years represent a significant development opportunity. As such, availability and affordability will be critical in controlling housing cost burden issues and to provide adequate housing options that are necessary in supporting a growing local economy.

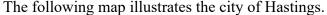
ADDENDUM H: CITY OF HASTINGS OVERVIEW

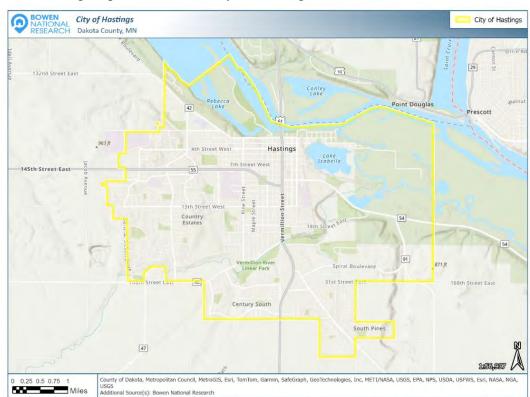
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Hastings. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Hastings were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Hastings is located in the northeast portion of Dakota County, approximately 21 miles south of downtown St. Paul and 30 miles southeast of downtown Minneapolis. Hastings contains approximately 10 square miles and has an estimated population of 22,475 in 2024. Main throughfares in the Hastings area include U.S. Highways 10 and 61, and State Routes 55 and 316. Each of these highways provides access to nearby metropolitan centers.

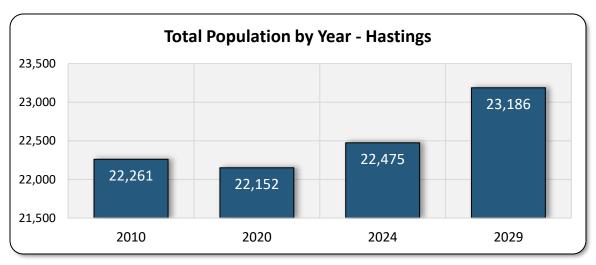




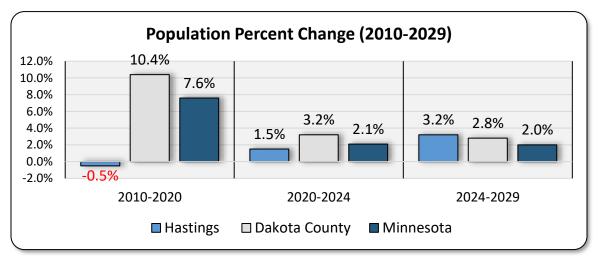
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Hastings. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Hastings and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



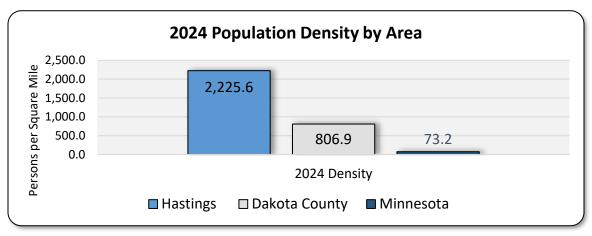
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in Hastings decreased by 109 (0.5%) between 2010 and 2020, while the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) each increased in population during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Hastings increased by 1.5% and projections indicate that the city's population will increase by 3.2% over the next five years. This is a higher projected rate of population increase than the increases projected for the county and state during this time period.

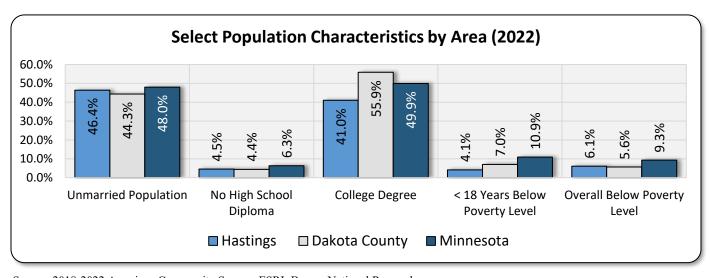
The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 2,225.6 persons per square mile, Hastings is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

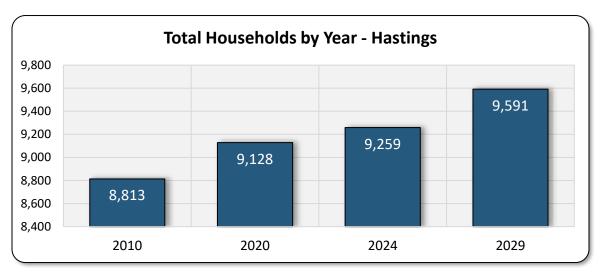
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



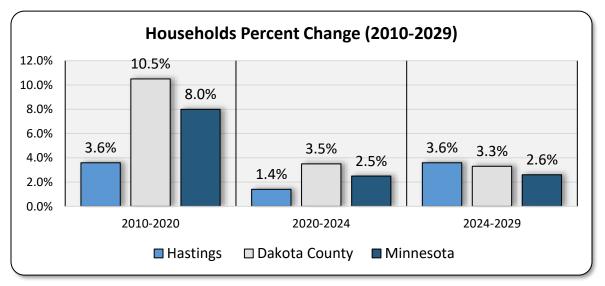
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, the shares of unmarried population (46.4%) and population without a high school diploma (4.5%) in Hastings are comparable to the shares in the county and state. The city has a lower share of individuals with a college degree (41.0%) compared to Dakota County and the state. Hastings also has lower poverty rates for children less than 18 years of age (4.1%) and the overall population (6.1%) when compared to the state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Hastings by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



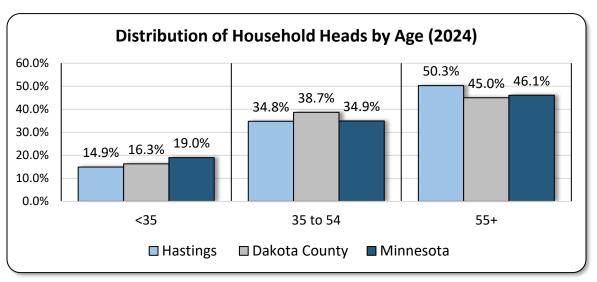
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



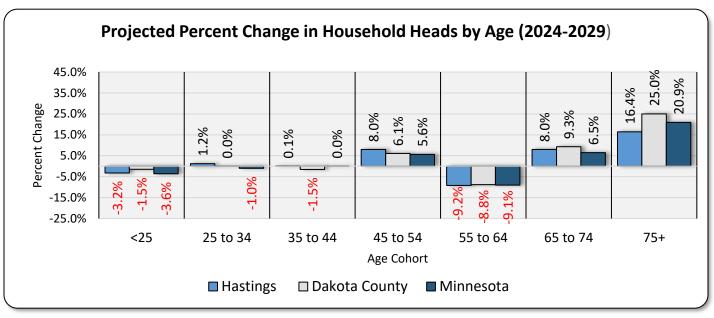
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Hastings increased by 315 (3.6%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percentage increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Hastings increased by 1.4%. It is projected that the number of households in the city will increase by 3.6% over the next five years, which is a higher rate of household growth compared to the county and state during this period. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected percent changes in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



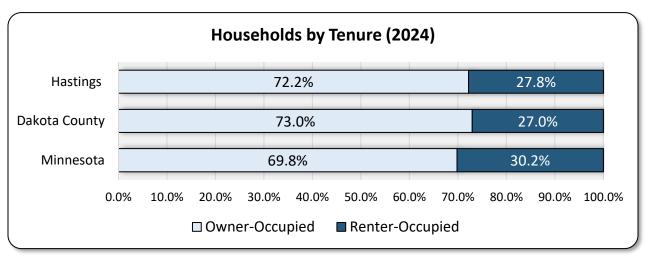
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



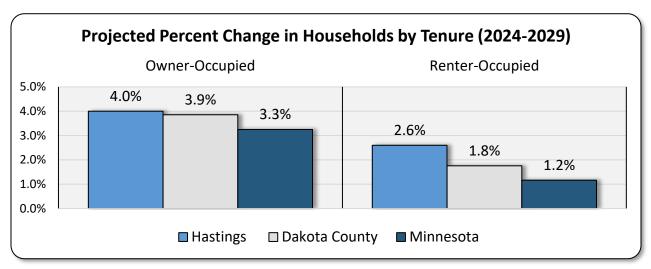
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that most households in Hastings (50.3%) are aged 55 and older, which is a higher share of older adult households compared to the county and state. Note that households headed by a person aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 16.4% during the next five years, while households between the ages of 65 and 74 and between the ages of 45 and 54 are projected to increase by 8.0% during this period. The overall projected changes in households by age in Hastings are broadly consistent with the projections for Dakota County and the state during this time.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



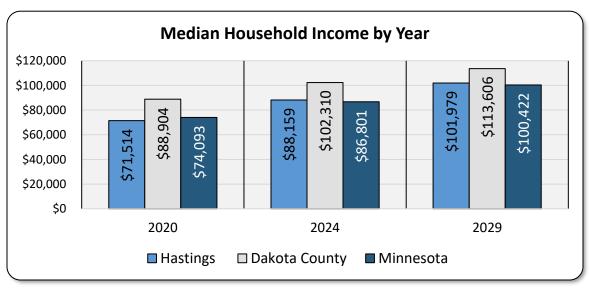
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Hastings (72.2% owners and 27.8% renters) is very comparable to the shares for the county, but more heavily weighted toward owner households when compared to the state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Hastings will increase by 4.0%, while the number of renter households will increase by 2.6%. This is a larger projected increase in both owner and renter households when compared to the county and state. The projected *increase* among owner and renter households in Hastings will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the rental and for-sale housing markets over the next five years. It is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors.

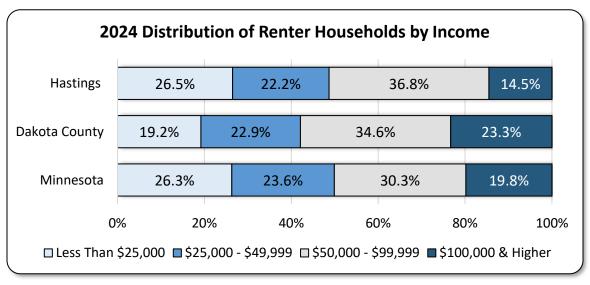
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

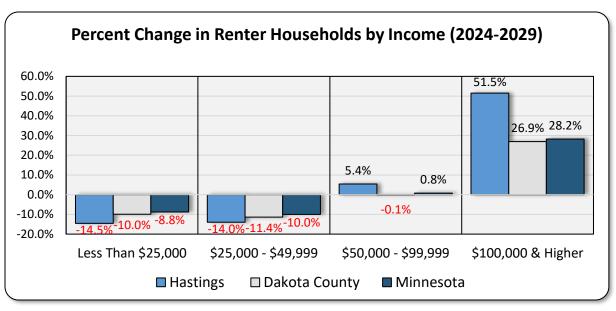


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Hastings (\$88,159) is 1.6% higher than the statewide median household income but 13.8% lower than that reported for the county. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Hastings will increase to \$101,979, or 15.7%. As such, the median household income in Hastings will remain slightly above that of the state (\$100,422), but lower than the county's median household income (\$113,606).

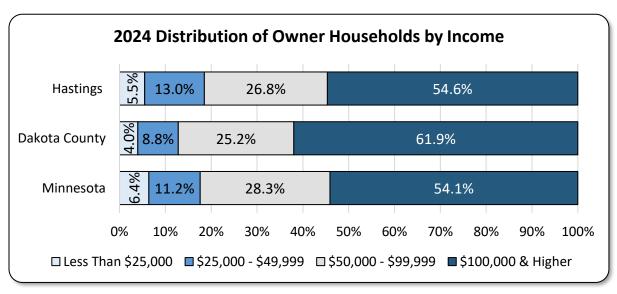
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

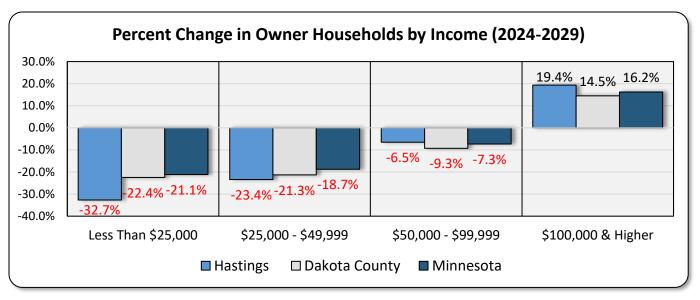




In 2024, Hastings has a smaller share (14.5%) of renter households with incomes of \$100,000 or higher but higher shares of households earning less than \$25,000 and between \$50,000 and \$99,999 when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in Hastings is projected to be among households earning \$100,000 or higher (51.5%), while those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 are projected to increase by 5.4% during this period. Note that the projected increase of high-income renter households (earning \$100,000 and higher) in the city is significantly higher than increases in the county and state.

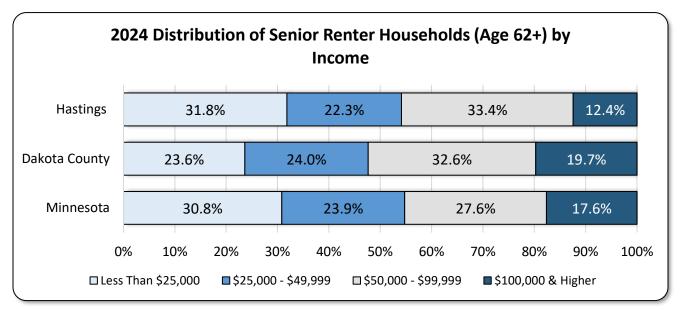
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

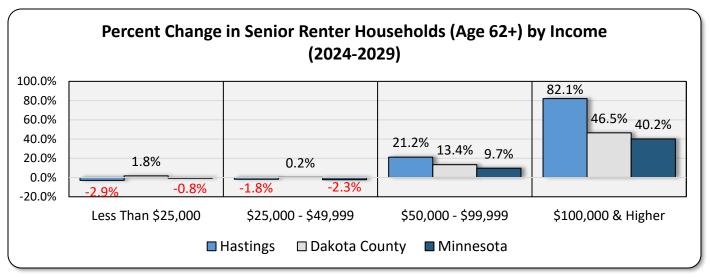




In 2024, the majority (54.6%) of Hastings owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a slightly higher share compared to the state (54.1%), but lower than the county share (61.9%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner households earning \$100,000 or higher are projected to increase, while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease during this period. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

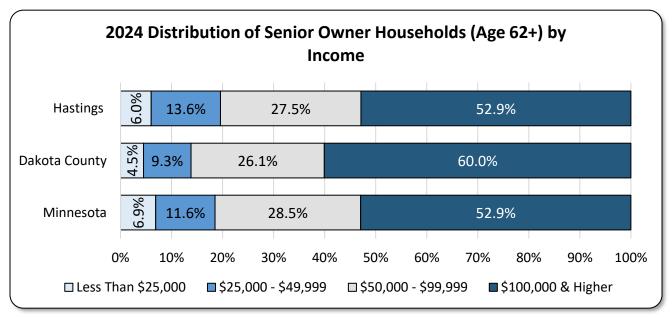
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

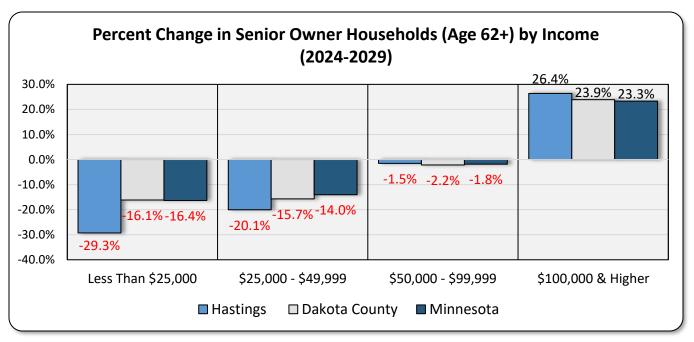




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Hastings earn between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (33.4%), followed by those earning less than \$25,000 (31.8%). Over the next five years, significant growth among senior renter households in Hastings is projected to occur among households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 82.1% during the time period. Senior renter households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 are also projected to increase (by 21.2%) during the next five years. By comparison, senior households earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decline in Hastings between 2024 and 2029.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Hastings earn \$100,000 or more (52.9%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (27.5%). Over the next five years, senior owner households in Hastings earning \$100,000 or more are projected to increase by 26.4%, while senior owner households earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease during this period. The projected growth among the highest income cohort and decrease among the lower income cohorts in Hastings is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

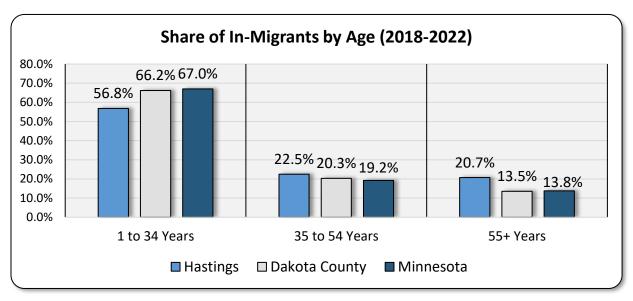
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration | | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 | 33,225 | 8.3% | 27,991 | -1,115 | 6,511 | 5,396 | | |
| | 2020-2023 | 7,562 | 1.7% | 5,686 | -928 | 2,430 | 1,502 | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

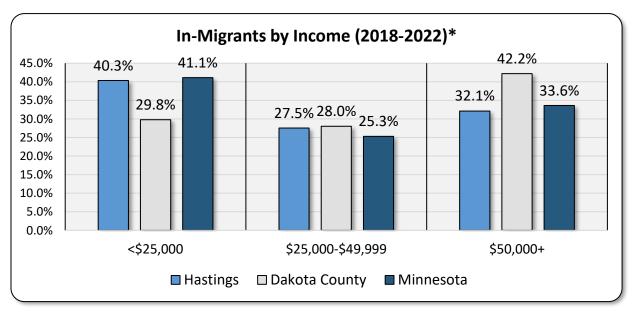
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Hastings, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County are likely to have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for Hastings is weighted toward those aged 35 and older, as the city has slightly higher shares of in-migrants between the ages of 35 and 54 (22.5%) and in-migrants aged 55 and older (20.7%) compared to the county and state. The distribution of in-migrants by income in Hastings is more heavily weighted toward lower income individuals, as 40.3% of in-migrants earn less than \$25,000.

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Hastings, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

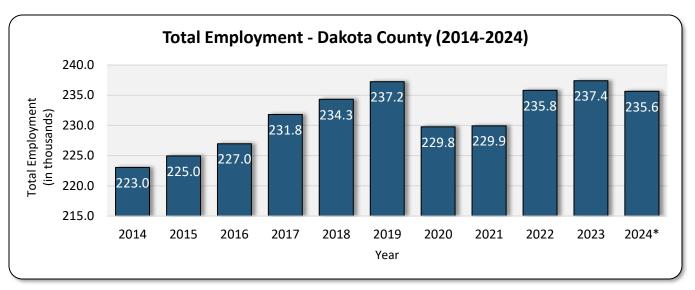
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| | Hast | ings | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 0 | 0 | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 4 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 0 | 0.0% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 378 | 3.2% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 1,595 | 13.4% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 112 | 0.9% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 1,266 | 10.6% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 377 | 3.2% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 63 | 0.5% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 237 | 2.0% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 209 | 1.8% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 593 | 5.0% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 0 | 0.0% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 240 | 2.0% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 1,088 | 9.1% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 1,605 | 13.5% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 207 | 1.7% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 934 | 7.8% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 675 | 5.7% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 2,324 | 19.5% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 22 | 0.2% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 11,929 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Hastings has an employment base of nearly 12,000 individuals that is concentrated within several employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Public Administration (19.5%), Health Care & Social Assistance (13.5%), Manufacturing (13.4%), Retail Trade (10.6%), and Educational Services (9.1%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 66.1% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

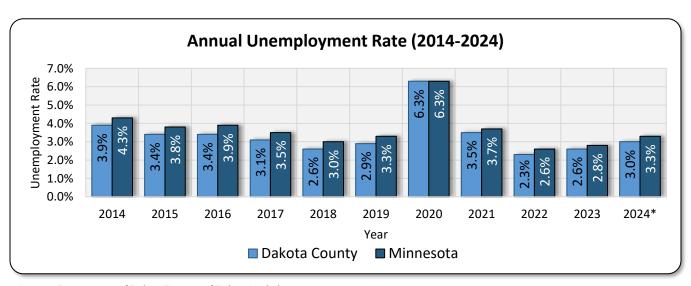


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

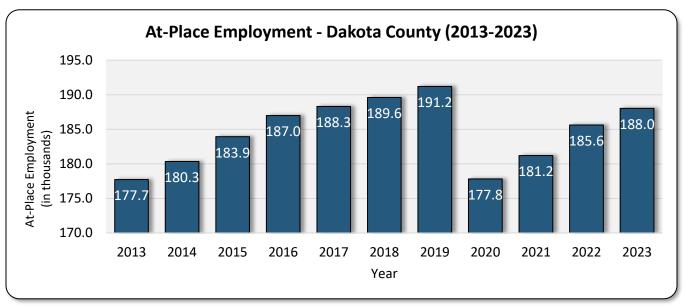


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which none are located within Hastings. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

The following table summarizes recent and/or ongoing economic development projects identified within Hastings:

| Economic Development Activity - Hastings | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name | Investment | Job Creation | Scope of Work/Details | | | | | |
| The Confluence | Multimillion (\$) | 55 | Completed: In 2023, The Confluence opened in a former manufacturing building that was redeveloped into a boutique hotel, apartments, office space, and a restaurant. | | | | | |
| Minnesota Veterans Home Hastings Campus | \$221 million | N/A | Proposed: Plans include the demolition of five buildings, which will be replaced with one building that will consolidate veterans' housing and services. All phases, including predesign to construction, could take up to 42 months. | | | | | |

N/A – Not Available

As the preceding illustrates, a multimillion-dollar economic project was recently completed within Hastings and a new \$221 million project was recently proposed. The redevelopment of a former manufacturing building into a mixed-use project, which was completed in 2023, created approximately 55 new jobs in the area and provides a source of additional rental housing. This economic activity will likely have a positive impact on the community and labor market in the years to come.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Hastings.

| | Commuting Attributes - Hastings, Minnesota | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|-----------|----------|----------|------------|---------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Drove | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Alone | Carpooled | Transit | Walked | Means | at Home | Total | | | | |
| Number | 9,338 | 536 | 56 | 362 | 61 | 1,066 | 11,419 | | | | |
| Percent | 81.8% | 4.7% | 0.5% | 3.2% | 0.5% | 9.3% | 100.0% | | | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | | | |
| | Less Than | 15 to 29 | 30 to 44 | 45 to 59 | 60 or More | Worked | | | | | |
| | 15 Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | at Home | Total | | | | |
| Number | 3,454 | 2,901 | 2,682 | 920 | 396 | 1,066 | 11,419 | | | | |
| Percent | 30.2% | 25.4% | 23.5% | 8.1% | 3.5% | 9.3% | 100.0% | | | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 86.5% of individuals in Hastings utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 55.6% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 9.3% working from

home. As the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, only 0.5% of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

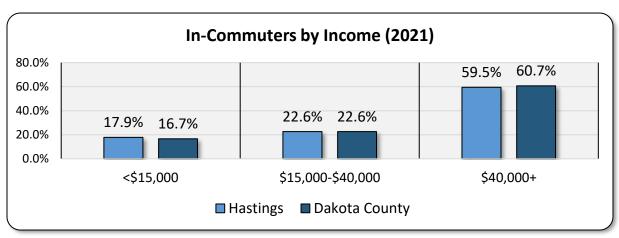
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Hastings based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 7,597 persons *employed* in Hastings, 66.3% (5,036) originate from outside the city, while 33.7% (2,561) live within the city. Nearly 8,800 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 5,036 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Hastings.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Hastings and Dakota County.

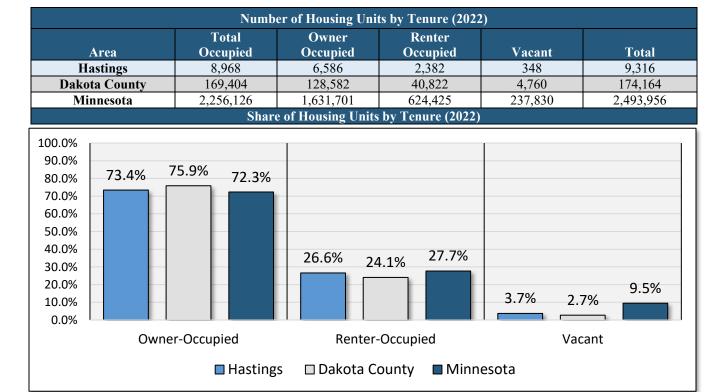


Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (59.5%) of in-commuters to Hastings earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 22.6% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 17.9% earn less than \$15,000 annually. While the majority of in-commuters earn \$40,000 or more, the data indicates there is a slightly higher proportion of lower income in-commuters within Hastings when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 5,036 in-commuters to live within Hastings.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 8,968 total *occupied* housing units in Hastings, 73.4% are owner occupied and 26.6% are renter occupied. The distribution of occupied units by tenure is slightly more weighted toward renter-occupied units compared to the county, but slightly more weighted toward owner-occupied housing when compared to the state. Among the 9,316 total housing units in Hastings, only 3.7% (348 units) are classified as vacant. The share of vacant units in Hastings is lower than the share (9.5%) for the state. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Ren | ıter | Ow | ner | Renter | | Owner | | Renter | | Owner | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Hastings | 515 | 24.4% | 1,873 | 42.4% | 64 | 3.0% | 12 | 0.3% | 79 | 3.7% | 4 | 0.1% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Hastings, 24.4% of the renter-occupied housing units and 42.4% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are notably higher than the county shares of such housing, though the share of older renter-occupied units in the city is significantly lower than the statewide share of 35.9%. The shares of overcrowded renter housing units (3.0%) and owner housing units (0.3%) are lower than county and statewide shares, while the share of renter-occupied (3.7%) housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchens is slightly higher than county and state shares of such housing. Overall, there are approximately 143 renter households and 16 owner households in Hastings living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------|--|-------|--|
| | 2024 | 2024 Median HH | 2024 Median | 2022 Median | 2022 Share of Cost Burdened HH* | | 2022 Share of Severe Cost Burdened HH** | | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner | |
| Hastings | 9,259 | \$88,159 | \$349,101 | \$1,146 | 42.0% | 19.2% | 21.0% | 6.9% | |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% | |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH-Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Hastings of \$349,101 is 15.6% lower than the median home value within the county and 3.1% lower than the median home value for the state. The median gross rent of \$1,146 in the city is 18.7% lower than that reported for Dakota County and 2.7% lower than the state. With a median household income of \$88,159 in Hastings, approximately 42.0% of renter households and 19.2% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are approximately 1,000 renter households and 1,265 owner households in Hastings that are housing cost burdened, of which over 950 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

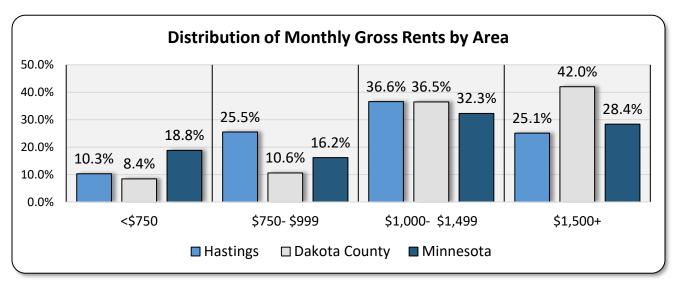
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Occupied Housing by Units in Structu | | | | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | |
|------------|---------|---|-----------------|----------------------|---------|--|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | |
| Hastings | Number | 908 | 1,474 | 0 | 2,382 | 6,380 | 185 | 21 | 6,586 | |
| Hastings | Percent | 38.1% | 61.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 96.9% | 2.8% | 0.3% | 100.0% | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | |
| Milliesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 38.1% of the *rental* units in Hastings are within structures of four units or less. Overall, the city's share (61.9%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) is within the range of such units compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Therefore, the majority of renter-occupied housing units in the city are comprised of multifamily rentals. Among *owner*-occupied units in Hastings, 97.2% are within structures of four units or less or mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 38.1% of all rental units in Hastings classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (36.6%) of Hastings rental units have gross rents between \$1,000 and \$1,499, followed by units with gross rents between \$750 and \$999 (25.5%). Approximately one-quarter (25.1%) of rentals in the area have gross rents of \$1,500 and higher. The distribution of gross rents in Hastings is much more heavily weighted toward product with gross rents between \$750 and \$999 when compared to the county and state, and there is a notably smaller share of units in Hastings with rents of \$1,500 or more as compared to the county.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Hastings and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--|--------|--------|---------|------------------------------|--------|------------|--|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | | |
| | Projects | Total | Vacant | Vacancy | Market- | Tax | Government | | |
| | Surveyed | Units | Units | Rate | Rate | Credit | Subsidized | | |
| Hastings | 17 | 1,269 | 122 | 9.6% | 14.0% | 0.7% | 0.0% | | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Hastings, a total of 17 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 1,269 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 90.4% occupied, with a total of 122 vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Hastings is considered low due to vacancies at market-rate properties, which contain 120 of the 122 vacant units among properties surveyed in the city. Note that a significant number of vacant units are within a recently opened market-rate property that is still within its initial lease-up period. Only two vacant units are within Tax Credit properties, while there are no vacancies at government-subsidized properties surveyed in Hastings. The occupancy rates among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units are high, and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Hastings. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the city.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Hastings and Dakota County.

| Median Ren | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| Hastings | \$974 | \$1,275 | \$1,650 | \$2,235 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | | |
| - | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | | |
| Hastings | \$504 | \$920 | \$1,472 | - | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for a typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Hastings (\$974) is nearly twice as high as the comparable one-bedroom Tax Credit unit (\$504) in the area. Note that the median rents for one- and two-bedroom market-rate and Tax Credit units in Hastings are less than or equal to the corresponding median rents in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents steadily increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Hastings and Dakota County, many low-income households are likely to seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and/or mobile homes and account for 38.1% of the total rental units in Hastings.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified four non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Hastings. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Su | Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hastings | 908 | 4 | 0.4% | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of four available units identified, Hastings has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.4% for non-conventional rentals, which is slightly lower than the vacancy rate for Dakota County. This is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Hastings and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Bedroom | Vacant Units | Rent Range | Median Rent | Median Rent Per Square Foot |
| Hastings | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 | \$910 | \$910 | \$1.01 |
| Three-Bedroom | 2 | \$2,075 - \$2,950 | \$2,513 | \$1.60 |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,400 | \$2,400 | \$0.90 |
| Total | 4 | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 |
| Tr. 4 1 | 0.2 | | • | • |

Total 83
Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

The four available non-conventional rentals in Hastings consist of a two-bedroom unit, two (2) three-bedroom units, and a four-bedroom unit. Median rents range from \$910 for a two-bedroom unit to \$2,513 for a three-bedroom unit. When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the identified non-conventional rentals in Hastings have gross rents ranging from \$1,210 to \$2,813. While the rent for the non-conventional two-bedroom unit is lower than comparable multifamily market-rate units surveyed in the city, the non-conventional three-bedroom and four-bedroom units have rents that exceed the median rents for the highest-priced multifamily rental product. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Hastings and Dakota County.

| Hastings - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Type Homes Median Price | | | | | | | | | |
| Hastings | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 17 | \$345,000 | | | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 1,114 | \$302,000 | | | | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in Hastings as of July 31, 2024 consists of 17 total units with a median list price of \$345,000. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Hastings consisted of 1,114 homes with a median sales price of \$302,000, which is 20.5% lower than the median sales price reported for homes sold within Dakota County during this time period.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

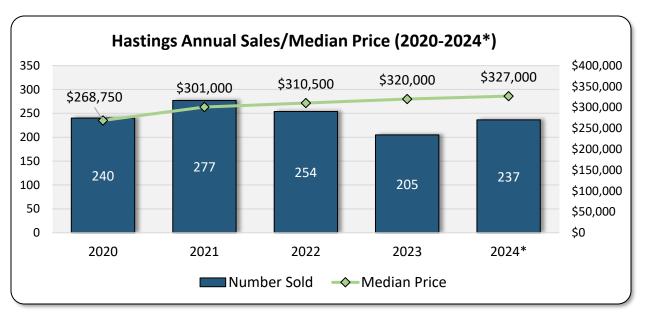
| Sa | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Hastings (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Number Percent Median Percent Year Sold Change Sales Price Change | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 240 | - | \$268,750 | - | | | | | | |
| 2021 | 277 | 15.4% | \$301,000 | 12.0% | | | | | | |
| 2022 | 254 | -8.3% | \$310,500 | 3.2% | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 205 | -19.3% | \$320,000 | 3.1% | | | | | | |
| 2024* | 138 (237) | (15.6%) | \$327,000 | 2.2% | | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Hastings increased by 15.4% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year; however, projections indicate that sales volume will increase 15.6% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city increased year over year during the sales period. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Hastings increased by 21.7% between January 2020 and July 2024.

The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Hastings and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

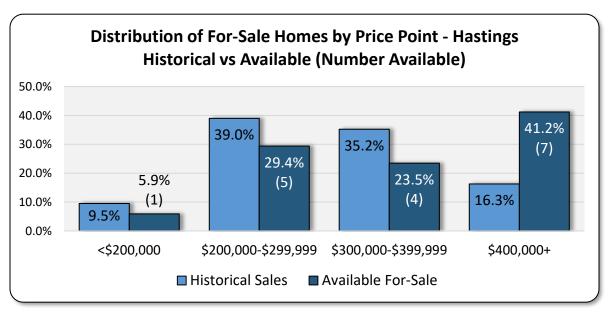
| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|--------|------|-----|-----------|-----------|----|------|--|
| Total Months Average Available Share of Availability Supply of Average Median Days Average Area Units County Rate Inventory List Price List Price on Market Year Built | | | | | | | | | |
| Hastings | 17 | 2.9% | 0.3% | 0.9 | \$383,594 | \$345,000 | 29 | 1976 | |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 17 available for-sale homes in Hastings represent 2.9% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.3% when compared to the 6,586 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents less than one *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of

29 days and an average year built of 1976. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Hastings:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, there is extremely limited availability of for-sale homes in Hastings regardless of price point. Note that there is only one unit available for sale in the city priced below \$200,000 and only six available units priced below \$300,000. By comparison, the overall share of available homes priced above \$400,000 is significantly higher than homes sold at this price point during the historical sales period. However, there are only seven homes available for sale at \$400,000 or higher in Hastings. The lack of available housing at all price points is likely to create affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, as well as impact the ability of higher-income households to locate suitable housing. These factors may limit the city's ability to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Hastings and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------|----------|----------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Base Monthly | | | | | | | | | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | | | | |
| Hastings | | | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 1 | 47 | 0 | 100.0% | 86.8% | \$1,506-\$2,500 | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 2 | 99 | 0 | 100.0% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$3,735 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 2 | 129 | 9 | 93.0% | 82.0% | \$11,832-\$12,167 | | | | |
| Total | 5 | 275 | 9 | 96.7% | - | \$1,506-\$12,167 | | | | |
| | | | Dakot | a County | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | | | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of five senior care projects were surveyed within Hastings. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 96.7%. The independent living and assisted living facilities surveyed in the city are fully occupied, while the overall occupancy rate (93.0%) for the two nursing facilities in Hastings is above the national median occupancy rate (82.0%). The high occupancy rates and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area suggest that there could be an increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rentals, for-sale housing, and senior care housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within Hastings.

| | Multifamily Rental Housing Development - Hastings | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | | | | | |
| Tyler Street Landing | | | | Planned: Additional details unavailable at the time | | | | | | |
| 315 3 rd St. | Market-Rate | 32 | Star Realty | of this analysis. | | | | | | |
| | For-S | Sale Housing D | evelopment - H | astings | | | | | | |
| | Product | | | | | | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | | | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Approximately one-quarter | | | | | | |
| Villas at Pleasant | | | | complete at time of study. Homes from \$494,900 to | | | | | | |
| Pleasant Dr. & Northridge Dr. | Villas | 32 | Epcon | \$640,990 and 1,418 sq. ft. to 2,832 sq. ft. | | | | | | |
| | | | | Approved: Some lots still available from previous | | | | | | |
| Heritage Ridge 4th Addition | | | | additions which will likely need sold before the 4 th | | | | | | |
| West of General Sieben Dr. & | Single- | | Creative | addition becomes available. Homes from \$391,900 | | | | | | |
| Northridge Dr. | Family | 36 | Homes | to \$584,900 and 1,296 sq. ft. to 3,354 sq. ft. | | | | | | |

| Senior Care Housing Development | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | er Status/ Details | | | | | |
| | Assisted | | | Under Construction: This community will | | | | | |
| Vermillion Acres Senior Housing. | Living & | | Real Estate | include both assisted living and memory care. ECD | | | | | |
| 1190 County Rd. 47 | Memory Care | 75 | Equities | unknown. | | | | | |
| | Assisted | | | | | | | | |
| Suite Living, Memory Care Facility | Living & | | Suite Living | Planned: Construction to start spring 2025; Unit | | | | | |
| SE Corner 33rd St. & Vermillion St. | Memory Care | 32 | Senior Care | mix and ECD unknown. | | | | | |

ECD – Estimated Completion Date

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-todate version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Hastings. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Hastings has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 1,483 units, with a gap of 402 rental units and a gap of 1,081 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Hastings.

| | | | Hastings Housing | Gap Estimates | | |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | |
| Household Income | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap |
| | | Five-Year | Estimates (2024-202 | 29) | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 53 | 67 | 130 | 92 | 60 | 402 |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 87 | 261 | 532 | 201 | 1,081 |
| | | 10-Year | Estimates (2024-203 | 4) | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 106 | 134 | 260 | 216 | 120 | 836 |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 174 | 522 | 1,064 | 402 | 2,162 |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears the greatest *rental* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning between 61% and 80% of AMHI, while the greatest *for-sale* housing gap in the city is for product

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Hastings (4-person limit)

serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within Hastings should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Hastings.

| SWOT A | Analysis |
|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses |
| Household growth of 5.1% (2010-2024) Positive household income growth projections A significant share of jobs based in the city are within stable industries (e.g., public administration and health care) | Few vacancies among Tax Credit apartments. No vacancies among subsidized multifamily apartments Extremely low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing |
| Opportunities | Threats |
| Housing need of 402 rental units Housing need of 1,081 for-sale units Attract some of the 5,036 non-residents commuting into Hastings for work to live in the city Relatively young base of in-migrants with a variety of income levels | Rising cost of for-sale housing coupled with relatively low household income levels Older average housing inventory subject to deterioration/neglect Hastings risks losing some of the 8,774 residents that commute out of the city for employment |

Hastings experienced notable positive household growth since 2010, and household growth is projected to continue over the next five years. In fact, the rate of household growth in the city is projected to exceed that of the county and state during this period. A significant share of employment in the city is based within stable industries, which may help retain existing households and potentially attract additional households to the city. Despite these positive attributes, Hastings has very low vacancy rates among affordable multifamily and non-conventional rentals and an extremely low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs and a significant number of residents commuting outside the city for employment may increase the likelihood of households relocating outside the city to find suitable housing. However, the city has a total housing gap of 1,483 units and over 5,000 non-residents commuting into the city daily for employment. This represents a significant development opportunity, which will contribute to positive household growth in Hastings and support a growing local economy.

ADDENDUM I: CITY OF INVER GROVE HEIGHTS OVERVIEW

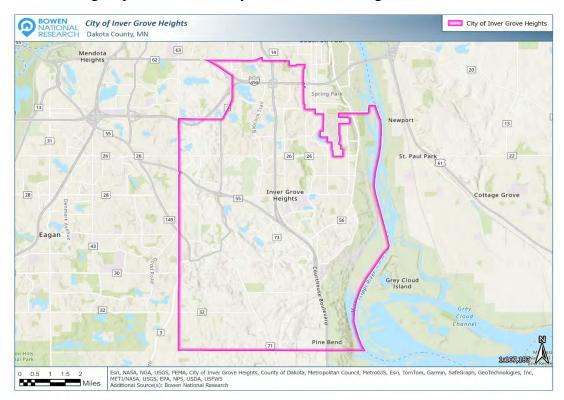
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Inver Grove Heights. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Inver Grove Heights were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. INTRODUCTION

Inver Grove Heights is located in the northern portion of Dakota County, approximately 19 miles southeast of Minneapolis. Inver Grove Heights contains approximately 30 square miles and has an estimated population of 36,596 in 2024. U.S. Highway 52 runs north/south generally through the center of the city while State Routes 3 and 55 serve the western portion of the city. This provides access to nearby metropolitan centers.

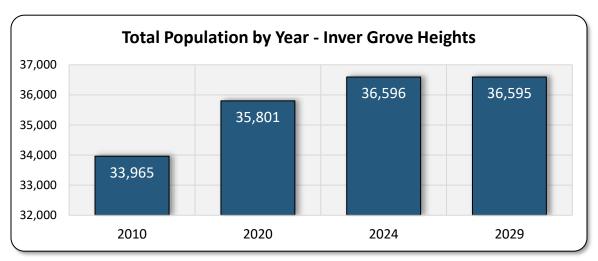
The following map illustrates the city of Inver Grove Heights.



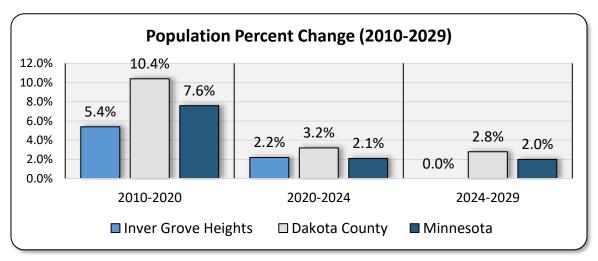
B. DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Inver Grove Heights. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Inver Grove Heights and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



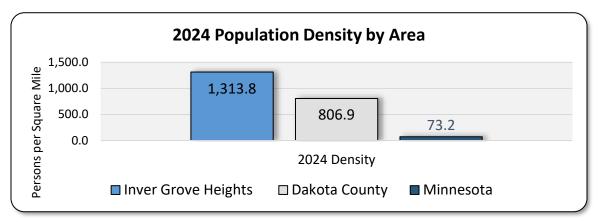
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

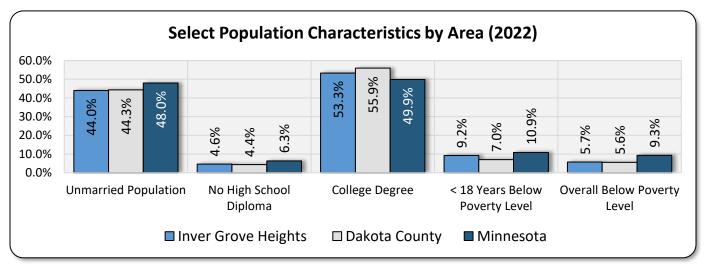
The population in Inver Grove Heights increased by 1,836 (5.4%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percent increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Inver Grove Heights increased by 2.2%. The population within the city is projected to remain stable over the next five years. Comparatively, the county and state are projected to increase in population by 2.8% and 2.0%, respectively, during this time period.





With a population density of 1,313.8 persons per square mile, Inver Grove Heights is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

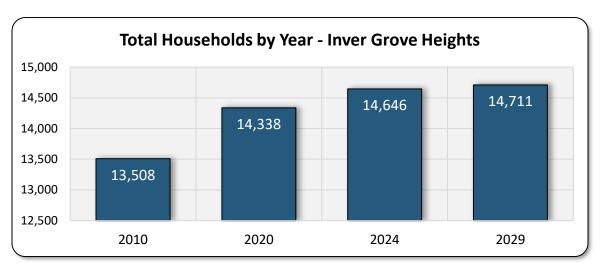
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



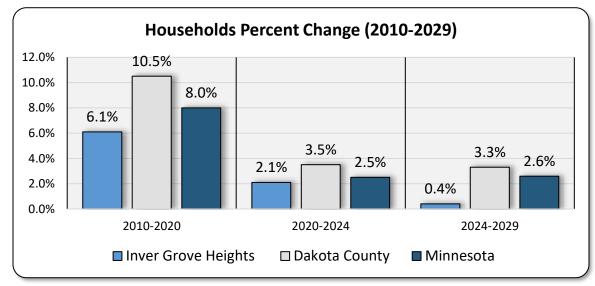
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Inver Grove Heights has similar shares of unmarried population (44.0%), population without a high school diploma (4.6%), and individuals with a college degree (53.3%) when compared to Dakota County. The two educational attainment factors likely have a positive influence on income potential and housing affordability. Overall, Inver Grove Heights has a lower poverty rate for children less than 18 years of age (9.2%) and a much lower overall poverty rate (5.7%) when compared to the state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Inver Grove Heights by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



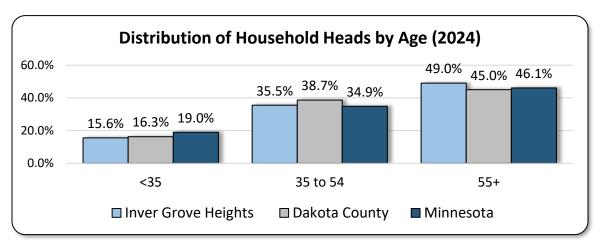
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



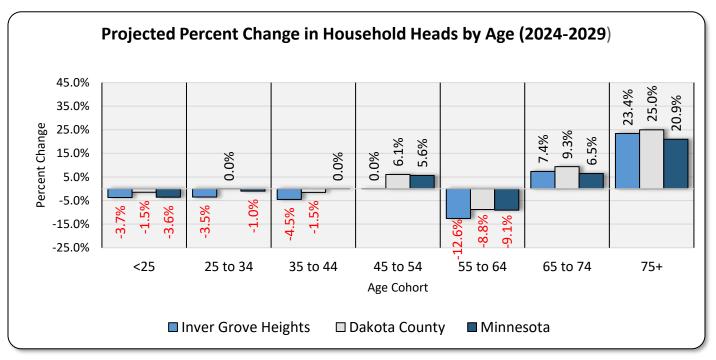
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Inver Grove Heights increased by 830 (6.1%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percent increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Inver Grove Heights increased by 2.1% and the household base within the city is projected to increase by 0.4% over the next five years. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected percent change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



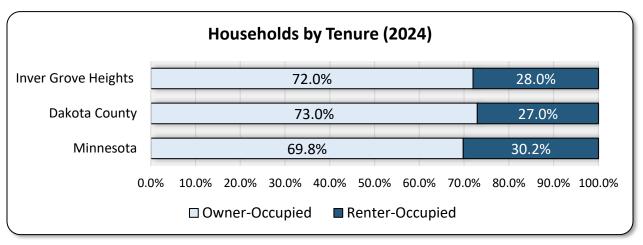
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



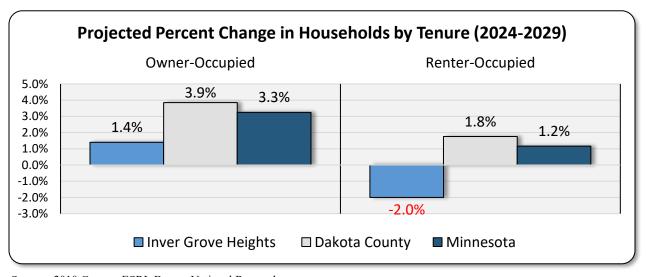
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County households in 2024 are more heavily concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to the state. While households aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 23.4% in Inver Grove Heights over the next five years, households between the ages of 65 and 74 (7.4%) are also expected to increase. The overall projected changes in households by age in Inver Grove Heights are broadly consistent with the projections for Dakota County and the state during this time.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



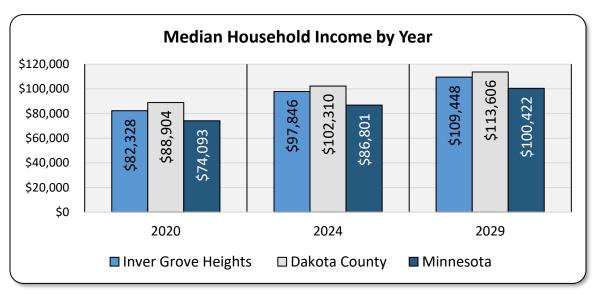
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Inver Grove Heights (72.0% owners and 28.0% renters) is very comparable to the shares for the county, but more heavily weighted toward owners when compared to the state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Inver Grove Heights will increase by 1.4%, while the number of renter households will decline by 2.0%. This is a smaller increase in owner households and a contrasting projection for renter households when compared to the county and state. However, it is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors. The *increase* among owner households in Inver Grove Heights will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the for-sale housing market over the next five years.

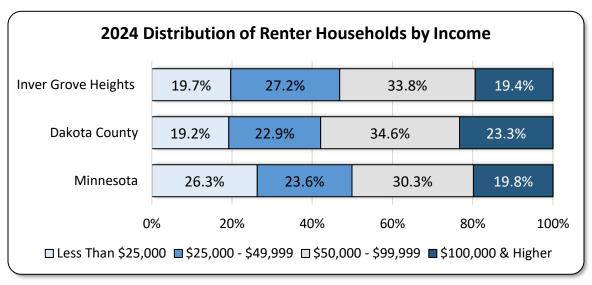
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

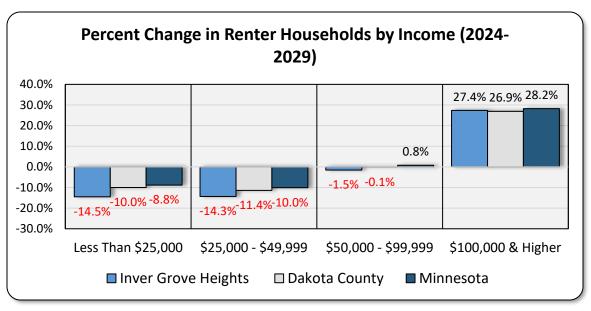


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Inver Grove Heights (\$97,846) is 12.7% higher than the statewide median household income but 4.4% lower than the countywide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Inver Grove Heights will increase to \$109,448, or an increase of 11.9%. As such, the median household income in Inver Grove Heights will remain well above that of the state (\$100,422), but slightly lower than the county (\$113,606).

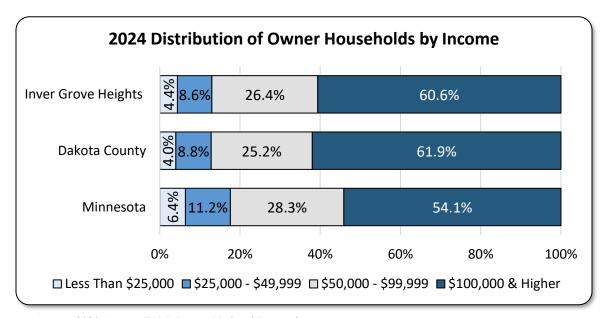
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

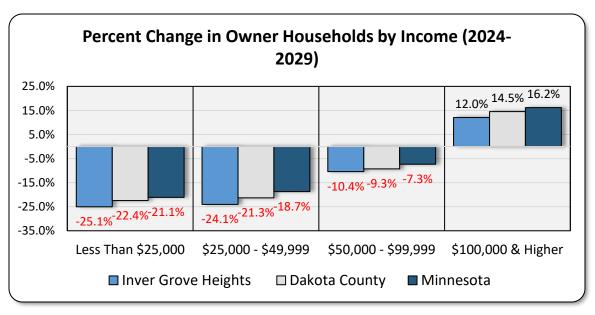




In 2024, Inver Grove Heights has a larger share of renter households with incomes of \$25,000 to \$49,999 when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in Inver Grove Heights is projected to be among households earning \$100,000 or higher (27.4%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decline in number. Despite these changes, a substantial share of renter households in Inver Grove Heights will continue to earn less than \$100,000.

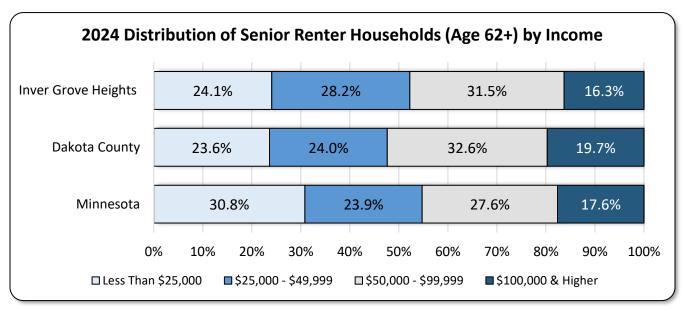
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

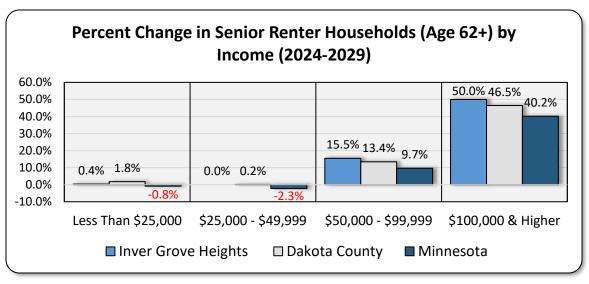




In 2024, the majority (60.6%) of Inver Grove Heights owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a higher share compared to the state (54.1%), but lower than the county share (61.9%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected to be confined to households earning \$100,000 or higher (12.0%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

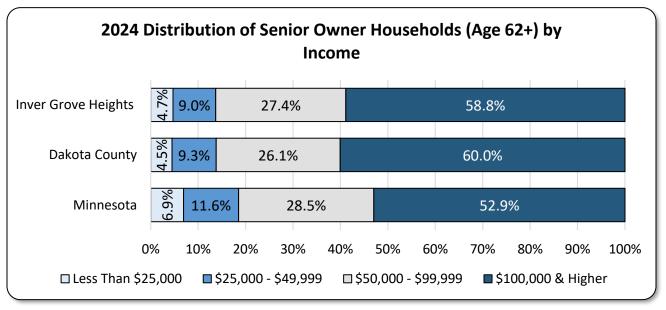
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

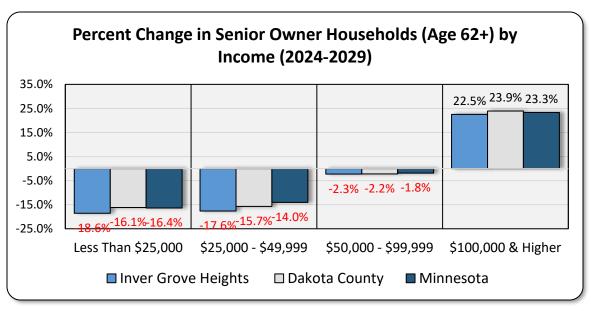




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Inver Grove Heights earn between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (31.5%), followed by those earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (28.2%). Over the next five years, growth among senior households in Inver Grove Heights is primarily projected to occur among households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 50.0% during the time period. While 15.5% growth is projected for senior households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999, the number of senior households earning less than \$50,000 is projected to marginally increase between 2024 and 2029.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Inver Grove Heights earn \$100,000 or more (58.8%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (27.4%). Over the next five years, projected growth among senior owner households in Inver Grove Heights is confined to households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 22.5% during the time period. The projected growth among the highest income cohort and decline among the lower income cohorts in Inver Grove Heights is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for <u>Dakota County</u> between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

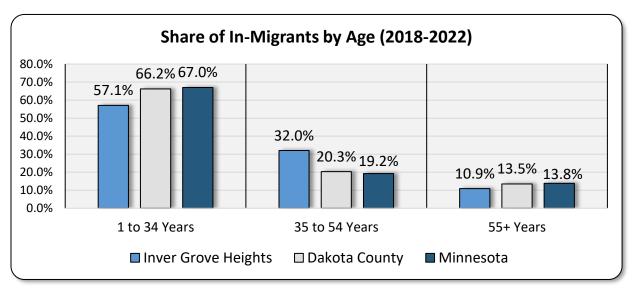
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| Net Net Total Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 | 33,225 | 8.3% | 27,991 | -1,115 | 6,511 | 5,396 | | | |
| Dakota County | 2020-2023 | 7,562 | 1.7% | 5,686 | -928 | 2,430 | 1,502 | | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

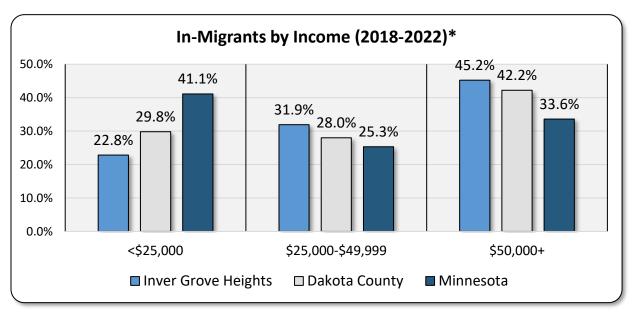
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Inver Grove Heights, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, there is a notably lower share of in-migrants less than 35 years of age (57.1%) and a higher share of in-migrants between the ages of 35 and 54 (32.0%) in Inver Grove Heights. While the distribution of in-migrants by income in Inver Grove Heights is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more, the data illustrates that notable shares of in-migrants earn less than \$25,000 (22.8%) and between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (31.9%).

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Inver Grove Heights, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

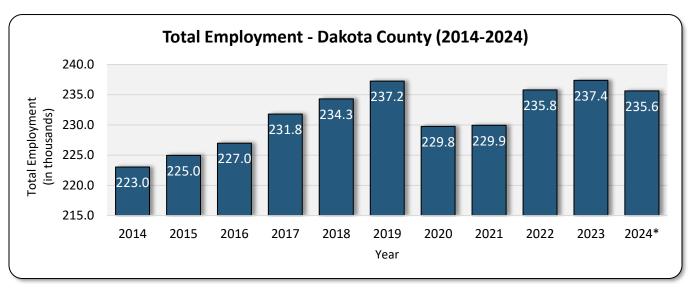
| | | | Employment | by Industry | | |
|--|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Inver Gro | ve Heights | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 39 | 0.3% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 8 | 0.1% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 702 | 5.8% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 1,911 | 15.8% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 804 | 6.6% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 2,301 | 19.0% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 297 | 2.5% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 121 | 1.0% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 314 | 2.6% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 247 | 2.0% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 443 | 3.7% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 17 | 0.1% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 350 | 2.9% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 976 | 8.1% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 1,366 | 11.3% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 313 | 2.6% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 789 | 6.5% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 697 | 5.8% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 377 | 3.1% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 23 | 0.2% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 12,095 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Inver Grove Heights has an employment base of more than 12,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Retail Trade (19.0%), Manufacturing (15.8%), Health Care and Social Assistance (11.3%), Educational Services (8.1%), and Wholesale Trade (6.6%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 60.8% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

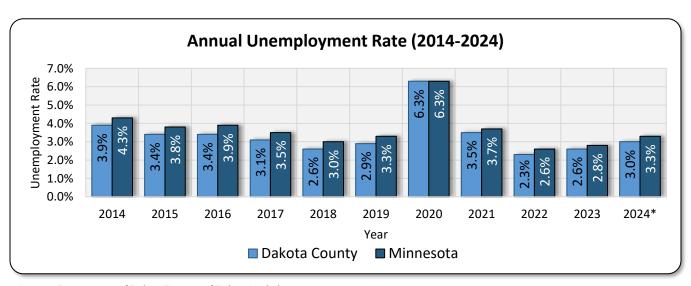


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

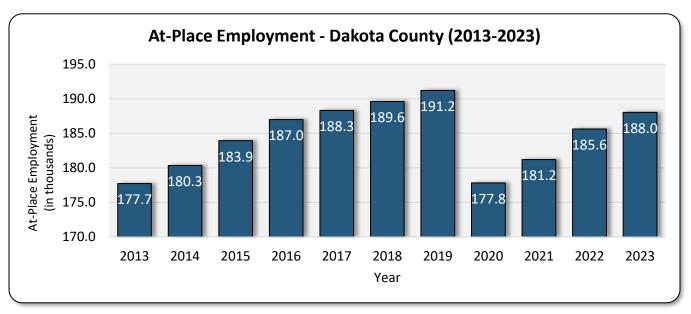


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, none of which are located within Inver Grove Heights. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

While no major economic development projects were identified within Inver Grove Heights at the time of research, it should be noted that over \$800 million in economic development projects has either been recently completed or is currently under construction in Dakota County. Overall, these projects have an estimated initial job creation of at least 250 new jobs within county; however, it should be noted that a number of the projects did not disclose job creation estimates. Regardless, economic and infrastructure investments within the county will likely have a positive influence on the local economy.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Inver Grove Heights.

| | Commuting Attributes Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota Mode | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Drove Public Other Worked Alone Carpooled Transit Walked Means at Home Total | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number | 13,317 | 1,088 | 484 | 304 | 279 | 3,681 | 19,153 | | | | |
| Percent | 69.5% | 5.7% | 2.5% | 1.6% | 1.5% | 19.2% | 100.0% | | | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | | | |
| | Less Than 15 Minutes | 15 to 29 Minutes | 30 to 44 Minutes | 45 to 59 Minutes | 60 or More Minutes | Worked at Home | Total | | | | |
| Number | 3,958 | 6,564 | 3,525 | 876 | 549 | 3,681 | 19,153 | | | | |
| Percent | 20.7% | 34.3% | 18.4% | 4.6% | 2.9% | 19.2% | 100.0% | | | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 75.2% of individuals in Inver Grove Heights utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 55.0% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 19.2% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, a noteworthy share (2.5%) of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

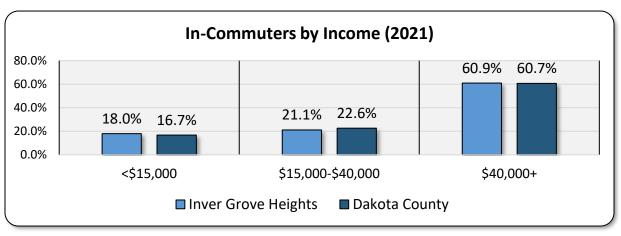
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Inver Grove Heights based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 9,379 persons *employed* in Inver Grove Heights, 87.3% (8,191) originate from outside the city, while 12.7% (1,188) live within the city. Over 15,000 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 8,191 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Inver Grove Heights.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County.

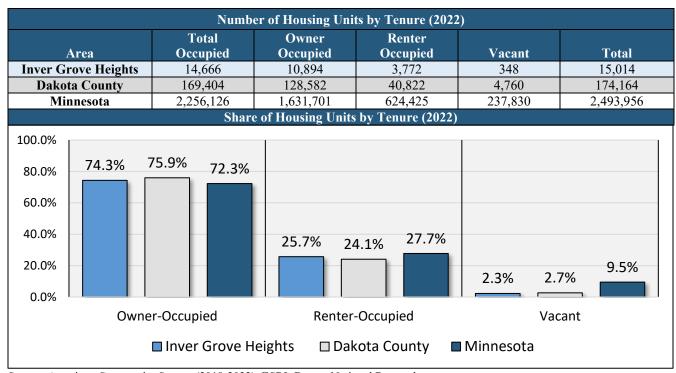


Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (60.9%) of in-commuters to Inver Grove Heights earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 21.1% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 18.0% earn less than \$15,000 annually. While the majority of incommuters earn \$40,000 or more, the data indicates there is a slightly higher proportion of low-income in-commuters within Inver Grove Heights when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 8,191 in-commuters to live within Inver Grove Heights.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 14,666 total *occupied* housing units in Inver Grove Heights, 74.3% are owner occupied and 25.7% are renter occupied. This is a similar distribution of occupied units by tenure compared to the county, but slightly more weighted toward owner-occupied housing when compared to the state. Among the 15,014 total housing units in Inver Grove Heights, only 2.3% (348 units) are classified as vacant. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Renter Owner | | ner | Renter Owner | | | Renter | | Owner | | | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Inver Grove Heights | 433 | 11.1% | 2,327 | 21.1% | 196 | 5.0% | 46 | 0.4% | 0 | 0.0% | 48 | 0.4% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Inver Grove Heights, 11.1% of the renter-occupied housing units and 21.1% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. These are similar to, if not lower than, the shares reported for the county and are well below the statewide shares of such units. This represents an inventory of modern housing units as compared to the state. While the share of overcrowded renter housing units (5.0%) is comparable to the county and statewide shares, the share of owner housing units with this issue (0.4%) is lower than the comparison areas. No renter-occupied housing units have incomplete plumbing or kitchens, though 0.4% of owner-occupied housing units have this issue. The share of owner-occupied housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchens is marginally higher than the countywide share but lower than the statewide share. Overall, there are 196 renter households and 94 owner households in Inver Grove Heights living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|---|------------|-------------------|---|-------|--------|-----------|--|--|
| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2022 | 2022 Share of Cost 2022 Share of Severe | | | | | |
| | 2024 | Median HH | Median | Median | Burdened HH* Cost Burdened HH | | | ened HH** | | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 14,646 | \$97,846 | \$402,929 | \$1,324 | 47.5% | 17.9% | 20.8% | 5.6% | | |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% | | |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH – Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Inver Grove Heights of \$402,929 is 11.9% higher than the median home value for the state, while the median gross rent of \$1,324 in the area is 12.4% higher than the state. With a median household income of \$97,846 in Inver Grove Heights, approximately 47.5% of renter households and 17.9% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are roughly 1,792 renter

households and 1,950 owner households in Inver Grove Heights that are housing cost burdened, of which nearly 1,400 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

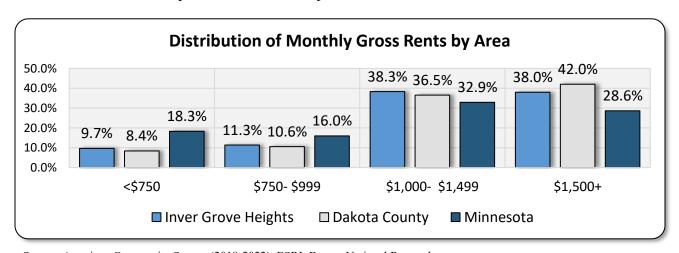
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | cupied Hous | ing by Units in | Structure | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | |
|--------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile Home/Other | Total |
| Inver Grove | Number | or Less 1,080 | or More 2,532 | 160 | 3,772 | or Less 10,162 | or More 208 | 524 | Total 10,894 |
| Heights | Percent | 28.6% | 67.1% | 4.2% | 100.0% | 93.3% | 1.9% | 4.8% | 100.0% |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% |
| Minnegate | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 |
| Minnesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 32.8% of the *rental* units in Inver Grove Heights are within structures of four units or less or mobile homes. Overall, Inver Grove Heights has a higher share (67.1%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Among *owner*-occupied units in Inver Grove Heights, 98.1% are within structures of four units or less and mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 32.8% of all rental units in Inver Grove Heights classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure and mobile homes), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (38.3%) of Inver Grove Heights rental units have rents between \$1,000 and \$1,499, followed closely by units with gross rents of \$1,500 or more (38.0%). Although less in share, 21.0% of rentals in the area have rents below \$1,000. While these distributions are very similar to Dakota County, both areas have distributions that are much more heavily concentrated among the higher gross rent cohorts compared to the state.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy | Rate by Pr | ogram Type | |
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | Market- Rate | Tax Credit | Government Subsidized | |
| Inver Grove Heights | 16 | 1,994 | 33 | 1.7% | 2.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Inver Grove Heights, a total of 16 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 1,994 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 98.3% occupied, with a total of 33 vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Inver Grove Heights is considered high. The occupancy rates among the various program types are high and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Inver Grove Heights. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the area.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County.

| Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | \$1,300 | \$1,500 | \$1,799 | \$1,735 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | | |
| - | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | \$504 | \$746 | \$1,565 | \$1,540 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Inver Grove Heights (\$1,300) is more than double the rent for a comparable Tax Credit unit (\$504) in the area. The median rents for most market-rate units in Inver Grove Heights are lower than the corresponding rents in Dakota County. Similarly, most of the median rents for the Tax Credit units in Inver Grove Heights are also lower than the Tax Credit units in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents generally increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County, many low-income households are likely to seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 32.8% of the total rental units in Inver Grove Heights.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified six non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Inver Grove Heights. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights 1,240 6 0.5% | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of six available units identified, Inver Grove Heights has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.5% for non-conventional rentals, which is slightly lower than the vacancy rate for the entirety of Dakota County. This is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Bedroom | Vacant Units | Rent Range | Median Rent | Median Rent Per Square Foot | | | | |
| | | Inver Grove Heights | | • | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,585 | \$2,585 | \$3.07 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 3 | \$2,149 - \$3,030 | \$2,995 | \$1.87 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 2 | \$2,500 - \$3,695 | \$3,098 | \$1.65 | | | | |
| Total | 6 | | | • | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | |
| Total | 83 | · | | | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

Among the available non-conventional rentals in Inver Grove Heights, the largest share (50.0%) by bedroom type consists of three-bedroom units. The three-bedroom units have a median rent of \$2,995 (\$1.87 per square foot) and an overall rent range of \$2,149 to \$3,030. When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical three-bedroom non-conventional rental in Inver Grove Heights has a gross rent of nearly \$3,300. This is a substantially higher rent as compared to the rent for the comparable multifamily market-rate unit in the city, which has a median collected rent of \$1,735. As such, it is unlikely that low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County.

| Inver Grove Heights - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Type Homes Median Price | | | | | | |
| Inver Grove Heights | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 37 | \$340,000 | | | | | |
| Sold** | 1,456 | \$380,000 | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in Inver Grove Heights as of July 31, 2024 consists of 37 total units with a median list price of \$340,000. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Inver Grove Heights consisted of 1,456 homes with a median sales price of \$380,000, which is identical to that reported for Dakota County during this same time period.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

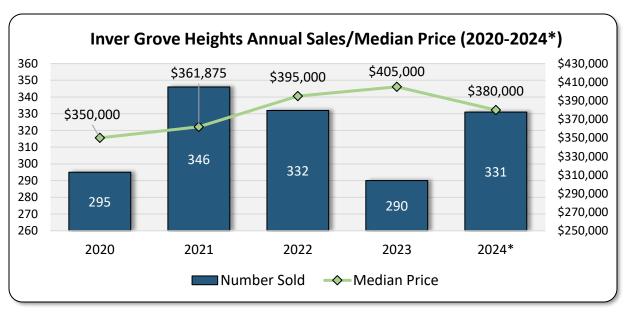
| Sales H | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Inver Grove Heights (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|---------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Number Percent Median Percent | | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 295 | - | \$350,000 | - | | | | | |
| 2021 | 346 | 17.3% | \$361,875 | 3.4% | | | | | |
| 2022 | 332 | -4.0% | \$395,000 | 9.2% | | | | | |
| 2023 | 290 | -12.7% | \$405,000 | 2.5% | | | | | |
| 2024* | 193 (331) | (14.1%) | \$380,000 | -6.2% | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Inver Grove Heights increased by 17.3% between 2020 and 2021. While sales volume decreased in both 2022 and 2023, projections indicate that sales volume will increase 14.1% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city steadily increased. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Inver Grove Heights increased by 15.7% between January 2020 and 2023. However, it is noteworthy that the median sales price through July 2024 is 6.2% lower than that reported for 2023.

The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Inver Grove Heights and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

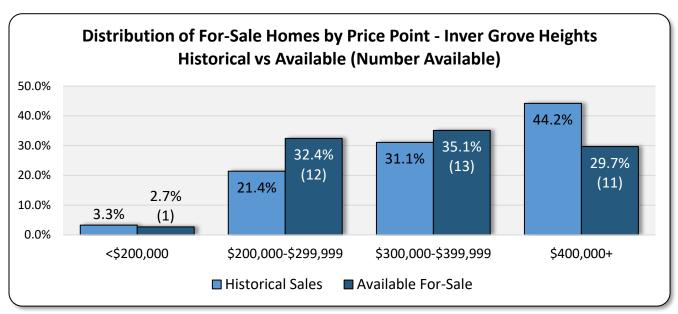
| | Available For-Sale Housing | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|----------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | | | (As of Ju | ly 31, 2024) | | | | |
| | Total | | | Months | | | Average | |
| | Available | Share of | Availability | Supply of | Average | Median | Days | Average |
| Area | Units | County | Rate | Inventory | List Price | List Price | on Market | Year Built |
| Inver Grove Heights | Inver Grove Heights 37 6.4% 0.3% 1.4 \$434,633 \$340,000 31 1994 | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 37 available for-sale homes in Inver Grove Heights represent 6.4% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.3% when compared to the 10,894 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.4 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household

growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of 31 days and an average year built of 1994. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Inver Grove Heights:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the share of *available* for-sale homes priced under \$200,000 (2.7%) is lower than the corresponding share of recent *historical* sales (3.3%). Further, there is only one *available* for-sale home in Inver Grove Heights priced below \$200,000 compared to the considerably larger number of homes available within the higher price ranges of \$200,000 and higher. The general lack of lower priced (under \$200,000) for-sale inventory likely creates affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Inver Grove Heights and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------|----------|-------------|----------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Marketed Occupancy National Median Base Monthly | | | | | | | | | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | | | |
| | | | Inver Gr | ove Heights | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 2 | 202 | 0 | 100.0% | 86.8% | \$2,089-\$3,830 | | | |
| Assisted Living | 2 | 162 | 11 | 93.2% | 85.4% | \$3,515-\$6,300 | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 2 | 125 | 10 | 92.0% | 82.0% | \$7,800-\$14,162 | | | |
| Total | 6 | 489 | 21 | 95.7% | - | \$2,089-\$14,162 | | | |
| | | | Dakot | a County | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of six senior care projects were surveyed within Inver Grove Heights. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, higher than that reported for the county (92.8%). The occupancy rates in Inver Grove Heights for independent living (100.0%), assisted living (93.2%), and nursing home (92.0%) facilities are well above the national medians. The high occupancy rates and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area suggest that there could be an increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rental housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within Inver Grove Heights. Note that at the time of research, no for-sale or senior care housing projects were identified within the city.

| M | lultifamily Re | ntal Housing Devo | elopment – Inve | r Grove Heights |
|--|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details |
| Avalon Apts. and Townhomes | Market- | | Vincent | Under Construction: 54 for-rent townhomes and |
| Diffley/S. Robert Trl. | Rate | 244 | Companies | 190 apartments. |
| | | | Lupe | |
| TBD | | | Development | Proposed: Early proposal stages; has not been |
| 6050 Cahill Ave. | Tax Credit | 220 | Partners | allocated LIHTC. 60% AMHI if approved. |
| TBD | | | National | |
| 6570 & 6680 S. Robert Trl. & | Market- | 524 Apartments | Land | Proposed: Mix of one-, two-, and three-bedroom |
| 1401 70th St. E. | Rate | 145 Townhomes | Holdings | apartments and townhomes for rent. |
| TBD | | | | |
| SW Corner of 70th St. W. & | Market- | | Stuart | Proposed: Mix of one-, two-, and three-bedroom |
| Argenta Trl. | Rate | 159 | Development | townhomes for rent. |
| Yellow Tree/Peltier Reserve Apts. | Market- | | | Proposed: Mix of studio through three-bedroom |
| 70 th St. W. and Agate/Argenta Trl. | Rate | 242 | Yellow Tree | units. ECD September 2026. |

ECD – Estimated Completion Date

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-todate version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Inver Grove Heights. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Inver Grove Heights has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 1,817 units, with a gap of 475 rental units and a gap of 1,342 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Inver Grove Heights.

| | | Inve | er Grove Heights Ho | using Gap Estimates | | |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | |
| Household Income | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap |
| | | Five-Year | Estimates (2024-202 | 29) | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 174 | 155 | 33 | 39 | 74 | 475 |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 98 | 250 | 759 | 235 | 1,342 |
| | | 10-Year | Estimates (2024-203 | 4) | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 348 | 310 | 188 | 200 | 148 | 1,194 |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 196 | 500 | 1,518 | 470 | 2,684 |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears housing gaps are similar for rental product within each pricing segment up to 60% of AMHI as housing gaps range from 155 units to 174 units within these segments. This demonstrates an ongoing need for rental product of various price points. Note that while the preceding indicates there is a nominal housing gap for rental product between 61% and 115% of AMHI, this is due to the amount of product currently in the development pipeline within this segment which is anticipated to meet some of the need for such product within the five-year projection period. The greatest *for-sale* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within Inver Grove Heights should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Inver Grove Heights (4-person limit)

address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Inver Grove Heights.

| SWOT Analysis | |
|--|---|
| Strengths | Weaknesses |
| Household growth of 8.4% (2010-2024) Positive household income growth projections Relatively new overall housing stock with limited housing condition issues Overall housing costs are generally lower than those countywide | Lack of availability (0.0% vacancy rates) among Tax Credit and subsidized multifamily apartments Low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing Projected 2.0% decline in renter households (2024-2029) Household growth projections concentrated among higher income (\$100,000+) households (owner and renter) |
| Opportunities | Threats |
| Housing need of 475 rental units Housing need of 1,342 for-sale units Attract some of the 8,000+ commuters coming into the city for work to live in the city Relatively young base of in-migrants with a variety of income levels | Generally rising cost of for-sale housing Nearly half (47.5%) of renter households are cost burdened Risk of losing some of the 15,000+ residents that commute out of the city for employment |

Inver Grove Heights experienced notable positive household growth since 2010 and the overall household base is projected to remain stable through 2029, with some growth among owner households. Total employment, at-place employment, and the unemployment rate within the county are all indicative of a thriving local economy. Despite these positive attributes, the city has very low vacancy rates among multifamily and non-conventional rentals and a low availability rate within the forsale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs, notable shares of cost burdened households, and a significant number of residents commuting outside the city for employment increase the likelihood of households relocating outside the city. However, the city has a total housing gap of 1,817 units and more than 8,000 non-residents commuting into the city daily for employment. This represents a significant development opportunity, which will contribute to positive household growth in the area and support a growing local economy.

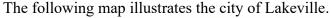
ADDENDUM J: CITY OF LAKEVILLE OVERVIEW

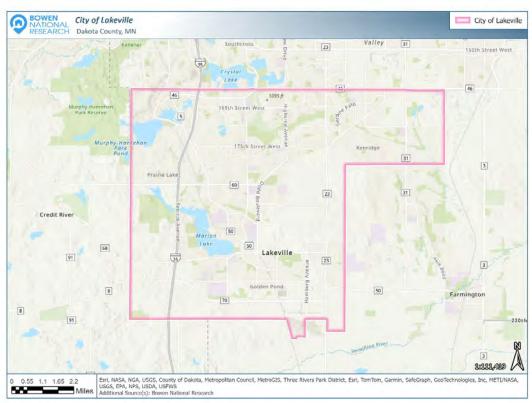
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Lakeville. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Lakeville were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. INTRODUCTION

Lakeville is located in the western portion of Dakota County, approximately 25 miles south of Minneapolis. Lakeville contains approximately 37 square miles and has an estimated population of 76,476 in 2024. Interstate 35 provides north/south access throughout Lakeville and access to nearby metropolitan centers.

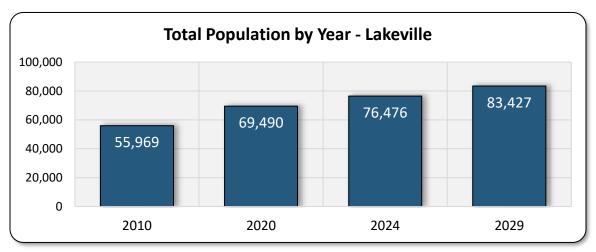




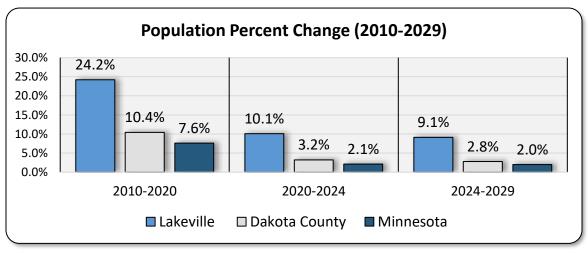
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Lakeville. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Lakeville and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

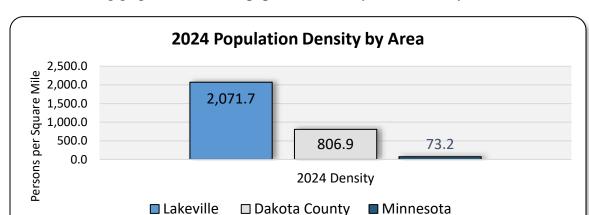


Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in Lakeville increased by 13,521 (24.2%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a significantly larger percentage increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Lakeville increased by 10.1%. The population within the city is projected to increase by 9.1% over the next five years. The projected population increase in Lakeville between 2024 and 2029 is expected to significantly outpace population increases in the county and state during this time period.

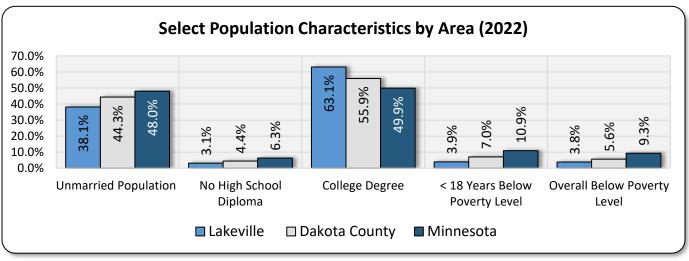


The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.

Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 2,071.7 persons per square mile, Lakeville is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

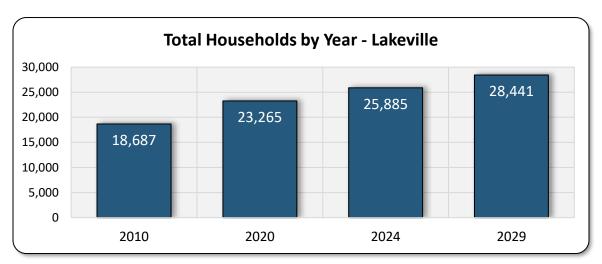
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



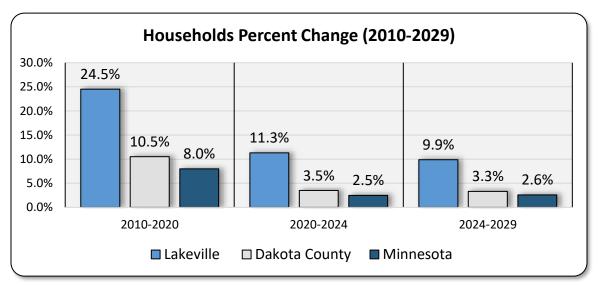
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Lakeville has a lower share of unmarried population (38.1%), a lower share of the population without a high school diploma (3.1%), and a higher share of individuals with a college degree (63.1%) compared to the county and state. The two educational attainment factors likely have a positive influence on housing affordability in the city. Overall, Lakeville has lower poverty rates for the population less than 18 years of age (3.9%) and the overall population (3.8%) when compared to the county and state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Lakeville by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



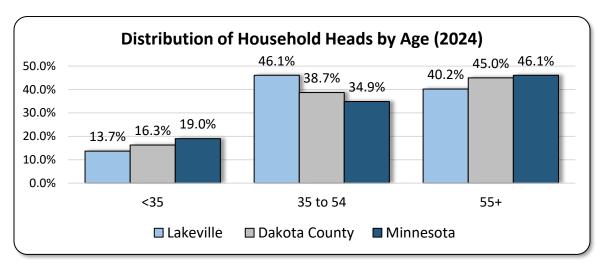
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



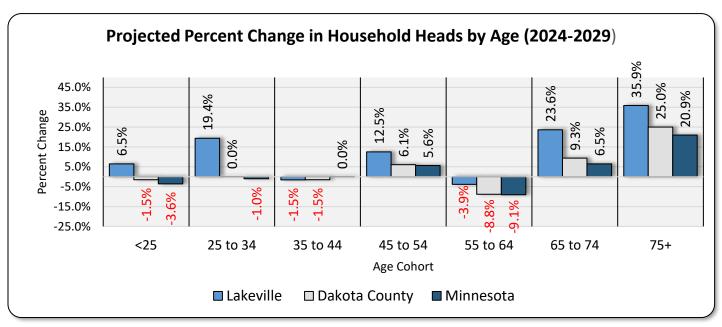
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Lakeville increased by 4,578 (24.5%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a significantly larger percentage increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Lakeville increased by 11.3%. It is projected that the number of households in Lakeville will increase by 9.9% over the next five years, an increase which will outpace projections for the county and state. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected percent change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



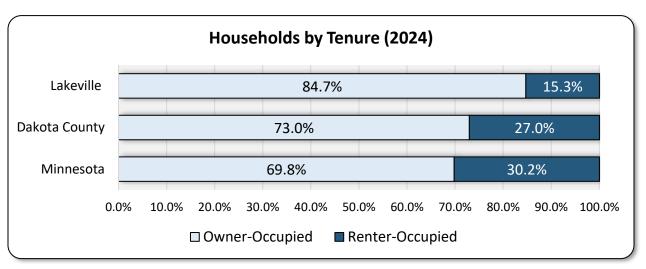
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



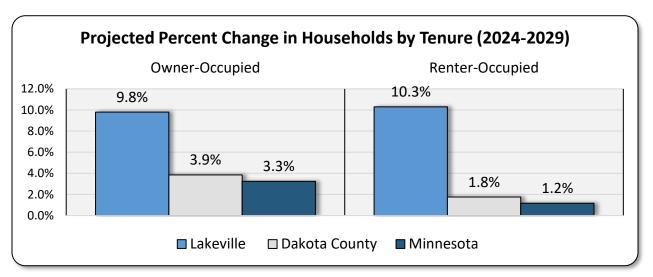
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that Lakeville households in 2024 are more heavily concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. While households aged 65 and older are projected to increase significantly in the city over the next five years, notable increases are also projected among households between the ages of 25 and 34 (19.4%) and between the ages of 45 and 54 (12.5%). Positive household growth is also projected among those under the age of 25. Note that the positive household growth among younger households (under age 35) in the city contrasts with the projections for these age groups in the county and state.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



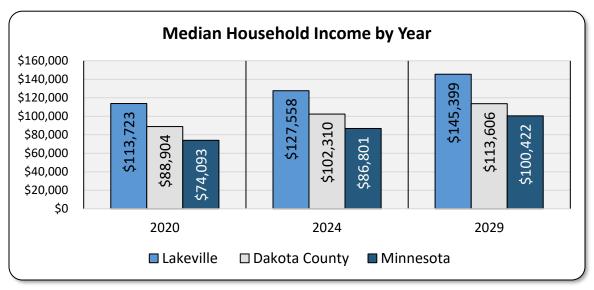
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Lakeville (84.7% owners and 15.3% renters) is heavily weighted toward owner households when compared to the county and state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Lakeville will increase by 9.8%, while the number of renter households will increase by 10.3%. This is a higher projected increase in owner and renter households when compared to the county and state. It is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pentup demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors. The *increase* among owner and renter households in Lakeville will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the for-sale and rental housing markets over the next five years.

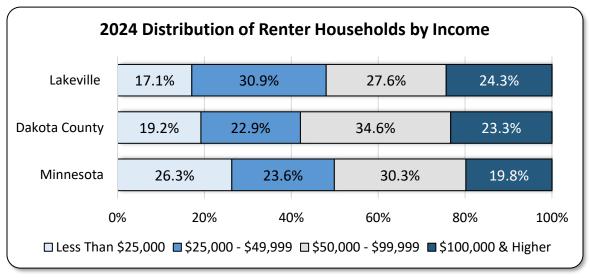
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.



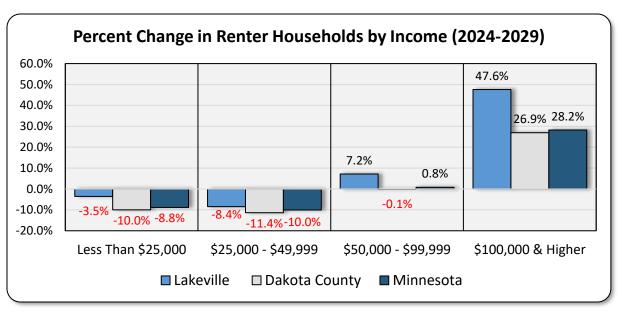
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Lakeville (\$127,558) is 24.7% higher than the countywide median household income and 47.0% higher than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Lakeville will increase to \$145,399, or an increase of 14.0%. As such, the median household income in Lakeville will remain well above that of the county (\$113,606) and state (\$100,422).

The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



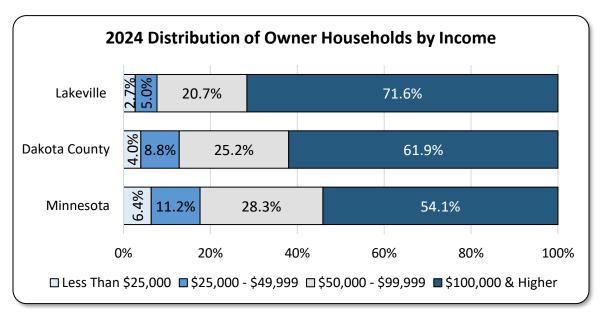
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



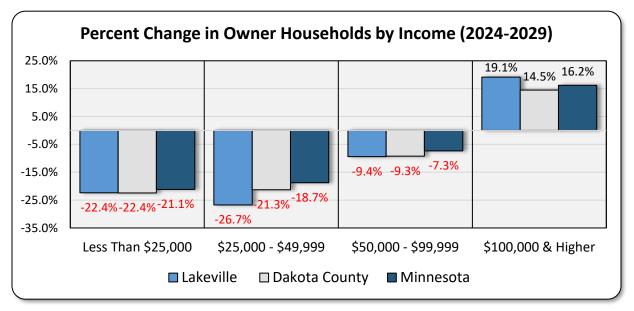
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, renter households earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 account for the largest share (30.9%) of the total renter households in Lakeville, while those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 comprise the next largest share (27.6%). Overall, Lakeville has a comparably greater concentration of renter households earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 and \$100,000 or higher when compared to the county and state. Between 2024 and 2029, renter households earning \$100,000 or higher in Lakeville are projected to increase by 47.6%, which is a significantly larger increase compared to the county and state. While renter households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 are projected to increase by 7.2%, renter households earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decrease during this time period. Despite the projected decline in lower income renter households, it is expected that a significant share of renter households in Lakeville will continue to earn less than \$50,000 during the next five years.

The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



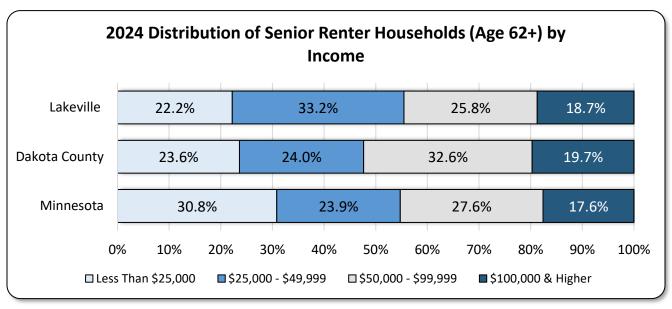
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



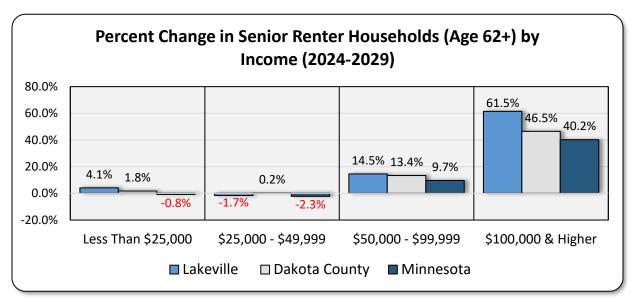
Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, 71.6% of Lakeville owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a higher share compared to Dakota County (61.9%) and the state of Minnesota (54.1%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected among households earning \$100,000 or higher (19.1%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

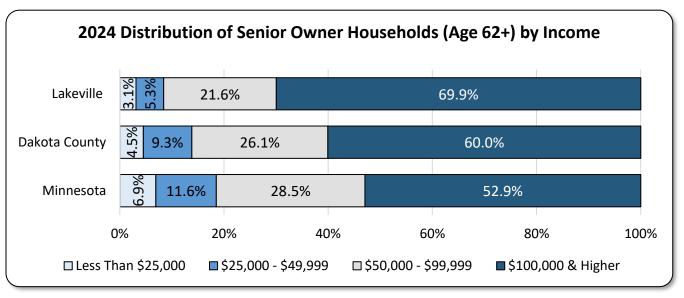


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

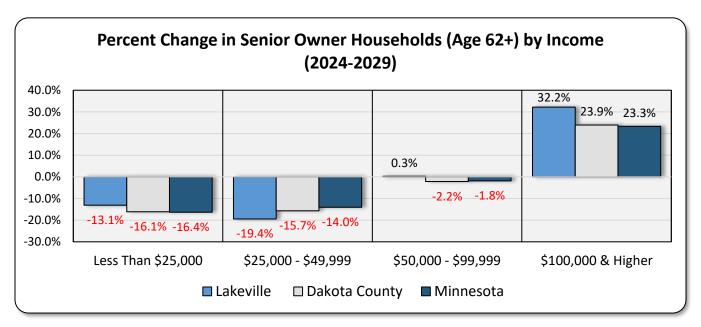
In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Lakeville earns between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (33.2%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (25.8%). Note that senior renter households earning \$100,000 and higher account for only 18.7% of all senior renter households in the city. However, senior renter households in Lakeville earning \$100,000 are projected to increase by 61.5% over the next five years. In addition, senior renter households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 are projected to increase by 14.5%. While senior renter

households earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 are projected to decline in Lakeville between 2024 and 2029, it is expected that this income range will continue to represent a significant share of overall senior renter households in the city.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, 69.9% of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Lakeville earn \$100,000 or more, while 21.6% of senior owner households earn between \$50,000 and \$99,999. Over the next five years, senior owner households in Lakeville earning \$100,000 or more are projected to increase by 32.2%, while minimal growth (0.3%) is projected for senior owner households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 during this period. The projected growth among the highest income cohort and decline among the lower income cohorts in Lakeville is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

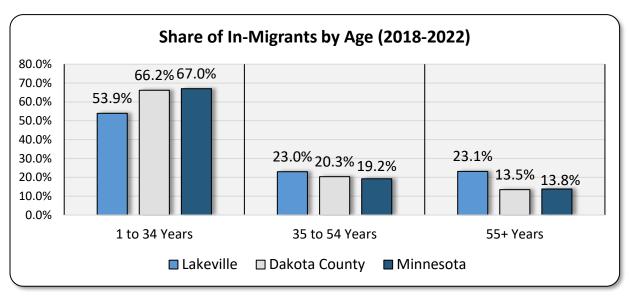
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration Migration | | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County 2010-2020 33,225 8.3% 27,991 -1,115 6,511 5,396 2020-2023 7,562 1.7% 5,686 -928 2,430 1,502 | | | | | | | | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

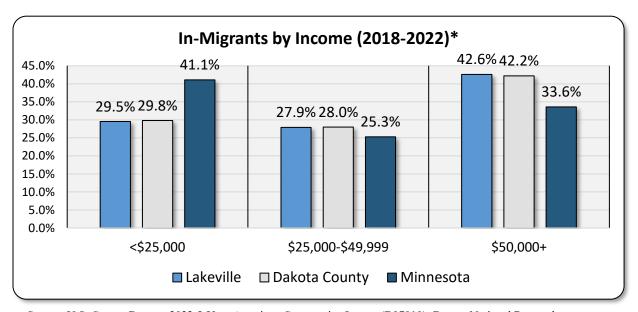
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Lakeville, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the largest share (53.9%) of in-migrants to Lakeville are less than 35 years of age. Despite this cohort representing the majority of inmigrants, Lakeville receives proportionally greater shares of in-migrants aged 35 or older when compared to Dakota County and the state. While the distribution of inmigrants by income in Lakeville is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more (42.6%), the data illustrates that notable shares of in-migrants earn less than \$25,000 (29.5%) and between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (27.9%).

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Lakeville, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

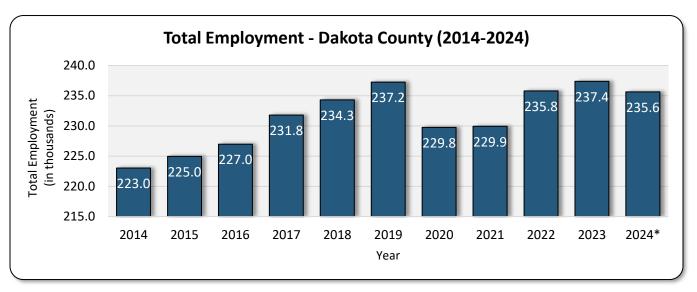
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| | Lake | eville | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 25 | 0.1% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 12 | 0.1% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 1,029 | 4.9% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 2,593 | 12.5% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 872 | 4.2% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 3,490 | 16.8% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 478 | 2.3% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 307 | 1.5% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 893 | 4.3% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 582 | 2.8% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 1,316 | 6.3% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 14 | 0.1% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 944 | 4.5% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 2,421 | 11.6% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 1,447 | 7.0% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 451 | 2.2% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 2,040 | 9.8% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 1,300 | 6.2% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 545 | 2.6% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 57 | 0.3% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 20,816 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Lakeville has an employment base of over 20,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Retail Trade (16.8%), Manufacturing (12.5%), Educational Services (11.6%), Accommodation & Food Services (9.8%), and Health Care & Social Assistance (7.0%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 57.7% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

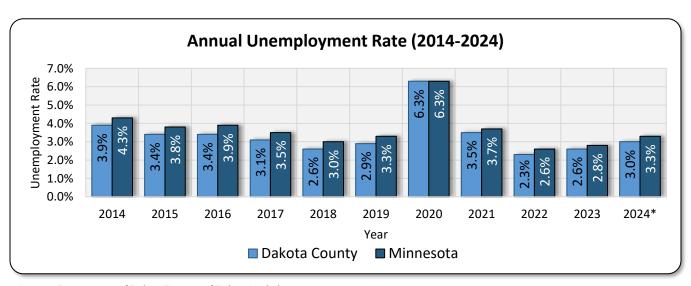


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

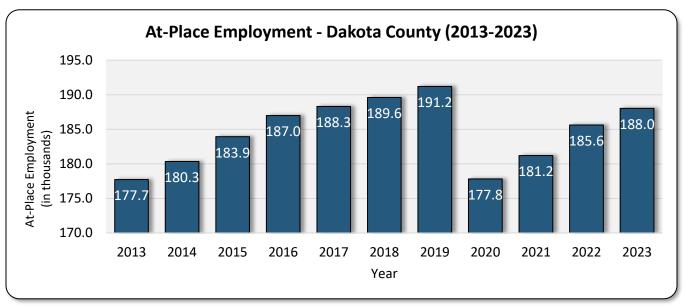


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which none are located within Lakeville. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

The following table summarizes recent and/or ongoing economic development projects identified within Lakeville:

| | Economic Development Activity - Lakeville | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name | Investment | Job Creation | Scope of Work/Details | | | | | | |
| RL Cold | N/A | 95 | Under Construction: In 2024, broke ground on a 292,000 square-foot cold storage facility at the Airlake Industrial Park. The facility is expected to be complete in spring 2025. | | | | | | |
| Midwest Ear, Nose and Throat Specialists | N/A | N/A | Under Construction: A 14,000 square-foot facility that is expected to be complete in early 2025. | | | | | | |
| Lakeville Logistics Center | N/A | N/A | Completed: A 360,000 square-foot facility was completed in 2024. | | | | | | |

N/A - Not available

As the preceding illustrates, two commercial facilities are currently under construction within Lakeville and a logistics center was recently completed. One of these properties, a large cold storage facility, is expected to create 95 jobs within the city. While total investment estimates were not provided for these projects, the investment in the area will likely have a positive impact on the community and labor market in the future.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

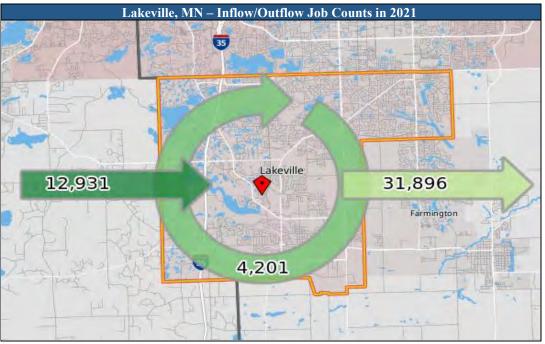
The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Lakeville.

| | Commuting Attributes - Lakeville, Minnesota | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|-----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|--|--|
| | Mode | | | | | | | | |
| | Drove | | Public | | Other | Worked | | | |
| | Alone | Carpooled | Transit | Walked | Means | at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 27,088 | 2,922 | 934 | 256 | 285 | 6,664 | 38,149 | | |
| Percent | 71.0% | 7.7% | 2.4% | 0.7% | 0.7% | 17.5% | 100.0% | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | |
| | Less | | | | 60 or | | | | |
| | Than 15 | 15 to 29 | 30 to 44 | 45 to 59 | More | Worked | | | |
| | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 7,213 | 11,669 | 8,649 | 2,848 | 1,106 | 6,664 | 38,149 | | |
| Percent | 18.9% | 30.6% | 22.7% | 7.5% | 2.9% | 17.5% | 100.0% | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 78.7% of individuals in Lakeville utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, nearly one-half (49.5%) of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 17.5% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and nearly one-half of workers have relatively short commute times (excluding those that work from home), a noteworthy share (2.4%) of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

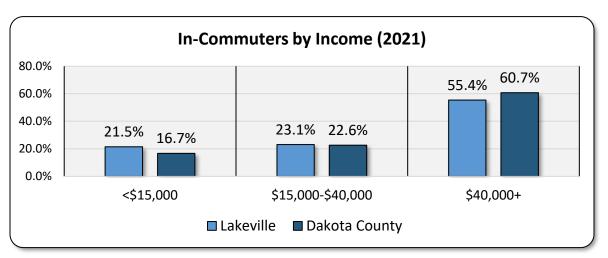
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Lakeville based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 17,132 persons *employed* in Lakeville, 75.5% (12,931) originate from outside the city, while 24.5% (4,201) live within the city. Nearly 32,000 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 12,931 non-residents who work in the city represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Lakeville.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Lakeville and Dakota County.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (55.4%) of in-commuters to Lakeville earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 23.1% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000. The remaining share (21.5%) of in-commuters earn less than \$15,000 annually. While the majority of in-commuters earn \$40,000 or more, the data indicates there is a slightly higher proportion of Lakeville in-commuters earning less than \$40,000 when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 12,931 in-commuters to live within Lakeville.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:

| Number of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Area | Total Occupied | Owner Occupied | Renter Occupied | Vacant | Total | | | | |
| Lakeville | 24,252 | 21,186 | 3,066 | 568 | 24,820 | | | | |
| Dakota County | 169,404 | 128,582 | 40,822 | 4,760 | 174,164 | | | | |
| Minnesota | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 | | | | |

Share of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) 100.0% 87.4% 75.9% 72.3% 80.0% 60.0% 40.0% 27.7% 24.1% 12.6% 20.0% 9.5% 2.7% 2.3% 0.0% Owner-Occupied Renter-Occupied Vacant ■ Lakeville ☐ Dakota County ■ Minnesota

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 24,252 total *occupied* housing units in Lakeville, 87.4% are owner occupied and 12.6% are renter occupied. This distribution of occupied units by tenure is significantly weighted toward owner households compared to the county and state. Among the 24,820 total housing units in Lakeville, only 2.3% (568 units) are classified as vacant. The respective shares of vacant units in Lakeville and Dakota County are significantly lower than the share (9.5%) for the state. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|--------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|--|
| | | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Rer | ıter | Ow | ner | Ren | iter | Ow | ner | Renter | | Ow | Owner | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| Lakeville | 340 | 11.1% | 1,702 | 8.0% | 212 | 6.9% | 93 | 0.4% | 203 | 6.6% | 0 | 0.0% | |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% | |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Lakeville, 11.1% of the renter-occupied housing units and 8.0% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are lower than the county and statewide shares and represent an inventory of relatively modern housing units. While the share of overcrowded renter housing units (6.9%) is higher than the county and statewide shares, the share of owner housing units with this issue (0.4%) is lower than the comparison areas. The share of renter-occupied (6.6%) housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchens is also higher than the county and statewide shares of such housing. Overall, there are approximately 415 renter households and 93 owner households in Lakeville living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-----------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2022 | 2022 Share of Cost | | 2022 Share of Severe | |
| | 2024 | Median HH | Median | Median | Burdened HH* | | Cost Burdened HH** | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner |
| Lakeville | 25,885 | \$127,558 | \$467,695 | \$1,623 | 48.2% | 13.4% | 31.0% | 3.4% |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Lakeville of \$467,695 is 13.1% higher than the countywide median home value and 29.9% higher than the median home value for the state. The median gross rent of \$1,623 in the area is 15.1% higher than the county and 37.8% higher than the state. Despite a median household income of \$127,558 in Lakeville, approximately 48.2% of renter households and 13.4% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are approximately 1,478 renter households and 2,839 owner households in Lakeville that are housing cost burdened, of which approximately 1,670 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

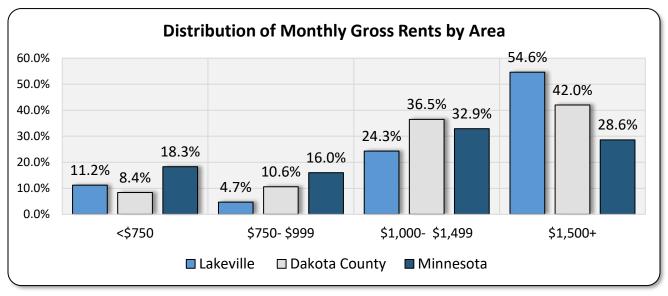
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | cupied Hous | ing by Units in | Structure | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | |
|------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|-----------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | |
| Lakeville | Number | 1,448 | 1,433 | 185 | 3,066 | 20,452 | 182 | 552 | 21,186 | |
| Lakeville | Percent | 47.2% | 46.7% | 6.0% | 100.0% | 96.5% | 0.9% | 2.6% | 100.0% | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | |
| Milliesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Most rental units in Lakeville are contained within smaller residential structures, as 53.2% of the *rental* units in Lakeville are within structures of four units or less or mobile homes. Lakeville also has a lower share (46.7%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Among *owner*-occupied units in Lakeville, 99.1% are within structures of four units or less and mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 53.2% of all rental units in Lakeville classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure and mobile homes), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

*Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (54.6%) of Lakeville rental units have gross rents of \$1,500 or more, followed by units with gross rents between \$1,000 and \$1,499 (24.3%). By comparison, only 15.9% of rental units in the city have gross rents below \$1,000. The distribution of gross rental rates in Lakeville is more heavily weighted toward the higher priced product compared to the county and state.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Lakeville and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|--|--------|---------|------------------------------|--------|------------|--|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | | |
| | Projects | Total | Vacant | Vacancy | Market- | Tax | Government | | |
| | Surveyed | Units | Units | Rate | Rate | Credit | Subsidized | | |
| Lakeville | 22 | 2,309 | 209 | 9.1% | 11.6% | 0.0% | 0.0% | | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Lakeville, a total of 22 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 2,309 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 90.9% occupied, with a total of 209 vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Lakeville (90.9%) is below the stated range. However, 141 of the 209 vacant units are within a market-rate property that opened in 2023 and is still within its initial lease-up period. Excluding this 252-unit market-rate property, the overall occupancy rate among *established* properties in Lakeville is 96.6%. Also note that there are no vacant units among the Tax Credit and government-subsidized units surveyed in the city. The occupancy rates among the various program types are high and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Lakeville. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the city.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Lakeville and Dakota County.

| Median Rents | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|---------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | One-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Three-Br/ | | | | | | |
| Area | 1.0-Ba | 1.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba | | | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| Lakeville | \$1,520 | \$1,895 | \$1,880 | \$2,271 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | | |
| Lakeville | \$765 | \$937 | \$1,341 | \$1,545 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Lakeville (\$1,520) is nearly twice as high as the comparable Tax Credit unit (\$765) in the area. The median rents for market-rate units in Lakeville are also higher than the corresponding median market-rate rents in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents steadily increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Lakeville and Dakota County, many low-income households are likely to seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 53.2% of the total rental units in Lakeville.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified 16 non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Lakeville. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | | |
| Lakeville | 1,633 | 16 | 1.0% | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of 16 available units identified, Lakeville has an overall vacancy rate of 1.0% for non-conventional rentals, which is slightly higher than the vacancy rate for Dakota County (0.6%). Regardless, this occupancy rate is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the city.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Lakeville and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Vacant | Rent | Median | Median Rent | | | | | |
| Bedroom | Units | Range | Rent | Per Square Foot | | | | | |
| Lakeville | | | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,900 - \$2,000 | \$1,950 | \$1.33 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 9 | \$2,000 - \$3,400 | \$2,500 | \$1.47 | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 5 | \$2,395 - \$3,200 | \$2,599 | \$1.22 | | | | | |
| Total | 16 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | | |
| т. т | 0.2 | | _ | | | | | | |

Total 83
Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

Among the available non-conventional rentals in Lakeville, the largest share (56.3%) by bedroom type consists of three-bedroom units. The three-bedroom units have a median rent of \$2,500 (\$1.47 per square foot) and an overall rent range of \$2,000 to \$3,400. When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical three-bedroom non-conventional rental in Lakeville has a gross rent of approximately \$2,800. This is a substantially higher rent as compared to the rent for the comparable three-bedroom multifamily market-rate unit in the city, which has a median collected rent of \$2,271. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Lakeville and Dakota County.

| Lakeville | Lakeville - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | |
|------------|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Homes | Median Price | | | | |
| | Lakeville | | | | | |
| Available* | 121 | \$494,797 | | | | |
| Sold** | 5,252 | \$457,950 | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in Lakeville as of July 31, 2024 consists of 121 total units with a median list price of \$494,797. This represents a much higher median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Lakeville consisted of 5,252 homes with a median sales price of \$457,950, which is 20.5% higher than the median sales price reported for homes sold within Dakota County during this time period.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

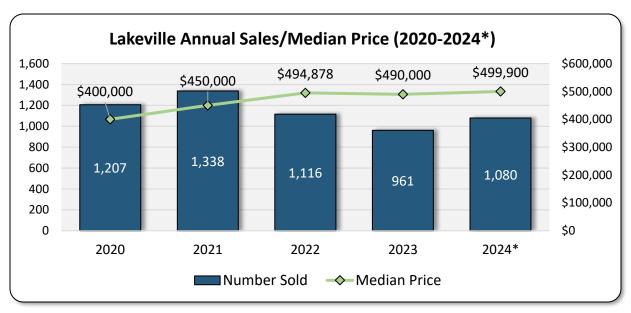
| Sa | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Lakeville (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | |
|-------|--|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Year | Number Sold | Percent Change | Median Sales Price | Percent Change | | |
| 2020 | 1,207 | - | \$400,000 | - | | |
| 2021 | 1,338 | 10.9% | \$450,000 | 12.5% | | |
| 2022 | 1,116 | -16.6% | \$494,878 | 10.0% | | |
| 2023 | 961 | -13.9% | \$490,000 | -1.0% | | |
| 2024* | 630 (1,080) | (12.4%) | \$499,900 | 2.0% | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Lakeville increased by 10.9% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year; however, projections indicate that sales volume will increase 12.4% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city increased substantially. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Lakeville increased by 25.0% between January 2020 and July 2024. It is also noteworthy that the median sales price through July 2024 is 2.0% higher than the 2022 median sales price. This suggests that home prices in the city are increasing, albeit at a lower annual rate than in years past.

The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Lakeville and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

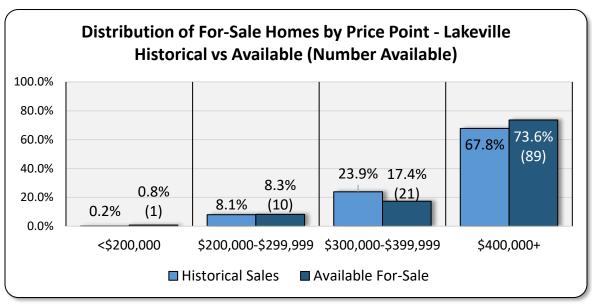
| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---|------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Total | | | Months | | | Average | |
| | Available | Available Share of Availability Supply of Average Median Days Average | | | | | | |
| Area | Units | County | Rate | Inventory | List Price | List Price | on Market | Year Built |
| Lakeville | 121 | 20.9% | 0.6% | 1.3 | \$533,830 | \$494,797 | 47 | 2006 |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 121 available for-sale homes in Lakeville represent 20.9% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.6% when compared to the 21,186 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.3 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available

inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available forsale homes have an average number of days on market of 47 days and an average year built of 2006. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Lakeville:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, nearly three-quarters (73.6%) of available homes in Lakeville are priced at \$400,000 and higher, which represents a higher share of homes within this price range compared to historical sales in the city. By comparison, only 32 of the 121 available units are priced below \$400,000 and only 11 are priced below \$300,000. There is an extremely limited inventory of available homes within lower price points in the city. This is likely to create affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Lakeville and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| | | Marketed | | Occupancy | National Median | Base Monthly | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | |
| Lakeville | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 3 | 230 | 10 | 95.7% | 86.8% | \$1,557-\$4,613 | |
| Assisted Living | 4 | 239 | 10 | 95.8% | 85.4% | \$2,250-\$12,100 | |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | - | 82.0% | - | |
| Total | 7 | 469 | 20 | 95.7% | - | \$1,557-\$12,100 | |
| Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of seven senior care projects were surveyed within Lakeville. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 95.7%. The occupancy rates in Lakeville for independent living (95.7%) and assisted living (95.8%) facilities are well above the national median occupancy rates for each facility type. The high occupancy rates and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the city suggest that there could be an increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rental and for-sale housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within Lakeville. Note that at the time of research, no senior care housing projects were identified within the city that were either planned or under construction.

| | | | ing Developmen | |
|--|-------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details |
| 179 th Street Apts. | | | | Planned: Approved winter 2022; Received |
| SW of 179 th St. W. & Glacier | | | TE Miller | extension through December 2024; Studio-, one- |
| Way | Market-Rate | 243 | Development | and two-bedroom units. |
| | | | Ron Clark | |
| Kenyon Green | | | Construction | Planned: Funded through Dakota County CDA; |
| 18430 Kenyon Ave. | Tax Credit | 49 | and Design | 60% AMHI; Construction to start 2025; ECD 2026. |
| 16450 Kenyon Ave. | Tax Cledit | 49 | and Design | |
| | | | | Planned: Townhome units with rents ranging from |
| Sundance Lakeville | | | m: 1 1 1 | \$1,421 for a one-bedroom to \$2,970 for three- |
| North of 162 nd St. between | | | Timberland | bedroom units; Development will include nine for- |
| Kendale Dr. & Buck Hill Rd. | Market-Rate | 167 | Partners | sale single-family homes; ECD unknown. |
| | For-S | Sale Housing D | evelopment - La | ıkeville |
| | Product | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details |
| | | | | Planned: Phase V (36 single-family lots and 34 |
| | | | | townhomes) and Phase VI (41 townhomes) |
| | | | | approved in the last two years and additional |
| | | | | approved in the last two years and additional approved preliminary platted phase (78 single- |
| Cedar Hills (5 th , 6 th , and | Single | | | family lots and 142 townhomes). Homes to range |
| | Single- | | | |
| preliminary platted phases) | Family & | 221 | т | from \$431,990 to \$660,205 with 1,557 to 2,786 sq. |
| NE corner of Cedar & 200th St. | Townhome | 331 | Lennar | ft. for single-family. |
| Berres Ridge (9th and | | | | Planned: Phase nine approved in 2023 (34 lots) |
| preliminary platted phases) | | | | and additional approved preliminary platted phase |
| N of 202 St. & W of Hamburg | Single- | | | (50 lots). Homes to range from \$579,900 to |
| Ave. | Family | 84 | OneTenTen | \$897,616 with 2,735 to 4,243 sq. ft. |
| | | | | Planned: Phase II (81 lots) and Phase III (58 single |
| | | | | -family lots and 36 townhomes) approved in the |
| | | | | last two years and additional approved preliminary |
| | | | | platted phase (429 single-family lots and 126 |
| Brookshire (2 nd , 3 rd , and | | | | townhomes). Homes to range from \$547,000 to |
| preliminary platted Phases) | Single- | | | \$663,000 with 1,721 to 3,448 sq. ft. for single- |
| S. of 170 St. & E. of Eagleview | Family & | | | |
| | | 720 | D.D. Houton | family; \$389,990 to \$428,805 with 1,894 to 1,965 |
| Dr | Townhome | 730 | D.R. Horton | sq. ft. for townhomes. |
| G 1 (and D1 1 | | | | Planned: Phase II (60 lots) approved in the last two |
| Caslano (2 nd Phase and | | | | years and additional approved preliminary platted |
| preliminary platted phases) | | | | phase (151 single-family lots). Homes to range |
| S of Dodd Blvd. & W of Hwy. | Single- | | | from \$583,990 to \$688,990 with 2,692 to 3,328 sq. |
| Ave. | Family | 211 | Lennar | ft. |
| Preserve of Lakeville (3 rd and | | | | Planned: Phase III (20 lots) approved in the last |
| preliminary platted phases) | | | | two years and additional approved preliminary |
| NE of Kenwood Trl. & S. of | Single- | | Country Joe | platted phase (26 lots). Homes to range from |
| 185 St. | Family | 46 | Homes | \$774,994 to \$1,050,000 with 3,538 to 4,811 sq. ft. |
| | | | | Planned: Phase II (29 townhomes) approved in the |
| Cedar Creek Villas (2 nd and | | | | last two years and additional approved preliminary |
| preliminary platted phases) | | | Summergate | platted phase (59 townhomes). Home size and price |
| | Townhome | 00 | | |
| NW of 202 nd St. & Cedar Ave. | Townhome | 88 | Companies | not found. |
| | | | | Planned: Phase II (91 townhomes) approved in the |
| ~ | | | | last two years and additional approved preliminary |
| Cordelia (2 nd and preliminary | | | | platted phase (97 townhomes). Homes to range |
| platted phases) | | | | from \$364,990 to \$419,990 with 1,883 to 1,996 sq. |
| S. of 179 th & E. of Glacier | Townhome | 188 | Pulte Homes | ft. |
| ECD – Estimated Completion Date | | | <u> </u> | |

Multifamily Rental Housing Development - Lakeville

| For-Sale Housing Development – Lakeville (CONTINUED) | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------|-------------|--|--|
| | Product | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | |
| | | | Twin Cities | | |
| | | | Land | | |
| | Single- | | Development | Planned: Phase I (99 townhomes) approved in the | |
| | Family & | | and Robert | last two years and additional approved preliminary | |
| Ritter Meadows (1st and | Detached | | Thomas | platted phase (29 single-family lots and 226 | |
| preliminary platted phases) | Townhome | 354 | Homes | townhomes). | |
| | | | | Planned: Phase II (31 townhomes) and Phase III | |
| | | | | (90 townhomes) approved in the last two years and | |
| Voyageur Farms (2 nd , 3 rd , and | | | U.S. Home, | additional approved preliminary platted phase (122 | |
| preliminary platted phases) | Detached | | LLC and | townhomes). Homes to range from \$458,990 to | |
| 7376 183 rd St. W. | Townhome | 243 | Lennar | \$520,990 with 1,830 to 2,553 sq. ft. | |
| | | | CNC | | |
| | | | Development | Planned: In approved preliminary platted phase. | |
| Glacier Creek | Single- | | V, LLC and | Homes start at approximately \$780,000 with 3,921 | |
| E. of Cedar Ave. & S. of 179 St. | Family | 36 | OneTenTen | sq. ft. | |
| Highview Ridge | | | | Planned: In approved preliminary platted phase. | |
| S. of Dodd & E of Highview | Single- | | Youngfield | Homes to range from \$563,600 to \$717,300 with | |
| Ave. | Family | 27 | Homes | 2,016 to 4,027 sq. ft. | |
| | | | | Planned: Phase I (57 single-family) approved in | |
| | a: 1 | | | the last two years and additional approved | |
| DI 07 1 11 | Single- | | | preliminary townhome platted phase VIII (28 | |
| Pheasant Run of Lakeville | Family & | | | townhomes). Homes to range from \$470,200 to | |
| N. of 179 St. & E. of Pilot Knob | Detached | 0.5 | 12 1 337 11 | \$612,100 with 1,385 to 3,559 sq. ft. for single- | |
| Rd. | Townhome | 85 | KJ Walk | family; \$735,500 and 2,957 sq. ft. for townhomes. | |
| Summers Creek | Single- | | | Planned: 43 single-family and 33 townhome lots | |
| S. of Dodd Blvd., E of | Family & | | C | in early approved preliminary phase. Homes to | |
| Highview Ave. & W. of Cedar | Detached | 7.6 | Summergate | range from \$470,900 to \$528,900 with 1,517 to | |
| Ave. | Townhome | 76 | Companies | 3,563 sq. ft. | |

A total of 459 rental units and 2,499 for-sale housing units are planned within Lakeville during the next several years. Among these housing projects is a 49-unit rental community developed under the Tax Credit program, which will help satisfy a portion of the extremely high demand for affordable rental housing in the city. The number of planned housing units will likely help meet some of the increased demand stemming from the projected household growth for the city.

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-to-date version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Lakeville. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Lakeville has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 3,796 units, with a gap of 692 rental units and a gap of 3,104 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Lakeville.

| | Lakeville Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | |
| Household Income | ≤\$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | |
| Five-Year Estimates (2024-2029) | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 360 | 125 | 80 | 84 | 43 | 692 | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 200 | 696 | 1,857 | 351 | 3,104 | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 720 | 299 | 273 | 364 | 187 | 1,843 | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 250 | 1,392 | 4,236 | 1,306 | 7,184 | |

Source: Bowen National Research

AMHI – Area Median Household Income; *Based on HUD limits for Lakeville (4-person limit)

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. The greatest need for rental product in the five-year projection period appears to be for product serving households earning up to 30% of AMHI. The greatest need for for-sale product appears to be for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within Lakeville should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider various rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Lakeville.

| SWOT Analysis | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | | | |
| Household growth of 38.5% (2010-2024) Positive household growth projections by tenure (owner/renter) Positive household income growth projections Newer existing housing stock as compared to the county | No vacancies at Tax Credit and subsidized multifamily apartments Low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing Higher share of substandard rental housing units as compared to county | | | | |
| Opportunities | Threats | | | | |
| Housing need of 692 rental units and 3,104 for-sale units within the next five years Projected household growth of nearly 10.0% between 2024 and 2029 Attract some of the 12,931 commuters coming into the county for work to live in the county | Higher overall housing costs as compared to county and rising cost of for-sale housing Higher share of cost burdened renter households Less than 25.0% of employed residents work in the city Risk of losing some of the 31,000+ residents that commute out of the city for employment | | | | |

Lakeville has experienced significant household growth since 2010 and household growth in the city is projected to continue over the next five years. Note that the city has no vacancies among its affordable multifamily units, a low number of available non-conventional rental units, and a low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs and a significant number of residents commuting outside Lakeville for employment increase the likelihood of households relocating outside the city. However, the city has over 450 rental units and nearly 2,500 for-sale housing units planned over the next several years which could help meet a portion of the unmet demand for housing within the city. Despite the significant number of planned residential units, the city is still projected to have housing gaps of 692 rental units and 3,104 for-sale units over the next five years. The nearly 13,000 workers commuting to Lakeville for employment daily represent a significant base of potential support for future housing development, which can contribute to positive household growth that will support a growing local economy.

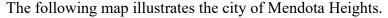
ADDENDUM K: CITY OF MENDOTA HEIGHTS OVERVIEW

While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Mendota Heights. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Mendota Heights were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Mendota Heights is located in the far northern portion of Dakota County, approximately 13 miles southeast of downtown Minneapolis. Mendota Heights contains approximately nine square miles and has an estimated population of 11,622 in 2024. Major roadways in the city include Interstates 35E and 494, and State Routes 13, 55, 62, and 149. These roadways provide access to nearby metropolitan centers.

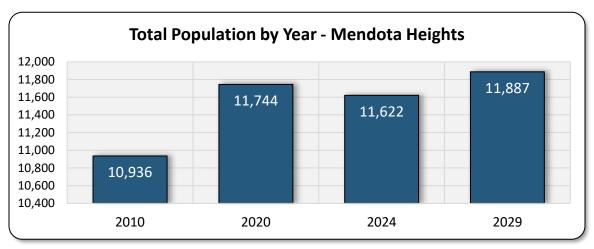




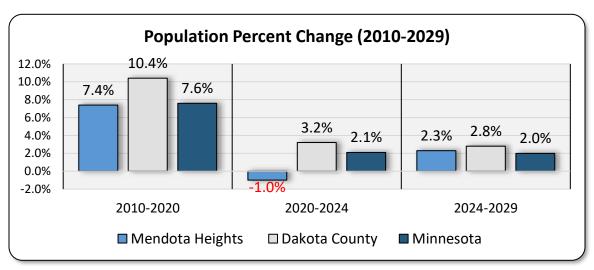
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Mendota Heights. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Mendota Heights and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



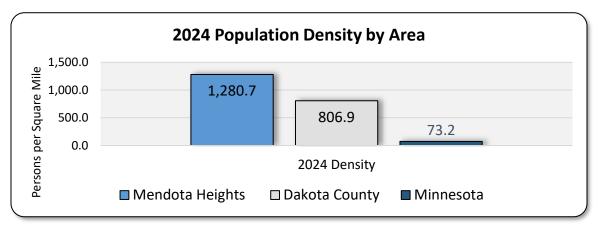
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in Mendota Heights increased by 808 (7.4%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percentage increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Mendota Heights decreased by 1.0%. However, the city population is projected to increase by 2.3% over the next five years. The projected population increase for Mendota Heights is between the 2.8% increase for the county and 2.0% increase for the state during this time period.

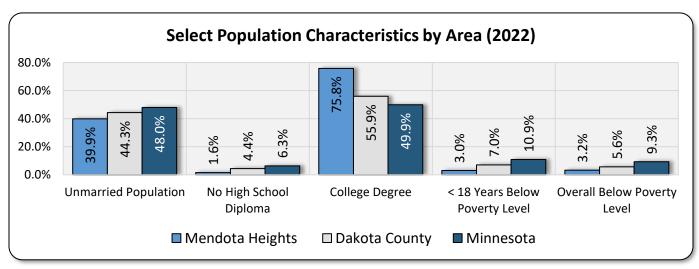
The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 1,280.7 persons per square mile, Mendota Heights is more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

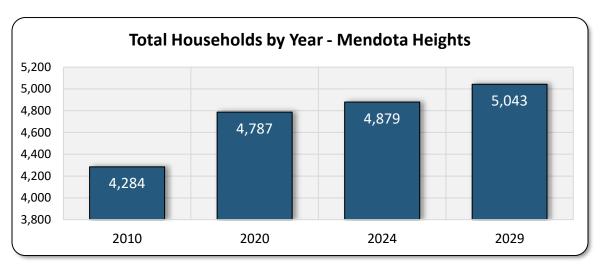
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



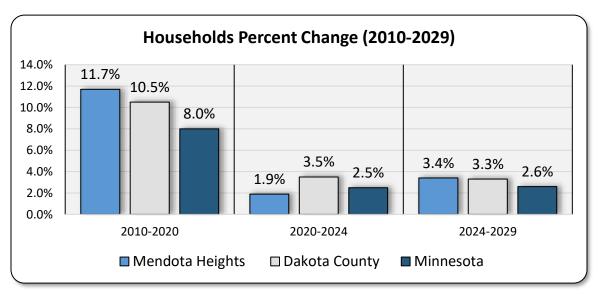
Source: U.S. Census Bureau; 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Mendota Heights has a lower share of the unmarried population (39.9%), a lower share of the population without a high school diploma (1.6%), and a significantly higher share of individuals with a college degree (75.8%) compared to the county and state. The two educational attainment factors likely have a positive influence on housing affordability in the city. Overall, Mendota Heights has lower poverty rates for the population less than 18 years of age (3.0%) and the overall population (3.2%) when compared to the county and state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Mendota Heights by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



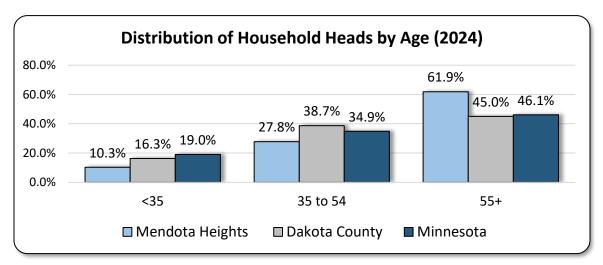
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



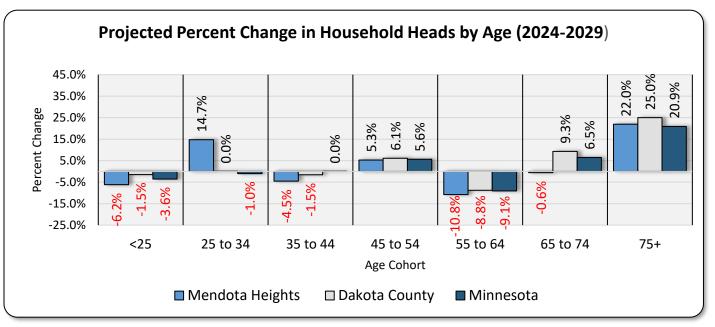
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Mendota Heights increased by 503 (11.7%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a larger percentage increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Mendota Heights increased by 1.9%. It is projected that the number of households in the city will increase by 3.4% over the next five years. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected percent change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



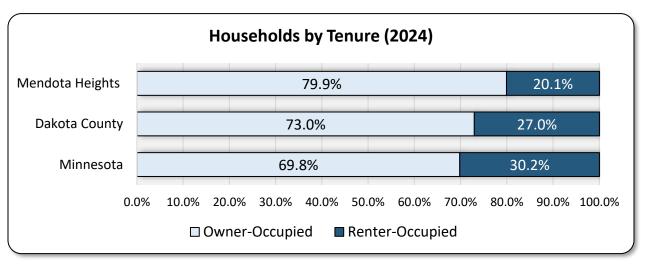
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



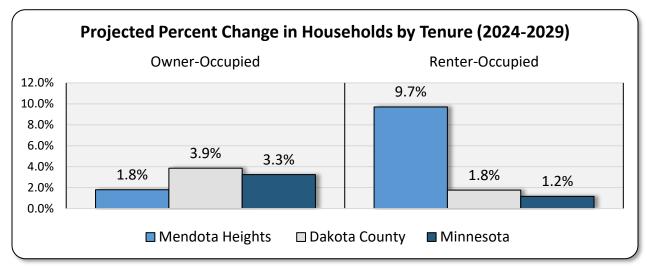
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the data illustrates that most households in Mendota Heights (61.9%) are aged 55 and older, which is higher than the corresponding shares in the county and state. Note that households aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 22.0% in the city over the next five years. In addition, households between the ages of 25 and 34 and those aged 45 to 54 are projected to increase by 14.7% and 5.3%, respectively, during this period. The notable projected increase of younger adult households (ages 25 to 34) in the city contrasts with projected household changes among this age group within the county and state.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



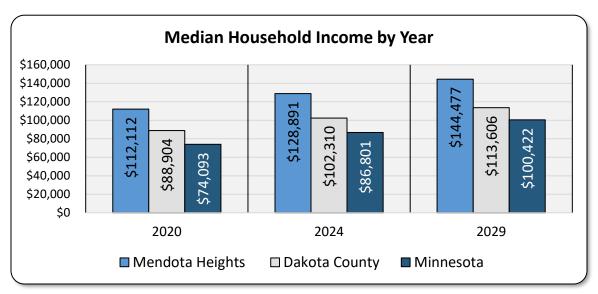
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Mendota Heights (79.9% owners and 20.1% renters) is more heavily weighted toward owners when compared to the county and state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Mendota Heights will increase by 1.8%, while the number of renter households will increase by 9.7%. This is a much larger percentage increase in renter households when compared to the county and state. The projected increase among owner and renter households in Mendota Heights will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the for-sale and rental housing markets over the next five years. It is important to understand, however, that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors.

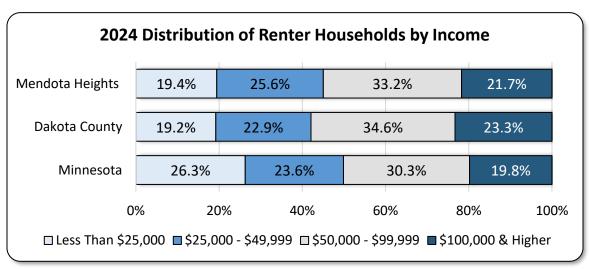
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

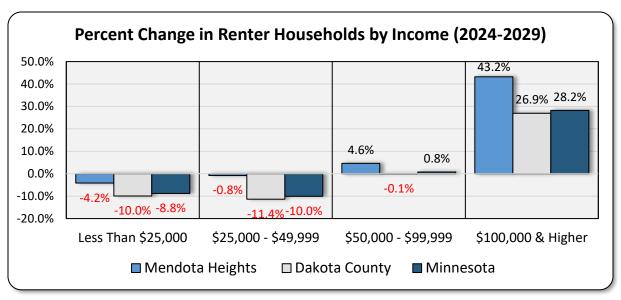


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Mendota Heights (\$128,891) is 26.0% higher than the countywide median household income and 48.5% higher than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Mendota Heights will increase to \$144,477, or an increase of 12.1%. As such, the median household income in Mendota Heights will remain well above that of the county (\$113,606) and state (\$100,422).

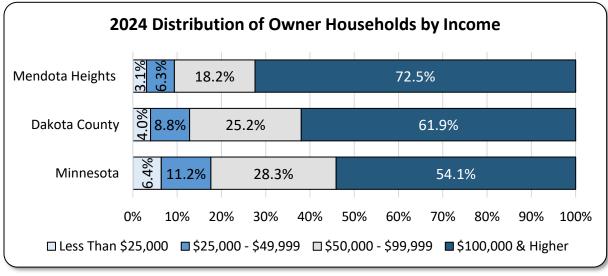
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

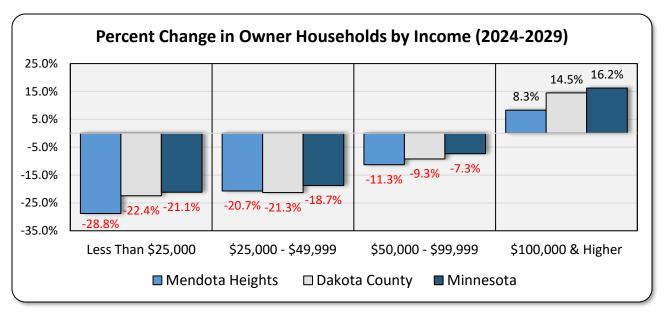




In 2024, the distribution of renter households by income in Mendota Heights is relatively similar to that reported for Dakota County. Between 2024 and 2029, renter households in the city earning \$100,000 or higher are projected to increase by 43.2%, while those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 are projected to increase by 4.6%. Renter households in Mendota Heights earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decrease during this period. Despite the projected decrease of lower income renter households, it is expected that a significant share of renter households in Mendota Heights will continue to earn less than \$50,000 during the next five years.

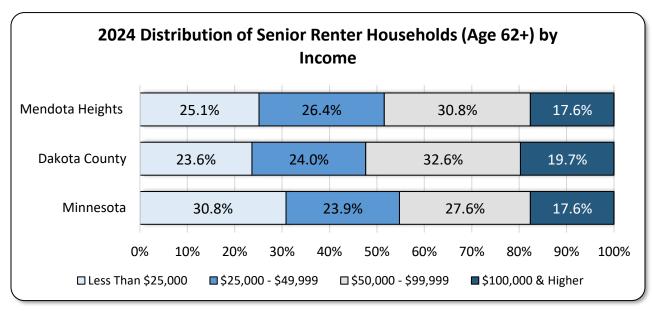
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

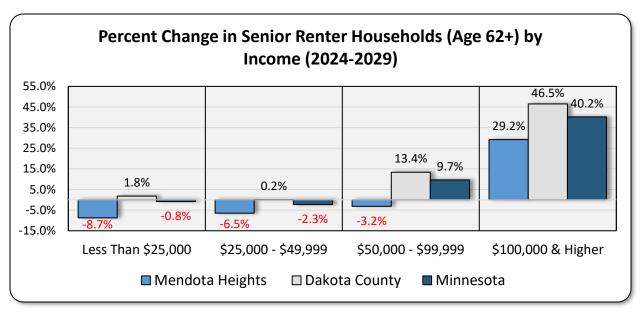




In 2024, the majority (72.5%) of Mendota Heights owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a much higher share of such households compared to the county (61.9%) and state (54.1%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner households in the city earning \$100,000 or higher are projected to increase by 8.3%, while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

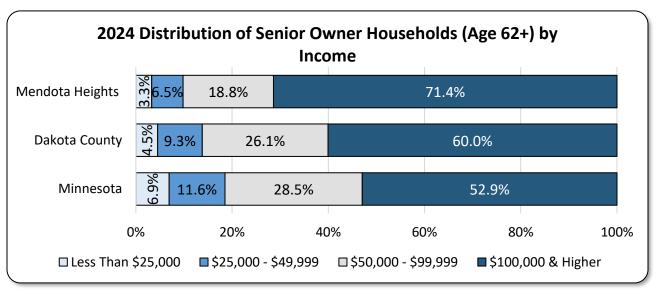
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

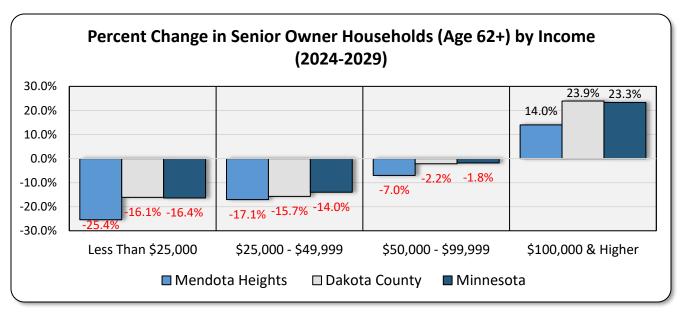




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Mendota Heights earn between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (30.8%), followed by those earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (26.4%). Over the next five years, growth among senior renter households in Mendota Heights is projected to occur among households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 29.2% during this period. Senior renter households earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease in Mendota Heights between 2024 and 2029.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Mendota Heights earn \$100,000 or more (71.4%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (18.8%). Over the next five years, senior owner households in Mendota Heights earning \$100,000 or more are projected to increase by 14.0%, while senior owner households earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease during this period. The projected growth among the highest income cohort and decline among the lower income cohorts in Mendota Heights is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

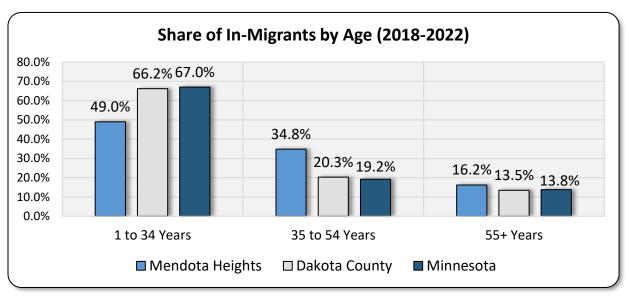
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration | | | | | | | | | |
| Dalrata Caunty | 2010-2020 | 33,225 | 8.3% | 27,991 | -1,115 | 6,511 | 5,396 | | |
| Dakota County | 2020-2023 | 7,562 | 1.7% | 5,686 | -928 | 2,430 | 1,502 | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

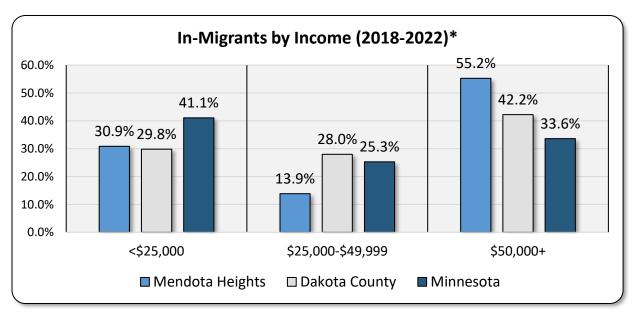
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Mendota Heights, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, Mendota Heights has a much higher share (34.8%) of in-migrants between the ages of 35 and 54 compared to the county and state. By comparison, Mendota Heights has a much lower share (49.0%) of in-migrants under the age of 35. The distribution of in-migrants by income in Mendota Heights is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more, though a notable share (30.9%) of in-migrants earn less than \$25,000 annually.

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Mendota Heights, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

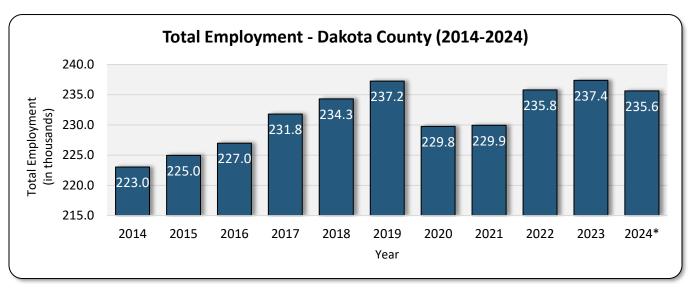
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|--|
| | Mendota | Heights | Dakota | County | Minn | esota | |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 0 | 0.0% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% | |
| Mining | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% | |
| Utilities | 0 | 0.0% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% | |
| Construction | 1,132 | 10.1% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% | |
| Manufacturing | 1,366 | 12.2% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% | |
| Wholesale Trade | 799 | 7.1% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% | |
| Retail Trade | 726 | 6.5% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% | |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 425 | 3.8% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% | |
| Information | 163 | 1.5% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% | |
| Finance & Insurance | 379 | 3.4% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% | |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 244 | 2.2% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% | |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 1,606 | 14.3% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% | |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 10 | 0.1% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% | |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 616 | 5.5% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% | |
| Educational Services | 979 | 8.7% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% | |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 1,185 | 10.6% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% | |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 126 | 1.1% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% | |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 333 | 3.0% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% | |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 869 | 7.8% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% | |
| Public Administration | 180 | 1.6% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% | |
| Non-classifiable | 54 | 0.5% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% | |
| Total | 11,192 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% | |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Mendota Heights has an employment base of over 11,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services (14.3%), Manufacturing (12.2%), Health Care & Social Assistance (10.6%), Construction (10.1%), and Educational Services (8.7%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 55.9% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

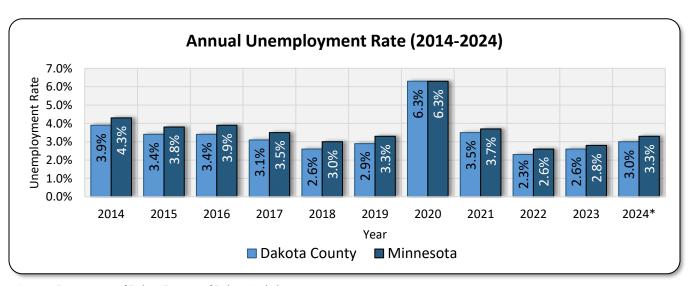


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

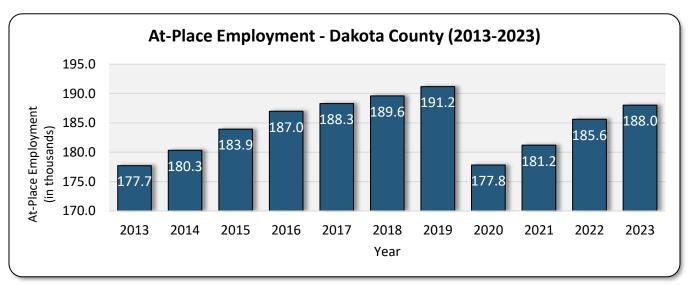


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which 55 are located within Mendota Heights. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with this notice, and those for Dakota County, is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county. The following summarizes the WARN notice reported for Mendota Heights.

| WARN Notices – Mendota Heights | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|----|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Company Location Jobs Notice Date Effective Date | | | | | | | |
| EQ | Mendota Heights | 55 | 7/2024 | 9/2024 | | | |

Source: Minnesota Employment and Economic Development

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

While no major economic development projects were identified within Mendota Heights at the time of research, it should be noted that over \$800 million in economic development projects has either been recently completed or is currently under construction in Dakota County. Overall, these projects have an estimated initial job creation of at least 250 new jobs within county. The economic and infrastructure investments within the county will likely have a positive influence on the local economy.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

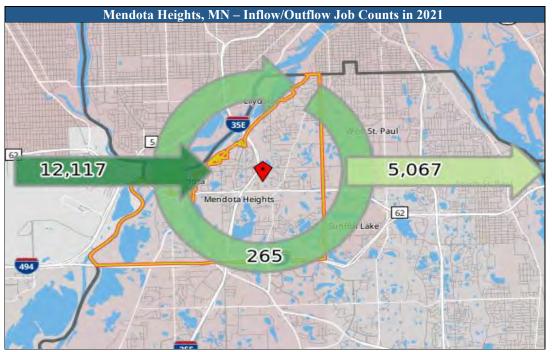
The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Mendota Heights.

| | Commuting Attributes Mendota Heights, Minnesota Mode | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------|--|--|
| Drove Public Other Worked Alone Carpooled Transit Walked Means at Home Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Number | 4,169 | 209 | 92 | 38 | 19 | 1,331 | 5,858 | | |
| Percent | 71.2% | 3.6% | 1.6% | 0.6% | 0.3% | 22.7% | 100.0% | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | |
| | Less Than 15 Minutes | 15 to 29 Minutes | 30 to 44 Minutes | 45 to 59 Minutes | 60 or More Minutes | Worked at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 1,178 | 2,445 | 683 | 140 | 79 | 1,331 | 5,856 | | |
| Percent | 20.1% | 41.8% | 11.7% | 2.4% | 1.3% | 22.7% | 100.0% | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 74.8% of individuals in Mendota Heights utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 61.9% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 22.7% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, a small share (1.6%) of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

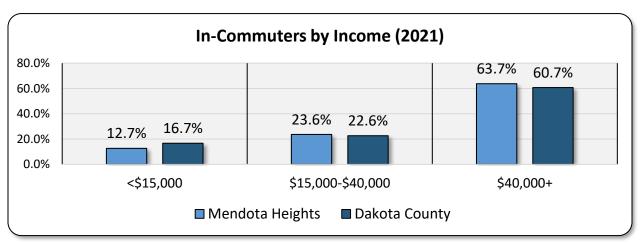
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Mendota Heights based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 12,382 persons *employed* in Mendota Heights, 97.9% (12,117) originate from outside the city, while 2.1% (265) live within the city. Over 5,000 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 12,117 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Mendota Heights.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Mendota Heights and Dakota County.



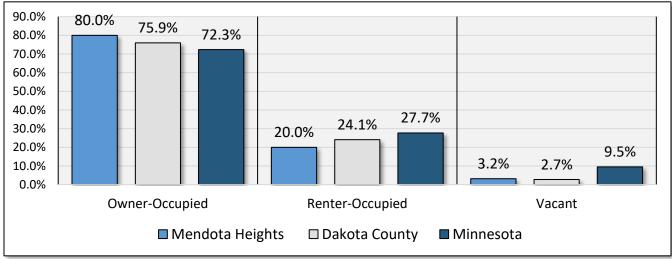
Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (63.7%) of in-commuters to Mendota Heights earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 23.6% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000. The remaining share (12.7%) of in-commuters earn less than \$15,000 annually. Based on the range of incomes, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 12,117 in-commuters to live within Mendota Heights.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:

| Number of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Total Owner Renter Area Occupied Occupied Vacant Total | | | | | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 4,722 | 3,776 | 946 | 157 | 4,879 | | | |
| Dakota County | 169,404 | 128,582 | 40,822 | 4,760 | 174,164 | | | |
| Minnesota | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 | | | |
| Share of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 4,722 total *occupied* housing units in Mendota Heights, 80.0% are owner occupied and the remaining 20.0% are renter occupied. This distribution of occupied units by tenure is slightly more weighted toward owner-occupied housing when compared to the county and state. Among the 4,879 total housing units in Mendota Heights, only 3.2% (157 units) are classified as vacant. The respective shares of vacant units in Mendota Heights and Dakota County are significantly lower than the share (9.5%) for the state. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|--------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|--|
| | | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Renter | | Ow | ner | Ren | iter | Ow | ner | Renter | | Ow | ner | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| Mendota | 69 | 6.3% | 1,423 | 33.8% | 0 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.2% | 2 | 0.2% | 16 | 0.4% | |
| Heights | 09 | 0.570 | 1,723 | 33.070 | U | 0.070 | / | 0.270 | 2 | 0.270 | 10 | 0.470 | |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% | |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Mendota Heights, 6.3% of the renter-occupied housing units and 33.8% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. The share of older renter occupied housing units in the city (built before 1970) is significantly lower than the county and state shares of such housing, which represents an inventory of relatively modern rental housing in the city. By comparison, the share (33.8%) of older owner-occupied housing units in the city is considerably higher than the county share (20.7%) but lower than the statewide share of 38.2%. Mendota Heights also has very low numbers of both overcrowded housing units as well as housing units lacking complete plumbing or kitchen facilities. As such, only two renter households and 23 owner households in Mendota Heights have substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|---|------------|------------|--------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|--|--|
| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2022 | 2022 Share of Cost | | 2022 Share of Severe | | | |
| | 2024 | Median HH | Median | Median | Burdened HH* | | Cost Burdened HH** | | | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner | | |
| Mendota Heights | 4,879 | \$128,891 | \$564,867 | \$1,268 | 41.8% | 14.2% | 21.4% | 6.1% | | |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% | | |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Mendota Heights of \$564,867 is 36.5% higher than the median home value for the county and 56.9% higher than the median home value for the state. The median gross rent of \$1,268 in the city is 10.1% lower than the county but 7.6% higher than the state. With a median household income of \$128,891 in Mendota Heights, approximately 41.8% of renter households and 14.2% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are approximately 395 renter households and 536 owner households in Mendota Heights that are housing cost

burdened, of which approximately 433 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

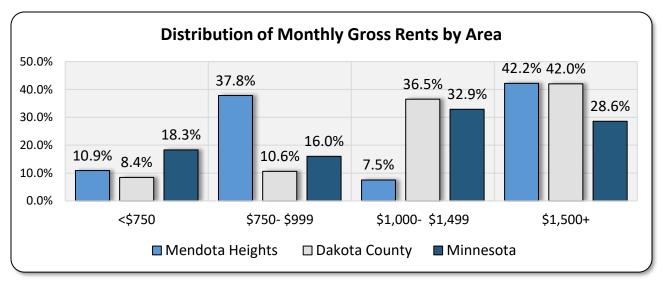
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | cupied Housi | ing by Units in | Structure | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | |
|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|--|---------|------------|-----------|--|
| | | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile | | 4 Units | 5 Units | Mobile | | |
| | | or Less | or More | Home/Other | Total | or Less | or More | Home/Other | Total | |
| Mendota | Number | 333 | 613 | 0 | 946 | 3,444 | 325 | 6 | 3,776 | |
| Heights | Percent | 35.2% | 64.8% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 91.2% | 8.6% | 0.2% | 100.0% | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | |
| wiimesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 35.2% of the *rental* units in Mendota Heights are within structures of four units or less. Overall, Mendota Heights has a slightly lower share (64.8%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%), but a slightly higher share of such units compared to the state (60.1%). Therefore, the majority of renter-occupied housing units in the area are comprised of multifamily rentals. Among *owner*-occupied units in Mendota Heights, 91.4% are within structures of four units or less and mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 35.2% of all rental units in Mendota Heights classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

*Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (42.2%) of Mendota Heights rental units have gross rents of \$1,500 or more, followed by units with gross rents between \$750 and \$999 (37.8%). Mendota Heights has a much higher share of rental units with gross rents between \$750 and \$999 compared to the county and state. This is likely due in part to Tax Credit rental units in the city that have much lower gross rents compared to market-rate rental units.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Mendota Heights and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are illustrated in **red** text.

| | | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Overall Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | | | Program Type | | | |
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | Market- Rate | Tax Credit | Government Subsidized | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 9 | 832 | 13 | 1.6% | 1.9% | 0.0% | 0.0% | | | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Mendota Heights, a total of nine apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 832 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 98.4% occupied, with a total of 13 vacancies. Note that all 13 vacant units are within market-rate properties, while Tax Credit and government-subsidized properties in the city have no vacant units. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Mendota Heights is considered high. The occupancy rates among the various program types are high and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Mendota Heights. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the city.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Mendota Heights and Dakota County.

| Median Rents | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | One-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Two-Br/ | Three-Br/ | | | | | | |
| Area | 1.0-Ba | 1.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba | 2.0-Ba | | | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | \$1,695 | \$2,280 | \$2,350 | \$5,625 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | \$504 | \$746 | - | - | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Mendota Heights (\$1,695) is more than three times higher than the comparable Tax Credit unit (\$504) in the city. The median rents for market-rate units in Mendota Heights are also significantly higher than corresponding market-rate rents in Dakota County. In particular, the median rent for a three-bedroom/2.0-bathroom market-rate unit in the city exceeds \$5,600 per month. However, the median rents for the Tax Credit units in Mendota Heights are lower than the corresponding Tax Credit units in Dakota County and represent a significant value compared to market-rate rents in the city. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Mendota Heights and Dakota County, many low-income households are likely to seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 35.2% of the total rental units in Mendota Heights.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified two non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Mendota Heights. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|--------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy | | | | | | | | |
| Area | Rentals* | Vacant Units | Rate | | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 333 | 2 | 0.6% | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of two available units identified, Mendota Heights has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.6% for non-conventional rentals, which is identical to the vacancy rate of the entirety of Dakota County (0.6%). Regardless, this is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Mendota Heights and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Vacant | Rent | Median | Median Rent | | | | |
| Bedroom | Units | Range | Rent | Per Square Foot | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | | | | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,375 | \$2,375 | \$1.34 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$3,945 | \$3,945 | \$1.23 | | | | |
| Total | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | |
| Total | 83 | | • | • | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

The two available non-conventional rentals in Mendota Heights consist of a three-bedroom unit and a four-bedroom unit. The three-bedroom unit has a rent of \$2,375 (\$1.34 per square foot) and the four-bedroom unit has a rent of \$3,945 (\$1.23 per square foot). When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the two available non-conventional rentals in Mendota Heights have gross rents of approximately \$2,675 and \$4,245, respectively. These are lower rents compared to the median collected rent for a three-bedroom/2.0-bathroom market-rate unit in the city (\$5,625). Regardless, it is unlikely that lower-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Mendota Heights and Dakota County.

| Mendota Heights - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Homes | Median Price | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | | | | | | |
| Available* | 17 | \$615,000 | | | | |
| Sold** | 538 | \$530,000 | | | | |
| Dakota County | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in Mendota Heights as of July 31, 2024 consists of 17 total units with a median list price of \$615,000. This represents a much higher median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Mendota Heights consisted of 538 homes with a median sales price of \$530,000, which is 39.5% higher than the median sales price for homes sold within Dakota County since January 2020 (\$380,000).

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

| Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Mendota Heights (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Year | Number Percent Sold Change | | Median Sales Price | Percent Change | | |
| 2020 | 126 | - | \$472,500 | - - | | |
| 2021 | 139 | 10.3% | \$538,000 | 13.9% | | |
| 2022 | 112 | -19.4% | \$542,500 | 0.8% | | |
| 2023 | 101 | -9.8% | \$554,000 | 2.1% | | |
| 2024* | 60 (103) | (2.0%) | \$599,700 | 8.2% | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Mendota Heights increased by 10.3% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, sales volume decreased in each subsequent year. Projections indicate that sales volume will increase by 2.0% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city increased substantially. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Mendota Heights increased by 26.9% between January 2020 and July 2024.

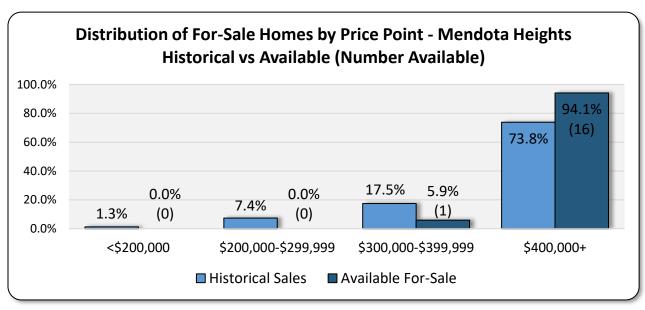
The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Mendota Heights and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Total | | | Months | | | Average | |
| | Available | Share of | Availability | Supply of | Average | Median | Days | Average |
| Area | Units | County | Rate | Inventory | List Price | List Price | on Market | Year Built |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Mendota Heights | 17 | 2.9% | 0.5% | 1.7 | \$978,459 | \$615,000 | 91 | 1985 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 17 available for-sale homes in Mendota Heights represent 2.9% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.5% when compared to the 3,776 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.7 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of 91 days and an average year built of 1985. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Mendota Heights:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 16 of the 17 available for-sale homes in Mendota Heights are priced at \$400,000 and higher, representing 94.1% of available homes for sale in the city. During the historical sales period, 73.8% of the homes sold in the city were priced at \$400,000 or higher. By comparison, there is only one available home priced between \$300,000 and \$399,999 and no available homes priced below \$300,000 in Mendota Heights. While the lack of homes priced below \$300,000 is consistent with recent sales activity, the lack of available homes within this price range is likely to create affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. However, none of the 60 such facilities surveyed within the county are located within Mendota Heights. The lack of such product within the city could be indicative of a development opportunity, particularly when considering the notable household growth projected among seniors aged 75 and older.

An expanded analysis of the county-wide senior care housing market can be found in Section VI (Housing Supply Analysis) of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment report.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. During this process there were no multifamily rental, for-sale housing, or senior care housing developments identified within Mendota Heights that are either planned or under construction. However, it should be noted additional projects may have been introduced into the development pipeline since the time interviews and research were completed.

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-to-date version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Mendota Heights. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Mendota Heights has an overall *five-year* housing gap of 1,290 units, with a gap of 310 rental units and a gap of 980 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Mendota Heights.

| | Mendota Heights Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | | |
| Household Income | ≤\$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | | |
| | Five-Year Estimates (2024-2029) | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 84 | 77 | 59 | 62 | 28 | 310 | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 98 | 241 | 471 | 170 | 980 | | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 168 | 154 | 118 | 124 | 56 | 620 | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 196 | 482 | 942 | 340 | 1,960 | | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Mendota Heights (4-person limit)

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears the greatest five-year *rental* housing gap in the city is for product serving households between 31% and 60% of AMHI. The greatest five-year *for-sale* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within Mendota Heights should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Mendota Heights.

| SWOT Analysis | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | | | |
| Household growth of 13.9% (2010-2024) Positive household growth projections for various age cohorts Positive household growth projections among both owners and renters Positive household income growth projections Few households live in substandard housing conditions | No vacancies at Tax Credit and subsidized multifamily apartments Extremely low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing Lack of lower/moderate priced (under \$300,000) for-sale product Higher overall housing costs compared to county and state | | | | |
| Opportunities | Threats | | | | |
| Housing need of 310 rental units and 980 for-sale units within the next five years Renter households projected to increase by nearly 10.0% during the next five years Attract some of the 12,000+ commuters coming into the city for work to live in the city | Rising cost of for-sale housing No known residential housing projects planned for the city Lack of senior care housing product in the city A very low share (2.1%) of employed residents work in the city City risks losing some of the 5,000+ residents that commute out of the city for employment | | | | |

Mendota Heights has experienced positive household growth since 2010, and household growth in the city is projected to continue over the next five years. Note that the city has no vacancies among its *affordable* multifamily units, an extremely low number of available non-conventional rental units, and a low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs and a significant number of residents commuting outside Mendota Heights

for employment increase the likelihood of households relocating outside the city. In addition, the city is projected to have housing gaps of 310 rental units and 980 for-sale units over the next five years, with no known planned residential projects in the city to help fill these housing gaps. Note that over 12,000 workers commute into Mendota Heights for employment daily. These commuters represent a significant base of potential support for future development, which can contribute to positive household growth that will support a growing local economy. development opportunity.

ADDENDUM L: CITY OF ROSEMOUNT OVERVIEW

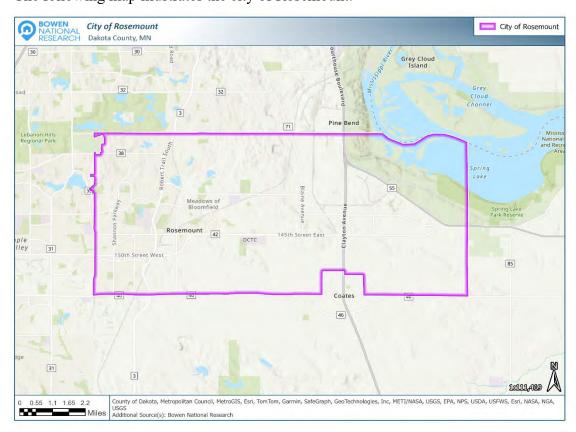
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of Rosemount. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of Rosemount were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Rosemount is located in the central portion of Dakota County, approximately 25 miles southeast of Minneapolis. Rosemount contains approximately 35 square miles and has an estimated population of 28,495 in 2024. U.S. Highway 52 and State Route 3 run north/south and each serve their respective halves of the county. The thoroughfares provide access to nearby metropolitan centers north of Rosemount.

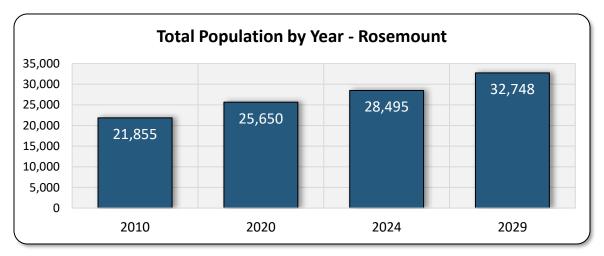
The following map illustrates the city of Rosemount.



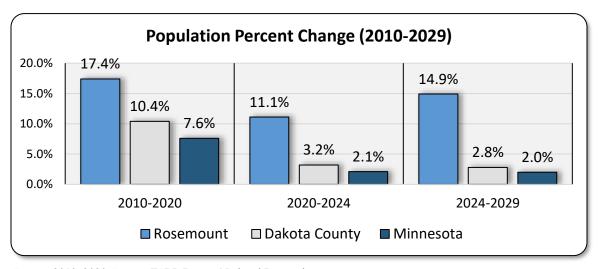
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for Rosemount. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for Rosemount and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

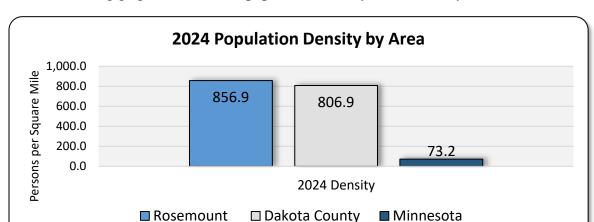


Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in Rosemount increased by 3,795 (17.4%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a much larger percent increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in Rosemount increased by 11.1%. The population within the area is projected to increase by 14.9% over the next five years. This substantially outpaces the 2.8% increase for the county and 2.0% increase for the state during this time period.

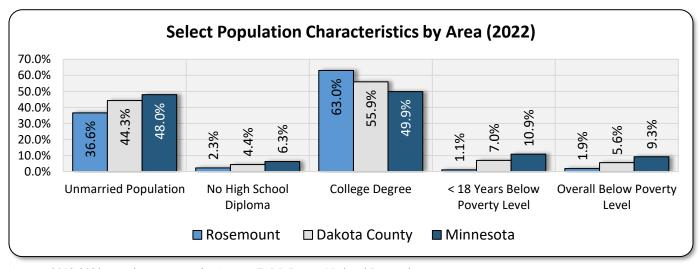


The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.

Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 856.9 persons per square mile, Rosemount has a population density similar to Dakota County but is considerably more densely populated than the state of Minnesota.

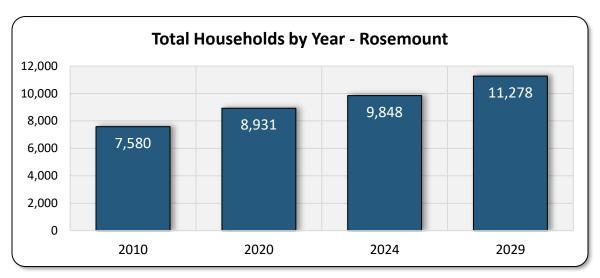
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



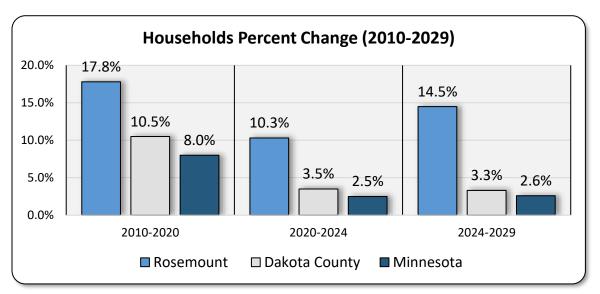
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, Rosemount has a lower share of unmarried population (36.6%), a lower share of the population without a high school diploma (2.3%), and a higher share of individuals with a college degree (63.0%) as compared to both the county and state. The two educational attainment factors are likely a positive influence on housing affordability in the city. This also likely contributes to the much lower poverty rates within the city as compared to the county and state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in Rosemount by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



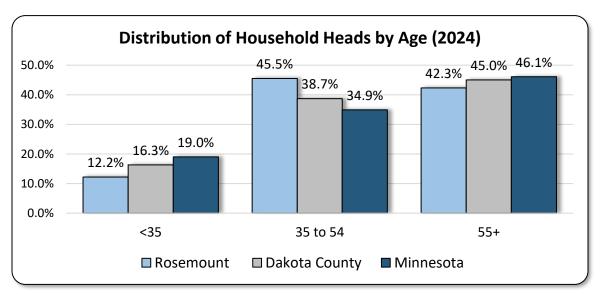
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



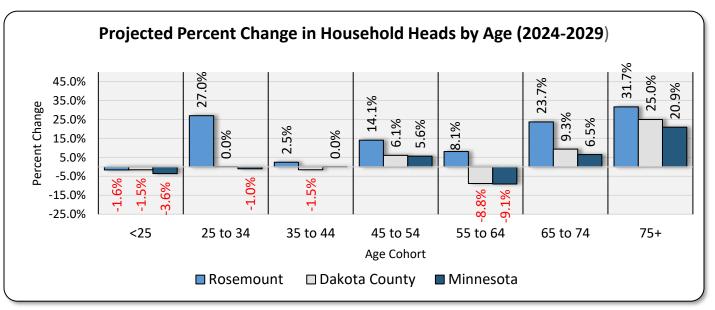
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in Rosemount increased by 1,351 (17.8%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a larger percent increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in Rosemount increased by 10.3%. It is projected that the number of households in the area will further increase by 14.5% over the next five years, a rate which will far outpace projections for the county (3.3%) and state (2.6%). While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected *percent* change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



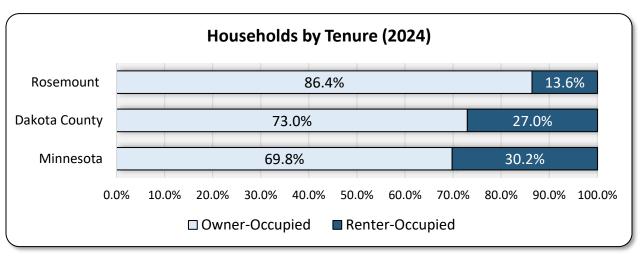
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



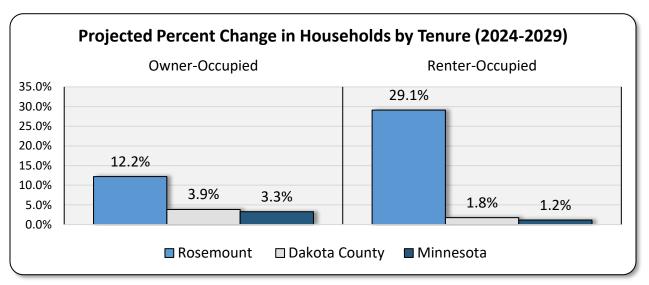
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that Rosemount and Dakota County households in 2024 are more heavily concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to the state. While households aged 75 and older are projected to experience the greatest growth (31.7%) in Rosemount over the next five years, notable household growth is also projected among all age cohorts between the ages of 25 and 74. Comparatively, household growth within the county and state is expected to be concentrated among households aged 45 to 54 and those aged 65 and older during this same time period.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



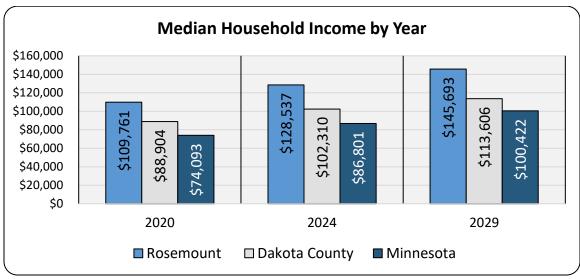
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in Rosemount (86.4% owners and 13.6% renters) is more heavily weighted toward owner households as compared to the county and state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in Rosemount will increase by 12.2%, while the number of renter households will increase by 29.1%. These are both larger increases as compared to the county and state, but the increase among renter households is particularly noteworthy. The *increase* among owner and renter households in Rosemount will likely contribute to an increase in demand within both the for-sale and rental housing markets over the next five years. However, it is also important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors.

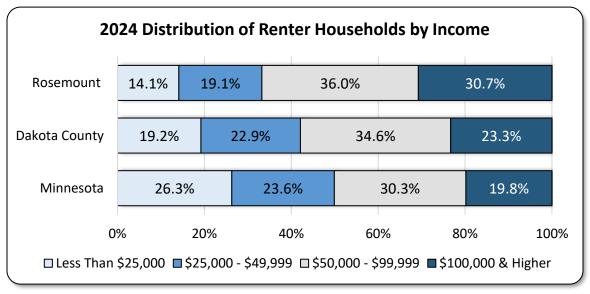
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

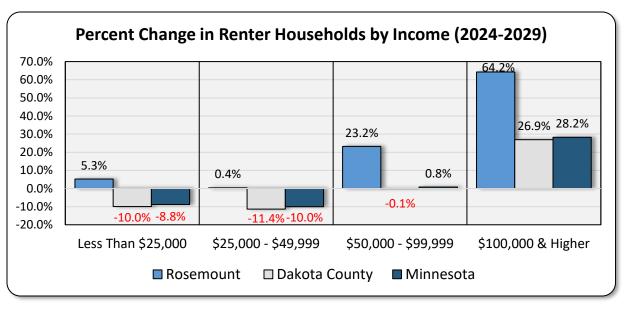


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in Rosemount (\$128,537) is 25.6% higher than the countywide median household income and 48.1% higher than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in Rosemount will increase to \$145,693, or an increase of 13.3%. The median household income in Rosemount will remain well above both countywide (\$113,606) and statewide (\$100,422) levels.

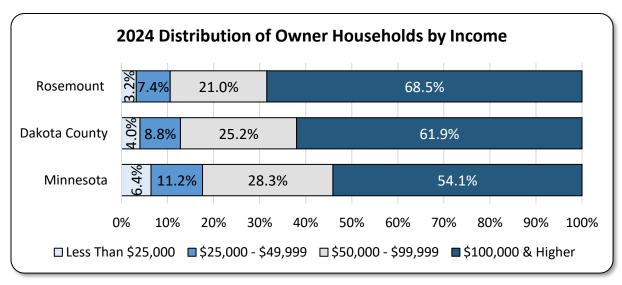
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

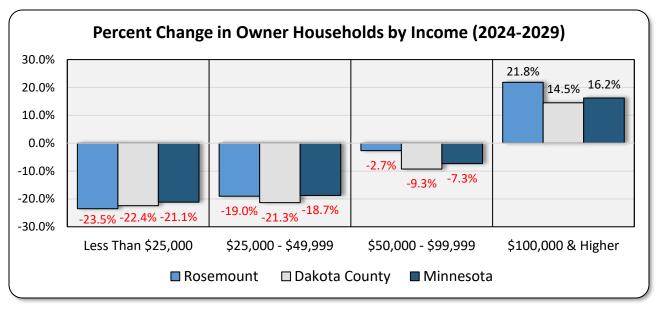




In 2024, Rosemount has a larger share of renter households with incomes between \$50,000 and \$99,999, as well as those with incomes of \$100,000 or higher when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in Rosemount is projected to be primarily concentrated among households earning \$50,000 or more, with the greatest growth (64.2%) projected for households earning \$100,000 or more. However, some growth is also projected among households earning less than \$50,000. While this is indicative of ongoing demand for rental product of various affordability levels, a substantial share of renter households in Rosemount will continue to earn \$50,000 or more.

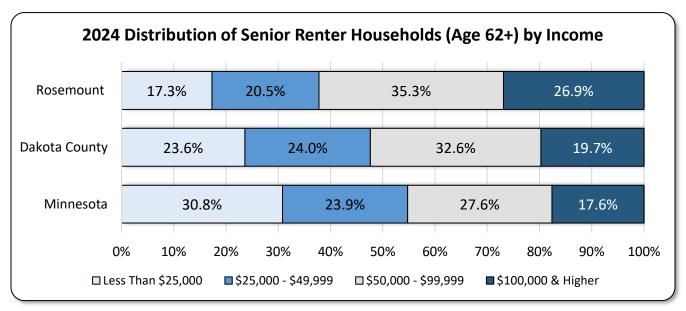
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

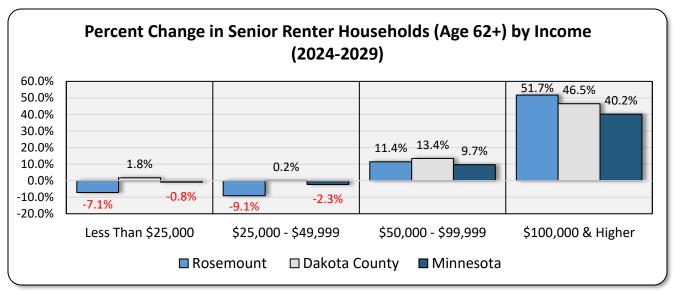




In 2024, the majority (68.5%) of Rosemount owner households earn \$100,000 or more, which is a higher share compared to the county (61.9%) and state (54.1%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected to be confined to households earning \$100,000 or higher (21.8%), as those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

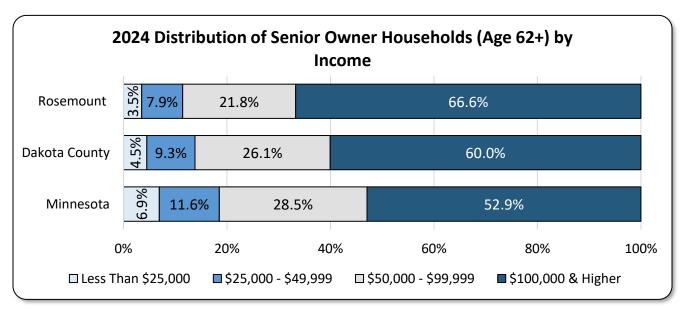
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

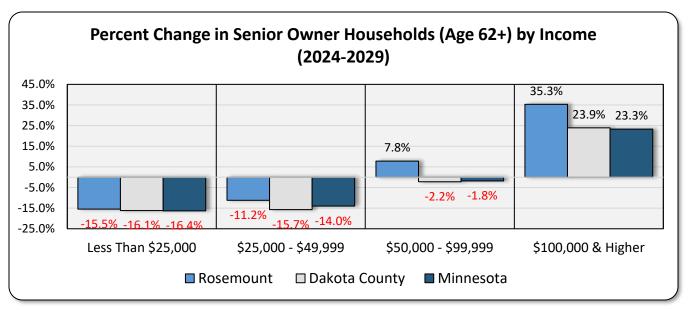




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in Rosemount earn between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (35.3%), followed by those earning \$100,000 or more (26.9%). Over the next five years, growth among senior renter households in Rosemount is projected to occur among households earning \$50,000 or more, with the greatest growth (51.7%) projected to occur among households earning \$100,000 or more.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in Rosemount earn \$100,000 or more (66.6%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (21.8%). Over the next five years, projected growth among senior owner households in Rosemount is confined to households earning \$50,000 or more, with the greatest growth (35.3%) projected among those earning \$100,000 or more.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

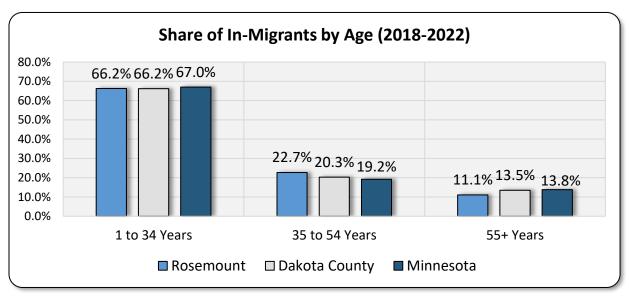
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 2020-2023 | 33,225 7,562 | 8.3% 1.7% | 27,991 5,686 | -1,115 -928 | 6,511 2,430 | 5,396 1,502 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

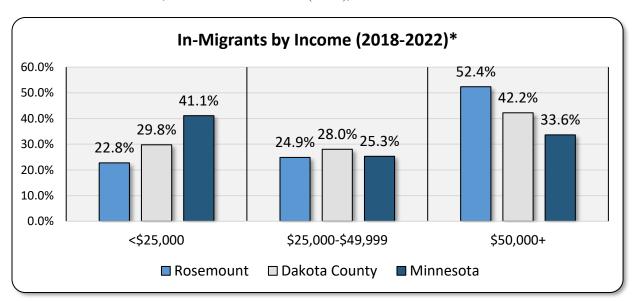
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to Rosemount, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for Rosemount is very similar to the distributions within the county and state, although there is a slightly higher share of in-migrants aged 35 to 54 (22.7%) in Rosemount. While the distribution of in-migrants by income in Rosemount is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning \$50,000 or more, the data illustrates that notable shares of in-migrants earn less than \$25,000 (22.8%) and between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (24.9%).

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for Rosemount, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

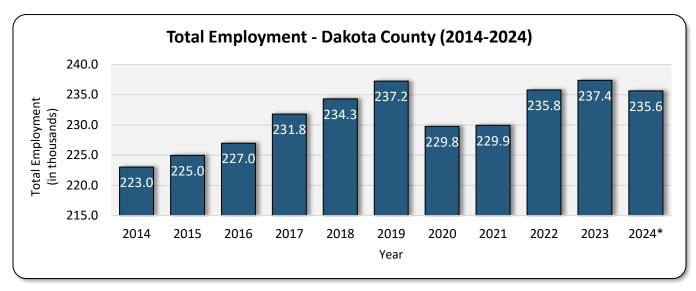
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| | Rosen | nount | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 0 | 0.0% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 103 | 1.3% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 418 | 5.2% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 1,725 | 21.5% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 244 | 3.0% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 461 | 5.7% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 552 | 6.9% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 95 | 1.2% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 86 | 1.1% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 81 | 1.0% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 1,023 | 12.8% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 5 | 0.1% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 239 | 3.0% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 1,203 | 15.0% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 343 | 4.3% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 76 | 0.9% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 575 | 7.2% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 395 | 4.9% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 392 | 4.9% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 7 | 0.1% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 8,023 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

Rosemount has an employment base of more than 8,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Manufacturing (21.5%), Educational Services (15.0%), Professional, Scientific & Technical Services (12.8%), Accommodation & Food Services (7.2%), and Transportation & Warehousing (6.9%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 63.4% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

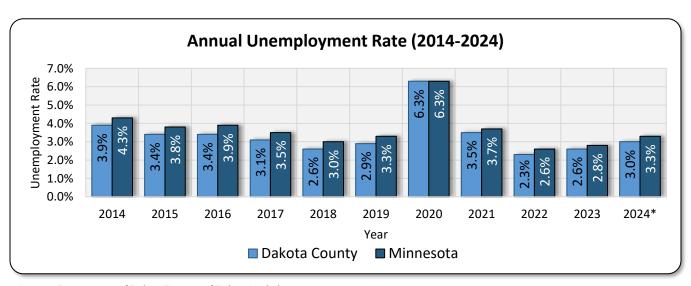


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

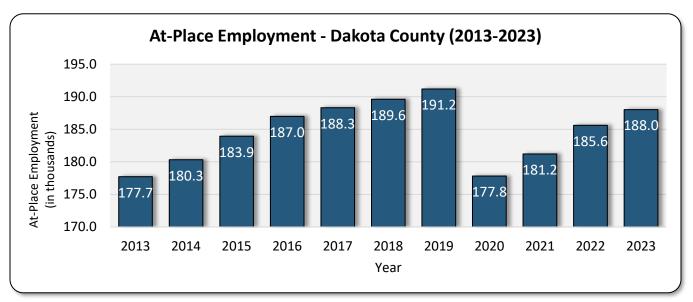


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which none are located within Rosemount. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

The following table summarizes recent and/or ongoing economic development projects identified within Rosemount:

| | | Economic D | evelopment Activity - Rosemount |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--|
| Project Name | Investment | Job Creation | Scope of Work/Details |
| Meta | \$800 million | 100 | Under Construction: The 700,000 square-foot data center is expected to open in 2026. During construction 1,000 construction jobs will be created. |
| Life Time | N/A | N/A | Under Construction: 92,000 square-foot facility. ECD is 2025. |
| Sustainable Aviation Fuel Facility | N/A | N/A | Planned: Flint Hills Resources and Delta are in the early stages of developing a facility that will blend jet fuel. ECD is end of 2025. |
| FedEx Warehouse | N/A | 400 to 600 | Completed: In 2023, construction of the new FedEx warehouse was completed at the former Rich Valley Golf Course. |
| Home Depot | N/A | 61 | Completed: In 2023, completed a 417,000 square-foot distribution center. |
| Frana Companies | \$10 million | N/A | Completed: In 2023, completed a 56,220 square-foot floor manufacturing plant. |
| Rosemount Police and Public Works | \$58 million | N/A | Completed: In late 2024, employees were able to move into the new 160,000 square-foot campus. |

N/A – Not Available; ECD – Estimated Completion Date

As the preceding illustrates, two notable economic investment projects are currently under construction, one is planned, and several were recently completed within Rosemount. The Meta data center, which has an investment value of \$800 million and associated job creation of 100 new jobs, is expected to open in 2026. These projects, as well as others throughout Dakota County, will likely have a positive impact on the community and labor market in the future.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

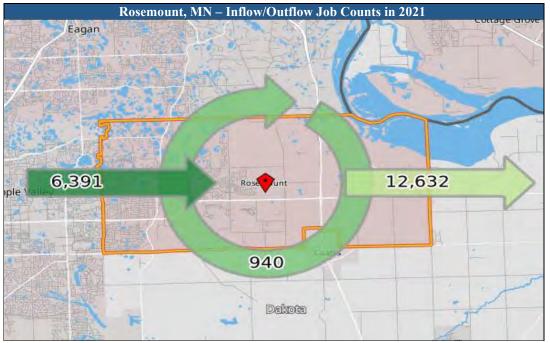
The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for Rosemount.

| | Commuting Attributes - Rosemount, Minnesota | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|-----------|----------|----------|------------|---------|--------|--|--|
| | Mode | | | | | | | | |
| | Drove | | Public | | Other | Worked | | | |
| | Alone | Carpooled | Transit | Walked | Means | at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 10,167 | 945 | 259 | 193 | 123 | 2,566 | 14,253 | | |
| Percent | 71.3% | 6.6% | 1.8% | 1.4% | 0.9% | 18.0% | 100.0% | | |
| | | | T | ime | | | | | |
| | Less Than | 15 to 29 | 30 to 44 | 45 to 59 | 60 or More | Worked | | | |
| | 15 Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | at Home | Total | | |
| Number | 2,579 | 4,105 | 3,498 | 819 | 686 | 2,566 | 14,253 | | |
| Percent | 18.1% | 28.8% | 24.5% | 5.7% | 4.8% | 18.0% | 100.0% | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 77.9% of individuals in Rosemount utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 46.9% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 18.0% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and nearly one-half have relatively short commute times, 1.8% of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

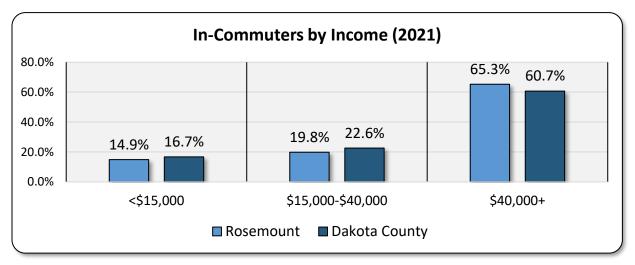
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for Rosemount based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 7,331 persons *employed* in Rosemount, 87.2% (6,391) originate from outside the city, while 12.8% (940) live within the city. Approximately 12,600 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 6,391 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within Rosemount.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for Rosemount and Dakota County.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (65.3%) of in-commuters to Rosemount earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 19.8% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 14.9% earn less than \$15,000 annually. As the majority of in-commuters earn \$40,000 or more, there is a slightly lower proportion of low- and middle-income in-commuters within Rosemount when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the nearly 6,400 in-commuters to live within Rosemount.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:

| Number of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Area | Total Owner Renter Area Occupied Occupied Vacant Total | | | | | | | | |
| Rosemount | 9,229 | 7,998 | 1,231 | 234 | 9,463 | | | | |
| Dakota County | Dakota County 169,404 128,582 40,822 4,760 174,164 | | | | | | | | |
| Minnesota | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 | | | | |
| | Chan | a of Housing Units | br. Tonuna (2022) | | | | | | |

100.0% 86.7% 75.9% 72.3% 80.0% 60.0% 40.0% 27.7% 24.1% 13.3% 9.5% 20.0% 2.5% 2.7% 0.0% Owner-Occupied Renter-Occupied Vacant ☐ Dakota County ■ Rosemount ■ Minnesota

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 9,229 total *occupied* housing units in Rosemount, 86.7% are owner occupied and 13.3% are renter occupied. This is more heavily weighted toward owner-occupied housing when compared to the county and state. Among the 9,463 total housing units in Rosemount, only 2.5% (234 units) are classified as vacant. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units. The respective shares of vacant units in Rosemount and Dakota County are significantly lower than the share (9.5%) for the state.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|--------------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Rer | ıter | Ow | Owner | | Renter Owner | | Renter | | Owner | | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Rosemount | 108 | 8.8% | 708 | 8.9% | 106 | 8.6% | 14 | 0.2% | 36 | 2.9% | 10 | 0.1% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In Rosemount, 8.8% of the renter-occupied housing units and 8.9% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are substantially lower than the county and statewide shares and represent an inventory of relatively modern housing units. While the share of overcrowded renter housing units (8.6%) is higher than the county and statewide shares, the share of owner housing units with this issue (0.2%) is lower than the comparison areas. The notably higher share of overcrowded renter housing units in Rosemount may be partially attributed to the limited inventory of rental units in the city, which only account for 13.3% of the total housing supply. This may force larger households to reside in rental units that are not adequately sized for their individual needs, thereby increasing the share of overcrowded renter households. The shares of renter-occupied (2.9%) and owner-occupied (0.1%) housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchens are relatively comparable to county shares, though the share of renter-occupied housing with this issue is higher than the statewide share. Overall, there are approximately 142 renter households and 24 owner households in Rosemount living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|---|------------|-------------------|--------------|--|--------------------|-------------|
| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2022 | 2022 Sha | 2022 Share of Cost 2022 Share of Sever | | e of Severe |
| | 2024 | Median HH | Median | Median | Burdened HH* | | Cost Burdened HH** | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner |
| Rosemount | 9,848 | \$128,537 | \$432,979 | \$1,521 | 38.3% | 14.1% | 15.4% | 3.9% |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in Rosemount of \$432,979 is 4.7% higher than the median home value for the county and 20.2% higher than the median home value for the state. The median gross rent of \$1,521 in the area is 7.9% higher than that of the county and 29.1% higher than the state. With a median household income of \$128,537 in Rosemount, approximately 38.3% of renter households and 14.1% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are roughly 471 renter households and 1,128 owner households in Rosemount that are housing cost burdened, of which more than 500 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

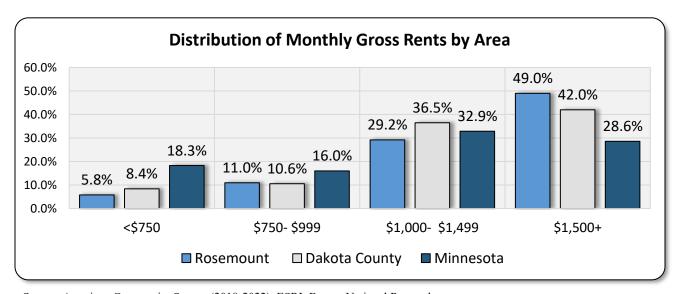
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | Renter-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | | | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | |
|------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------------|--|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | |
| Rosemount | Number | 627 | 582 | 22 | 1,231 | 7,608 | 193 | 197 | 7,998 | |
| Rosemount | Percent | 50.9% | 47.3% | 1.8% | 100.0% | 95.1% | 2.4% | 2.5% | 100.0% | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | |
| Milliesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 52.7% of the *rental* units in Rosemount are within structures of four units or less or mobile homes. Overall, Rosemount has a lower share (47.3%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Among *owner*-occupied units in Rosemount, 97.6% are within structures of four units or less and mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 52.7% of all rental units in Rosemount classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure and mobile homes), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (49.0%) of Rosemount rental units have rents of \$1,500 or more, followed by units with rents between \$1,000 and \$1,500 (29.2%). Although considerably less in share, 16.8% of rentals in the area have rents below \$1,000. Compared to the county and state, the distribution of gross rental rates in Rosemount is much more heavily weighted toward the units with rents of \$1,500 or more.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for Rosemount and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|--|--------|---------|------------------------------|--------|------------|--|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | | |
| | Projects | Total | Vacant | Vacancy | Market- | Tax | Government | | |
| | Surveyed | Units | Units | Rate | Rate | Credit | Subsidized | | |
| Rosemount | 12 | 906 | 7 | 0.8% | 1.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In Rosemount, a total of 12 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 906 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 99.2% occupied, with a total of just seven vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within Rosemount is considered very high. The occupancy rates among the various program types are also high, and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within Rosemount. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the area.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in Rosemount and Dakota County.

| Median Ren | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | | |
| | Market-Rate | | | | | | | | |
| Rosemount | \$1,448 | \$1,650 | \$1,908 | \$2,245 | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | |
| Rosemount | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,336 | \$1,545 | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in Rosemount (\$1,448) is approximately 89.3% higher than the comparable Tax Credit unit (\$765) in the area. While the median rents for market-rate units in Rosemount are higher than the corresponding rents in Dakota County, many of the median rents for the Tax Credit units in Rosemount are similar to, if not lower than, the Tax Credit units in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents steadily increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both Rosemount and Dakota County, many low-income households likely seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 52.7% of the total rental units in Rosemount.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified seven non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in Rosemount. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Su | Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | |
|---|--|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | | |
| Rosemount | 649 | 7 | 1.1% | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of seven available units identified, Rosemount has an overall vacancy rate of 1.1% for non-conventional rentals, which is higher than the vacancy rate for such units within Dakota County. Nonetheless, this is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in Rosemount and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Bedroom | Vacant Units | Rent Range | Median Rent | Median Rent Per Square Foot | | | | |
| Rosemount | | | | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 1 | \$1,900 | \$1,900 | \$1.43 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 5 | \$1,995 - \$2,500 | \$2,278 | \$1.34 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$3,800 | \$3,800 | \$1.21 | | | | |
| Total | 7 | | | • | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | |
| T (1 | 0.2 | | | • | | | | |

Total 83
Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

Among the available non-conventional rentals in Rosemount, the largest share (71.4%) by bedroom type consists of three-bedroom units. The three-bedroom units have a median rent of \$2,278 (\$1.34 per square foot) and an overall rent range of \$1,995 to \$2,500. When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical three-bedroom non-conventional rental in Rosemount has a gross rent of nearly \$2,600. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for Rosemount and Dakota County.

| Rosemount | Rosemount - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Туре | Homes Median Price | | | | | | | |
| | Rosemount | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 50 | \$382,450 | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 1,914 | \$423,750 | | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in Rosemount as of July 31, 2024 consists of 50 total units with a median list price of \$382,450. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in Rosemount consisted of 1,914 homes with a median sales price of \$423,750, which is 11.5% higher than that reported for homes sold in Dakota County during this time period.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

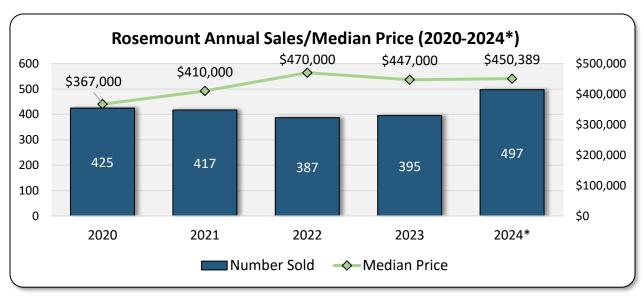
| Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – Rosemount | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|-------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) Number Percent Median Percent | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | Sold | Change | Sales Price | Change | | | | | |
| 2020 | 425 | - | \$367,000 | - | | | | | |
| 2021 | 417 | -1.9% | \$410,000 | 11.7% | | | | | |
| 2022 | 387 | -7.2% | \$470,000 | 14.6% | | | | | |
| 2023 | 395 | 2.1% | \$447,000 | -4.9% | | | | | |
| 2024* | 290 (497) | (25.9%) | \$450,389 | 0.8% | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in Rosemount declined in both 2021 and 2022, prior to a 2.1% increase in 2023. Projections indicate that sales volume will increase 25.9% in 2024, though it should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. The median sales price of homes sold in the city declined in 2023 by 4.9% but has increased slightly (0.8%) through July of 2024. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in Rosemount increased by 22.7% between January 2020 and July 2024.

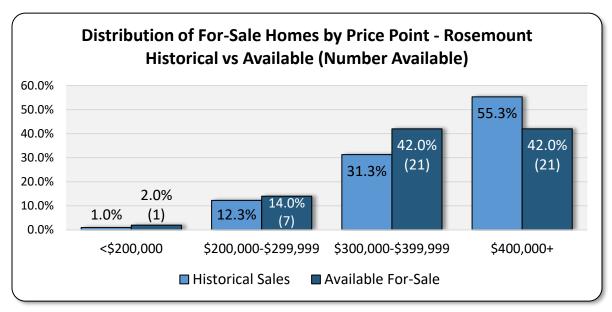
The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in Rosemount and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | Total Months Average | | | | | | | |
| | Available | Share of | Availability | Supply of | Average | Median | Days | Average |
| Area | Units | County | Rate | Inventory | List Price | List Price | on Market | Year Built |
| Rosemount | 50 | 8.6% | 0.6% | 1.4 | \$414,086 | \$382,450 | 44 | 2009 |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 50 available for-sale homes in Rosemount represent 8.6% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.6% when compared to the 7,998 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.4 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of 44 days and an average year built of 2009. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for Rosemount:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the share of *available* for-sale homes priced under \$200,000 has been historically low in Rosemount, with homes in this price cohort accounting for only 1.0% of all sales. There is only one *available* for-sale home in Rosemount priced below \$200,000 compared to 42 homes priced at \$300,000 or higher. Overall, the data illustrates that the vast majority of recent historical sales and currently available homes have a price point of \$300,000 or higher. This likely creates affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for Rosemount and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|------------|--------|----------|----------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | Marketed Occupancy National Median Base Monthly | | | | | | | | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | | | |
| Rosemount | | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 1 | 40 | 0 | 100.0% | 86.8% | \$1,970-\$3,490 | | | |
| Assisted Living | 1 | 52 | 6 | 88.5% | 85.4% | \$2,940-\$5,650 | | | |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | - | 82.0% | - | | | |
| Total | 2 | 92 | 6 | 93.5% | - | \$1,970-\$5,650 | | | |
| | | | Dakot | a County | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, two senior care projects were surveyed within Rosemount. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 93.5%. The occupancy rates in Rosemount for independent living (100.0%) and assisted living (88.5%) facilities are above the national rates. No nursing care units were identified within Rosemount. These occupancy rates and the projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area suggest that there could be an increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years and may represent a potential development opportunity.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rental and for-sale housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within Rosemount. Note that at the time of research, no senior care housing projects were identified within the city.

| Multifamily Rental Housing Development - Rosemount | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | | | |
| Landing at Amber Fields | | | Real Estate | Under Construction: Units to target households earning up to 50%, 60%, and 70% AMHI; Starting rents will range from \$1,343 for a one-bedroom to \$1,855 for a three-bedroom; ECD December 2024. | | | | |
| 14504 Abbeyfield Ave. | Tax Credit | 160 | Equities | Unit mix unknown. | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Unit mix of one-, two-, and three-bedroom units; 25 units at 50% AMHI, with the remaining units at 60% AMHI; Funding source | | | | |
| Croft at Rosecott | | | Schafer | is HOPE Funds; Construction started spring 2024. | | | | |
| 14203 Adalyn Ave. | Affordable | 164 | Richardson | ECD summer 2025. | | | | |

ECD - Estimated Completion Date

| For-Sale Housing Development - Rosemount | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Product | | | | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | | | | |
| | | | | Under Construction: Development divided into | | | | |
| | | | | three collections known as Expressions and | | | | |
| | | | | Inspiration (265 single-family homes) and | | | | |
| | | | | Freedom (596 townhomes); Homes to range from | | | | |
| | Single- | | | \$413,900 to \$604,990 with 1,565 to 3,290 sq. ft.; | | | | |
| Amber Fields | Family and | 0.54 | | Townhomes to range from \$360,990 to \$364,990 | | | | |
| Artaine Trail & 150 th St. | Townhomes | 861 | Pulte Homes | with 1,883 to 2,020 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | a: 1 | | | Under Construction: 136 townhomes ranging | | | | |
| 4 1 71 | Single- | | | from \$360,990 to \$394,990 with 1,894 to 1,965 sq. | | | | |
| Ardan Place | Family & | 215 | DD II 4 | ft.; 79 homes ranging from \$504,990 to \$555,850 | | | | |
| 13872 Kaylemore Trl. | Townhomes | 215 | D.R. Horton Distinctive | with 2,242 to 2,513 sq. ft. | | | | |
| Bray Hill Akron Ave. & Bonaire Path | C:1- | | | | | | | |
| East | Single- Family | 49 | Design Build, LLC | Under Construction: From \$629,900. | | | | |
| East | rainity | 49 | Build, LLC | Under Construction: 177 single-family homes | | | | |
| | | | | ranging from \$535,990 to \$699,990 with 1,721 to | | | | |
| Caramore Crossing | Single- | | | 3,003 sq. ft.; 82 detached townhomes sold out at | | | | |
| 1283 Bonaire Path West | Family | 177 | D.R. Horton | time of this analysis. | | | | |
| 1203 Bonane Fair West | 1 uning | 177 | Copper | Under Construction: Starting prices are | | | | |
| Dunmore of Rosemount Ph III | Single- | | Creek | approximately \$549,000 for 2,500 sq. ft.; 19 | | | | |
| 132 St. W. & S. Robert Trail | Family | 32 | Development | available at time of study. | | | | |
| | , | - | CNC | j | | | | |
| Emerald Isle | | | Development | | | | | |
| SE corner of Aspen Ave. & | Single- | | IV, LLC and | Under Construction: Prices range from \$579,900 | | | | |
| 143 rd St. | Family | 151 | OneTenTen | to \$799,900 for 2,700 to 3,953 sq. ft. | | | | |
| | - | | | Under Construction: Development divided into | | | | |
| | | | | three collections known as Discovery and Venture | | | | |
| | | | | (101 single-family lots) and Liberty (70 | | | | |
| | | | | multifamily lots). Homes to range from \$440,990 | | | | |
| | Single- | | | to \$604,990 with 1,830 to 3,078 sq. ft.; Townhomes | | | | |
| Talamore | Family and | | | to range from \$369,990 to \$406,990 with 1,719 to | | | | |
| 14384 Allerton Way | Townhomes | 171 | Pulte Homes | 1,831 sq. ft. | | | | |
| Enclave Townhomes | | | | Proposed: Submitted as an amendment to the | | | | |
| SW Corner of Abbeyfield Ave. | | 46- | Enclave | Amber Fields Planned Unit Development in spring | | | | |
| & 145th St. W. | Townhomes | 132 | Companies | 2024. | | | | |

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-to-date version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Rosemount. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

Rosemount has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 1,567 units, with a gap of 481 rental units and a gap of 1,086 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for Rosemount.

| | Rosemount Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | | | | |
| Household Income | ≤\$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | | | | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | | | | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | | | | |
| | | Five-Year | Estimates (2024-202 | 29) | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 158 | 0 | 96 | 160 | 67 | 481 | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 121 | 279 | 409 | 277 | 1,086 | | | | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 316 | 25 | 257 | 320 | 134 | 1,052 | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 242 | 558 | 1,620 | 554 | 2,974 | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears the greatest five-year rental housing gap in the city is for product serving households between 81% and 115% of AMHI though a similar gap exists for product serving households earning up to 30% of AMHI. Note that while these estimates indicate there is no rental housing gap for product serving households earning between 31% and 60% of AMHI over the next five years, this is due to the amount of product currently in the development pipeline within the city of Rosemount which is anticipated to meet the need for such product in this market during this projection period. This is not to say, however, that there is not potential to develop rental product within this segment, rather that the need/demand for such product is lower than that for other segments of the market. The greatest five-year for-sale housing gap in the city is also for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within Rosemount should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

^{*}Based on HUD limits for Rosemount (4-person limit)

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for Rosemount.

| SWOT Analysis | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | | | | | |
| Household growth of 29.9% (2010-2024) Positive household age growth projections Positive household growth by tenure (renter/owner) projections Multiple large-scale economic development projects planned for the area Newer overall housing stock compared to county and state Lower shares of cost burdened households compared to county and state | No availability among affordable (Tax Credit and subsidized) multifamily apartments Low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing Household growth projections generally limited to higher-income households | | | | | | |
| Opportunities | Threats | | | | | | |
| Housing need of 481 rental units Housing need of 1,086 for-sale units Attract some of the nearly 6,400 commuters coming into the city for work to live in the city Relatively young base of in-migrants with a variety of income levels | Higher overall housing costs as compared to county and state Higher shares of substandard rental units as compared to county and state City risks losing some of the 12,000+ residents that commute out of the city for employment | | | | | | |

Rosemount experienced notable positive household growth since 2010, and household growth is projected to continue over the next five years. Total employment, at-place employment, and the unemployment rate within the county are all indicative of a thriving local economy. Despite these positive attributes, the city has very low vacancy rates among multifamily and non-conventional rentals and a low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. These availability issues and significant number of residents commuting outside the city for employment increase the likelihood of households relocating to other communities in the region. However, the city has a total five-year housing gap of 1,567 units and nearly 6,400 non-residents commuting into the city daily for employment. This represents a significant development opportunity, which will contribute to positive household growth in the area and support a growing local economy.

ADDENDUM M: CITY OF SOUTH ST. PAUL OVERVIEW

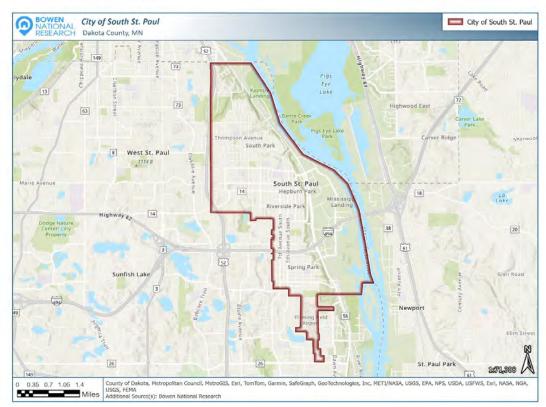
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of South St. Paul. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of South St. Paul were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

South St. Paul is located in the northern portion of Dakota County, approximately 18 miles southeast of Minneapolis. South St. Paul contains approximately six square miles and has an estimated population of 20,486 in 2024. Interstate 494 runs east/west through the central portion of South St. Paul while U.S. Highway 52 runs north/south along the western boundary of the city. These highways provide access to nearby metropolitan centers north of the city.

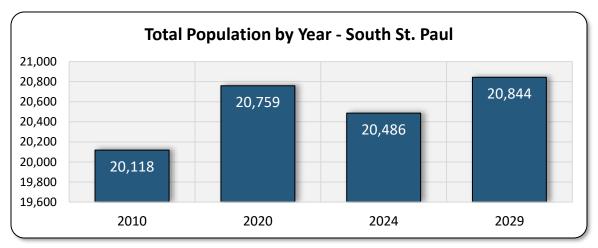




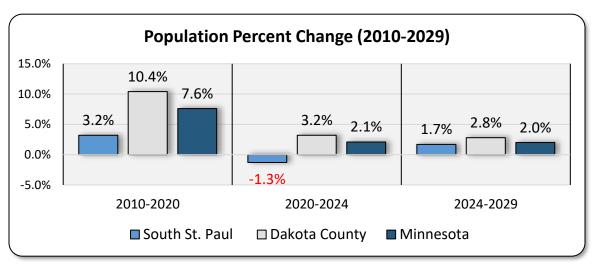
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for South St. Paul. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for South St. Paul and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



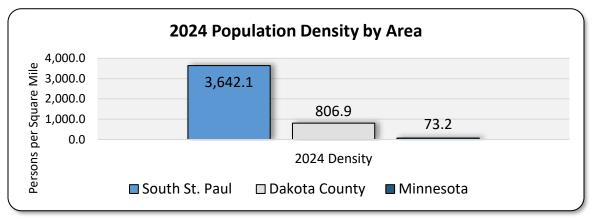
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in South St. Paul increased by 641 (3.2%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percent increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in South St. Paul declined by 1.3%. However, the population within the area is projected to increase by 1.7% over the next five years. This projected growth is relatively consistent with projections for both the county and state during this time period.

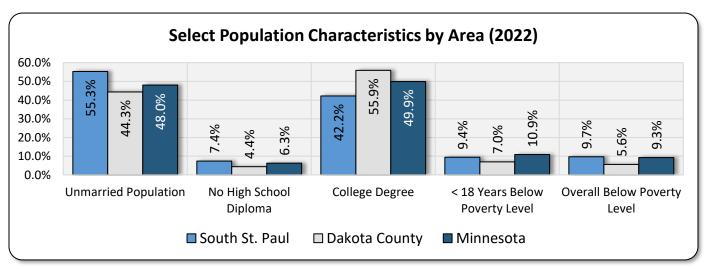
The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 3,642.1 persons per square mile, South St. Paul is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

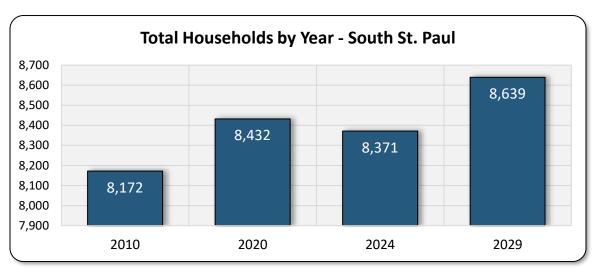
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



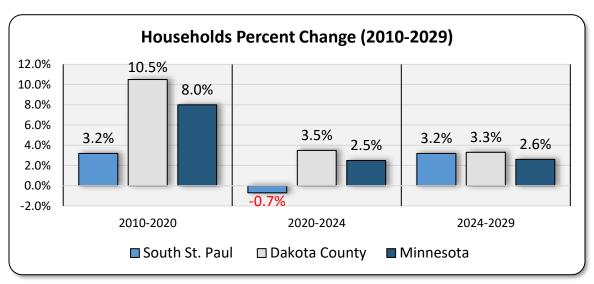
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, South St. Paul has a notably higher share of unmarried population (55.3%), a higher share of the population without a high school diploma (7.4%), and a notably lower share of individuals with a college degree (42.2%) as compared to the county and state. The two educational attainment factors likely have a negative influence on housing affordability in the city and contribute to the higher poverty rates within the city when compared to the county.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in South St. Paul by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



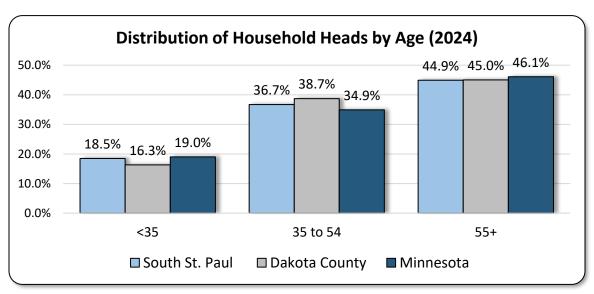
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



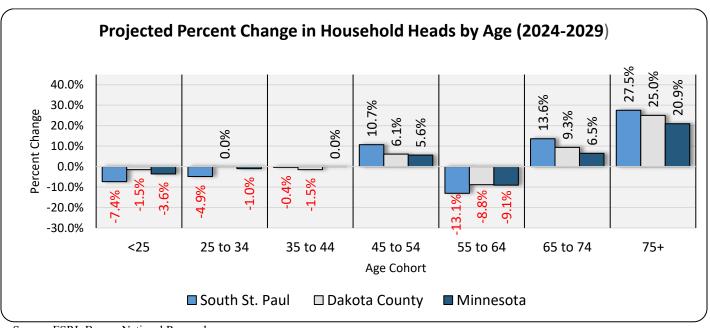
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in South St. Paul increased by 260 (3.2%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percent increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in South St. Paul declined by 0.7%. However, it is projected that the number of households in the area will increase by 3.2% over the next five years. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected *percent* change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



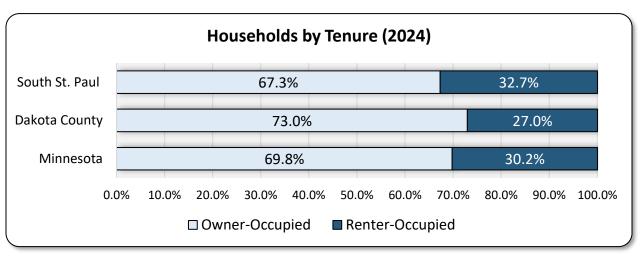
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



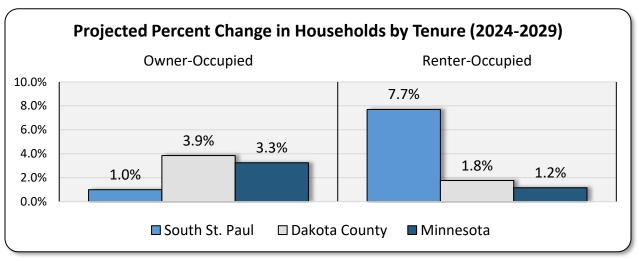
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that South St. Paul and Dakota County households in 2024 are slightly more concentrated among the middle-aged cohort (35 to 54 years) when compared to the state. While households aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 27.5% in South St. Paul over the next five years, households between the ages of 45 and 54 (10.7%) and 65 and 74 (13.6%) are also expected to increase. The overall projected changes in households by age in South St. Paul are broadly consistent with the projections for Dakota County and the state during this time.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



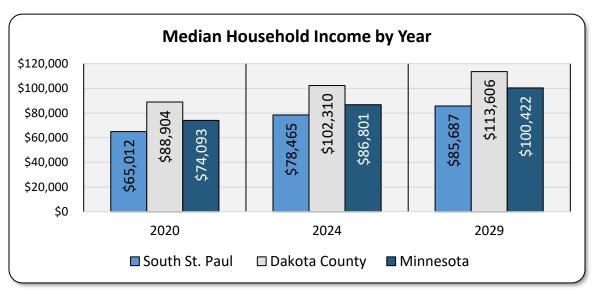
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in South St. Paul (67.3% owners and 32.7% renters) is more heavily weighted toward renters when compared to the county but is similar to shares by tenure within the state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in South St. Paul will increase by 1.0%, while the number of renter households will increase by 7.7%. This is a smaller increase in owner households but a much larger increase in renter households when compared to the county and state. The *increase* among both owner and renter households in South St. Paul will likely contribute to an increase in demand within the for-sale and rental housing markets over the next five years. However, it is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors.

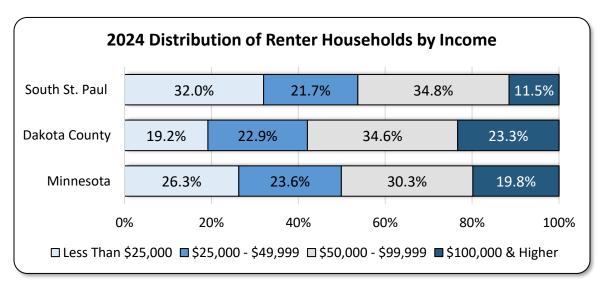
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

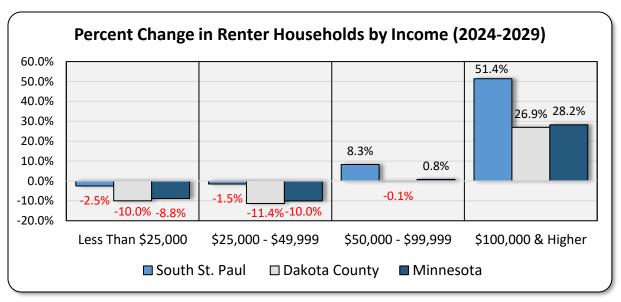


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in South St. Paul (\$78,465) is 23.3% lower than the countywide median household income (\$102,310) and 9.6% lower than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in South St. Paul will increase to \$85,687, or an increase of 9.2%. However, the median household income in South St. Paul will remain well below that of the county (\$113,606) and state (\$100,422) through 2029.

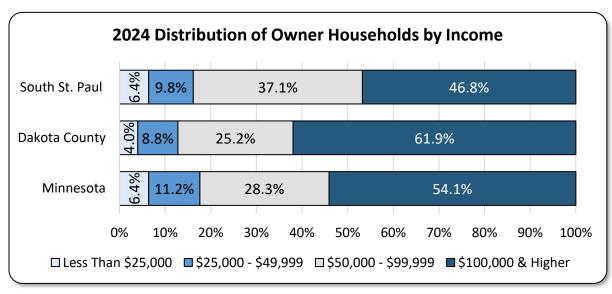
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

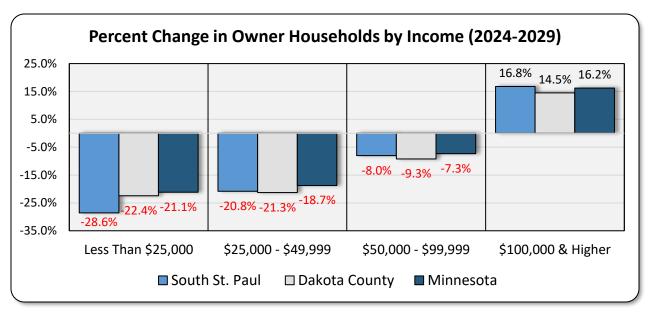




In 2024, South St. Paul has a notably larger share of renter households with incomes of less than \$25,000 when compared to Dakota County and the state of Minnesota. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in South St. Paul is projected to be primarily concentrated among households earning \$100,000 or higher (51.4%), though households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 are also projected to increase by 8.3%. Conversely, households earning less than \$50,000 are projected to decline in number. Despite these changes, a substantial share of renter households in South St. Paul will continue to earn less than \$50,000.

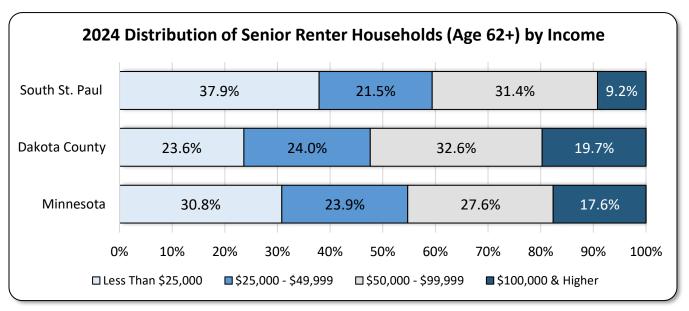
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

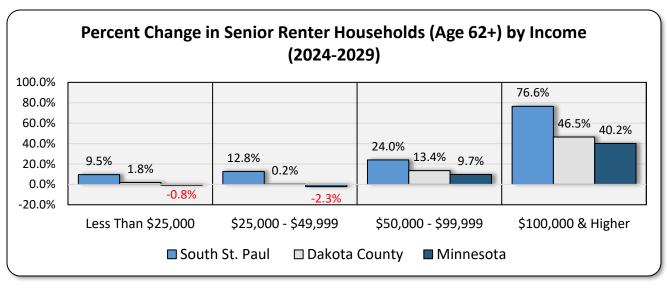




In 2024, the majority (53.3%) of South St. Paul owner households earn less than \$100,000, which is a larger share than the county (38.0%) and statewide (45.9%) shares. Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected to be confined to households earning \$100,000 or higher (16.8%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projections for this time period.

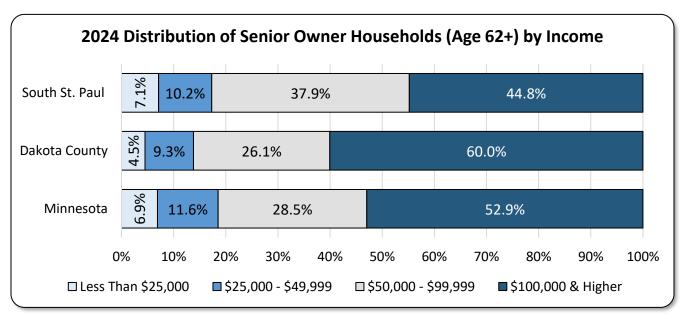
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

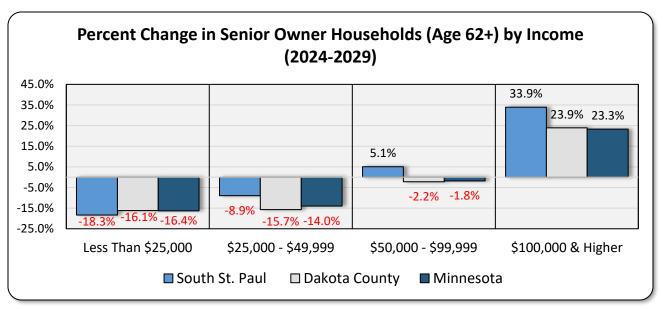




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in South St. Paul earn less than \$25,000 (37.9%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (31.4%). Over the next five years, growth among senior renter households in South St. Paul is projected to occur among households within each income segment, though the greatest increase (76.6%) is projected to occur among senior renter households earning \$100,000 or more.

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in South St. Paul earn \$100,000 or more (44.8%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (37.9%). Over the next five years, projected growth among senior owner households in South St. Paul is confined to households earning \$50,000 or more, with the greatest growth projected to occur among households earning \$100,000 or more. The projected growth among the highest income cohort in South St. Paul is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029, although 5.1% growth is also projected among households in the city earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

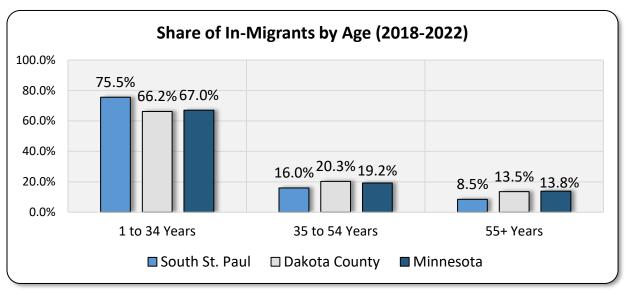
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration | | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 2020-2023 | 33,225 7,562 | 8.3% 1.7% | 27,991 5,686 | -1,115 -928 | 6,511 2,430 | 5,396 1,502 | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

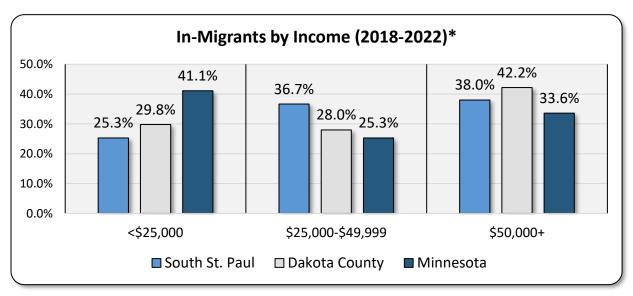
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to South St. Paul, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for South St. Paul is more heavily weighted toward persons less than 35 years of age as compared to the county and state. While the largest share (38.0%) of in-migrants by income in South St. Paul earns \$50,000 or more, the city has a proportionally higher share (36.7%) of in-migrants earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 when compared to the county and state. There is also a notable share (25.3%) of in-migrants that earn less than \$25,000.

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for South St. Paul, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

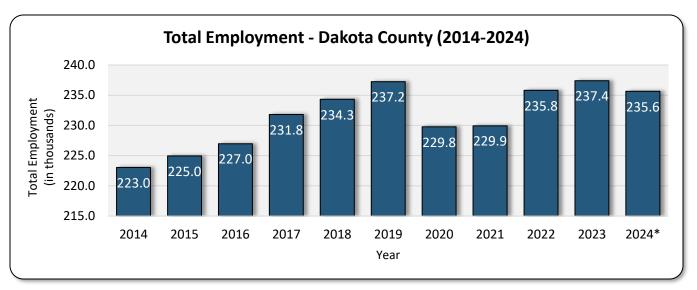
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | South S | St. Paul | Dakota | County | Minn | esota | |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 100 | 1.2% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% | |
| Mining | 0 | 0.0% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% | |
| Utilities | 100 | 1.2% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% | |
| Construction | 516 | 6.4% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% | |
| Manufacturing | 1,235 | 15.3% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% | |
| Wholesale Trade | 612 | 7.6% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% | |
| Retail Trade | 1,038 | 12.9% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% | |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 330 | 4.1% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% | |
| Information | 37 | 0.5% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% | |
| Finance & Insurance | 546 | 6.8% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% | |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 116 | 1.4% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% | |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 865 | 10.7% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% | |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 0 | 0.0% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% | |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 265 | 3.3% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% | |
| Educational Services | 812 | 10.1% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% | |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 299 | 3.7% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% | |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 186 | 2.3% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% | |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 294 | 3.6% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% | |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 500 | 6.2% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% | |
| Public Administration | 214 | 2.6% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% | |
| Non-classifiable | 12 | 0.1% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% | |
| Total | 8,077 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% | |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

South St. Paul has an employment base of more than 8,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Manufacturing (15.3%), Retail Trade (12.9%), Professional, Scientific & Technical Services (10.7%), Educational Services (10.1%), and Wholesale Trade (7.6%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 56.6% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

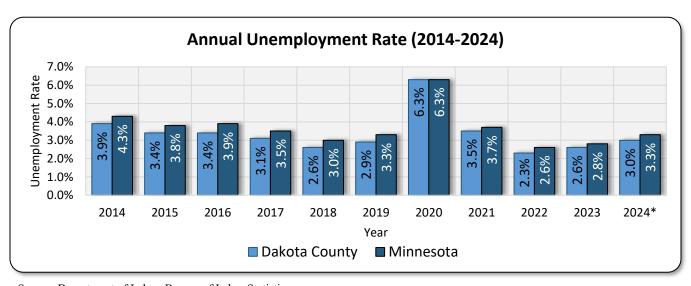


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

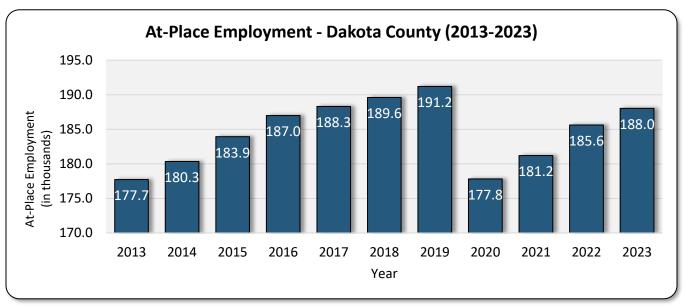


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which none are located within South St. Paul. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

While no major economic development projects were identified within South St. Paul at the time of research, it should be noted that over \$800 million in economic development projects has either been recently completed or is currently under construction in Dakota County. Overall, these projects have an estimated initial job creation of at least 250 new jobs within county. The economic and infrastructure investments within the county will likely have a positive influence on the local economy.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

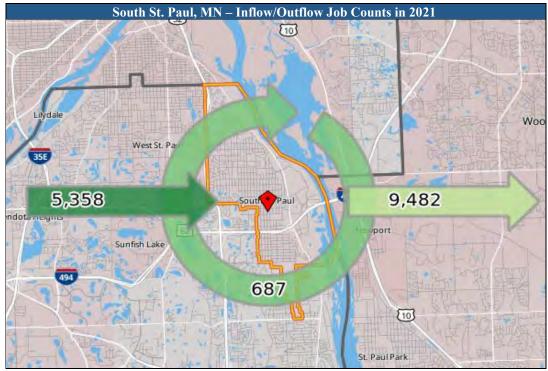
The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for South St. Paul.

| | Commuting Attributes South St. Paul, Minnesota | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|-----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| | | | Me | ode | | | | | | |
| | Drove | | Public | | Other | Worked | | | | |
| | Alone | Carpooled | Transit | Walked | Means | at Home | Total | | | |
| Number | 8,490 | 1,148 | 231 | 160 | 162 | 1,106 | 11,297 | | | |
| Percent | 75.2% | 10.2% | 2.0% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 9.8% | 100.0% | | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | | |
| | Less | | | | 60 or | | | | | |
| | Than 15 | 15 to 29 | 30 to 44 | 45 to 59 | More | Worked | | | | |
| | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | Minutes | at Home | Total | | | |
| Number | 2,992 | 4,708 | 1,837 | 481 | 173 | 1,106 | 11,297 | | | |
| Percent | 26.5% | 41.7% | 16.3% | 4.3% | 1.5% | 9.8% | 100.0% | | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 85.4% of individuals in South St. Paul utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 68.2% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 9.8% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, a noteworthy share (2.0%) of residents relies on public transit as their commuting mode.

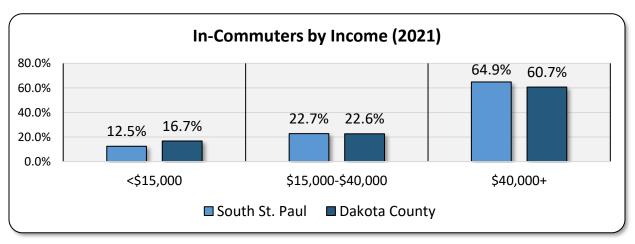
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for South St. Paul based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 6,045 persons *employed* in South St. Paul, 88.6% (5,358) originate from outside the city, while 11.4% (687) live within the city. Nearly 9,500 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 5,358 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within South St. Paul.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for South St. Paul and Dakota County.



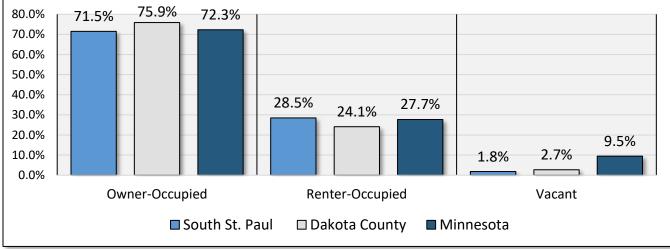
Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (64.9%) of in-commuters to South St. Paul earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 22.7% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 12.5% earn less than \$15,000 annually. As such, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 5,358 in-commuters to live within South St. Paul.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:

| Number of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Total | Owner | Renter | | | | | | |
| Area | Occupied | Occupied | Occupied | Vacant | Total | | | | |
| South St. Paul | 8,313 | 5,944 | 2,369 | 154 | 8,467 | | | | |
| Dakota County | 169,404 | 128,582 | 40,822 | 4,760 | 174,164 | | | | |
| Minnesota | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 | | | | |
| | Shar | e of Housing Units | s by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | |
| 80.0% 71.5% 7 | 72.3% | | | | | | | | |



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 8,313 total *occupied* housing units in South St. Paul, 71.5% are owner occupied and 28.5% are renter occupied. This is a similar distribution of occupied units by tenure compared to the state, but a slightly higher share of renter-occupied units as compared to the county. Among the 8,467 total housing units in South St. Paul, only 1.8% (154 units) are classified as vacant. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Renter | | Ow | wner Renter | | iter | Owner | | Renter | | Owner | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| South St. Paul | 1,305 | 55.5% | 4,497 | 76.6% | 14 | 0.6% | 77 | 1.3% | 49 | 2.1% | 38 | 0.6% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In South St. Paul, 55.5% of the renter-occupied housing units and 76.6% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are substantially higher than the county and statewide shares and represent an inventory of relatively older housing units. The share of overcrowded renter housing units (0.6%) is lower than the county and statewide shares, while the share of owner housing units with this issue (1.3%) is relatively similar to the comparison areas. The shares of renter-occupied (2.1%) and owner-occupied (0.6%) housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchens are similar to statewide share. Overall, there are approximately 63 renter households and 115 owner households in South St. Paul living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-------|--|-------|--|
| | 2024 | 2024 Median HH | 2024 Median | 2022 Median | 2022 Share of Cost Burdened HH* | | 2022 Share of Severe Cost Burdened HH** | | |
| | Households | Income | | | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner | |
| South St. Paul | 8,371 | \$78,465 | \$289,841 | \$1,094 | 48.9% | 18.6% | 20.8% | 5.4% | |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% | |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in South St. Paul of \$289,841 is 29.9% lower than the median home value for the county and 19.5% lower than the median home value for the state. The median gross rent of \$1,094 in the area is 22.4% lower than the county and 7.1% lower than the state. With a median household income of \$78,465 in South St. Paul, approximately 48.9% of renter households and 18.6% of owner households are housing cost burdened. As a result, there are roughly 1,158 renter households and 1,106 owner households in South St. Paul that are housing cost burdened, of which more than 800 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

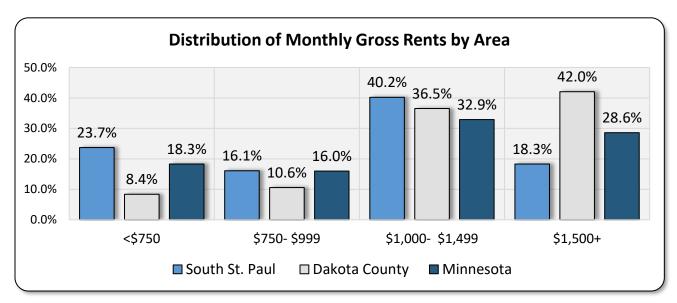
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | Renter-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | | Owner-Occupied Housing by Units in Structure | | | |
|------------|---------|--------------------|---|----------------------|---------|--------------------|--|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | |
| South St. | Number | 1,210 | 1,159 | 0 | 2,369 | 5,692 | 133 | 120 | 5,944 | |
| Paul | Percent | 51.1% | 48.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 95.8% | 2.2% | 2.0% | 100.0% | |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 | |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% | |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 | |
| Milliesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 51.1% of the *rental* units in South St. Paul are within structures of four units or less. Overall, South St. Paul has a lower share (48.9%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Among *owner*-occupied units in South St. Paul, 97.8% are within structures of four units or less and mobile homes.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 51.1% of all rental units in South St. Paul classified as non-conventional (four units or less within a structure and mobile homes), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the non-conventional rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (40.2%) of South St. Paul rental units have rents between \$1,000 and \$1,499, followed by units with rents below \$750 (23.7%). Although considerably less in share, 18.3% of rentals in the area have rents of \$1,500 or more. Compared to the county and state, the distribution of gross rental rates in South St. Paul is much more heavily weighted toward rents less than \$750 and rents between \$1,000 and \$1,499.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for South St. Paul and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | | | |
| | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | Market- Rate | Tax Credit | Government Subsidized | | | |
| South St. Paul | 10 | 675 | 2 | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.0% | 0.0% | | | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In South St. Paul, a total of 10 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 675 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 99.7% occupied, with a total of just two vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within South St. Paul is considered very high. The occupancy rates among the various program types are also high and the presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within South St. Paul. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the area.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in South St. Paul and Dakota County.

| Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | | |
| Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | \$1,099 | \$2,020 | \$1,520 | \$1,699 | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | \$504 | \$746 | - | - | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in South St. Paul (\$1,099) is double the rent for a comparable Tax Credit unit (\$504) in the area. The median rents for most market-rate and all Tax Credit units in South St. Paul are less than the corresponding rents in Dakota County, with the exception being the two-bedroom/one-bathroom market rate units. Regardless of program type, the median rents generally increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among all program types in South St. Paul, households are likely to seek rental alternatives in the surrounding communities. This can result in a loss of households and/or result in a higher share of cost burdened households if low-income households must resort to market rate or non-conventional rentals, which typically have much higher rents.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 51.1% of the total rental units in South St. Paul.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified three non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in South St. Paul. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | 1,210 | 3 | 0.2% | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of three available units identified, South St. Paul has an overall vacancy rate of just 0.2% for non-conventional rentals, which is lower than the vacancy rate reported for such units within Dakota County (0.6%). This is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a significant lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in South St. Paul and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Vacant Rent Median | | | | | | | | |
| Bedroom | Units | Range | Rent | Per Square Foot | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | | | | | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,895 - \$2,500 | \$2,198 | \$1.57 | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,600 | \$2,600 | \$1.36 | | | | | |
| Total | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | | | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | | | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | | | | |
| Total | 83 | | • | • | | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

The available non-conventional rentals in South St. Paul consist of three- and four-bedroom units. The three-bedroom units have a median rent of \$2,198 (\$1.57 per square foot) and the four-bedroom unit has a rent of \$2,600 (\$1.36 per square foot). When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical three-bedroom and four-bedroom non-conventional rentals in South St. Paul have gross rents of roughly \$2,500 and \$2,900, respectively. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for South St. Paul and Dakota County.

| South St. Paul - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Homes | Median Price | | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 14 | \$277,450 | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 1,138 | \$270,000 | | | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in South St. Paul as of July 31, 2024 consists of 14 total units with a median list price of \$277,450. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in South St. Paul consisted of 1,138 homes with a median sales price of \$270,000, which is 28.9% lower than that reported for homes sold during this time period within Dakota County.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

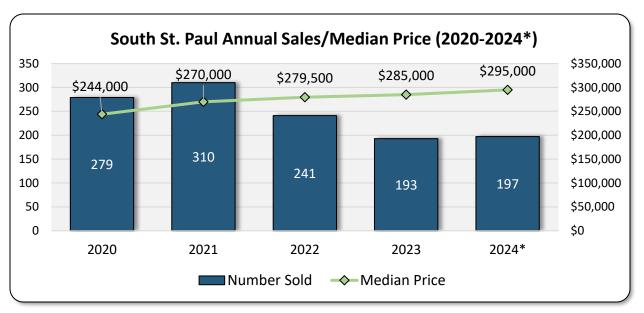
| Sales | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – South St. Paul | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--------|-------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | | |
| | Number Percent Median Percent | | | | | | | | |
| Year | Sold | Change | Sales Price | Change | | | | | |
| 2020 | 279 | - | \$244,000 | - | | | | | |
| 2021 | 310 | 11.1% | \$270,000 | 10.7% | | | | | |
| 2022 | 241 | -22.3% | \$279,500 | 3.5% | | | | | |
| 2023 | 193 | -19.9% | \$285,000 | 2.0% | | | | | |
| 2024* | (115) 197 | (2.1%) | \$295,000 | 3.5% | | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in South St. Paul increased by 11.1% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year; however, projections indicate that sales volume will increase 2.1% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city steadily increased. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in South St. Paul increased by 20.9% between January 2020 and July 2024. It is also noteworthy that the median sales price through July 2024 is 3.5% higher than that reported for 2023. This suggests that home prices in the area are continuing to increase.

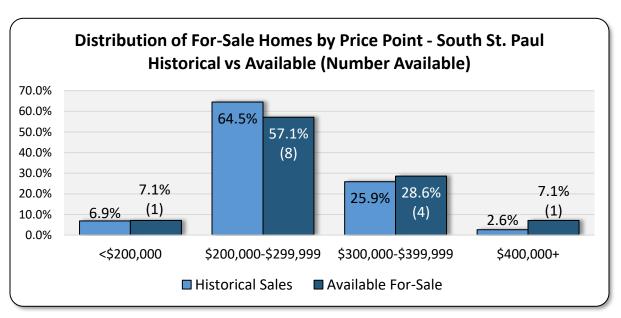
The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in South St. Paul and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|--------|------|-----|-----------|-----------|----|------|--|
| Total Average Average Area Units County Availability Rate Nonths Supply of Average Average Median Days Average Inventory List Price List Price on Market Vear Built | | | | | | | | | |
| South St. Paul | 14 | 2.4% | 0.2% | 0.7 | \$268,964 | \$277,450 | 69 | 1941 | |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 14 available for-sale homes in South St. Paul represent 2.4% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.2% when compared to the 5,944 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents less than one (0.7) *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-sale homes have an average number of days on market of 69 days and an average year built of 1941. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for South St. Paul:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the share of *available* for-sale homes priced under \$200,000 (7.1%) is very similar to the corresponding share of recent *historical* sales (6.9%). However, there is only one *available* for-sale home in South St. Paul priced below \$200,000. While homes priced between \$200,000 and \$299,999 represent the largest share (57.1%) of available homes, only eight such homes are available. In addition, there has been a slight shift in distribution from homes priced below \$300,000 in historical sales to homes prices above \$300,000 in the currently available for-sale homes. This likely creates affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for South St. Paul and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Project Type | Projects | Marketed Beds/Units | Vacant | Occupancy Rate | National Median Occupancy Rate | Base Monthly Rates | | | | |
| South St. Paul | | | | | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | - | - | - | - | 86.8% | - | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 1 | 33 | 5 | 84.8% | 85.4% | \$2,350-\$3,200 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | - | - | - | - | 82.0% | - | | | | |
| Total | 1 | 33 | 5 | 84.8% | - | \$2,350-\$3,200 | | | | |
| | | | Dakota | a County | | | | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | | | | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | | | | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | | | | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | | | | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, one senior care project was surveyed within South St. Paul. This assisted living project has an overall occupancy rate of 84.8%, which is relatively similar to the national median occupancy rate reported for this type of product. The relatively strong occupancy rate reported for the existing property surveyed, limited overall availability of senior care product, and projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area suggest there could be an increase in demand for senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. During this process there were no multifamily rental, for-sale housing, or senior care housing developments identified within South St. Paul. However, it should be noted additional projects may have been introduced into the development pipeline since the time interviews and research were completed.

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-to-date version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in South St. Paul. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

South St. Paul has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 1,485 units, with a gap of 660 rental units and a gap of 825 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for South St. Paul.

| | | South St. Paul Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | | | | | |
| Household Income | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | | | | | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | | | | | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | | | | | |
| | Five-Year Estimates (2024-2029) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 231 | 149 | 140 | 102 | 38 | 660 | | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 102 | 248 | 348 | 127 | 825 | | | | | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 462 | 298 | 280 | 204 | 76 | 1,320 | | | | | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 204 | 496 | 696 | 254 | 1,650 | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product. It appears the greatest five-year *rental* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning 30% or less of Area Median Household Income (AMHI). The greatest five-year *for-sale* housing gap in the city is for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within South St. Paul should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider most rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

^{*}Based on HUD limits for South St. Paul (4-person limit)

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for South St. Paul.

| SWOT A | Analysis |
|--|---|
| Strengths | Weaknesses |
| Stable overall household base (2010-2024) Projected household growth among owners and renters (2024-2029) Positive household income growth projections Lower shares of substandard rental housing as compared to county and state Lower overall housing costs compared to county and state | Household growth projected to be limited to higher income households (owner and renter) Older existing housing stock as compared to county and state Lack of availability among Tax Credit and subsidized multifamily apartments (0.0% vacancy rates) Low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing |
| Opportunities | Threats |
| Housing need of 660 rental units Housing need of 825 for-sale units Attract some of the 5,300+ commuters coming into the city for work to live in the city Large young base of in-migrants with a variety of income levels | Rising cost of for-sale housing Older average housing inventory subject to deterioration/neglect Nearly half (48.9%) of renter households are cost burdened Risk losing some of the 9,000+ residents that commute out of the city for employment |

South St. Paul is projected to experience household growth between 2024 and 2029, similar to trends between 2010 and 2020. Total employment, at-place employment, and the unemployment rate within the county are all indicative of a thriving local economy. Despite these positive attributes, the city has very low vacancy rates among multifamily and non-conventional rentals and a low availability rate within the forsale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs, an aging inventory of housing, and a significant number of residents commuting outside the city for employment increase the likelihood of households relocating outside the city. However, the city has a total housing gap of 1,485 units and more than 5,300 non-residents commuting into the city daily for employment. This represents a notable development opportunity, which will contribute to positive household growth in the area and support a growing local economy.

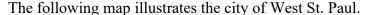
ADDENDUM N: CITY OF WEST ST. PAUL OVERVIEW

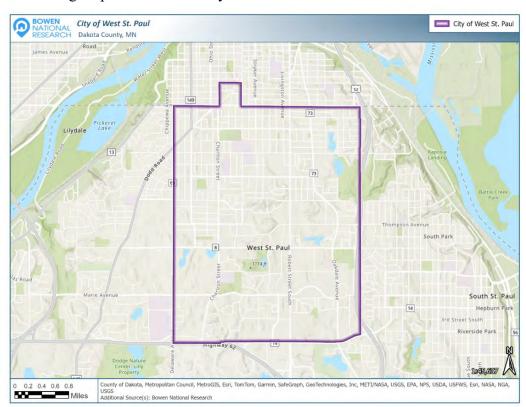
While the primary focus of this Housing Needs Assessment is on the entirety of the Primary Study Area, or PSA (Dakota County), this section of the report includes an overview of demographic, economic, and housing metrics specific to the city of West St. Paul. To provide a base of comparison, various metrics of West St. Paul were compared with the entirety of Dakota County and statewide numbers.

The analyses on the following pages provide overviews of key demographic and economic data, summaries of the multifamily rental market and for-sale housing supply, and general conclusions on the housing needs of the area. It is important to note that the demographic projections included in this section assume no significant government policies, programs or incentives are enacted that would drastically alter residential development or economic activity. Note that some topics presented in this analysis, particularly migration and economic data, may be limited to county-based metrics due to the availability of data.

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

West St. Paul is located in the northern portion of Dakota County, approximately 12 miles southeast of Minneapolis. West St. Paul contains approximately five square miles and has an estimated population of 21,559 in 2024. State Route 3 runs north/south through the center of West St. Paul, while U.S. Highway 52 runs north/south along the eastern boundary of the city and State Route 62 runs east/west along the city's southern boundary, providing access to nearby metropolitan centers.

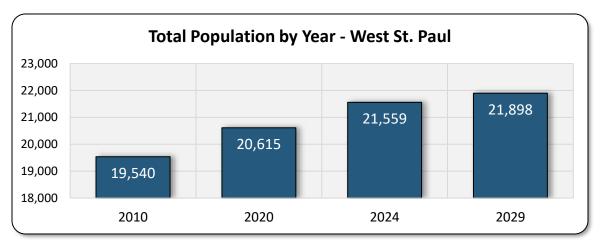




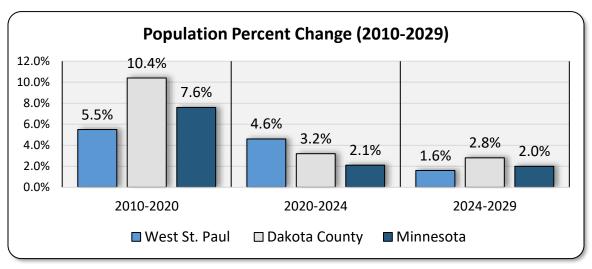
B. <u>DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS</u>

This section of the report evaluates key demographic characteristics for West St. Paul. Demographic comparisons provide insights into the human composition of housing markets. It should be noted that some total numbers and percentages may not match the totals within or between tables/graphs in this section due to rounding.

The following graphs illustrate *total population* by year for West St. Paul and the projected population changes between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



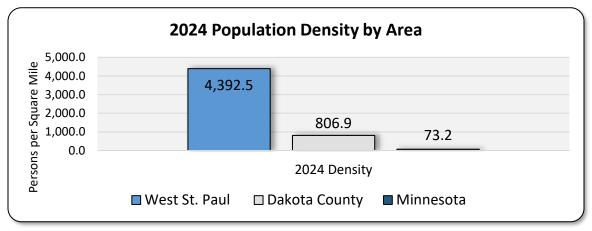
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The population in West St. Paul increased by 1,075 (5.5%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percent increase as compared to the county (10.4%) and state (7.6%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the population in West St. Paul increased by 4.6%, a higher rate of change as compared to the county and state. The population within the area is projected to again increase by 1.6% over the next five years, similar to projections for the county and state.

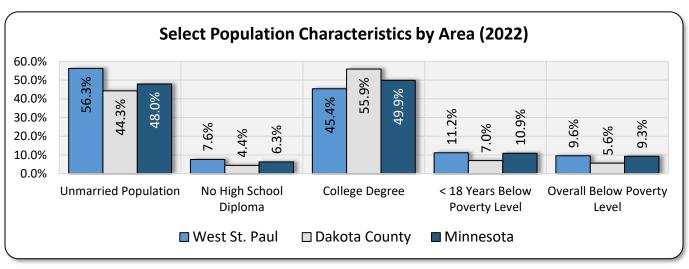
The following graph illustrates the *population density* for each study area in 2024.



Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a population density of 4,392.5 persons per square mile, West St. Paul is significantly more densely populated than Dakota County and the state of Minnesota.

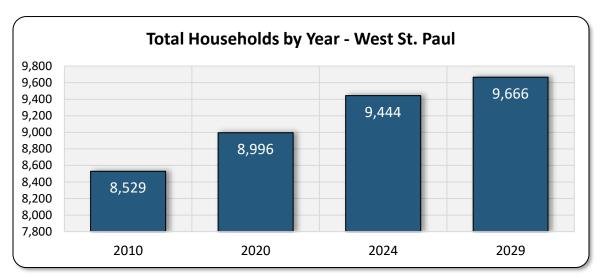
The following graph illustrates *select population characteristics* that typically influence housing affordability for each of the study areas. Note that data included within the graph is derived from the 2018-2022 American Community Survey, which is the most recent time period available for this source.



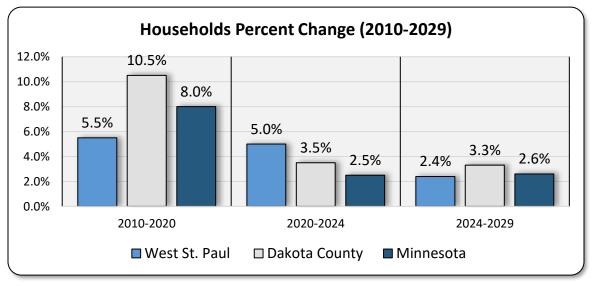
Source: 2018-2022 American Community Survey; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the data illustrates, West St. Paul has a higher share of unmarried population (56.3%), a higher share of the population without a high school diploma (7.6%), and a lower share of individuals with a college degree (45.4%) as compared to the county and state. The educational attainment factors likely have a slightly negative influence on housing affordability in the city. Overall, West St. Paul has higher poverty rates for children less than 18 years of age (11.2%) and the overall population (9.6%) when compared to the county and state.

The following graphs illustrate the number of *total households* in West St. Paul by year and the projected percent changes in households between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



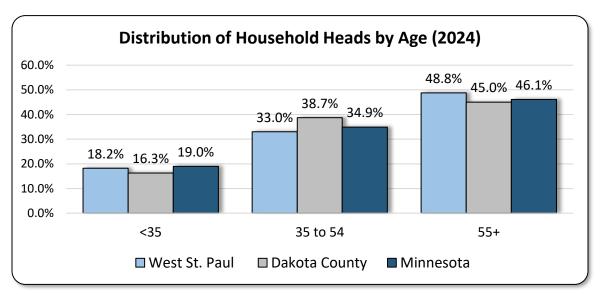
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



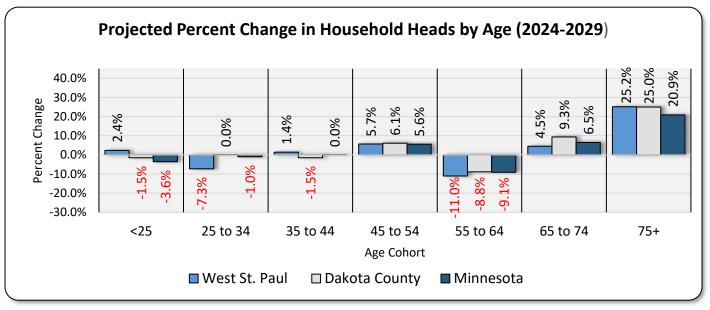
Source: 2010, 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

The number of households in West St. Paul increased by 467 (5.5%) between 2010 and 2020. This represents a smaller percent increase as compared to the county (10.5%) and state (8.0%) during this time period. Between 2020 and 2024, the number of households in West St. Paul increased by 5.0%, a rate which outpaced that for the county and state. This growth is projected to continue as the household base within West St. Paul will increase by 2.4% between 2024 and 2029. While household growth can heavily influence the total housing needs of a market, factors such as households living in substandard or cost-burdened housing, people commuting into the area for work, pent-up demand, and availability of existing housing all affect housing needs. These factors are addressed throughout this overview.

The following graphs compare the share of *household heads by age* for each of the study areas in 2024 and the projected *percent* change in household heads by age cohort between 2024 and 2029.



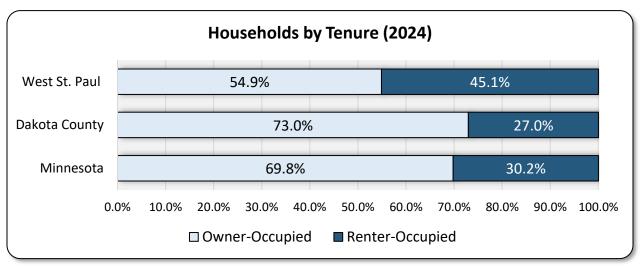
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research



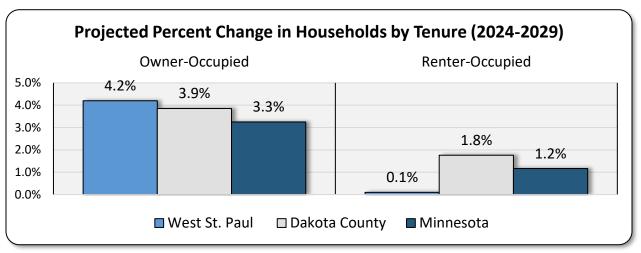
Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

Overall, the data shows that West St. Paul households in 2024 are more heavily concentrated among seniors (aged 55 and older) when compared to the county and state. While households aged 75 and older are projected to increase by 25.2% in West St. Paul over the next five years, various other age cohorts are also projected to experience moderate growth during this time period. The overall projected changes in households by age in West St. Paul are broadly consistent with the projections for Dakota County and the state during this time.

The following graphs compare the share of *households by tenure* (renters and owners) for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in households by tenure between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.



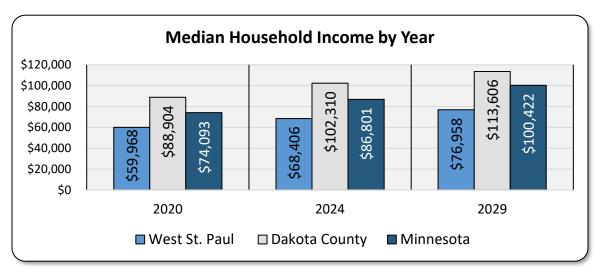
Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research



Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

In 2024, the distribution of households by tenure in West St. Paul (54.9% owners and 45.1% renters) is notably more heavily weighted toward renter households as compared to the county and state. Over the next five years, it is projected that the number of owner households in West St. Paul will increase by 4.2%, while the number of renter households will increase at a marginal rate of only 0.1%. This is a smaller increase in renter households but larger increase in owner households when compared to the county and state. The *increases* among owner and renter households in West St. Paul will likely contribute to ongoing demand within the for-sale and rental housing markets over the next five years. However, it is important to understand that housing demand is influenced by a variety of factors, which may include existing pent-up demand, substandard housing, housing cost burden, and/or other factors.

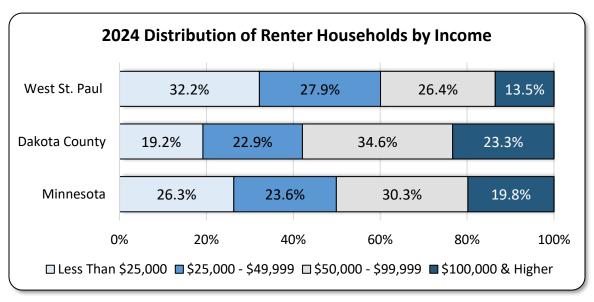
The following compares the *median household income* for each of the study areas from 2020 to 2029.

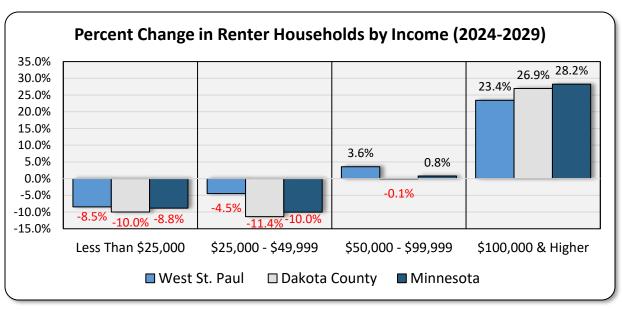


Source: 2020 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the 2024 median household income in West St. Paul (\$68,406) is 33.1% lower than the countywide median household income and 21.2% lower than the statewide median household income. Over the next five years, it is projected that the median household income in West St. Paul will increase to \$76,958, or an increase of 12.5%. Nonetheless, the median household income in West St. Paul will remain well below both countywide and statewide levels.

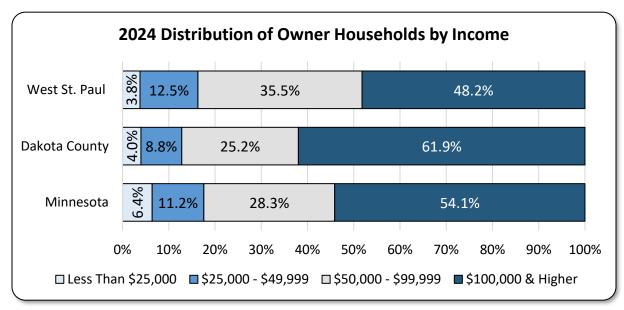
The following graphs compare *renter households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

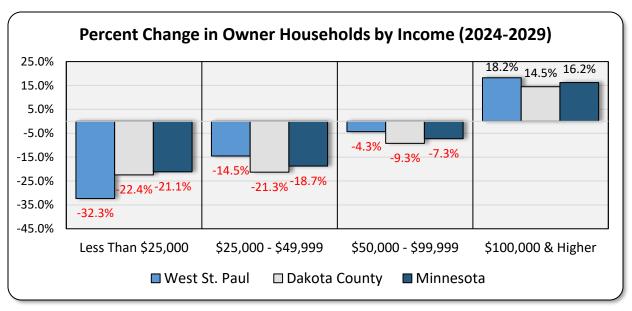




In 2024, West St. Paul has a larger share of renter households with incomes below \$25,000 and between \$25,000 and \$49,999 as compared to the county and state. Between 2024 and 2029, renter household growth in West St. Paul is projected to be primarily concentrated among households earning \$100,000 or higher (23.4%), with moderate growth (3.6%) also projected for households earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999. Despite these changes, a substantial number of renter households in West St. Paul will continue to earn less than \$50,000.

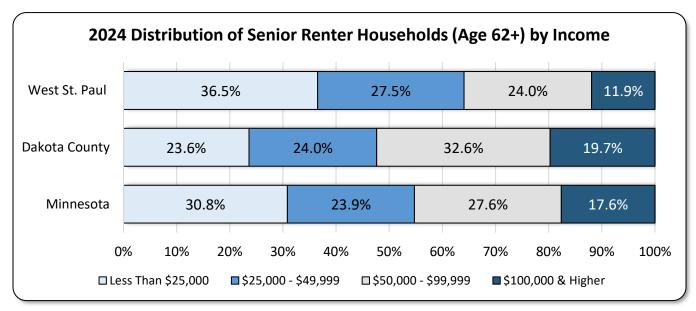
The following graphs compare *owner households by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

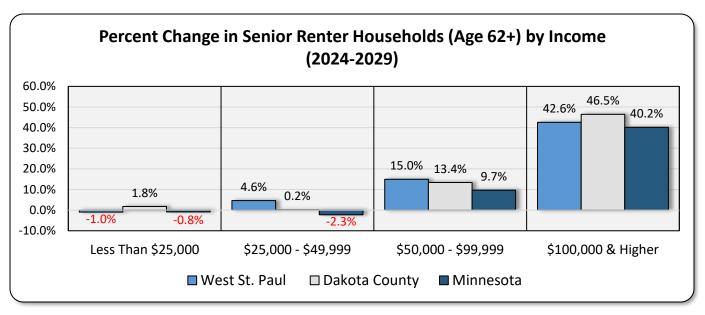




In 2024, the largest share (48.2%) of West St. Paul owner households earn \$100,000 or more. However, this is a lower share compared to the county (61.9%) and state (54.1%). Between 2024 and 2029, owner household growth is projected to be confined to households earning \$100,000 or higher (18.2%), while those earning less than \$100,000 are projected to decrease. This is consistent with county and statewide projected trends for this time period.

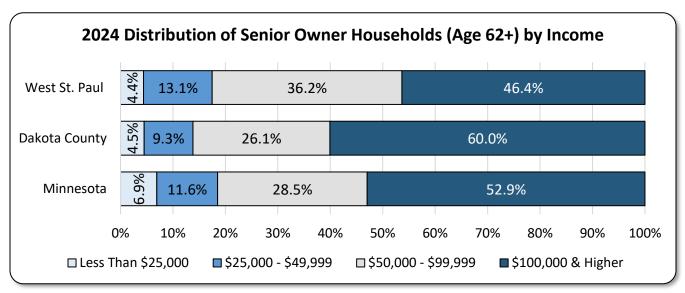
The following graphs compare *senior renter households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior renter households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.

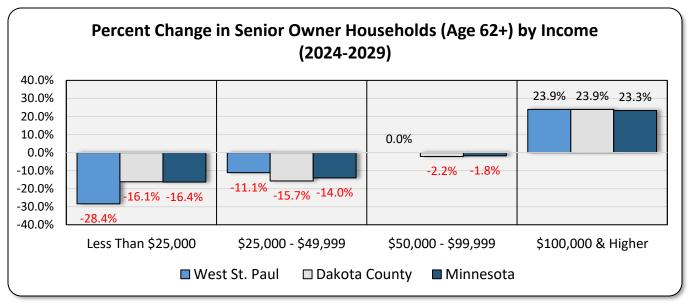




In 2024, the largest share of senior *renter* households (age 62 and older) in West St. Paul earn less than \$25,000 (36.5%), followed by those earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (27.5%). Over the next five years, growth among senior renter households in West St. Paul is projected to occur among households earning \$25,000 or more, with the greatest growth (42.6%) projected for senior renter households earning \$100,000 or more. However, modest growth is also projected among households earning between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (4.6%) and between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (15.0%).

The following graphs compare *senior owner households (age 62 and older) by income* for 2024 and the projected *percent* change in senior owner households by income between 2024 and 2029 for each of the study areas.





In 2024, the largest share of senior owner households (age 62 and older) in West St. Paul earn \$100,000 or more (46.4%), followed by those earning between \$50,000 and \$99,999 (36.2%). Over the next five years, projected growth among senior owner households in West St. Paul is confined to households earning \$100,000 or more, which are projected to increase by 23.9% during this time period. The projected growth among the highest income cohort and decline among the lower income cohorts in West St. Paul is consistent with county and statewide projections between 2024 and 2029.

The following table illustrates the *components of population change* for Dakota County between April 2010 and July 2023. Note that components of change data is only available at the county level or higher.

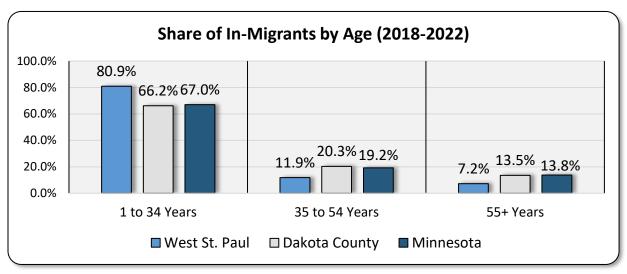
| Estimated Components of Population Change by County for the PSA (Dakota County) April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| Population Percent Natural Domestic International Net Years Change* Change Change Migration Migration | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 2010-2020 | 33,225 | 8.3% | 27,991 | -1,115 | 6,511 | 5,396 | | | |
| Dakota County | 2020-2023 | 7,562 | 1.7% | 5,686 | -928 | 2,430 | 1,502 | | | |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, June 2024

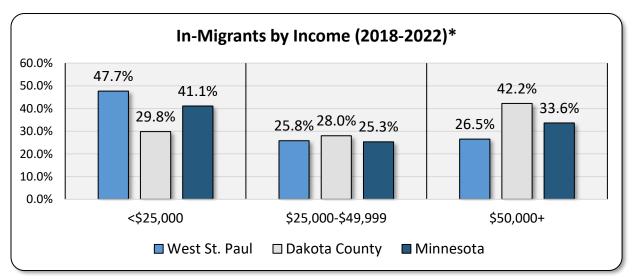
Based on the preceding data, the population growth within Dakota County between 2010 and 2023 is primarily the result of natural change (more births than deaths) and noteworthy international migration. While this data is not specific to West St. Paul, it is reasonable to conclude that the components of population change for Dakota County likely have a significant influence on each of the geographies located within the county.

^{*}Includes residuals of (-162 and 374) representing the change that cannot be attributed to any specific demographic component

The following graphs illustrate the distribution of *in-migrants by age* and *by income* for each study area from 2018 to 2022. Note that the data illustrated in both graphs is based on *population*, not households.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year ACS Estimates (S0701); Bowen National Research



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-Year American Community Survey (B07010); Bowen National Research *Excludes population with no income

As the preceding data illustrates, the distribution of in-migrants by age for West St. Paul is more heavily weighted toward the population less than 35 years of age as compared to the county and state. While the distribution of in-migrants by income in West St. Paul is more heavily weighted toward individuals earning less than \$25,000, the data illustrates that notable shares of in-migrants earn between \$25,000 and \$49,999 (25.8%) and \$50,000 or more (26.5%).

C. ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE ANALYSIS

Labor Force

The following table illustrates *the employment base by industry* for West St. Paul, Dakota County, and the state of Minnesota. The top five industries by share of employment for each area are highlighted in **red** text. Note that several metrics within this section are limited to *county* data and are not provided at the city level.

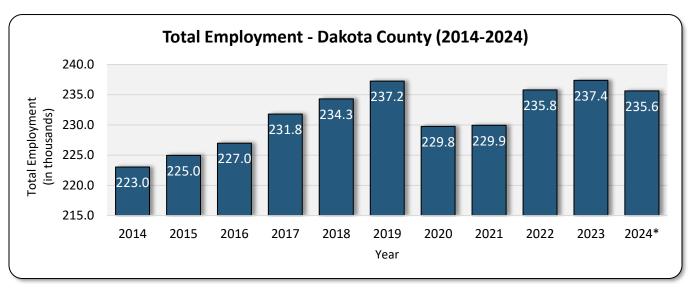
| | Employment by Industry | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------------|
| | West S | t. Paul | Dakota | County | Minn | esota |
| NAICS Group | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent | Employees | Percent |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting | 1 | 0.0% | 387 | 0.2% | 17,215 | 0.5% |
| Mining | 11 | 0.1% | 73 | 0.0% | 4,549 | 0.1% |
| Utilities | 0 | 0.0% | 568 | 0.3% | 12,777 | 0.4% |
| Construction | 316 | 3.1% | 10,298 | 5.0% | 137,789 | 4.2% |
| Manufacturing | 585 | 5.8% | 22,907 | 11.1% | 342,911 | 10.3% |
| Wholesale Trade | 139 | 1.4% | 8,221 | 4.0% | 134,193 | 4.0% |
| Retail Trade | 1,787 | 17.8% | 27,952 | 13.6% | 385,870 | 11.6% |
| Transportation & Warehousing | 68 | 0.7% | 8,741 | 4.2% | 83,429 | 2.5% |
| Information | 132 | 1.3% | 9,796 | 4.8% | 88,304 | 2.7% |
| Finance & Insurance | 288 | 2.9% | 9,626 | 4.7% | 146,490 | 4.4% |
| Real Estate & Rental & Leasing | 159 | 1.6% | 4,877 | 2.4% | 68,105 | 2.1% |
| Professional, Scientific & Technical Services | 993 | 9.9% | 14,887 | 7.2% | 245,551 | 7.4% |
| Management of Companies & Enterprises | 0 | 0.0% | 87 | 0.0% | 6,945 | 0.2% |
| Administrative, Support, Waste Management & Remediation Services | 104 | 1.0% | 5,954 | 2.9% | 74,747 | 2.3% |
| Educational Services | 609 | 6.1% | 16,900 | 8.2% | 259,542 | 7.8% |
| Health Care & Social Assistance | 1,376 | 13.7% | 20,621 | 10.0% | 574,150 | 17.3% |
| Arts, Entertainment & Recreation | 130 | 1.3% | 3,924 | 1.9% | 89,508 | 2.7% |
| Accommodation & Food Services | 1,131 | 11.2% | 16,542 | 8.0% | 240,661 | 7.2% |
| Other Services (Except Public Administration) | 784 | 7.8% | 12,232 | 5.9% | 204,837 | 6.2% |
| Public Administration | 1,416 | 14.1% | 10,454 | 5.1% | 184,476 | 5.6% |
| Non-classifiable | 29 | 0.3% | 852 | 0.4% | 17,626 | 0.5% |
| Total | 10,058 | 100.0% | 205,899 | 100.0% | 3,319,675 | 100.0% |

Source: 2010 Census; ESRI; Bowen National Research

Note: Since this survey is conducted of establishments and not of residents, some employees may not live within each market. These employees, however, are included in our labor force calculations because their places of employment are located within each market.

West St. Paul has an employment base of more than 10,000 individuals within a broad range of employment sectors. The labor force within the area is based primarily in five sectors: Retail Trade (17.8%), Public Administration (14.1%), Health Care & Social Assistance (13.7%), Accommodation & Food Services (11.2%), and Professional, Scientific & Technical Services (9.9%). Combined, the top five job sectors represent 66.7% of the city's employment base.

Total employment reflects the number of employed persons who live within an area regardless of where they work. The following illustrates the *total employment* base (in thousands) for Dakota County between 2014 and 2024.

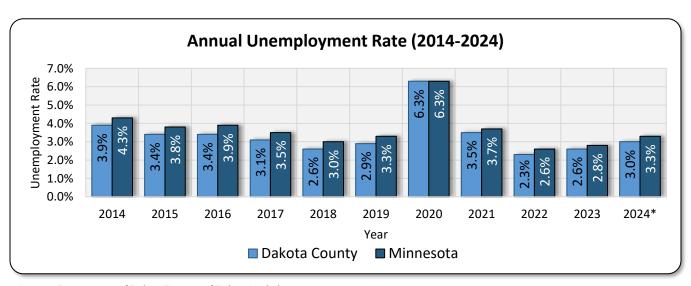


Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding illustrates, total employment within Dakota County steadily increased between 2014 and 2019. In 2020, total employment decreased by roughly 3.1%, which can be largely attributed to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As of year-end 2023, total employment in Dakota County was at 100.1% of the 2019 level. It should be noted, however, that total employment decreased slightly (0.8%) during the first half of 2024.

The following illustrates the *annual unemployment rate* for <u>Dakota County</u> and the state of Minnesota from 2014 to 2024.

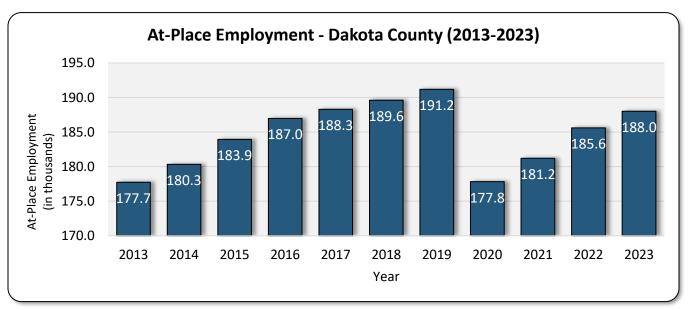


Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Through July

As the preceding data shows, the unemployment rate in Dakota County declined from 3.9% in 2014 to 2.9% in 2019. After the sharp increase in 2020, the unemployment rate in the county dropped to 2.3% in 2022. Although the unemployment rate increased to 2.6% in 2023, this still represents a lower rate as compared to the rate in 2019. It is also noteworthy that the unemployment rate in the county has been below the state unemployment rate in nine of the previous 10 years. The lone exception occurred during 2020, where both the county and state rates were 6.3%.

At-place employment reflects the total number of jobs within the county regardless of the employee's county of residence. The following illustrates the total *at-place employment* base for Dakota County from 2013 to 2023.



Source: Department of Labor; Bureau of Labor Statistics

As the preceding illustrates, at-place employment within Dakota County increased each year since 2013, with the only exception occurring in 2020. Through 2023, at-place employment within the county is at 98.3% of the 2019 level. This likely indicates the county was disproportionately affected by the pandemic. Regardless, at-place employment increased by 5.8% (approximately 10,300 jobs) in Dakota County between 2013 and 2023, illustrating an overall positive economic trend for the county in the last decade.

Economic Outlook

WARN notices were reviewed in September 2024. According to the Minneapolis Employment and Economic Development website, there have been six WARN notices reported for Dakota County over the past 12 months. These WARN notices impact a total of 70 jobs within the county, of which two notices (22 jobs) are located within West St. Paul. Overall, the reduction in jobs associated with these notices is relatively minor given the existing employment base and recent increases in at-place employment within the county.

The WARN notices located within West St. Paul are summarized in the following table:

| WARN Notices – West St. Paul | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|----|---------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Company Location Jobs Notice Date Effective Da | | | | | | | | | |
| Cardinal Corner, Incorporated | West St. Paul | 11 | 12/2023 | N/A | | | | | |
| Beirut Restaurant & Catering | West St. Paul | 11 | 9/2024 | N/A | | | | | |

Source: Minnesota Employment and Economic Development

N/A - Not available

According to a representative with the Dakota County Community Development Agency, the Dakota County economy is steady, has opportunity for growth, and is capable of redeveloping large corporate campuses.

While no major economic development projects were identified within West St. Paul at the time of research, it should be noted that over \$800 million in economic development projects has either been recently completed or is currently under construction in Dakota County. Overall, these projects have an estimated initial job creation of at least 250 new jobs within county. The economic and infrastructure investments within the county will likely have a positive influence on the local economy.

Commuting Data

The ability of a person or household to travel easily, quickly, safely, and affordably throughout a market influences the desirability of a housing market. In addition, the individuals commuting into a market from neighboring markets represent a potential base of support for future residential development.

The following table summarizes two *commuting pattern attributes* (mode and time) for West St. Paul.

| | Commuting Attributes West St. Paul, Minnesota | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | | | M | ode | | | | | | |
| | Drove Alone | Carpooled | Public Transit | Walked | Other Means | Worked at Home | Total | | | |
| Number | 7,476 | 698 | 552 | 307 | 74 | 1,595 | 10,702 | | | |
| Percent | 69.9% | 6.5% | 5.2% | 2.9% | 0.7% | 14.9% | 100.0% | | | |
| | | | Ti | me | | | | | | |
| | Less Than 15 Minutes | 15 to 29 Minutes | 30 to 44 Minutes | 45 to 59 Minutes | 60 or More Minutes | Worked at Home | Total | | | |
| Number | 2,121 | 4,025 | 2,191 | 233 | 537 | 1,595 | 10,702 | | | |
| Percent | 19.8% | 37.6% | 20.5% | 2.2% | 5.0% | 14.9% | 100.0% | | | |

Source: ESRI; Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, 76.4% of individuals in West St. Paul utilize their own vehicles or carpool to work. Overall, 57.4% of residents have commute times of less than 30 minutes to their place of employment, with an additional 14.9% working from home. While the majority of individuals in the area utilize personal vehicles and have relatively short commute times, a noteworthy share (5.2%) of residents rely on public transit as their commuting mode.

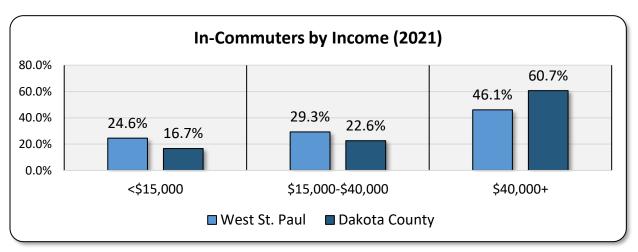
The following illustrates the overall *commuter flow* for West St. Paul based on 2021 U.S. Census Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

Of the approximately 7,389 persons *employed* in West St. Paul, 90.6% (6,691) originate from outside the city, while 9.4% (698) live within the city. Over 8,300 residents of the city commute to surrounding areas daily for employment. Regardless, the 6,691 non-residents who work in the area represent a substantial base of potential support for future residential development within West St. Paul.

The following compares the distribution of *in-commuters by annual income* for West St. Paul and Dakota County.



Source: U.S. Census, Longitudinal Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES); Bowen National Research

The preceding shows that the largest share (46.1%) of in-commuters to West St. Paul earn \$40,000 or more annually, while 29.3% earn between \$15,000 and \$40,000, and 24.6% earn less than \$15,000 annually. While in-commuters earning \$40,000 or more comprise the largest share, the data indicates there is a higher proportion of low- and middle-income in-commuters within West St. Paul when compared to the county. Regardless, a variety of housing types could be developed to potentially attract some of the 6,691 in-commuters to live within West St. Paul.

D. HOUSING METRICS

The estimated distribution of the area *housing stock by occupancy/tenure status* for each study area for 2022 is illustrated in the following table and graph:

| | Number of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total Owner Renter Area Occupied Occupied Vacant Total | | | | | | | | | | | |
| West St. Paul | 9,302 | 5,713 | 3,589 | 444 | 9,746 | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | 169,404 | 128,582 | 40,822 | 4,760 | 174,164 | | | | | | |
| Minnesota | 2,256,126 | 1,631,701 | 624,425 | 237,830 | 2,493,956 | | | | | | |

Share of Housing Units by Tenure (2022) 80.0% 75.9% 72.3% 70.0% 61.4% 60.0% 50.0% 38.6% 40.0% 27.7% 24.1% 30.0% 20.0% 9.5% 4.6% 10.0% 2.7% 0.0% Renter-Occupied Owner-Occupied Vacant ■ West St. Paul ☐ Dakota County ■ Minnesota

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Of the 9,302 total *occupied* housing units in West St. Paul, 61.4% are owner occupied and 38.6% are renter occupied. Thus, housing units within West St. Paul are more heavily weighted toward renter-occupied units as compared to the county and state. Among the 9,746 total housing units in West St. Paul, 4.6% (444 units) are classified as vacant. The respective shares of vacant units in West St. Paul and Dakota County are significantly lower than the share (9.5%) for the state. It should be noted that vacant units are comprised of a variety of units including abandoned properties, unoccupied rentals, for-sale homes, and seasonal housing units.

The following table compares key *housing age and conditions* based on 2018-2022 American Community Survey data. Housing units built over 50 years ago (pre-1970), overcrowded housing (1.01+ persons per room), or housing that lacks complete indoor kitchens or bathroom plumbing are illustrated by tenure. It is important to note that some occupied housing units may have more than one housing issue.

| | | Housing Age and Conditions (2022) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|--------------------------------|----------|--------|---------|
| | Pre-1970 Product | | | | Overcrowded | | | | Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen | | | |
| | Rer | ıter | Ow | ner | Ren | iter | Ow | ner | Ren | Renter C | | ner |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| West St. Paul | 1,478 | 41.2% | 3,566 | 62.4% | 117 | 3.3% | 121 | 2.1% | 164 | 4.6% | 24 | 0.4% |
| Dakota County | 7,139 | 17.5% | 26,588 | 20.7% | 1,859 | 4.6% | 1,137 | 0.9% | 975 | 2.4% | 250 | 0.2% |
| Minnesota | 244,615 | 35.9% | 707,304 | 38.2% | 32,202 | 4.7% | 23,665 | 1.3% | 15,646 | 2.3% | 10,852 | 0.6% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

In West St. Paul, 41.2% of the renter-occupied housing units and 62.4% of the owner-occupied housing units were built prior to 1970. Both shares are substantially higher than the county and statewide shares and represent an inventory of older housing units. While the share of overcrowded renter housing units (3.3%) is lower than the county and statewide shares, the share of owner housing units with this issue (2.1%) is higher than the comparison areas. The shares of renter-occupied (4.6%) and owner-occupied (0.4%) housing units with incomplete plumbing or kitchens are both higher than the county shares, but the share of owner-occupied housing with this issue is lower than the statewide share. Overall, there are approximately 281 renter households and 145 owner households in West St. Paul living in substandard housing conditions.

The following table compares key household income, housing cost, and housing affordability metrics. It should be noted that cost burdened households pay over 30% of income toward housing costs, while severe cost burdened households pay over 50% of income toward housing.

| | | Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|------------|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|--|--|
| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2022 | 2022 Share of Cost Burdened HH* | | 2022 Share of Severe | | | |
| | 2024 | Median HH | Median | Median | | | Cost Burdened HH** | | | |
| | Households | Income | Home Value | Gross Rent | Renter | Owner | Renter | Owner | | |
| West St. Paul | 9,444 | \$68,406 | \$337,491 | \$1,204 | 56.4% | 23.3% | 28.8% | 10.3% | | |
| Dakota County | 173,920 | \$102,310 | \$413,686 | \$1,410 | 47.0% | 17.0% | 21.9% | 5.7% | | |
| Minnesota | 2,309,848 | \$86,801 | \$360,089 | \$1,178 | 44.0% | 18.2% | 21.4% | 6.7% | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

HH - Households; *Paying more than 30% of income toward housing costs; **Paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs

The estimated median home value in West St. Paul of \$337,491 is 18.4% lower than the countywide median home value and 6.3% lower than the median home value for the state. The median gross rent of \$1,204 in the area is 14.6% lower than the countywide median gross rent but 2.2% higher than the statewide median gross rent. With a median household income of \$68,406 in West St. Paul, approximately 56.4% of renter households and 23.3% of owner households are housing cost burdened. Both represent notably higher shares compared to the county and state. As a result, there are roughly 2,024 renter households and 1,331 owner households in West St. Paul that are housing cost burdened, of which more than 1,600 *total* households are severe cost burdened (paying more than 50% of income toward housing costs). As such, affordable housing alternatives should be an integral part of future housing solutions.

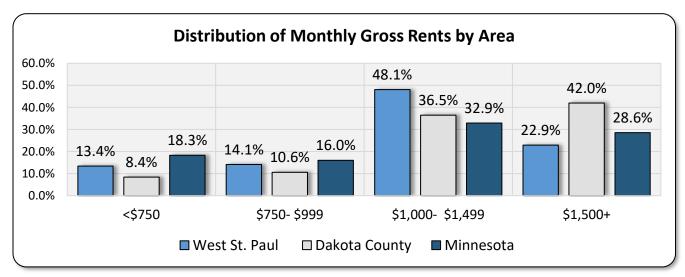
Based on the 2018-2022 American Community Survey (ACS) data, the following is a distribution of all occupied housing by *units in structure by tenure* (renter or owner) for each of the study areas.

| | | Renter-Oc | cupied Hous | ing by Units in | Structure | Owner-Oc | cupied Hous | sing by Units in | Structure |
|------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| | | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total | 4 Units or Less | 5 Units or More | Mobile Home/Other | Total |
| West St. | Number | 481 | 3,108 | 0 | 3,589 | 5,372 | 341 | 0 | 5,713 |
| Paul | Percent | 13.4% | 86.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 94.0% | 6.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Dakota | Number | 13,454 | 26,680 | 688 | 40,822 | 121,696 | 4,459 | 2,426 | 128,582 |
| County | Percent | 33.0% | 65.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% | 94.6% | 3.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% |
| Minnesota | Number | 239,167 | 374,998 | 10,259 | 624,425 | 1,541,044 | 42,914 | 47,744 | 1,631,701 |
| Milliesota | Percent | 38.3% | 60.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% | 94.4% | 2.6% | 2.9% | 100.0% |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

Approximately 13.4% of the *rental* units in West St. Paul are within structures of four units or less. Overall, West St. Paul has a remarkably higher share (86.6%) of multifamily rental housing (five or more units within a structure) when compared to the county (65.4%) and state (60.1%). Thus, the majority of renter-occupied housing units in the area are comprised of multifamily rentals. Among *owner*-occupied units in West St. Paul, 94.0% are within structures of four units or less.

The following graph illustrates the *distribution of monthly gross rents* (per unit) for rental alternatives within each of the study areas. Note that this data includes both multifamily rentals and non-conventional rentals. However, with 86.6% of all rental units in West St. Paul classified as multifamily rentals (five units or more within a structure), this data provides some insight into the overall distribution of rents among the multifamily rental supply. Note that gross rents include tenant-paid rents and tenant-paid utilities.



Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

^{*}Excludes rentals classified as "No Cash Rent"

As the preceding illustrates, the largest share (48.1%) of West St. Paul rental units have rents between \$1,000 and \$1,499, followed by units with rents of \$1,500 or more (22.9%). Compared to the county and state, the distribution of gross rental rates in West St. Paul is more heavily weighted toward product priced between \$1,000 and \$1,499.

Bowen National Research's Survey of Housing Supply

Multifamily Rental Housing

A field survey of multifamily rental properties was conducted as part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment. The following table summarizes the surveyed *multifamily rental supply by project type* for West St. Paul and Dakota County. Note that vacancy rates below 1% are highlighted in **red** text.

| | | Surveyed Multifamily Rental Housing Supply by Area Dakota County, MN | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Overall | Vacancy Rate by Program Type | | | | | | |
| _ | Projects Surveyed | Total Units | Vacant Units | Vacancy Rate | Market- Rate | Tax Credit | Government Subsidized | | | | |
| West St. Paul | 24 | 2,717 | 87 | 3.2% | 3.2% | 3.7% | 0.0% | | | | |
| Dakota County | 229 | 27,211 | 1,161 | 4.3% | 4.8% | 2.3% | 0.0% | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

In West St. Paul, a total of 24 apartment properties were surveyed, comprising a total of 2,717 units. Overall, the multifamily units are 96.8% occupied, with a total of 87 vacancies. Typically, in a well-balanced and healthy market, multifamily rentals should have an overall occupancy rate between 94% and 96%. While Dakota County as a whole has a healthy overall occupancy rate of 95.7%, the occupancy rate within West St. Paul is considered slightly high. While the occupancy rates among the market-rate and Tax Credit project types are slightly high, there are no vacancies for government-subsidized units in the city. The presence of wait lists, particularly among the Tax Credit and government subsidized product, are evidence of pent-up demand for multifamily rentals for a variety of income levels within West St. Paul. This likely represents a future development opportunity within the area.

The following table illustrates the *median rent by bedroom/bathroom type* for the surveyed *market-rate* and *Tax Credit* units in West St. Paul and Dakota County.

| Median Ren | Median Rents by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom Type | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area | One-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 1.0-Ba | Two-Br/ 2.0-Ba | Three-Br/ 2.0-Ba | | | | | | | |
| Market-Rate | | | | | | | | | | | |
| West St. Paul | \$1,250 | \$1,495 | \$1,595 | \$2,330 | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$1,385 | \$1,585 | \$1,785 | \$2,177 | | | | | | | |
| • | Tax Credit | | | | | | | | | | |
| West St. Paul | \$879 | \$746 | \$1,523 | \$1,689 | | | | | | | |
| Dakota County | \$765 | \$920 | \$1,555 | \$1,604 | | | | | | | |

Source: Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the median rent for the typical one-bedroom market-rate unit in West St. Paul (\$1,250) is approximately 42.2% higher than the comparable Tax Credit unit (\$879) in the area. While the median rents for most market-rate units in West St. Paul are less than the corresponding rents in Dakota County, many of the median rents for the Tax Credit units in West St. Paul are similar to if not higher than the Tax Credit units in Dakota County. Regardless of program type, the median rents generally increase for each subsequently larger unit configuration for both study areas. With limited availability among Tax Credit and government-subsidized units in both West St. Paul and Dakota County, many low-income households are likely to seek rental alternatives among the available market-rate and non-conventional supply. This can result in a higher share of cost burdened households in an area, or in some instances, may cause households to relocate outside of an area to find more affordable housing choices.

Non-Conventional Rental Housing

Non-conventional rentals are considered rental units typically consisting of single-family homes, duplexes, units over store fronts, and mobile homes and account for 13.4% of the total rental units in West St. Paul.

During August and September 2024, Bowen National Research conducted an online survey and identified seven non-conventional rentals that were listed as *available* for rent in West St. Paul. While these rentals do not represent all non-conventional rentals, they are representative of common characteristics of the various non-conventional rental alternatives available in the market. As a result, these rentals provide a good baseline to compare the rental rates and the number of bedrooms of non-conventional rentals in the area.

The following table illustrates the vacancy rates, which compares the number of identified *vacant* non-conventional rentals to the *total number* of non-conventional rentals based on the American Community Survey, for the subject city and Dakota County.

| Surveyed Non-Conventional Rentals Overview | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|----|------|--|--|--|--|
| Non-Conventional Identified Vacancy Area Rentals* Vacant Units Rate | | | | | | | |
| West St. Paul | 481 | 7 | 1.5% | | | | |
| Dakota County | 14,142 | 83 | 0.6% | | | | |

Source: American Community Survey (2018-2022); ESRI; Bowen National Research

With a total of seven available units identified, West St. Paul has an overall vacancy rate of 1.5% for non-conventional rentals, which is higher than the vacancy rate reported for the entirety of Dakota County. Nonetheless, this is well below the optimal range of 4% to 6% for non-conventional rentals and indicates a lack of available non-conventional supply in the area.

A summary of the available *non-conventional rental* units in West St. Paul and Dakota County, which includes bedroom type, rent range, and median rent per square foot, follows:

| Available Surveyed Non-Conventional Rental Supply | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Bedroom | Vacant Units | Rent Range | Median Rent | Median Rent Per Square Foot | | |
| | | West St. Paul | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 1 | \$1,300 | \$1,300 | \$1.44 | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 3 | \$1,499 - \$1,550 | \$1,545 | \$1.49 | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 2 | \$2,175 - \$2,700 | \$2,438 | \$1.31 | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 1 | \$2,600 | \$2,600 | \$1.37 | | |
| Total | 7 | | | | | |
| | | Dakota County | | | | |
| One-Bedroom | 2 | \$1,050 - \$1,300 | \$1,175 | \$1.60 | | |
| Two-Bedroom | 18 | \$910 - \$2,585 | \$1,750 | \$1.39 | | |
| Three-Bedroom | 44 | \$1,825 - \$3,750 | \$2,500 | \$1.40 | | |
| Four-Bedroom | 19 | \$2,000 - \$3,945 | \$2,600 | \$1.25 | | |
| Total | 83 | | | | | |

Source: Zillow, Rent.com, Homes.com

Among the available non-conventional rentals in West St. Paul, the largest share (42.9%) by bedroom type consists of two-bedroom units. The two-bedroom units have a median rent of \$1,545 (\$1.49 per square foot) and an overall rent range of \$1,499 to \$1,550. When typical utility costs (\$300 or more) are considered, the typical two-bedroom non-conventional rental in West St. Paul has a gross rent of roughly \$1,845. As such, it is unlikely that most low-income households would be able to afford the typical non-conventional rental in the area, even if such a unit were readily available.

^{*}ACS reported number of rental units within structures of four units or less and mobile homes

For-Sale Housing

The following table summarizes the *available* (as of July 31, 2024) and *recently sold* (between January 2020 and July 2024) for-sale housing stock for West St. Paul and Dakota County.

| West St. Pa | West St. Paul - Owner For-Sale/Sold Housing Supply | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Type | Homes | Median Price | | | | |
| | West St. Paul | | | | | |
| Available* | 26 | \$284,900 | | | | |
| Sold** | 967 | \$295,000 | | | | |
| | Dakota County | | | | | |
| Available* | 579 | \$395,000 | | | | |
| Sold** | 23,271 | \$380,000 | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The available for-sale housing stock in West St. Paul as of July 31, 2024 consists of 26 total units with a median list price of \$284,900. This represents a lower median list price compared to the available for-sale homes in Dakota County (\$395,000). Historical sales from January 2020 to July 2024 in West St. Paul consisted of 967 homes with a median sales price of \$295,000, which is 22.4% lower than that reported for Dakota County.

The following table and graph summarize <u>historical</u> sales volume and median sales price by year from January 2020 through July 2024.

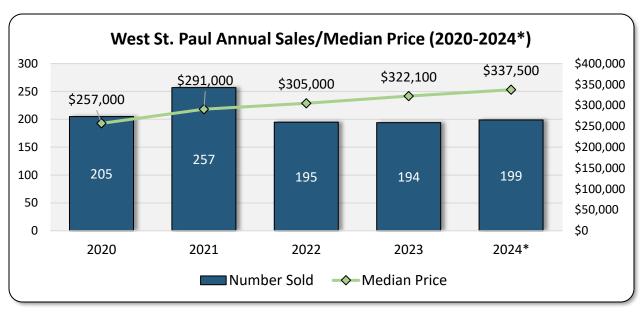
| Sale | Sales History/Median Sales Price by Year – West St. Paul | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--------|-------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | (January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024) Number Percent Median Percent | | | | | | | |
| Year | Sold | Change | Sales Price | Change | | | | |
| 2020 | 205 | - | \$257,000 | - | | | | |
| 2021 | 257 | 25.4% | \$291,000 | 13.2% | | | | |
| 2022 | 195 | -24.1% | \$305,000 | 4.8% | | | | |
| 2023 | 194 | -0.5% | \$322,100 | 5.6% | | | | |
| 2024* | 116 (199) | (2.6%) | \$337,500 | 4.8% | | | | |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

^{*}As of July 31, 2024

^{**}Sales from January 1, 2020 to July 31, 2024

^{*}As of July 31, 2024; Volume projected through the remainder of 2024 (in parenthesis)



*2024 full year volume projection

As the preceding illustrates, home sales in West St. Paul increased by 25.4% between 2020 and 2021. Since 2021, volume decreased in each subsequent year; however, projections indicate that sales volume will increase 2.6% in 2024. It should be noted that the current year's projection is based solely on transactions year-to-date, which may not account for seasonality in the market that can influence the projection. While volume decreased annually in recent years, the median sales price of homes sold in the city steadily increased. Collectively, the median sales price of homes sold in West St. Paul increased by 31.3% between January 2020 and July 2024. It is also noteworthy that the median sales price through July 2024 is nearly 5.0% higher than that reported in 2023.

The following table provides various housing market metrics for the <u>available</u> for-sale homes in West St. Paul and Dakota County as of July 31, 2024.

| Available For-Sale Housing (As of July 31, 2024) | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|--------|------|-----|-----------|-----------|----|------|
| Total Available Share of Availability Supply of Average Median Days Average Area Units County Rate Inventory List Price List Price on Market Year Built | | | | | | 0 | | |
| West St. Paul | 26 | 4.5% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$400,487 | \$284,900 | 27 | 1970 |
| Dakota County | 579 | 100.0% | 0.5% | 1.4 | \$447,241 | \$395,000 | 43 | 1992 |

Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

The 26 available for-sale homes in West St. Paul represent 4.5% of the available for-sale homes in Dakota County. These homes equate to an availability rate of 0.5% when compared to the 5,713 owner-occupied units in the city. Based on recent sales history, this inventory represents 1.4 *Months Supply of Inventory* (MSI). Typically, in healthy, well-balanced markets, approximately 2% to 3% of the for-sale housing stock should be available for purchase and there should be between four and six months of available inventory to allow for inner-market mobility and household growth. The available for-

sale homes have an average number of days on market of 27 days and an average year built of 1970. Overall, the data illustrates that there is limited availability of for-sale homes and a very short average number of days on market, which has likely contributed, at least in part, to the notable increase in for-sale pricing since 2020.

The following graph compares the distribution of <u>historical</u> and <u>available</u> for-sale residential units by **price point** for West St. Paul:



Source: Redfin.com & Bowen National Research

As the preceding illustrates, the share of *available* for-sale homes priced under \$200,000 (23.1%) is notably higher than the corresponding share of recent *historical* sales (10.2%). However, there are only six *available* for-sale homes in West St. Paul priced below \$200,000. While the share of the available homes priced below \$200,000 is higher than historical sales, there is a very limited inventory of available homes within this price point, and the share of homes priced at \$400,000 or higher (34.6%) has increased significantly, This likely creates affordability issues for much of the area workforce and first-time homebuyers, which may limit the ability of the area to attract new households.

Senior Care Housing

As part of the Dakota County Housing Needs Assessment, senior care facilities within the county were surveyed. The facilities that were evaluated include three levels of care that typically respond to older adults seeking, or who need, alternatives to their current living environment. This includes independent living, assisted living and nursing care. The following table summarizes the surveyed facilities by property type for West St. Paul and the entirety of Dakota County.

| Surveyed Senior Care Facilities | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| | | Marketed | | Occupancy | National Median | Base Monthly | |
| Project Type | Projects | Beds/Units | Vacant | Rate | Occupancy Rate | Rates | |
| | | | West | St. Paul | | | |
| Independent Living | 2 | 111 | 11 | 90.1% | 86.8% | \$2,044-\$2,899 | |
| Assisted Living | 2 | 105 | 15 | 85.7% | 85.4% | \$2,925-\$8,175 | |
| Nursing Homes | 1 | 220 | 77 | 65.0% | 82.0% | \$7,604-\$18,250 | |
| Total | 5 | 436 | 103 | 76.4% | - | \$2,044-\$18,250 | |
| | | | Dakot | a County | | | |
| Independent Living | 21 | 1,355 | 56 | 95.9% | 86.8% | \$775-\$4,742 | |
| Assisted Living | 32 | 1,975 | 115 | 94.2% | 85.4% | \$1,506-\$12,100 | |
| Nursing Homes | 7 | 616 | 113 | 81.7% | 82.0% | \$6,894-\$21,292 | |
| Total | 60 | 3,946 | 284 | 92.8% | - | \$775-\$21,292 | |

Source: 2023 State of Seniors Housing and Bowen National Research Note: In some cases, daily rates were converted to monthly rates

As the preceding illustrates, a total of five senior care projects were surveyed within West St. Paul. These projects have an overall occupancy rate of 76.4%. However, the occupancy rates in West St. Paul for independent living and assisted living properties, are notably higher at 90.1% and 85.7%, respectively. These are both above the national median occupancy rates for similar product. In contrast, the nursing home property surveyed in West St. Paul reports an overall occupancy rate of 65.0%, which is well below the national median occupancy rate for such product. According to the representative at this nursing care facility, this is lower than their normal occupancy rate of 80% to 90% and is attributed to the level of competition in the area. The occupancy rates among independent living and assisted living properties along with the projected increase in households aged 65 and older in the area suggest that there could be an increase in demand for some senior care options over the next five years.

Planned & Proposed

In addition to the surveys of each housing type within this overview, Bowen National Research conducted interviews with representatives of area building and permitting departments and performed extensive online research to identify residential projects either planned for development or currently under construction within Dakota County. The following summarizes the known details for the multifamily rental and for-sale housing projects that are planned, proposed, or under construction within West St. Paul. Note that at the time of research, no senior care housing projects were identified within the city.

| | Multifamily Rental Housing Development – West St. Paul | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|--------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Project Name & Address | Type | Units | Developer | Status/ Details | | |
| | | | | Planned: Plans include commercial space and | | |
| TBD | | | Roers | one-, two-, and three-bedroom rental units; ECD | | |
| 33 Wentworth Ave. E. | Tax Credit | 157 | Companies | 2026. | | |
| | | | | Planned: Former YMCA site to become mixed- | | |
| | | | | use development that will include apartments (441 | | |
| | | | | units), rental townhomes (16), and commercial | | |
| TBD | | | Greco | space; Phase I construction to start in 2026 and | | |
| 150 Thompson Ave. E. | Market-Rate | 457 | Properties | Phase II in 2028; Unit mix and ECD unknown. | | |
| | | | | Proposed: Applied for Tax Credits in 2024; No | | |
| Thompson Apts. | | | | allocations at time of this report; 60% AMHI; one- | | |
| 212 Thompson Ave. E. | Tax Credit | 65 | Reuter Walton | , two-, and three-bedroom units; ECD 2026. | | |
| | For-Sal | e Housing De | velopment – Wes | t St. Paul | | |

| | For-Sale Housing Development – West St. Paul | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|------------|-----------|---|--|--|
| | Product | | | | | |
| Subdivision Name & Address | Type | Units/Lots | Developer | Status/Details | | |
| Thompson Square | | | | Under Construction: Three-bedroom homes | | |
| SW Corner of Oakdale Ave. & | | | | ranging from \$408,000 to \$524,017 with 2,091 to | | |
| Schletty Ln. | Townhomes | 58 | M/I Homes | 2,268 sq. ft.; ECD end of 2024. | | |
| Thompson Square East | | | | | | |
| SE Corner of Oakdale Ave. & | | | | Under Construction: Two- and three-bedroom | | |
| Schletty Ln. | Townhomes | 44 | M/I Homes | townhomes with 1,667 to 1,898 sq. ft.; ECD 2026. | | |

TBD – To Be Determined; ECD – Estimated Completion Date

E. HOUSING GAP

Based on ESRI household projections from 2024 to 2029, which is the most up-to-date version available, and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in West St. Paul. The following paragraph summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

We included renter and owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement of substandard housing, commuter/external market support, severe cost-burdened households, and step-down support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental and for-sale housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among both renter- and owner-occupied housing alternatives, considered applicable units in the development pipeline, and concluded this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed by different income segments, rent levels, and purchase price points.

West St. Paul has an overall <u>five-year</u> housing gap of 1,361 units, with a gap of 560 rental units and a gap of 801 for-sale units. The following table summarizes the rental and for-sale housing gaps by income and affordability levels for West St. Paul.

| | West St. Paul Housing Gap Estimates | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------|--|
| Percent AMHI* | ≤30% | 31%-60% | 61%-80% | 81%-115% | 116%+ | | |
| Household Income | ≤ \$37,260 | \$37,261-\$74,520 | \$74,521-\$99,360 | \$99,361-\$142,830 | \$142,831+ | Total | |
| Rent Range | ≤\$931 | \$932-\$1,863 | \$1,864-\$2,484 | \$2,485-\$3,570 | \$3,571+ | Housing | |
| Price Range | ≤ \$124,200 | \$124,201-\$248,400 | \$248,401-\$331,200 | \$331,201-\$476,100 | \$476,101+ | Gap | |
| | | Five-Year | Estimates (2024-202 | 29) | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 422 | 105 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 560 | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 127 | 207 | 365 | 102 | 801 | |
| 10-Year Estimates (2024-2034) | | | | | | | |
| Rental Housing Gap | 844 | 367 | 180 | 0 | 0 | 1,391 | |
| For-Sale Housing Gap | 0 | 254 | 414 | 781 | 255 | 1,704 | |

Source: Bowen National Research AMHI – Area Median Household Income

As the preceding table illustrates, the projected housing gaps encompass a variety of affordability levels for both rental and for-sale housing product, though housing gaps for rental product are limited. Note that while these estimates indicate there are no rental housing gaps for product serving households earning 81% or more of AMHI during the projection period, this is due to the amount of product currently in the development pipeline within the city of West St. Paul which is anticipated to meet the need for such product in this market during this projection period. This is not to say, however, that there is not potential to develop rental product within these segments, rather that the need/demand for such product is lower than that for other segments of the market. The greatest need for for-sale product appears to be for product serving households earning between 81% and 115% of AMHI. Although development within West St. Paul should be prioritized to the housing product showing the greatest gaps, it appears efforts to address housing should consider various rents and price points across the housing spectrum. The addition of a variety of housing product types and affordability levels would enhance the subject market's ability to attract potential workers and help meet the changing and growing housing needs of the local market.

F. STRENGTHS, WEAKNESSES, OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS (SWOT)

A SWOT analysis often serves as the framework to evaluate an area's competitive position and to develop strategic planning. It considers internal and external factors, as well as current and future potential. Ultimately, such an analysis is intended to identify core strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats that can lead to strategies that can be developed and implemented to address local housing issues.

^{*}Based on HUD limits for West St. Paul (4-person limit)

The following is a summary of key findings from this SWOT analysis for West St. Paul.

| SWOT Analysis | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | | | | | |
| Household growth of 5.5% (2010-2024) Positive household growth projections for various age groups Positive household income growth projections Lower overall housing cost as compared to the county as a whole | Low vacancy rates among multifamily apartments Low availability rates for non-conventional rentals and for-sale housing Limited projected growth among renter households Generally higher rate of housing condition issues compared to county | | | | | |
| Opportunities | Threats | | | | | |
| Housing need of 560 rental units Housing need of 801 for-sale units Attract some of the 6,600+ commuters coming into West St. Paul for work to live in the city Relatively young base of in-migrants with a variety of income levels | Rising cost of for-sale housing coupled with relatively low household income levels Higher shares of cost burdened households as compared to county and state Older average housing inventory subject to deterioration/neglect Risk losing some of the 8,300+ residents that commute out of the city for employment | | | | | |

West St. Paul experienced positive household growth since 2010, and household growth is projected to continue over the next five years. Total employment, at-place employment, and the unemployment rate within the county are all indicative of a thriving local economy. Despite these positive attributes, the city has low vacancy rates among multifamily and non-conventional rentals and a low availability rate within the for-sale housing market. These availability issues combined with rising for-sale costs, an aging inventory of housing with generally higher shares of housing condition issues, high shares of cost burdened households, and a significant number of residents commuting outside the city for employment increase the likelihood of households relocating outside the city. However, the city has a total housing gap of 1,361 units and more than 6,600 non-residents commuting into the city daily for employment. This represents a significant development opportunity, which will contribute to positive household growth in the area and support a growing local economy.

ADDENDUM O: METHODOLOGY AND LIMITATIONS

A. METHODOLOGIES AND SOURCES

The following methods were used by Bowen National Research.

Study Area Delineation

The primary geographic scope of this study is Dakota County, Minnesota. Supplemental data and analysis are provided for 11 city submarkets which are listed as follows:

- Apple Valley
- Burnsville
- Eagan
- Farmington
- Hastings
- Inver Grove Heights
- Lakeville
- Mendota Heights
- Rosemount
- South St. Paul
- West St. Paul

Additionally, an overview analysis is provided for each city submarket in Addendum D through Addendum N. A full description of the market areas and corresponding maps are included in Section III.

Demographic Information

Demographic data for population, households, and housing was secured from ESRI, the 2010 and 2020 U.S. Census, the U.S. Department of Commerce, and the American Community Survey. This data has been used in its primary form and by Bowen National Research for secondary calculations. All sources are referenced throughout the report. Estimates and projections of key demographic data for 2024 and 2029 were also provided.

Employment Information

Employment information was obtained and evaluated for various geographic areas that were part of this overall study. This information included data related to wages by occupation, employment by job sector, total employment, unemployment rates, identification of top employers, and identification of large-scale job expansions or contractions. Most information was obtained through the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Bowen National Research also conducted numerous interviews with local stakeholders familiar with the area's employment characteristics and trends.

Housing Component Definitions

This study focuses on rental and for-sale housing components. Rentals include multifamily apartments (generally five+ units per building), non-conventional rentals (single-family homes, duplexes, units over storefronts, etc.), and senior care housing (e.g., assisted living and nursing homes). For-sale housing includes individual homes, mobile homes, and projects within subdivisions.

Housing Supply Documentation

Between June and August of 2024, Bowen National Research conducted telephone research, as well as online research, of the area's housing supply. Additionally, market analysts from Bowen National Research traveled to the area conducting research on the housing properties identified in this study, as well as obtaining other on-site information relative to this analysis.

The following data was collected on each multifamily rental property:

- 1. Property Information: Name, address, total units, and number of floors
- 2. Owner/Developer and/or Property Manager: Name and telephone number
- 3. Population Served (i.e., seniors vs. family, low-income vs. market-rate, etc.)
- 4. Available Amenities/Features: Both in-unit and within the overall project
- 5. Years Built and Renovated (if applicable)
- 6. Vacancy Rates
- 7. Distribution of Units by Bedroom Type
- 8. Square Feet and Number of Bathrooms by Bedroom Type
- 9. Gross Rents or Price Points by Bedroom Type
- 10. Property Type
- 11. Quality Ratings
- 12. GPS Locations

Non-Conventional (e.g., single-family homes, duplexes, mobile homes, etc.) rental information includes such things as collected and gross rent, bedroom types, square footage, price per-square-foot, and total available inventory.

For-sale housing data includes details on home price, year built, location, number of bedrooms/bathrooms, price per-square-foot, and other property attributes. Data was analyzed for both historical transactions and currently available residential units.

We also surveyed senior care facilities including assisted living facilities and nursing homes within the county. Information gathered includes total beds, vacancies, fees/rents, unit mix by bedroom type, square footage, unit features/amenities, and services.

Housing Demand

Based on the demographic data for both 2024 and 2029 and taking into consideration the housing data from our field survey of area housing alternatives, we are able to project the potential number of new housing units that are needed (housing gap) in Dakota County. The following summarizes the metrics used in our demand estimates.

- Rental Housing We included renter household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement housing, commuter/external market support, severe housing cost burdened households, and stepdown support as the demand components in our estimates for new rental housing units. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among all rental alternatives. We conclude this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed (housing gap) by different income segments and rent levels.
- For-Sale Housing We considered potential demand from owner household growth, the number of units required for a balanced market, the need for replacement housing, commuter/external market support, severe housing cost burdened households, and step-down support in our estimates for new for-sale housing. As part of this analysis, we accounted for vacancies reported among all surveyed for-sale alternatives. We conclude this analysis by providing the number of units that are needed (housing gap) by different income segments and price points.

B. REPORT LIMITATIONS

The intent of this report is to collect and analyze significant levels of data for Dakota County, Minnesota. Bowen National Research relied on a variety of data sources to generate this report. These data sources are not always verifiable; however, Bowen National Research makes a concerted effort to assure accuracy. While this is not always possible, we believe that our efforts provide an acceptable standard margin of error. Bowen National Research is not responsible for errors or omissions in the data provided by other sources.

We have no present or prospective interest in any of the properties included in this report, and we have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved. Our compensation is not contingent on an action or event resulting from the analyses, opinions, or use of this study. Any reproduction or duplication of this study without the expressed approval of the Dakota County Community Development Agency or Bowen National Research is strictly prohibited.

ADDENDUM P: QUALIFICATIONS

The Company

Bowen National Research employs an expert staff to ensure that each market study includes the highest standards. Each staff member has hands-on experience evaluating sites and comparable properties, analyzing market characteristics and trends, and providing realistic recommendations and conclusions. The Bowen National Research staff has national experience and knowledge to assist in evaluating a variety of product types and markets.



Primary Contact and Report Author

Patrick Bowen, President of Bowen National Research, has conducted numerous housing needs assessments and provided consulting services to city, county and state development entities as it relates to residential development, including affordable and market-rate housing, for both rental and for-sale housing, and retail development opportunities. He has also prepared and supervised thousands of market feasibility studies for all types of real estate products, including housing, retail, office, industrial and mixed-use developments, since 1996. Mr. Bowen has worked closely with many state and federal housing agencies to assist

them with their market study guidelines. Mr. Bowen has his bachelor's degree in legal administration (with emphasis on business and law) from the University of West Florida and currently serves as Chairman of the National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA).

| | Housing Needs Assessment Experience | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Location | Client | Completion Year | | | |
| Asheville, NC | City of Asheville Community and Economic Development Department | 2020 | | | |
| Evansville, IN | City of Evansville, IN - Department of Metropolitan Development | 2020 | | | |
| Youngstown, OH | Youngstown Neighborhood Development Corporation (YNDC) | 2020 | | | |
| Richlands, VA | Town of Richlands, Virginia | 2020 | | | |
| Elkin, NC | Elkin Economic Development Department | 2020 | | | |
| Grand Rapids, MI | Grand Rapids Area Chamber of Commerce | 2020 | | | |
| Morgantown, WV | City of Morgantown | 2020 | | | |
| Erwin, TN | Unicoi County Economic Development Board | 2020 | | | |
| Ferrum, VA | County of Franklin (Virginia) | 2020 | | | |
| Charleston, WV | Charleston Area Alliance | 2020 | | | |
| Wilkes County, NC | Wilkes Economic Development Corporation | 2020 | | | |
| Oxford, OH | City of Oxford - Community Development Department | 2020 | | | |
| New Hanover County, NC | New Hanover County Finance Department | 2020 | | | |
| Ann Arbor, MI | Smith Group, Inc. | 2020 | | | |
| Austin, IN | Austin Redevelopment Commission | 2020 | | | |

(continued)

| Housing Needs Assessment Experience | | | | | |
|--|---|------------|--|--|--|
| Location | Client | Completion | | | |
| Evenoville IN | City of Evansville, IN - Department of Metropolitan Development | Year 2021 | | | |
| Evansville, IN Giddings, TX | Giddings Economic Development Corporation | 2021 | | | |
| <u> </u> | Georgetown County | 2021 | | | |
| Georgetown County, SC | Dogwood Health Trust | 2021 | | | |
| Western North Carolina (18 Counties) | | 2021 | | | |
| Carteret County, NC | Carteret County Economic Development Foundation HOUSING NEXT | 2021 | | | |
| Ottawa County, MI | | | | | |
| Dayton, OH | Miami Valley Nonprofit Housing Collaborative | 2021 | | | |
| High Country, NC (4 Counties) | NC REALTORS | 2022 | | | |
| Evansville, IN | City of Evansville, IN - Department of Metropolitan Development | 2022 | | | |
| Barren County, KY | The Barren County Economic Authority | 2022 | | | |
| Kirksville, MO | City of Kirksville | 2022 | | | |
| Rutherfordton, NC | Town of Rutherfordton | 2022 | | | |
| Spindale, NC | Town of Spindale | 2022 | | | |
| Wood County, WV | Wood County Development Authority & Parkersburg-Wood County Area Development Corporation | 2022 | | | |
| Yancey County, NC | Yancey County | 2022 | | | |
| Cherokee County, NC | Economic and Workforce Development, Tri-County Community College | 2022 | | | |
| Rowan County, KY | Morehead-Rowan County Economic Development Council | 2022 | | | |
| Avery County, NC | Avery County | 2022 | | | |
| Muskegon, MI | City of Muskegon | 2023 | | | |
| Firelands Region, OH | Firelands Forward | 2023 | | | |
| Marshall County, WV | Marshall County Commission | 2023 | | | |
| Lebanon County, PA | Lebanon County Coalition to End Homelessness | 2023 | | | |
| Northern, MI | Housing North | 2023 | | | |
| Muskegon County, MI | Community Foundation for Muskegon County | 2023 | | | |
| Mason County, MI | Mason County Chamber Alliance | 2023 | | | |
| Oceana County, MI | Dogwood Community Development | 2023 | | | |
| Allegan County, MI | Allegan County Community Foundation | 2023 | | | |
| Bowling Green, KY | City of Bowling Green | 2023 | | | |
| Fayette County, PA | Fay-Penn Economic Development Council | 2023 | | | |
| Tarboro, NC | Town of Tarboro | 2023 | | | |
| Southwest Region, WV (10 Counties) | Advantage Valley | 2023 | | | |
| Lake County, MI | FiveCap, Inc. | 2023 | | | |
| Owensboro, KY | City of Owensboro | 2023 | | | |
| Burke County, NC | Burke County | 2023 | | | |
| Charleston, WV | Charleston Land Reuse Agency | 2024 | | | |
| Huntington, WV | Huntington Municipal Development Authority | 2024 | | | |
| Cabarrus, Iredell, Rowan Counties, NC | Cabarrus, Iredell and Rowan County Housing Consortium | 2024 | | | |
| Carolina Core Region, NC (21 Counties) | NC Realtors | 2024 | | | |
| Shiloh Neighborhood, NC | Dogwood Health Trust | 2024 | | | |
| Muhlenberg County, KY | Muhlenberg Economic Growth Alliance | 2024 | | | |
| Macon County, NC | Macon County | 2024 | | | |
| Statewide Kentucky | Kentucky Housing Corporation | 2024 | | | |
| Clarksville, TN | Clarksville Montgomery County Regional Planning Commission | 2024 | | | |
| Stone County, MO | Table Rock Lake Chamber of Commerce | | | | |
| Stone County, MO | 1 aute Rock Lake Chamber of Commerce | 2024 | | | |

The following individuals provided research and analysis assistance:

Christopher Bunch, Market Analyst, has more than two decades of experience in conducting both site-specific market feasibility studies and broader housing needs assessments. He has conducted on-site market research of a variety of housing product, conducted stakeholder interviews and completed specialized research on housing market attributes including the impact of military personnel, heirs and estates and other unique factors that impact housing needs. He holds a bachelor's degree in geography from Ohio University.

Desireé Johnson is the Director of Operations for Bowen National Research. Ms. Johnson is responsible for all client relations, the procurement of work contracts, and the overall supervision and day-to-day operations of the company. Ms. Johnson also coordinates and oversees research staff and activities. She has been involved in the real estate market research industry since 2006. Ms. Johnson has an Associate of Applied Science in Office Administration from Columbus State Community College.

Pat McDavid, Market Analyst, has conducted housing research for housing needs assessments completed throughout the country. Additionally, he is experienced in analyzing demographic and economic data in rural, suburban and metropolitan communities. Mr. McDavid has been a part of the development of market strategies, operational and fiscal performance analysis, and commercial, industrial and government (local, state, and federal) client consultation within the construction and manufacturing industries. He holds a bachelor's degree in educational studies from Western Governors University.

Jody LaCava, Research Specialist, has more than a decade of real estate research experience. She has extensive experience in surveying a variety of housing alternatives, including rental, for-sale, and senior housing. She has experience in conducting on-site research of real estate, evaluating existing housing properties, conducting interviews, and evaluating community services. She has been involved in industry leading case studies, door-to-door resident surveys and special needs housing research.

In-House Researchers — Bowen National Research employs a staff of in-house researchers who are experienced in the surveying and evaluation of all rental and for-sale housing types, as well as in conducting interviews and surveys with city officials, economic development offices and chambers of commerce, housing authorities and residents.

No subconsultants were used as part of this assessment.

ADDENDUM Q: GLOSSARY

Various key terms associated with issues and topics evaluated in this report are used throughout this document. The following provides a summary of the definitions for these key terms. It is important to note that the definitions cited below include the source of the definition, when applicable. Those definitions that were not cited originated from the National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA).

Area Median Household Income (AMHI) is the median income for families in metropolitan and non-metropolitan areas, used to calculate income limits for eligibility in a variety of housing programs. HUD estimates the median family income for an area in the current year and adjusts that amount for different family sizes so that family incomes may be expressed as a percentage of the area median income. For example, a family's income may equal 80% of the area median income, a common maximum income level for participation in HUD programs. (Bowen National Research, Various Sources)

Available rental housing is any rental product that is currently available for rent. This includes any units identified through Bowen National Research survey of affordable rental properties identified in the study areas, published listings of available rentals, and rentals disclosed by local realtors or management companies.

Basic Rent is the minimum monthly rent that tenants who do not have rental assistance pay to lease units developed through the USDA-RD Section 515 Program, the HUD Section 236 Program and the HUD Section 223 (d) (3) Below Market Interest Rate Program. The Basic Rent is calculated as the amount of rent required to operate the property, maintain debt service on a subsidized mortgage with a below-market interest rate, and provide a return on equity to the developer in accordance with the regulatory documents governing the property.

Contract Rent is (1) the actual monthly rent payable by the tenant, including any rent subsidy paid on behalf of the tenant, to the owner, inclusive of all terms of the lease (HUD & RD) or (2) the monthly rent agreed to between a tenant and a landlord (Census).

Cost overburdened households are households that pay more than 30% or 35% (depending upon source) of their annual household income toward housing costs. Typically, such households will choose a comparable property (including new affordable housing product) if it is less of a cost burden.

Elderly Person is a person who is at least 62 years of age as defined by HUD.

Elderly or Senior Housing is housing where (1) all the units in the property are restricted for occupancy by persons 62 years of age or older or (2) at least 80% of the units in each building are restricted for occupancy by households where at least one household member is 55 years of age or older and the housing is designed with amenities and facilities designed to meet the needs of senior citizens.

Extremely low-income is a person or household with income below 30% of Area Median Income adjusted for household size.

Fair Market Rent (FMR) are the estimates established by HUD of the gross rents (contract rent plus tenant paid utilities) needed to obtain modest rental units in acceptable condition in a specific county or metropolitan statistical area. HUD generally sets FMR so that 40% of the rental units have rents below the FMR. In rental markets with a shortage of lower priced rental units HUD may approve the use of Fair Market Rents that are as high as the 50th percentile of rents.

Frail Elderly is a person who is at least 62 years of age and is unable to perform at least three "activities of daily living" comprising of eating, bathing, grooming, dressing or home management activities as defined by HUD.

Garden apartments are apartments in low-rise buildings (typically two to four stories) that feature low density, ample open space around buildings, and on-site parking.

Gross Rent is the monthly housing cost to a tenant which equals the Contract Rent provided for in the lease plus the estimated cost of all tenant paid utilities.

Household is one or more people who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence.

Housing Choice Voucher (Section 8 Program) is a federal rent subsidy program under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act, which issues rent vouchers to eligible households to use in the housing of their choice. The voucher payment subsidizes the difference between the Gross Rent and the tenant's contribution of 30% of adjusted gross income, (or 10% of gross income, whichever is greater). In cases where 30% of the tenant's income is less than the utility allowance, the tenant will receive an assistance payment. In other cases, the tenant is responsible for paying his share of the rent each month.

Housing unit is a house, apartment, mobile home, or group of rooms used as a separate living quarters by a single household.

HUD Section 8 Program is a federal program that provides project based rental assistance. Under the program HUD contracts directly with the owner for the payment of the difference between the Contract Rent and a specified percentage of tenants' adjusted income.

HUD Section 202 Program is a federal program, which provides direct capital assistance (i.e., grant) and operating or rental assistance to finance housing designed for occupancy by elderly households who have income not exceeding 50% of the Area Median Income. The program is limited to housing owned by 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations or by limited partnerships where the sole general partner is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization. Units receive HUD project based rental assistance that enables tenants to occupy units at rents based on 30% of tenant income.

HUD Section 236 Program is a federal program which provides interest reduction payments for loans which finance housing targeted to households with income not exceeding 80% of Area Median Income who pay rent equal to the greater of Basic Rent or 30% of their adjusted income. All rents are capped at a HUD approved market rent.

HUD Section 811 Program is a federal program, which provides direct capital assistance and operating or rental assistance to finance housing designed for occupancy by persons with disabilities who have income not exceeding 50% of Area Median Income. The program is limited to housing owned by 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations or by limited partnerships where the sole general partner is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization.

Income Limits are the Maximum Household Income by county or Metropolitan Statistical Area, adjusted for household size and expressed as a percentage of the Area Median Income (AMI) for the purpose of establishing an upper limit for eligibility for a specific housing program. Income Limits for federal, state and local rental housing programs typically are established at 30%, 50%, 60% or 80% of AMI.

Low-Income Household is a person or household with gross household income between 50% and 80% of Area Median Income adjusted for household size.

Low-Income Housing Tax Credit is a program to generate equity for investment in affordable rental housing authorized pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The program requires that a certain percentage of units built be restricted for occupancy to households earning 80% or less of Area Median Income, and that the rents on these units be restricted accordingly.

Market vacancy rate (physical) is the average number of apartment units in any market which are unoccupied divided by the total number of apartment units in the same market, excluding units in properties which are in the lease-up stage. Bowen National Research considers only these vacant units in its rental housing survey.

Mixed income property is an apartment property containing (1) both income restricted and unrestricted units or (2) units restricted at two or more income limits (i.e., low-income Tax Credit property with income limits of 30%, 50% and 60%).

Moderate Income is a person or household with gross household income between 40% and 60% of Area Median Income adjusted for household size.

Multifamily are structures that contain more than two housing units.

New owner-occupied household growth within a market is a primary demand component for new for-sale housing. For the purposes of this analysis, we have evaluated growth between 2024 and 2029. The 2024 households by income level are based on ESRI estimates that account for 2020 Census counts of total households for each study area. The 2024 and 2029 estimates are also based on growth projections by income level by ESRI. The difference between the two household estimates represents the new owner-occupied households that are projected to be added to a study area between 2024 and 2029. These estimates of growth are provided by each income level and corresponding price point that can be afforded.

Non-Conventional Rentals are structures with four or fewer rental units.

Overcrowded housing is often considered housing units with 1.01 or more persons per room. These units are often occupied by multi-generational families or large families that are in need of more appropriately sized and affordable housing units. For the purposes of this analysis, we have used the share of overcrowded housing from the American Community Survey.

Pipeline housing is housing that is currently under construction or is planned or proposed for development. We identified pipeline housing during our telephone interviews with local and county planning departments and through a review of published listings from housing finance entities such as NCHFA, HUD and USDA.

Population trends are changes in population levels for a particular area over a specific period of time which is a function of the level of births, deaths, and net migration.

Potential support is the equivalent to the *housing gap* referenced in this report. The *housing gap* is the total demand from eligible households that live in certain housing conditions (described in Section VII of this report) less the available or planned housing stock that was inventoried within each study area.

Project-based rent assistance is rental assistance from any source that is allocated to the property or a specific number of units in the property and is available to each income eligible tenant of the property or an assisted unit.

Public Housing or Low-Income Conventional Public Housing is a HUD program administered by local (or regional) Housing Authorities which serves Low- and Very Low-Income households with rent based on the same formula used for HUD Section 8 assistance.

Rent burden is gross rent divided by adjusted monthly household income.

Rent burdened households are households with rent burden above the level determined by the lender, investor, or public program to be an acceptable rent-to-income ratio.

Replacement of functionally obsolete housing is a demand consideration in most established markets. Given the limited development of new housing units in the study area, homebuyers are often limited to choosing from the established housing stock, much of which is considered old and/or often in disrepair and/or functionally obsolete. There are a variety of ways to measure functionally obsolete housing and to determine the number of units that should be replaced. For the purposes of this analysis, we have applied the highest share of any of the following three metrics: cost burdened households, units lacking complete plumbing facilities, and overcrowded units. This resulting housing replacement ratio is then applied to the existing (2024) owner-occupied housing stock to estimate the number of for-sale units that should be replaced in the study areas.

Restricted rent is the rent charged under the restrictions of a specific housing program or subsidy.

Single-Family Housing is a dwelling unit, either attached or detached, designed for use by one household and with direct access to a street. It does not share heating facilities or other essential building facilities with any other dwelling.

Standard Condition: A housing unit that meets HUD's Section 8 Housing Quality Standards.

Subsidized Housing is housing that operates with a government subsidy often requiring tenants to pay up to 30% of their adjusted gross income toward rent and often limiting eligibility to households with incomes of up to 50% or 80% of the Area Median Household Income. (Bowen National Research)

Subsidy is monthly income received by a tenant or by an owner on behalf of a tenant to pay the difference between the apartment's contract rent and the amount paid by the tenant toward rent.

Substandard housing is typically considered product that lacks complete indoor plumbing facilities. Such housing is often considered to be of such poor quality and in disrepair that it should be replaced. For the purposes of this analysis, we have used the share of households living in substandard housing from the American Community Survey.

Substandard conditions are housing conditions that are conventionally considered unacceptable which may be defined in terms of lacking plumbing facilities, one or more major systems not functioning properly, or overcrowded conditions.

Tenant is one who rents real property from another.

Tenant paid utilities are the cost of utilities (not including cable, telephone, or internet) necessary for the habitation of a dwelling unit, which are paid by the tenant.

Tenure is the distinction between owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units.

Townhouse (or Row House) is a single-family attached residence separated from another by party walls, usually on a narrow lot offering small front and back-yards; also called a row house.

Vacancy Rate – Economic Vacancy Rate (physical) is the maximum potential revenue less actual rent revenue divided by maximum potential rent revenue. The number of total habitable units that are vacant divided by the total number of units in the property.

Very Low-Income Household is a person or household with gross household income between 30% and 50% of Area Median Income adjusted for household size.

Windshield Survey references an on-site observation of a physical property or area that considers only the perspective viewed from the "windshield" of a vehicle. Such a survey does not include interior inspections or evaluations of physical structures.